

MARCHING UP CLOSER.

General Miles is Drawing his Troops Closer to the Hostiles Who Must Surrender or Die.

The Proposed Harvester Combination Runs Up Against the Law and will not Organize.

THE WAR NEARER HOME.

Indians on the Fort Hall Reservation Dancing and May Make Trouble.

Boise City, Jan. 7.—Advices from Pocatello that the Indians on Fort Hall reserve have been dancing and 200 in war paint have taken to the mountains with arms is causing excitement here.

Governor Wiley has been asked to order the governor's guards to Pocatello, and probably a company of United States cavalry at Boise barracks will be sent there.

The Indians on the reserve number 1200 or 1500, more than half of them treacherous and warlike Bannocks, who caused a prolonged war twelve years ago. People at Pocatello have almost no arms, and the towns of Blackfoot and Eagle Rock are on the border of the reserve. The Indians who took to the mountains are working eastward toward Wyoming.

Lemhi county legislators express the belief that if the Indians at Pocatello go on the warpath they will be joined by tribes on the Lemhi reservation, who number about 600, embracing 125 able bodied bucks.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 7.—Captain Wallace, killed by Indians at the battle of Wounded Knee, was buried to-day at Yorkville, S. C., his old home.

HAVE AGREED AT LAST.

Parnell and McCarthy Both Retire as Leaders.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—A telegram gives the basis of settlement agreed upon by other members of the Irish party present at Boulogne. Justin McCarthy is to resign the chairmanship, and a meeting of all members of the Irish parliamentary party, including the Parnellites, is to be called, at which a new chairman will be elected. Parnell and Harrington agreed to give cordial support to whomsoever may be elected. The choice is said to be between Anthon O'Connor and O'Brien.

Dillon has called his approval of the plan for Parnell's temporary retirement and the election of O'Brien as chairman of the parliamentary party. Negotiations are to follow with McCarthy for his consent to the arrangement.

It is learned that the result of the Boulogne conference was that O'Brien, at his own entreaty, was empowered to ask authority to retire in favor of Dillon. O'Brien agreed, however, that if it were preferred that he himself should serve he would do so. O'Brien and McCarthy will have an interview at Boulogne tomorrow when it is expected that a final settlement of the matter will be reached, subject to Gladstone's recent proposal. The Parnellites are pledged to abandon Parnell if he proves insincere in carrying out his part of the programme.

MOVING UP CLOSER.

Drawing Nearer the Indians and Getting Ready to Fight.

PINE RIDGE, S. D., Jan. 9.—Yesterday afternoon all the commands in the field were ordered to march from three to five miles nearer the hostiles. Late last night the order was put into effect. At intervals of two or three days the cordons will be drawn more tightly around the hostiles until they agree to either come in peaceably or be whipped into submission.

The disposition they display is susceptible of but one interpretation and that is that they propose to surrender and retain their arms or die in their defense. This backs up the fact that a majority of those who have come in are hostiles' squaws and children who desire to get out of the way. The coming in of Red Cloud is variously interpreted. His good faith is doubted.

THE INDIAN SITUATION.

Presumed to be Unchanged but the Crisis is at Hand.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—There were no telegrams from Gen. Miles at the war department this morning and the idea prevailed that the situation was unchanged at Pine Ridge. The opinion is spreading that the crisis of the campaign is nearly predicted and so long deferred is open at hand. Secretary Proctor is constantly in receipt of requisitions from various sources, mostly from governors of states adjacent to the scene of trouble, asking for arms with which to supply the local troops raised for defense. The requests have not been complied with.

POSSIBLE WAR.

The Indians Near Guthrie May Make Serious Trouble.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 9.—A special from Guthrie, I. T., says: Much excitement prevails here in regard to the present Indian outlook. A grave apprehension is felt and trouble is expected soon, as soon as the disarming of the Indians begins. The Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians came into King Fisher and purchased every cartridge that could be had. The aspect is serious. Judge Lee, of the supreme bench, said to-day that inland towns should at once organize in companies to aid if necessary the settlers along borders.

The Illinois Legislature.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 9.—The state senate in accordance with the action of the caucus of the Democrats, last night had a bill introduced for the repeal of the compulsory education law, and the substitution of an enactment which practically concedes everything to the sectarian opponents of the present law all that they demanded during the last campaign.

THE CALIFORNIANS.

Senator Stanford for the Caucus Nominee for Re-election.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 7.—At the joint Republican caucus to-night Senator Hancock was elected for chairman and Assemblyman Phillips, of San Francisco, secretary. Senator Carpenter, of Los Angeles, nominated Stanford for United States senator in a brief speech. The roll being called, Assemblyman Hunwell, of Mono and Inyo, voted for Morrow under instructions from his constituents, and when the rollcall was finished he moved to make the vote for Stanford unanimous, which was done. Eighty-five votes were cast for Stanford. The Democratic caucus unanimously decided to give the complimentary vote for senator to Stephen M. White, who was nominated by Senator Ostrom and seconded by Assemblyman Shanahan. Senator Sewell presided and Assemblyman Armes was secretary.

A SUSPICIOUS JOURNAL.

The St. James Gazette Thinks Both Should Not Have Control of Funds.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The St. James Gazette, which is publishing the results of an inquiry into the history and methods of the Salvation Army, with a view to discouraging public subscriptions to the "Darkest England" fund has unearthed two deeds dated in 1878, which give General Booth complete control of the organization and make it practically his private property. They endow Booth with autocratic power over the order and all its branches, and give him authority to appoint his own successor; also to give away, lease or sell any or all of the army property without accounting to anyone. The Gazette points out the danger of entrusting large sums to any man, however honest in his views, who is a fanatic, with absolute power to dispose of money without regard to judgment of donors.

RUN UP AGAINST THE LAW.

The Gigantic Harvester Combination Finds They Cannot Organize.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Some time since preparatory steps were taken by the leading manufacturers of agricultural implements looking towards the formation of a gigantic combine to be known as "The American Harvester Co." To-day President McCormick furnishes the following statement to the associated press. "The American Harvester Co., has been brought face to face with grave legal obstacles to the consummation of the enterprise for which it was formed. These are of such a character that the whole undertaking must be abandoned."

The Nebraska Legislature Trouble.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 9.—This morning the session of the legislature was wrangling over the minutes of the convention which were badly mixed on account of the confusion. This work was unfinished at noon.

All the newly elected state officers are in possession of the offices except Governor Boyd who is kept out by Gov. Thayer on the ground that he is ineligible.

The Railroad Conference.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The sub-committee of the advisory board of western Railroads met this morning to complete the by laws begun by them yesterday. The discussion was had upon the Pacific Roads and the manners in which business across the country was to be divided. The sub-committee wanted to have the distribution of freight left to them and to this there was decided objection.

San Diego Forger Arrested.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 7.—S. Phillips was arrested and placed in jail to-day on a charge of obtaining money from local banks on bogus checks. He succeeded in obtaining about \$250 from the bank of Commerce, and \$350 from another bank, on checks signed by the Burbank Furniture and Manufacturing company, which turn out to be forgeries. He has been posing as a capitalist, having contracted for considerable property here.

Wire Company Falls.

WILLIAMSBURG, Conn., Jan. 9.—William G. Gillson, owner and business manager Hope River Wire Co., has closed his mill. An assignment is expected in a few days with heavy liabilities.

Fire in South Dakota.

MITCHELL, S. D., Jan. 9.—A serious fire occurred this morning at Armour Douglas county and is still raging. At least accounts almost the entire business portion of the town had been destroyed. Aids has been sent from here.

A Possible Terrible Disaster.

GIBBARD, Jan. 9.—A large wood and petroleum warehouse situated in dangerous proximity to a powder magazine is in flames. Troops are doing everything possible to prevent what may prove a terrible disaster.

May be Less Before Miles Gets Through.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The census bulletin shows the total Indian population of the United States to be 244,705. This makes the total population of the country, including Alaska, almost 63,000,000.

Struck by a Train.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—Four piano movers, driving an unmanageable horse, were, one night struck by an Illinois Central train. One of them, named Geinewiser, was instantly killed and the others fatally injured.

Awarded a Large Fee.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7.—Judge Levy to-day rendered a decision awarding Attorney John A. Wright a fee of \$95,000 for services rendered the late P. A. Roach, as administrator of the Blythe estate.

Don Cameron the Nominee.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 7.—J. Donald Cameron was the unanimous choice of the Republican caucus for United States senator to succeed himself.

The Alliance Men Win.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 8.—The house completed its organization to-day by the election of a "Fusion alliance democratic" ticket.

HOPE HE IS IN EARNEST.

General Miles Has Got Ready to Close on the Hostiles and a Bloody Battle is Momentarily Expected.

THE TOM-FOOLERY TO END.

General Miles has at Last Got Ready to Move.

RUSHVILLE, Neb., Jan. 10, 10:30 P. M.—A general battle is looked for to-morrow. Circumstances are forcing conclusions to the hostiles, and parleying is not to be longer continued by either side.

The Indians said yesterday that General Miles was prepared to fight or get off the reservation.

General Miles, it is said, has given the Indians until to-night to surrender, and if they do not come in by that time he will close on them.

The Same Old Chestnut.

All last night signal lights were flashing between Pine Ridge and Rosebud hostiles. Preparations are being made for a fight and everyone here anticipates the bloodiest battle ever fought in this country.

Officers who are at Pine Ridge agency were sent east last night.

HOW THEY ARE FIXED.

The Condition of the Hostiles at Pine Ridge.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The situation as summed up at the interior department to-day is about as follows: There are in all about 20,000 Sioux Indians, men, women and children on the northern reservation. Of this number 16,500 are accounted for, as they are living on reservations in peace and not taking any part in the present disturbances. This leaves about 3500 men, women and children to face 8000 men now under command of General Miles. The hostile camp is located seventeen miles north of the agency and a cordon of troops surround it, with the exception of the south side, the object being to drive them into the reservation. There is constant communication between the hostile camp and the agency. The hostiles are well supplied with beef, but they have no sugar or coffee, except as they are supplied by friends. While the situation is regarded as hopeless for the Indians, yet it is believed they have no intention of surrendering. It is predicted by some who are on the ground that there will be a battle on Sunday or Monday. When the hopelessness of fighting against such odds is pointed out. The only explanation given is, "the Indians are crazy." From reports received at the interior department, the situation is believed to be intense and people at the agencies are very much disturbed.

GOVERNOR BOYD STILL SITS.

The Proceedings of the Nebraska Legislature.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 10.—The gubernatorial situation remains unchanged. Governor Boyd is recognized by all the state officers, while Governor Thayer still insists that he is at the head of the state government.

It is evident Governor Boyd's warrants will be honored by auditor and treasurer, while Governor Thayer will not be able to have supplies for his military men pending the settlement of the controversy by supreme court. In the senate this morning but little business was transacted, and an adjournment was taken till Monday afternoon.

POWDER MILLS BLOWN UP.

A Chinaman Blown to Atoms and others Severely Injured.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—An explosion occurred at Powning station this afternoon, in the mills of the California Powder Works. Half a dozen white men and two Chinese were working in the mills at the time. Of these one Chinaman was literally blown to pieces, only his skull being found. Of the whites, Fred Larsen was terribly burned about the arms and body and may die. C. J. Campbell was burned and mutilated about the head and body. His injuries are considered certainly fatal. The wounded men were brought to Oakland. The cause of the explosion is unknown. Loss, \$3500.

INDIANS COMING IN.

General Miles Telegrams that a Large Number of Indians are Surrendering.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—General Schofield has received the following telegram from General Miles dated Pine Ridge. "Yesterday quite a number of Indians came in today in small parties, and I have assurance of a large move in this direction tomorrow, for the purpose of surrendering and troops are directed to follow. Prospects at present look favorable as far as I can judge from indications."

A FALSE ALARM.

The Trouble With the Idaho Indians Greatly Exaggerated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—A telegram from Gen. Gibbon, dated yesterday says the following was just received from the officers at Boise barracks. "The state Adjutant-General Curtis wires the governor from Pocatello as follows: 'The fears over the Indian outbreak are greatly exaggerated and without just foundation. The first reports were sent by irresponsible parties.'"

Will Investigate the Railroad President's Agreement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Representative Anderson, (Kansas) will introduce in the house a resolution calling on the Interstate commerce commission to investigate the western railroad agreement which is now being formulated in New York.

Raising Lots of Money.

DUNLIS, Jan. 10.—The Bestland Bazaar relief fund now amounts to four thousand pounds.

ALLIANCE MEN EXPELLED.

Full Proceedings of the Disgraceful Row in the Nebraska Legislature.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 8.—The Alliance members took possession of the house at 5 o'clock this morning. They placed their speaker in the chair and put a cordon of assistant sergeant-at-arms around him. When Lieutenant-Governor Mickeljohn appeared he wasn't allowed to take his seat, but stood in front of the speaker ready to call the joint session to order. At 9 o'clock the speaker issued an order for the arrest of the lieutenant-governor on a charge of misconduct in office and breach of the peace. The lieutenant-governor defied the officer and was not taken into custody. Both sides had a force of sergeant-at-arms within call and any attempt of either side to proceed would have precipitated a row. To avoid this a committee from each party was sent with a statement of the case to the supreme court to ascertain which officer had the constitutional right to preside. Governor Thayer ordered out a company of the national guards; at 11 o'clock they stacked arms in the corridors of the capitol. Crowds arrived on every train to attend the inauguration of Governor-elect Boyd, and considerable impatience was shown over the delay in counting the vote.

At 12:15 P. M. the supreme court issued a writ of mandamus directing the speaker of the house to canvass the returns.

Sheriff McLeary served the writ on the speaker only after a pitched battle. He was guarded by a squad of police and Captain Carder's clothes were torn off, but, after smashing hats and heads with their clubs, they secured entrance and the writ was served. Lieutenant Governor Mickeljohn then declared the session adjourned, and the Republicans and Democrats fled out of the house. Elder then called the Alliance members to order and directed the roll to be called. When the Democrats and Republicans attempted to leave the floor, the Alliance sergeant-at-arms closed the door and attempted to keep them in. He received a punch in the eye and a bloody nose as the result, and the doors were speedily opened. Free fights occurred every few moments. Nat Brown, of Omaha, had an altercation at the door of the house with an Alliance man, resulting in the Alliance man being sent to the hospital for repairs. Elder called eighteen senators and fifty-five representatives of the alliance to order in the joint session, but Attorney-General Leese advised submission to the order of the court. Nevertheless, Elder was declared presiding officer of the joint session, and the Alliance men started to work.

Mr. Mickeljohn went out in the corridor at 2 o'clock and the doorkeeper refused to read him his name. Governor Thayer then ordered the militia to escort Mickeljohn back if necessary. Mickeljohn finally gained the mastery, entered the chamber and presided. He appointed a secretary, and the returns were read, and the speaker said they were all right, not having been tampered with. The doors were then opened and the crowd let in. The militia cleared the state-house grounds several times, but the people crowded by them every time they could, and a howling mob surrounded the capitol. When the militia was called out the crowd hooted and yelled at them in such a manner that the soldiers became frightened, and it was only when a squad of forty policemen arrived that any kind of order prevailed. At 1:30 the Alliance men began coming out to dinner. They were relieved with howls of derision, hisses, catcalls, and other uncomplimentary things. Governor Boyd was sworn in as governor at noon by Chief Justice Maxwell, of the supreme court. This morning he took the oath of office before a notary public, as did also all the republican officers elected.

Governor-elect Boyd called on Gov. Thayer and the latter informed him he (Thayer) would not give up the office on the ground that Boyd was not a citizen of the United States. Governor Thayer has barricaded himself in executive office with police and a company of militia on guard. It is understood he will remain governor if possible, until all questions affecting his successor are settled. Boyd's father, it will be remembered, came to this country from Ireland while Boyd was a minor. He took out his first papers, but never perfected citizenship, and his son was never naturalized. It is claimed, therefore, he is ineligible to office.

LEGISLATIVE PROBABILITIES.

An Oregonian correspondent at Salem gives the following forecast of the legislative organization:

"The contest for speaker of the house has merged into a triangular fight, with Representative J. M. McCall, of Jackson county, an aspirant for the honor. Representative Geer, of Marion, is making a lively canvass and feels assured of winning, although Story of Multnomah, has considerable more than his home delegation at his back and is looked upon as leading in the race. But if Simon is chosen president of the senate, Mr. Story's chances for speaker are nil."

"Among the many aspirants for minor offices the following are the most prominent."

"Secretary of the senate, O. P. Miller and F. C. Middleton; sergeant-at-arms of the senate, M. Pomeroy; reading clerk, J. B. Eddy; doorkeeper of the senate, J. McCormack and Herbert Hatch.

"In the house, C. H. Watson, of Jackson county, R. E. Hays, of Tillamook, and Glen Holman of Multnomah, are named for chief clerk with Hays decidedly a favorite of the trio. A. W. Drager, of Marion wants to be doorkeeper. Col. Nevins of Wasco, will hardly have any opposition for reading clerk of the house, unless he should possibly be chosen chief clerk instead. Little is yet said as to engrossing or enrolling clerks for

either branch of the legislature. Master Earnest Wilson a bright-eyed Salem youth, is canvassing for a place in the house as page, and will doubtless get one of these appointments."

AUSTRALIAN BALLOT SYSTEM.

A system of voting by which the voter is protected from outside influence, where he can alone prepare his ballot, and cast it without fear, is a necessity of the times. The Australian system accomplishes this and should therefore be adopted in every state in the Union. Under its protection the employe can cast his vote without fear of his employer, and can thus express his political belief without fear of losing his job. The honest man is protected in casting an honest vote. The dishonest one who is willing to sell his vote is thrown out of business, for his purchaser has no means of telling how he has voted and naturally refuses to put up for goods, when he has no means of finding out if they are delivered. Under this Australian system, every man can vote once, and vote as he wants to, and this is all that any law can provide for. Its adoption will shut out the ward striker, who cuts such a large figure in elections; will prevent bribing, fraud, intimidation, and will result in an honest vote honestly counted. This is all that is required, and when it is accomplished it matters not either whom it aids or which party it hurts. It is fair to all parties and should therefore be objectionable to none.

The amount of wheat handled by the Union Pacific railroad at this point is in round numbers 240,000 tons per year, and yet the railroad company treats us as though The Dalles was a whistling station. In fact the whole course of treatment prescribed for us indicates that the railroad would like to cinch us to death if it could. With an average of 670 tons of freight handled here every day, it would seem that the company would appreciate the place and try to assist in building it up as well as holding on to it. It is doing neither, but is treating us in such a manner that whenever there is any other way of having communication with the rest of the world, the Union Pacific will find that its treatment has borne a legitimate result, and that its trade will be lost. The freight rates from Portland are enormous, and the passenger service is little better than none. A line of boats on the river will wake the company up to the importance of this trade, and from present appearances, this awakening will take place early in the spring.

There is an old saying that "Cows far off wear long horns." The truthfulness of the remark is exemplified every day in common affairs. Smith and Jones living two miles apart on the banks of the creek will take their fish poles for a days outing. Smith will go up to Jones' where the fishing is better, and Jones will go down to Smith's where the fish are more plentiful. We see another exemplification of it in our schools. We have here in our Wasco Academy one of the best schools in the state. Its merit is acknowledged, and pupils are sent here from all over the state. It is too close at home however and many of our people send their children to other points to school. There is another saying that "far fetched and dear bought please the ladies," and it also seems to please parents, who while they could give their children the benefit of our own school, which is the equal of any in the state, prefer to send them away at considerable more expense. There is no use kicking about it, because people are built that way, and the man or woman, who has not a large sized brain of perverseness, is of too angelic mold for earth.

The political machine seems to be running with "hot boxes" in most of the states. Montana has three houses and no organization; New Hampshire has a house full and more too, having a contingent of "if entitled" members; Michigan is fighting for the speakership of the house, while Nebraska is on the verge of war or the insane asylum. In the latter the speaker of the house, an Alliance man, ordered the lieutenant-governor placed under arrest, while the lieutenant-governor defied the speaker and refused to be arrested. We are evidently developing some of the traits of our South American neighbors.

George W. Hunt is an exceedingly hard man for the newspapers to keep track of. An article announcing that he has floated his bonds, and is again on his way to jail, is no sooner set up than the telephone brings word that his property is attached. He seems to be one of those fellows that cannot be kept down and we hope he will pull himself together in time to be a work on the road from Hunt's junction to Portland in the early spring.

It is said that Mitchell is thinking seriously of incorporating in order to protect himself, and to put a check on crime. The Primeville papers both think it would be a good move, and if it will have this effect we join with them heartily. In this connection it is proper to remark that in general incorporation law is needed to fit just such cases as Mitchell's, and we hope some of our law makers will introduce a bill providing for this.

A prominent physician and old army surgeon in eastern Iowa, was called away from home for a few days; during his absence one of the children contracted a severe cold and his wife bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for it. They were so much pleased with the remedy that they afterwards used several bottles at various times. He said, from his experience with it, he regarded it as the most reliable preparation in use for colds and that it came the nearest being a specific of any medicine he had ever seen. For sale by Snipes & Kinersly.

The Dalles Daily Chronicle is springing up into a very nice evening paper. Salem Capital Journal.

NO RESORT TO ARMS.

Secretary Blaine Admits that we are Not in a Condition to Fight England and Must Back Down.

The Hostile Indians are Slowly Moving Toward Pine Ridge Agency to Surrender to Gen. Miles.

Assembling of the Oregon Legislature.

Simon and Geer Win all the Honors.

IS MILES AHEAD TO FIGHT?

General Miles Still Parleying With the Redskins.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 12.—A Post dispatch, special, from Pine Ridge agency reads: "General Miles determined this morning not to parley nor confer again with the Indians, and this morning he sent a message to the hostile camp at Mission stating his terms. He said they must come to the agency in small squads and go into camp on grounds near the friendly Indians. He would not object if they chose their own company grounds; but Brules and Ogallas must not camp together, and they must submit to the law governing the reservation and to the agent." It is learned from official sources that this is General Miles' final action. If the Indians don't accept these terms Miles will go after them, and there will be a fight sure.

The question has been asked, "In what respect are St. Patrick's Pills better than any other?" Try them, you will find that they produce a pleasant cathartic effect, are more certain in their action, and that they not only physic but cleanse the whole system and regulate the liver and bowels. For sale at 25 cents per box by Snipes & Kinersly.

OREGON LEGISLATURE.

A Meeting of that Angry Body at Salem To-day.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 12.—The senate was called to order at 10:15 by Hon. Joseph Simon.

Senator F. A. Moore, of Columbia county, was elected temporary president. O. P. Miller was chosen temporary secretary.

On motion a committee of five senators was appointed and one on credentials.

C. B. Watson was chosen to act as assistant temporary secretary of the senate.

The senate adjourned until 2 P. M. to give committee on credentials time to report.

The house was called to order at 11 o'clock.

E. O. McCoy of Sherman, chosen temporary chairman. B. R. Hays of Tillamook, temporary chief clerk. Frank Davey of Marion, temporary assistant clerk.

Adjourned until 3 o'clock.

At a caucus of republican senators held this morning. On first ballot Simon of Multnomah received 14 votes, Moore 7, and Tongue 1. Mr. Simon was then declared the caucus nominee and was made president of the senate.

When the senate resumed this afternoon chief clerk and assistant were made permanent.

T. T. Geer, of Marion county, is elected speaker and J. M. Stott of East Portland, sergeant-at-arms of the house.

For a lame back, a pain in the side or chest, or for toothache or ear-ache, prompt relief may be had by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It is reliable. For sale by Snipes & Kinersly.

Have Divided the Earth Among Them.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The advisory board of the railroad conference adjourned to-day, and will hold its next regular meeting in Chicago in April. The board adopted a resolution dividing the territory of the association into five divisions, as follows: Trans-continental, southwestern railway and steam ships, western passenger, western freight and steamships, Finley the western passenger. Vinning the trans-continental and Smith the trans-Missouri.

For a cut, bruise, burn or scald, there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It heals the parts more quickly than any other application, and unless the injury is very severe, no scar is left. For sale by Snipes & Kinersly.

He Will Go East.

Rev. O. D. Taylor will leave Monday for Portland and will shortly after that make a trip to the east. He has been appointed representative of the board of trade of this city, and will no doubt be able to set the advantages of The Dalles before eastern people in such a manner as to be of great benefit to us. Mr. Taylor has been pastor of the First Baptist church of this city for nine years, preaching his first sermon on Christmas day nine years ago. He is a careful but energetic business man, is thoroughly posted on Oregon affairs, and is endorsed by the board of trade. He carries letters from some of our most reliable business men, and we predict will make the possibilities of this country visible to all with whom he comes in contact. In Oregon he has an inexhaustible subject; one which cannot be overdrawn, and one in which he takes especial pride. He will remain away about a month.

For a lame back, a pain in the side or chest, or for tooth-ache or ear-ache, prompt relief may be had by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It is reliable. For sale by Snipes & Kinersly.

San Francisco Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 12.—Wheat season \$1.44.

Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 10.—Wheat steady. cash 89%, May 90%, July 91%.

Germany Doesn't Want the Gilbert Islands.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The Post announces that the German government has decided to establish a post of entry at Jaded island, one of the Marshall group, in the Pacific ocean. The Post denies the reports coming from San Francisco in regard to the annexation of the Gilbert islands by Germany.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The firm existing under the firm name of Brooks & Beers is this day dissolved by mutual consent by the retiring of Mr. S. L. Brooks. The business will be carried on by Messrs. G. F. Beers, and R. E. Williams under the firm name of "The Dalles Mercantile Co." The new firm will pay all liabilities and collect all debts.

SAMUEL L. BROOKS, G. F. BEERS.

January 1, 1891.

Having retired from the above firm, I desire to return my thanks to the public for generous and friendly patronage and to ask for the new firm a continuance of the same. SAM'L L. BROOKS.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. S. BENNETT, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Schanno's building, up stairs. The Dalles, Oregon.