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Manila is Said to Have Capitulated

The Story Lacks Confirmation But Everything Points to the Truth of the Report.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The Journal has a dispatch from Hong Kong stating that Manila has fallen into the hands of the Americans. Confirmation is wanting but it is known that the president has received information, the character of which cannot be learned tonight.

DEWEY AND MILES REPORTED BUSY

It is Confidently Believed that Both Commanders Are Actively Engaged—No Official Reports Received as Yet.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Department officials have been greatly stirred up by the receipt of the news from Dewey and Miles telling of great activity in both Manila and Porto Rico, and further advices are being anxiously awaited.

Brief dispatches received contained no particulars, but it is confidently believed that operations against the Spaniards at the capital of the Philippines has commenced.

While little is known of the condition of affairs at Port Guanica, where Miles' forces have landed, there is little doubt that the reported activity refers to the capture of the railroad ten miles from the point of disembarkation, which Miles set out to take on landing, and the dispatch would indicate that some opposition had been encountered.

CAMBON'S PROPOSALS ARE NOT SATISFACTORY

Seems to Be Endeavoring to Find Out What Terms the United States Will Make.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The note presented to President McKinley by Ambassador Cambon, incorporating Spain's official proposal for peace, is not at all satisfactory. It contains no definite proposition, but rather conveys the impression that it is intended to find out just what terms the United States is willing to make to bring about peace. In view of the persistent inquiries of the powers within the past few days regarding the disposition we may make of the Philippines it is believed Spain's latest effort may have been inspired. At any rate the president is said to have intimated to the French ambassador that he would not consider any proposition that would not give direct evidence of honest intent.

EUROPEAN WAR IN THE FUTURE

Prof. Andrews Says the United States Will Be Drawn Into It Whether Willing or Not, and Forced to Take Part in the Settlement of the Eastern Question.

MADISON, Wis., July 26.—E. Benjamin Andrews, recently elected superintendent of the schools of Chicago in his address before the Monona lake assembly, spoke on the subject of "European Politics." He predicted a great European war in the near future into which the United States would be dragged if it did not go in of its own accord. He described the great strengthening of fortifications and preparations for war in every country in Europe.

"You may ask what forces in Europe preserve peace in Europe," he said. This peace force is the money power, the great financiers whose interests are entirely opposed to war. There are large numbers of people, intelligent, thoughtful people, who believe that a general war would kill off enough of the laboring population to temporarily solve the labor question. Those who were left could be paid higher wages and live on a higher plane.

"It is interesting to consider which nation of Europe would benefit most by a general European war. That nation undoubtedly would be Great Britain. She has the navy and the men and the money. England is far better situated in a financial way for a war than any other European power. The present friendliness of England toward the United States I believe to be sincere and not expressed for the purpose of making capital out of us. We should respond to the sentiment. Besides ties of blood, we would be wise to have a powerful ally in case of friction with any other European power.

"We shall probably be compelled to take a place in the settlement of the Eastern question. There are many people who insist that we shall keep up the role of the hermit nation. In my judgment there is no choice before the American nation. Whether we wish to or not, we must take our place among the powers of the world. The United States may be dragged into the company of the powers by the heels, or take its place voluntarily and call to the world, 'Here is Jonathan; he is six feet two; he has come to stay; he waits to be counted; you must reckon with him.'"

Fears in Spain Of a Carlist Uprising

Trouble is Expected When the People Learn the True State of Affairs in Spain.

MADRID, July 26.—Fears of a Carlist uprising so soon as the truth of Spain's utter ruin becomes known to the people, are uppermost in the minds of Sagasta and other members of the Cabinet. It is understood that in view of the bitterness toward the party in power, likely to follow the knowledge of the truth, the launching of the military regime will occur before the end of the week.

A TRAGEDY AT SPOKANE

John Murphy, Alias "Virginia Slim," Killed by James Leecy—Both Were Intoxicated at the Time.

SPOKANE, July 26.—John Murphy, alias "Virginia Slim," and numerous other aliases, was shot and almost instantly killed by James Leecy, on Mill street, about 1:30 this afternoon. Both men were intoxicated at the time, and the deed was the result of a drunken row, in which they engaged. The murderer was captured a few moments after the commission of the crime, and is now in jail.

The deed was committed on Mill street, near Front avenue, the men having been standing near one of the cribs on the south side of the street for some time and apparently engaged in a quarrel. Few people noticed the drunken dispute. Suddenly there was a report of a shot. The larger of the two men staggered and fell to the ground, while the other started to run, but was soon captured.

The Dixie Fires on a British Ship.

NEW YORK, July 26.—A dispatch to the Herald from Turks island says that the British schooner Zeta, which arrived here today, Monday, from Jamaica, reports having seen last Friday fourteen ships of the United States expedition to Porto Rico. The Zeta was fired upon by the Dixie and was allowed to proceed after an officer from the Dixie had inspected her.

Klondike Steamers Arrive.

SEATTLE, July 26.—The steamers Rosalie and Athenian arrived today from Skagway, bringing a number of Klondikers and about \$200,000 in gold. The men came up the Yukon and the lakes and out over the passes.

Cromartyshire Men Blameless.

HALIFAX, July 28.—A decision by the court of inquiry given here today exonerates Captain Henderson and the officers of the ship Cromartyshire from all blame in the matter of La Bourgoigne disaster. The report was made by Captain Smith of the British royal naval reserve, with whom was associated in the investigation Captain Bloomfield Douglas and Captain Lewis Anderson, nautical assessor.

Everybody reads THE CHRONICLE.

THE ISLANDERS ENTHUSIASTIC

News of the Ratification of the Annexation Treaty Causes Much Excitement Among Them.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27.—The steamer Mariposa arrived today from Australia and Honolulu, bringing the following correspondence to the Associated Press:

"Honolulu, July 21.—The steamship Coptic arrived on the 13th inst. with news that the United States senate had ratified the Newlands' resolution making Hawaii part of the United States. On the city front and in the city proper the people were wild with enthusiasm. Steam whistles were turned loose, and men shouted and cheered until they could do so no longer. There was a general handshaking and congratulations everywhere. As soon as the news was received up town the fire whistle was turned on, the whistles of factories, mills and steamers in the harbor were turned loose, and pandemonium reigned. Fireworks were set off in the midst of the noise, and hundreds of guns were fired on the grounds of the executive building. At the same time the Hawaiian band started out, and marched through the streets to the wharf, playing American patriotic airs. An immense procession was formed and a march made to the American consulate and the executive building. American flags were raised on every available pole in Honolulu.

"President Dole reached the wharf as the steamer tied up. Captain Zealby, of the Coptic, was presented with a silver cup by the citizens of Honolulu for bringing the glad news. The presentation took place on the deck of the Coptic. The cup is a massive one, handsomely engraved.

The people here have decided not to have any formal annexation celebration until the Philadelphia and Admiral Miller arrive with the flag.

"Leading men of Honolulu met today and endorsed Harold M. Sewall, United States minister to Hawaii, as their choice for governor of the islands.

McKinley's Terms Anxiously Awaited.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—A London special says that to be secure of future peace negotiations, Moret or Barabe will, from that city, deal with the United States. President McKinley's terms are awaited, and if they demand too much, Correa may resign.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

The Philadelphia Bound for Honolulu

Admiral Miller, Who Will Represent United States Navy at the Formal Flag-raising, Receives a Rousing Send-off.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27.—The Cruiser Philadelphia left for Honolulu at 1 o'clock this morning with Admiral Miller, who is to represent the United States navy at the formal flag-raising over the Hawaiian islands. The vessel left the harbor while hundreds of whistles from vessels in the bay and factories on shore, and cannon from the land fortifications overlooking Golden Gate, belched forth God speed.

BEYOND REACH OF SPAIN

McKinley Has Not Discussed the Part the Philippines Shall Play in the Negotiations—Ultimatum to Be Transmitted in a Few Days.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Whatever terms the American government may decide to grant in negotiations for peace which Spain has set on foot, it has been definitely concluded that Cuba and Porto Rico have passed beyond consideration as ever returning to Spanish dominion.

The president has not had time to discuss the part the Philippines shall play in determining the peace question; but it is probable the United States will retain only a coaling station on the islands, unless the sentiment of country shall become so decided that the administration may find it necessary to enlarge the scope of the present intention.

A reply to the note submitted by the French ambassador is being prepared and will probably be ready for transmission inside of the next week. In it the president will state plainly just what we are prepared to concede and the Spaniards will have to accept our terms or submit to a heavier thrashing. Two points will be made especially clear, and those are that on no other basis will hostilities be suspended except what shall indicate Cuban independence and the surrender of Porto Rico.

TWO MORE DEATHS REPORTED

Bodies of Two Dead Iowa Volunteers To Be Shipped Home for Burial—Health of the Army at San Francisco Continues Bad.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Private W. H. Dubbs, of company K, Seventh California, died at the marine hospital of pneumonia on Monday. Private Lyon Hull, of company D, First South Dakota, died at the division hospital of catarrhal pneumonia.

Funeral services have been held over the remains of Corporal Daniel Newcome, of company D, and Private De-

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Witt C. Tucker, of company I, 50th of the Fifty-first Iowa, who died on Saturday last of pneumonia. The bodies will be sent to Des Moines and Council Bluffs respectively.

Private Mulligan, of company K, Twenty-third infantry, who died Sunday night at the marine hospital, was buried in the Presidio cemetery by his comrades.

The Seventh California sent five cases of measles to the field hospital Monday Two of the victims, Privates Marke and Hount, of company G, were in a dangerous condition.

THE END IS EXPECTED SOON

Everything at Present Points Towards a Speedy Termination of War—Spain May Object to Terms.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It looks tonight as though war might be near its end. Through the French ambassador at Washington Spain today sent formal notice that that government had been licked by Uncle Sam and would be glad to hear of terms that would be acceptable to this government. It is understood Spain is only willing to acknowledge the independence of Cuba and possibly the cession of Porto Rico as the price of indemnity for the war.

It is said by one close to the president that McKinley's terms are the cession of Porto Rico, the Caroline and Ladrone islands to the United States; the independence of Cuba under American suzerainty, and a coaling station in the Philippines, together with extensive reforms for those islands.