

The Dalles Weekly Chronicle.

VOL. 1.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1890.

NUMBER 1.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Clarkson Gets Himself Interviewed.
Boston, Mass., Dec. 15, 1890.—Ex-Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson in an interview published in the Boston Herald says that he did not subscribe to any of the extra-ordinary large share in the defeat of Republicans at the recent election. Speaking of the election bill, Clarkson said he was in favor of it, but there were no assurances that it would pass. On prospects of financial legislation Clarkson thought there was a majority in each house in favor of free silver coinage. He thought a revision of banking law was needed in favor of the farmer and said the farmers' alliance had come to stay until some modification of the present banking system was made.

Deny their Action was Intended to Injure Southern Democracy.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 15, 1890.—Various prominent Kansas Farmers' Alliance members mentioned in late dispatches as having been concerned in a plot to disintegrate Southern democracy by supporting the sub-treasury bill at recent Farmers' Alliance conventions, laugh at the story and say they voted for the bill because they believe in it.

Heating of Railroad Presidents.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15, 1890.—At a meeting of presidents of railroads west of Chicago for the purpose of forming a western association this morning at J. Pierpont Morgan's residence, there were present representatives from all roads that agreed to respond to the call. No representatives of Chicago & Alton nor Vanderbilt's lines were present. No information can be given out about it at the residence. When ready information will be made public at the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co.

More Privileges for Homesteaders.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 15, 1890.—The senate passed the bill to-day enlarging rights of homesteaders on public lands. The bill provides that when parties have settled opposite unsurveyed lands and therefore were obliged to take less than 160 acres they may extend their holdings to not to exceed 160 acres.

Extending Time on Bonded Goods.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 15, 1890.—The House committee on ways and means today, unanimously ordered a favorable report upon Flower's resolution extending the bonded period for goods imported previous to October first, from February 10th to July 1st 1891.

A Montana Man Gets There.

James W. Hathway of Montana took office as postmaster of the house this morning.

Investigating the Alleged Silver Pool.

The House committee on rules had under consideration today a resolution providing for investigating the alleged silver pool but came to no conclusion.

Oregon Indian Depredation Bill Passes the House.

In the house of representatives on motion of Herman (Oregon) the house suspended rules and passed the bill for adjustment of claims arising from Indian depredations. The bill provides for the appointment by the president of three judges to constitute a court to adjudicate all claims for property taken by Indians, without just cause.

Dissension Among the Bad Land Indians.—No Fighting Yet.

General Schofield received a telegram from General Miles confirming reported dissension among Indians on the Bad Lands. The reported engagement between troops and Indians believed untrue.

Large Tobacco Firm Assigns.

STARKVILLE, TENN., Dec. 15, 1890.—Hancock, Hallans & Co., proprietors of a large grocery and tobacco warehouse, in this city, assigned to-day. Liabilities \$180,000. Assets thought to exceed that amount.

Won the Sculling Match.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Dec. 15, 1890.—The great sculling match for £200 a side, and the championship of the world, took place today between Kemp and McLane, resulting in a victory for the latter.

Secretary Tracy Loses his Sister.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12, 1890.—Mrs. Matilda Dodge the aged sister of secretary Navy Tracy died this morning suddenly at her home in this city.

The "United Ireland" on Deck Again.

DUBLIN, Dec. 14, 1890.—The suppressed *United Ireland*, a paper issued by the McCarthyites appeared to-day. It contained a letter from Archbishop Walsh supporting the opponents of Parnell.

Denouncing Parnell.

Rev. Oregon Dean of Chapter Cloyne, called a meeting at which a resolution was adopted, repudiating Parnell. A number of those present procured a picture of Parnell and burned it. At a meeting called by clergy Gealway for purpose of denouncing Parnell, supporters of Parnell hurried out in force. They passed a resolution supporting their leaders.

Was Running a Divorce Mill.

CHICAGO, Dec. 13.—Judge Blodgett, in the United States district court, today sentenced George R. Sims to fifteen months in jail. He was found guilty of issuing fraudulent decrees of divorce, purporting to be issued by the probate court of Box Elder county, Utah. In this way he divorced hundreds of people throughout the country.

Death of General Terry.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Dec. 16, 1890.—Brevet-Major General Alfred H. Terry, on the retired list of the U. S. army, died this morning at Washington, D. C.

San Francisco Wheat Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15, 1890.—Wheat—Buyer 90, 1.20 3/4; Season, 1.41 1/4.

Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 15, 1890.—Wheat—Cash 92, July 93, May 1.00 1/4.

Lifboat Overtaken and Kills Two of the Crew.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 13.—The life-saving crew at Point Reyes went out for practice yesterday morning, though there was considerable sea on and the wind was blowing strongly. The launch was made all right, and a few moments before 10 o'clock the lifboat was headed for the shore. It was just 10 o'clock when the boat was headed through breakers and beached. The crew were on the point of leaping out to haul the boat up high and dry, when, without any warning, a tremendous shock was felt. A huge sea had swept in, and, catching up the heavy lifboat as if it were a corkle shell, overturned it in the surf. All hands went under in the rushing water, for not one had had a chance to get out. When the sea had receded two of the men were found to have been seriously injured. The heavy boat had fallen upon them. A doctor was sent for but could not relieve their sufferings and they died one hour and ten minutes later. The two men were Andrew Anderson and Fred Carstens. W. L. Lock, keeper of the Point Reyes life-saving station, telegraphed the facts to Captain J. P. White, the government inspector, this morning.

BEGINNING OF THE END.

Sitting Bull's Death will be the Means of the Indian's Return.
CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 15, 1890.—Up to noon to-day no further news had been received at army headquarters with regard to the Indian situation in the northwest. Speaking of the death of Sitting Bull, Adjutant General Corbin said to an associated press reporter that it was most probably the beginning of the end of trouble. He said that as Sitting Bull was now dead the Indians who had great faith in him as a medicine man would come into the agency within the next two or three days, when they hear of his death. If they do not, General Brock has things in shape to make short work of them. They are penned up in the bad lands where no body lives and where they can do no damage.

SITTING BULL KILLED.

The Old Warrior Has Made His Last Fight.—His Death at the Hands of the Indian Police.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, Dec. 16, 1890.—Sitting Bull was arrested yesterday by the Indian police. His friends rallied and attempted to rescue him. A fight ensued in which eight Indians, including Sitting Bull and his son Crowfoot, were killed. In the fight seven of the Indian police who had arrested Sitting Bull were also killed. The police were rescued by U. S. troops, who now have the body of Sitting Bull in charge.

BURGLARY AT ST. HELENS.

Safe Breakers Make a \$30,000 Haul at St. Helens, Ore.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 16, 1890.—Chief of Police Parrish, today received a telegram from Michel Bros., dealers in general merchandise at St. Helens, Ore., stating that last night burglars entered their store and blew open the safe, filling it of its contents. It is stated the burglars secured about \$2,000 in cash, and papers and notes to the value of about \$18,000. No clue yet discovered.

UNION PACIFIC WORK STOPPED.

Goald Begins to Show His Fine Italian Hand.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 16, 1890.—Work on the Union Pacific extension from Portland to Seattle has been ordered suspended.

Proceedings of the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 16, 1890.—Senator Morgan in opening resolution, called attention to the fifth amendment of the constitution, criticizing it, and contending that the foundation of the country would be much better had the government been content with the fourteenth amendment.

Dolph of Oregon, introduced a resolution providing for the investigation whether the right to vote had been denied or abridged in any state, with Vest amendment extending investigation to inquire as to whether by state legislation any man has been denied work on public works by reason of his color. Taken up.

Clew's Financial Views.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16, 1890.—Henry Clew has addressed an open letter to the Secretary of the Treasury in which he says: "Congress should amend the present silver law by inserting a clause giving the Secretary of the Treasury authority to change at his discretion the periods of purchase of silver." Congress should also pass Sherman's bill which provides for national bank bills to be issued up to par value of U. S. Bonds. This will increase that class of money fifteen million dollars.

Fear that all Will Not be Lovely.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 16, 1890.—The *Journal's* Bismark, N. D., special says: "The country round about is terribly wrought up over the killing of Sitting Bull. Instead of creating an easy feeling it has aroused much apprehension and it is feared that many families of settlers will fall before the vengeance of Sitting Bull's followers. Sitting Bull's son who was killed was only twenty years old.

The Usual Parnellites Dose.

DUBLIN, Dec. 16, 1890.—At Ballyny Hill today while meetings of the two factions were being held near together, the Parnellites attacked the opposition McCarthyites and repelled them after a spirited defense led by David, Dr. Tanner and a number of priests. Many persons on both sides were injured. Parnell presided over a meeting of his supporters.

San Francisco Wheat Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 16, 1890.—Wheat—Buyer season, 1.40 3/4; buyer 90 days, 1.30.

Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 16, 1890.—Wheat—Cash 92, July 93, May 1.00 1/4.

BY CABLE.

Parnell Sustains Bodily Injury.

DUBLIN, Dec. 17, 1890.—Though Parnell suffered intense pain from the effects of lime thrown in his eyes yesterday, he was able at midnight to make an address from the window of the Victoria hotel at Kilkenny to a large crowd. During the address his face was kept covered with bandages. He detailed the events of the day, and the crowd became exasperated at the manner in which he had been treated. Many threats of vengeance were made.

This morning Parnell's breakfast was served to him in bed. A close examination of his eyes revealed the fact that his sight was not injured. The surgeon declares, however, that inflammation may set in. He ordered Parnell to keep his eyes closed and that hot water fomentations be constantly applied. It is not likely that he will be allowed to leave his room today.

In a published interview Maurice Healy is represented as saying that assurance can be given the public that no settlement of the political crisis is possible by arbitration. In regard to the contest he said "It must be fought to the bitter end."

Notwithstanding the injunction issued against suppressing "*United Ireland*" the paper has again appeared. Hereafter the paper will be entitled the *Unsuppressible United Ireland*.

DR. KOCH'S LYMPH CURE.

It is Being Tried on Patients in a Washington Hospital.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14, 1890.—Dr. Koch's lymph cure is now being tried on five patients in various stages of pulmonary tuberculosis, at Garfield hospital in this city. The first inoculation was made several days ago, and the results are being watched with great interest by the hospital physicians and doctors of the city. So far, in none of the cases has the patient grown worse under the treatment. In one of the earlier cases the rise in temperature and other symptoms observed by Dr. Koch in his experiments have been noticed. But in another case the expected reaction has not occurred. The doctors, however, are far from being discouraged, and the inoculations will be continued. It may be a month yet, they say, before they will be ready to announce their conclusions as they intend giving the lymph a thorough trial.

A FARMERS' ALLIANCE BOYCOTT.

They Declare One Against a Prominent Dressed-Meat Firm.

TERRA HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 14.—The mass-meeting called by the Farmers' Alliance Association was largely attended by the farmers yesterday afternoon. Several hundred merchants and professional men took part in a general discussion of the most practical means of driving the Nelson, Morris & Co. meat out of this market. The final decision was to boycott it. The farmers held that since Chicago dressed meat had come into the city the local beef market had been destroyed, that Nelson, Morris & Co. were selling at a loss to accomplish their purpose, and then, when they were secure in it, they would raise the price.

Revising the Methodist Constitution.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 14.—The session of the commission of the revision of the Methodist constitution has ended, and it is hoped at the next meeting to have a complete rough draft of the constitution. At the final meeting, just before the conference of 1892, the finishing touches will be given to the work.

Hogan Wins a Prize Fight.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16, 1890.—Jimmy Murray, New York, and Hogan, "St. Paul Kid," light-weights, fought to a finish at Rockaway Beach early this morning. Hogan won the match in thirteen rounds.

Conger's Successor Elected.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 16, 1890.—In the house of representatives the coinage committee today elected Wickham of Ohio, chairman, to succeed Conger, who resigned to become minister to Brazil.

The Idaho Legislature Elected for Senator.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, Dec. 16, 1890.—The legislature today balloted in separate session for U. S. senators. First ballot resulted: Stevenson (Dem.) 10, Dubois, 17; McConnell, 9; Shoup, 8; Claggett, 8.

Powder Works Explode.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Dec. 16, 1890.—An explosion occurred to-day at the works of the Ohio Powder Company, killing two employees.

Bank Suspension.

HERON, S. D., Dec. 16, 1890.—The Home National Bank, of the city, suspended this morning because of withdrawal of deposits.

The Messiah Craze Reaches California.

CRICO, CAL., Dec. 16, 1890.—The Indians of the rancherías near Chico have commenced the Messiah or ghost dance. Some 300 participants will dance.

An Important Discovery.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 16, 1890.—P. A. Emahel, a member of the bar of this state has discovered a process by which aluminum can be made from kaolin at a cost of \$250 per ton.

A Bank Failure.

CLARFIELD, Pa., Dec. 16, 1890.—The Clarfield County Bank closed its doors this morning. The owner of the bank is ex-U. S. Senator Wm. A. Wallace. Liabilities \$350,000, assets \$650,000.

Wheat in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 16, 1890.—Wheat—Cash 91 1/2 @ 3/4; January 92 1/2, May 93 1/2 @ 3/4.

Shipping Intelligence.

VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 17, 1890.—The British bark Menocock cleared today for London, England, with a cargo of 30,882 cases of salmon.

San Francisco Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 17, 1890.—Wheat—Buyer 90, 1.30 1/4.

AN UNNATURAL SON.

Cut His Father's Throat to Obtain Some Life Insurance.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—A crime of surpassing diabolism and dramatic sequel took place to-day in a little tenement on West Chicago avenue. Carl Holtz, an aged widower, lived alone with his son Paul, aged 16. To-night the boy took to bed with him an old table-knife, and after his father had gone to sleep, raised up in bed and cut his father's throat from ear to ear, severing the jugular vein and windpipe. The youthful patricide then rushed to the West Chicago Avenue police station, and declared that his father had attempted suicide. When the police, with a physician, reached the house, the old man was still alive, but could not speak. He crawled from bed, and on a piece of yellow wrapping paper, which was bespattered with blood, he wrote in German, "Paul Holtz did it." The paper was the first intimation the police had of the true nature of the affair. The doctor bandaged up the man's throat, and to the surprise of every one, he uttered a few hoarse words. With his finger pointing to his son, he said: "You have killed me, Paul, but can never enjoy the money. God will punish you." A few moments later the old man expired. The money referred to was \$2,000 life insurance.

THEY WILL FIGHT.

Strong Probabilities that the Indians Will Begin Trouble Today.

DEVIL, Cal., Dec. 17, 1890.—A special to the News by courier from Dally's ranch, S. D., says "Things have about reached a crisis here. Indians are seen in all directions; are prepared for engagement any moment. The whites have pickets thrown out and report seeing large numbers of Indians. Scouts report that we would be attacked this morning and the signal would be setting fire to the grass. The grass has been set on fire and a number of ranches are seen burning. They may not attack our camp till night or tomorrow morning. A rancher reports several white men killed on Cheyenne River.

FAILURES AND ASSIGNMENTS.

Brick Company Short of Cash.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—The Lorillard Brick Work company, of this city and Keyport, N. J., have been placed in the hands of Receiver Chas. Seiler. The company has been carrying a large amount of real estate on builders' paper and were short of cash. Jacob Lorillard, president of the company, and R. O. Geyer, secretary and treasurer, the liabilities of the company are reported to amount to upwards of \$1,000,000 which includes mortgages on the property for \$86,000. Assignee Seiler says the assets amount to \$1,500,000, which is enough to pay every debt and leave a large surplus for Lorillard.

HE WAS FLEEDED.

Jonathan Bourne Suing a Gambling House for Money Lost.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—A civil action was begun by Annie Everett for Jonathan Bourne, of New Bedford, to recover \$48,600 from John Stetson. The money is alleged to have been lost in gambling rooms, occupied by the "Carlton Associates," in Howard place. Stetson is president of the association. Bourne came into a fortune of \$1,000,000 about a year ago, and, it is claimed, he was the victim of a fleecing game.

JUMPED FROM THE TRAIN.

Mrs. Roberts, of Portland, Supposed to Have Committed Suicide.

WOOD RIVER, Neb., Dec. 15.—Mrs. William Roberts, who, with her husband and two children, was on the way to Seneca, Kan., from their home in Portland, Ore., was found lying beside the railroad track near here to-day, fatally injured. She was not missed till the train reached Grand Island. She had tried to commit suicide before while temporarily insane, and it is supposed she jumped from the train.

DEATH UNDERGROUND.

Powder Explosion Sets Fire to a Wisconsin Mine.

ASHLAND, Wis., Dec. 15.—A box of giant powder exploded in the Sunday Lake mine, at Wakefield, Mich., today, killing two instantly and wounding two others. The accident occurred at 2 o'clock today. The explosion set fire to the mine and it burned briskly. There are some men yet in the mine, but particulars cannot be learned.

The Indian Troubles.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 17.—General Schofield this morning received a telegram from General Miles dated Long Pine, Neb., Dec. 16, which reports as follows: "General Brooks reports Two Strike and about 800 Indians now camped at Pine Ridge agency and these with other Indians at Pine Ridge and Rose Bud all that can be drawn from disaffected hostile. Other Indians are defiant and hostile and determined to go to war and has no hopes that no other effort at pacification would be successful. He estimates the number of men in the hostile camp in the Bad Lands at 250."

General Rude's estimate represents 200 men on Cheyenne river and 300 at Standing Rock reservation, who would be liable to leave, making in all 750 men. Sixteen thousand Sioux who have been restrained and professed loyalty should have positive assurance with the least possible delay that the government will perform and fulfill its treaty obligations.

Glad Sitting Bull is Dead.

White Buffalo Man who lives on Bad River, who came in today says Bad River Indians are glad Sitting Bull is dead.

Two-Strike Comes In.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Dec. 17.—Two-Strike and his followers, amounting to 150 lodges, reached the agency this morning. Troops are still waiting under arms for orders to march.

SYMPATHETIC PORTLAND.

The Oregonian in speaking of the Columbia river, recently says:

"The rivers are free to local enterprise. No right of way is necessary in order to use their channels in the interests of commerce. The method heretofore pursued has been to growl at and pile up complaints against the transportation companies for lack of adequate facilities for conducting the traffic of the Inland Empire; for exorbitant freight and passenger charges and for several intensions to the people's interests. Years of these complaints have failed, for obvious reasons, to bring relief. If the people who have lodged them can do better for themselves than the existing transportation companies can do for them, the river is theirs, let them show a determination to use it. If they will not do this, it is clear that to continue in the old line of querulous fault-finding is but a waste of time and energy. Prudence must suggest to them the wisdom of striving to possess their souls in patience while they tell to the child on the knee, tales of the wonderful prosperity that will be the inheritance of those who live to see the canal and locks at the Cascades completed."

The fair statement of the case, a frank admission as to Portlands' interest heretofore in the matter. It is brutally frank, cruelly true. We are told that the river is free, and that we can take advantage of it, or let it alone, as it suits our will. Were the river open it would be possible for us to make the best of the invitation, but as it is the cost of transferring low priced freight at the Cascades precludes our utilizing the river for cheerful advice. Josh Billings said that castor oil and advice, were better to give than to receive, and the above example is no exception. It may be, and no doubt is true, that we of Eastern Oregon have not shown proper energy and determination in our efforts to take advantage of the Columbia as a means of transportation. It may be and perhaps is true, that with proper energy, unity and determination, the people of Eastern Oregon could themselves have constructed maids the locks at the Cascades; and it is further true, that had this been done years ago, the saving in freight rates on grain alone, would have completed the locks long since. We admit this, but we add that it is equally true that Eastern Oregon paid her proportion of taxes to construct the locks at Oregon City, and give the Willamette valley an open river and cheap transportation to Portland. It is equally true that the members of the last legislature from the Willamette valley voted against a beggarly \$50,000 appropriation for constructing and equipping a half-mile of railroad at the Cascades, which would have afforded us relief until the locks were completed, and would no doubt have accelerated the work there. We have no kick at the Union Pacific management. Whatever their sins of omission may have been, they are doing their best now, but that best is not enough. The trade of the Inland Empire has grown beyond their capacity to handle, no matter what their motive or road equipment may be. Our products must find a market, and if that market is to be Portland the river must be utilized. Portland is interested in the solution of this problem as much as the producers, and in will find it its cost that the Oregonian's advice may yet be followed, and the Columbia from Celilo to Pasco be used by the producers to send their products to the Sound. That portion of the river is "free to local enterprise."

A CHANGE REQUIRED.

The Dalles has entered upon a new era, an era of prosperity of progress of development, and all we want to adapt ourselves to the new order of things. We want to in a measure at least forget self, and understand that the good of the community results in good to its individual members. We want to remember that there are many ways of accomplishing a result, and while working to have that result reached in our way, when the majority are against us and adopt some other plan, stand in and work for it. Adopt the plan of the political convention and when in the minority give it up peacefully and make it unanimous. Personal likes, or dislikes should have no place in our municipal work, but all of us should put our shoulders to the wheel wherever the interests of The Dalles are concerned, and working for the good of all, and to the prosperity of each of our citizens. The new order of things requires it, self interest demands it, loyalty to The Dalles compels it.

BREAD FOR THE WORLD.

The area of Wasco county is in round numbers 2,500,000 acres. Of this 600,000 acres are susceptible of cultivation, and 400,000 acres are under cultivation, or have been, though much of this, owing to the cost of transportation, is at present lying idle. With cheap transportation to markets, all or nearly all this immense tract would be cultivated and its golden harvest would load a small fleet of ships. Land situated far enough from the railroad that a round trip cannot be made by the farmer in a day, is practically unprofitable when sown to wheat. The hauling to market leaves no margin for profit. With Wasco's 400,000 acres of cultivated land in wheat, at twelve bushels to the acre the crop would be about five million bushels, or with its total acreage in wheat, for which the soil is peculiarly adapted, this output would be raised to seven million bushels. It is estimated that wheat is arriving in Portland now at the rate of 1,500 tons or 50,000 bushels a day. With a full crop of wheat grown in this county, it alone could keep up this supply for four months in the year. When the other Eastern Oregon counties, Sherman, Morrow, Gilliam, Union and Umatilla, all superb grain growing counties, add their outputs it will be seen that Eastern Oregon alone could with one year's crop furnish the present amount arriving daily in Portland from all sources, for two years, or could send double the present supply every day in the year. An open river and railroads from it to the interior will accomplish this result. Given cheap transportation, which an open river would give, and Eastern Oregon and Washington can supply the world with bread, and at prices that will defy competition.

The Hunt Road Will be Built.

That the line of railroad down the north bank of the Columbia will be built next year is reasonably certain. The line is being definitely located now, the work being about completed. It is about the only route across the Cascades that is not already appropriated, and so many roads are seeking tidewater that if Mr. Hunt is unable to float his bonds and construct the road, others will be found that will take it off his hands and build it. It will not be many years before the Inland Empire will furnish a million tons of grain for shipment to tidewater, or in round numbers, ten trains of twenty cars each every day in the year. The resultant coast trade, would make an immense traffic, and with this through traffic seeking Portland and the Sound over these roads will keep every one of them crowded, and the Columbia busy with steamers and barges. The possibilities of the country are great indeed, and every available transportation route, natural or artificial, will be crowded to its utmost capacity.

When They Rush.

"Your duties must be somewhat monotonous," said a lady to a milling clerk.
"They are, indeed."
"The same round day after day and week after week. No excitement."
"No excitement excepting when we have to rush things."
"What is that?"
"When we find 'In Haste' written on the corner of an envelope."
"Oh! yes, that creates excitement."
"Tremendous?"

What is the difference between Quakers and carmen landladies? The former omit to bare their heads and the latter to air their beds.

Gibbons, Macallister & Co.
Dealers in

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

—AND—
FARM IMPLEMENTS.

WALTER A. WOOD'S REAPERS and MOWERS.

Hodge and Benca Headers, Farm Wagons, Hacks, Buggies, Road Carts, Gang and Sulky Plows, Harrows, Grappling Hay Forks, Fan Mills, Seat Cushions, Express and Eggie Tops, Wagon Materials, Iron and Coal, etc. etc.

Agents for Little's Sheep Dips. Lime and Sulphur, etc.

A Complete Line of OILS, GRASS and GARDEN SEEDS.

The Dalles, Oregon.

JOLES BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Hay, Grain and Feed.

Cheap Express Wagons Nos. 1 and 2.

Orders left at the Store will receive prompt attention.

Trunks and Packages delivered to any part of the City.

Wagons always on hand when Trains or Boat arrive.

No. 122 Cor. Washington and Third Sts.