

The Intelligencer

VOLUME II.

ANDERSON, S. C. SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1915.

NUMBER 196.

GERMANS MAY GO AFTER LINE TO PETROGRAD

MAY PROVE MOST IMPORTANT OF GERMAN OPERATIONS

STILL PURSUING RETIRING SLAVS

Russians Expected to Get Munitions Soon and Make Another Determined Stand.

London, Aug. 27.—The Germans, in full possession of the entire Brest-Litovsk line have resumed the offensive in the Baltic provinces and are pressing the Russians southeast of Nitaubuntau and east of Kovno in an effort to reach the main line of the railway which passes through Vilna and Dvinsk to Petrograd.

This may prove in time the most important of the German operations although now they are using more troops in pursuit of the Russians retiring from Brest-Litovsk and the line on either side of this fortress.

The Retch, a Petrograd newspaper today speculating on German intentions, declares it is doubtful if the Germans without undisputed possession of the Baltic and particularly of the Gulf of Riga, could undertake the risks attached to operations against Petrograd this autumn.

The Russians apparently had evacuated both Brest-Litovsk and Ollta before the Austro-Germans arrived as the latter claim no capture of booty.

Austria officially announced tonight that Archduke Joseph Ferdinand had found the town of Klementz-Litovsk burning when he arrived. All indications are that the Russians still taking every movable thing that might aid the Anglo-Americans and burning what they are unable to carry.

The Russians still have armies virtually intact and now have prospects of a more plentiful supply of ammunition, so it is expected they will soon make a stand along some prepared line.

Paris tonight reported the capture of several German trenches in Vosges and announced that French artillery had been directing efficacious fire upon German positions on various portions of the front. What, however, is considered more significant is the continued activity of the French air squadron which has been bombarding the German positions in France as well as munitions factories in Germany.

It now seems certain that Serbia is ready to make the territorial sacrifices necessary to secure Bulgaria's aid, but there is little news from the Balkans, and little news of recent fighting at the Dardanelles.

Unofficial dispatches dated August 19 tell of the fighting for Bari Bajer Hill and declared the losses were heavy on both sides.

London, Aug. 27.—The Russians have evacuated the Ollta fortress. Hindenburg's forces are harassing the retreating Russians south of Ollta. Von Gallwitz reports the capture of 3,500 prisoners and five machine guns. In the fighting south of Mitau 450 prisoners, four cannon, and three machine guns were taken. Material advances are claimed for the Tauton.

Berlin, Aug. 27.—That the Russian fortress of Ollta on the Niemen river, 39 miles south of Kovno, has been evacuated is officially announced.

All the Russian territory covered by the Teutonic advance Grodno now is the only strongly defended position in the Russian hands. Ollta was on the principal Russian line of defense, midway between Kovno already in the German hands and Grodno. It is about 30 miles southwest of the important railroad center of Vitebsk, which is on the direct trunk line to Petrograd. Ollta is the ninth important Russian fortress to fall in three weeks.

London, Aug. 27.—The Teutonic invasion has been pressed, not only into old Russia beyond the political borders of ancient Poland, but have penetrated well beyond the district of Russia proper, inhabited by the Poles. This morning's advance has reached the stage in which the Russian troops are fighting for existence on the soil of white Russia.

CARRANZA DENIES PEOPLE ARE STARVING IN CAPITAL

Washington, Aug. 27.—General Carranza called his agency here today, declaring untrue, the reports that people are starving to death in Mexico City. He declared the food situation is steadily improving since the Carranza troops entered.

BRITISH SUBJECT NOT YET RELEASED

Detention of Newspaper Man at Vera Cruz Causes State Department Considerable Concern.

Washington, Aug. 27.—It became known tonight that the case of M. W. Francis, the newspaper correspondent imprisoned at Vera Cruz for sending out dispatches unfavorable to Carranza is giving the state department considerable concern. A fortnight ago a demand for his release was ignored and all efforts to make him free failed.

Francis is a British subject working for an American concern.

MACON SHIPPERS ENTER PROTEST

Washington, Aug. 27.—The freight bureau of the Macon, Ga., chamber of commerce has complained to the Interstate commerce commission that the Clyde, Mallory and the Merchants and Minors lines and the Southern Central of Georgia and other railroads exact from the beet and cane sugar shippers at Macon unjust rates to the eastern markets.

REICHSTAG ADJOURNS TILL NOVEMBER 30

Old Controversy Settled Before Adjournment—Socialist Members Cheer Kaiser.

London, Aug. 27.—The Reuters Amsterdam correspondent says the German reichstag adjourned today until November 30.

It was announced today that before adjourning the reichstag agreed to place the inscription "To the German People" over the main portal of the reichstag building thus settling an old controversy which will permit putting the finishing touches on the building.

For twenty years space for the inscription has remained blank because the reichstag refused to accept one proposed by the architect and the Kaiser declined to sanction another proposed by the reichstag. Before the reichstag adjourned Dr. Johannes Kaempf proposed the usual address for the Kaiser and for the first time in the history of the reichstag two socialists joined in cheering.

DEFEATED CANDIDATE'S FRIENDS LEAVE N. E. A.

Not Satisfied With Election of Dr. Johnson as President of Association.

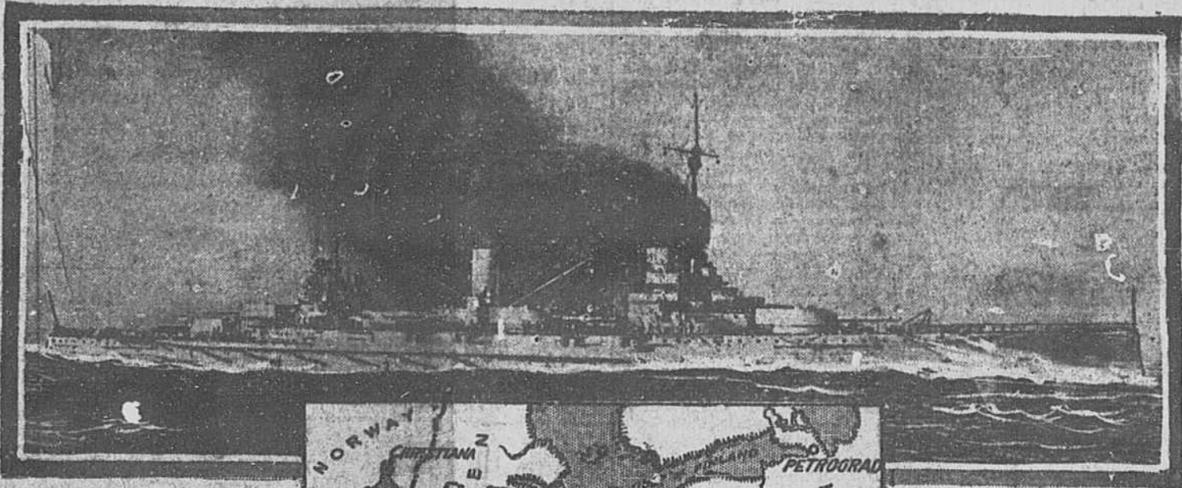
Oakland, Cal., Aug. 27.—The resignation of Miss Grace Strachan of Brooklyn from the National Educational association after her defeat for the presidency of the association has been followed, it is announced today, by the resignation of Miss Agnes Nightingale of New York, who managed Miss Strachan's campaign, and five other New York women members. The final joint session of the National Educational association and International congress on education is held today.

EX-GOV. ADAMS FAVORS SUFFRAGE

Boston, Aug. 27.—Former Governor Alva Adams, of Colorado, addressing a suffrage mass meeting tonight, characterized a preamble to a federal constitution as "a lie and delusion" in those states which have not granted woman suffrage. It would never be justified, he said until women are allowed to vote.

Four Killed in Arizona. Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 27.—Four men were killed and ten hurt when the Santa Fe passenger train fell through the bridge at Data Creek 70 miles north of here.

German Cruiser Von Moltke Sent to Bottom, and Map of Riga Battle



The Germans sent out their fleet from its hiding place in the Kiel Canal to land troops in Pernov Bay, which is within the Gulf of Riga, and as a result they lost the great battle cruiser von Moltke, sister ship of the mighty Goeben which is believed to have been sunk long since in the Black Sea, and a dozen or more cruisers and torpedo boats.

They had four great barges of troops about to land at Pernov when the Russians, aided by British sub-

marines sighted them. The battle lasted for several days during which the von Moltke and two or three lighter cruisers went down, and seven or eight torpedo boats were sunk. It was the purpose of the Germans, whose battle line on the land reaches near Riga, to land troops to join their forces approaching Riga. They were caught, and with the defeat they were pushed back an land by the forces of the czar, so they are now for from Riga.

Washington, Aug. 27.—Count von Bernstorff, ambassador, on instructions from Germany today personally informed Secretary Lansing that Germany intended to give full satisfaction to the United States for the sinking of the Arabic with the consequent loss of American lives. Von Bernstorff promised that if it was found that the Arabic was sunk without warning Germany not only would disavow the act but would give "full satisfaction."

NO FURTHER ARGUMENT ON ARABIC CASE

VON BENSTORFF OFFICIALLY PROMISES GERMANY WILL GIVE SATISFACTION

OPEN DISCUSSION OF LUSITANIA

Germany Will Also Make Reparation for American Lives Lost on That Ship.

Washington, Aug. 27.—Count von Bernstorff, ambassador, on instructions from Germany today personally informed Secretary Lansing that Germany intended to give full satisfaction to the United States for the sinking of the Arabic with the consequent loss of American lives. Von Bernstorff promised that if it was found that the Arabic was sunk without warning Germany not only would disavow the act but would give "full satisfaction."

It is well known that "full satisfaction" would have to include reparation for the American lives lost and assurances that there will be no more such tragedies.

It also became known that the state department has been informed that Germany is ready to renew discussion of the Lusitania sinking and offer reparation for American lives lost. Nothing further is expected to be done, however, until the commander of the submarine that sank the Arabic makes a formal report.

German officials made it plain that as soon as the strained situation relaxes Germany proposes to ask the United States to demand that the allies cease interfering with legitimate neutral commerce and thus permit the importation of food for Germany's population.

Germany is also preparing to protect against acquisition by United States in the treatment of cotton as contraband. It is said Germany has indicated a desire to purchase three million bales of cotton if they can arrange delivery.

GREENVILLE OFFICER ACQUITTED OF MURDER

Sergeant Cooksey, Who Shot Chief Holcomb's Slayer, Freed in Twenty Minutes.

Greenville, Aug. 27.—Within 25 minutes from the time Sergeant A. Cooksey, of the Greenville police department was formerly arraigned today for the alleged murder of Walker White, five witnesses were examined and upon the face of the testimony Solicitor Bonham asked for a verdict of "not guilty," which Judge Prince accordingly directed.

The first sergeant was placed on trial about 10:30 o'clock. Twelve jurors were accepted without a challenge and the witnesses were sworn and examined in quick succession by the state. The defense accepted the testimony with but few questions.

The defendant was not put on the stand for a verdict of acquittal in presenting his motion Solicitor Bonham stated that the tragedy, which resulted in the death of Chief of Police Holcomb and Walker White, was "most deplorable. It was evident, he said, that Sergeant Cooksey was performing his duty."

GOVERNORS AGREED U. S. NOT PREPARED TO REPEL INVASION

CONFERENCE ADJOURNS TO MEET NEXT YEAR IN SALT LAKE CITY—GOV. DUNNE OF ILLINOIS DECLARES COUNTRY WOULD BE IN SORRY PREDICAMENT IF WAR WERE DECLARED

Boston, Aug. 27.—After the discussion of the naval and military resources of the United States in which it was generally agreed the United States is not adequately prepared against foreign invasion the conference of governors ended its annual session today. The governors chose Salt Lake City for next year's meeting place and elected Governor William Spry, of Utah, chairman of the executive committee.

Boston, Aug. 27.—Governor Edward F. Dunne, of Illinois, advised greater military and naval preparedness in his address at the Governors' Conference here today. In part, Gov. Dunne said:

"Since the commencement of the tremendous war now waging in Europe, and the danger of our country being embroiled therein, all classes of people in the republic have been seriously considering the unpreparedness of war which seems to exist in our country."

"If war were to be declared against this country by one of the six great nations of Europe it must be conceded that the United States in its present condition of land and naval forces would be in a sorry predicament. For offensive warfare our land forces are so small as to be regarded with ridicule. Our naval armament might succeed for a time in damaging cities and fortifications upon the seacoast of a possible enemy in Europe, but separated so far as we would be from the base of supplies such as offensive naval warfare could not be of lasting duration."

"In defensive naval warfare, we might for a time make a creditable showing upon our own coasts, but if any of these great nations should effect a landing of any considerable army, for weeks at least such an invasion would be unopposed. This serious situation of affairs has given even the most ardent advocates of peace between the nations grave concern."

"The present militia of all of the different states of the United States is wholly inadequate for the defense of the nation. In 1912, the total militia of the National Guards of all the states aggregated approximately one hundred and twenty thousand men. Such a number of men would be wholly inadequate for the defense of the nation in case of war with any first-class power."

"To rely upon the regular army of one hundred thousand men, and a militia of one hundred and twenty thousand men in case of war with a first-class power would be an act of supreme folly. The citizen-soldier of the republic must be reorganized, retrained and re-equipped. There should be at least a body of citizen-soldiers trained for the use of arms, organized and maintained throughout the different states

of the United States in the aggregate of at least two million men. How can this be accomplished without imposing too great a hardship upon its members and upon the taxpayers of the nation? It can be accomplished by the adoption of two measures.

"First: By requiring every college and university in the United States which receives from any state or from the federal government any support or appropriation of money, to give a military training to its students during the four years of the university or college course. As part of the physical and mental education of the student, he should be compelled, if in such an institution, as part of his curriculum, to devote sufficient time to enable him to become a well-informed soldier in time of war. That this can easily be accomplished is proven by what has already been accomplished in some of the universities."

"One of the greatest needs of the British and Russian armies at the present time is their need of trained officers to take charge of the enlisted men. We should profit by the examples furnished in this awful war now prevailing in Europe. For defensive purposes at least we should have an adequate number of well-drilled men, graduates of our educational institutions who could in case of war take charge of and whip into shape the soldiers who would fly to the defense of their country's integrity."

"Another method of increasing the numbers and efficiency of our state militia would be for the federal government to make more liberal appropriations for the maintenance of the same. On the average the militiamen in the state of Illinois does not receive to exceed fifteen dollars a year, and that only when he is in active service."

"This begrudging allowance is not attractive to the ordinary farmer, mechanic or clerk."

"All of this should be changed. If a militiaman were paid one dollar for every night that he spent in military training in his drill hall or arsenal with a provision that he would receive an compensation unless he attended at least forty nights during the year, I believe that instead of 150,000 militiamen we would have 1,500,000 or 2,000,000."

BOMBARD RUSSIAN SIGNAL STATIONS

Berlin, Aug. 27.—It was officially announced today that Wednesday evening a small German cruiser bombarded the Russian signal station on the Cape, south of Ristina on Dago Island, just outside the Gulf of Riga. Simultaneously another small cruiser bombarded the signal station on Dago Island.

RUSSIAN AND BRITISH CONSULS ATTACKED

Claim German Consular Agent at Tabriz Was Leader of Attacking Party.

London, Aug. 27.—Petrograd dispatches say a report from Teheran, Persia, says H. C. Sobuncemman, German consular agent at Tabriz, led an armed band in an attack upon the Russian and British consuls and their military escort at Kenghever.

The British and Russians defended themselves with rifles, but suffered some losses.

FRENCH AND GERMAN AVIATORS ARE ACTIVE

French Flyer Dropped Bombs on Dornach Asphyxiating Gas Plant.

Paris, Aug. 27.—French aviators bombarded two railroad stations in the Argonne, and German aviators have thrown explosives in Clermont-en-Argonne.

A French aviator last night bombarded the Dornach plant, where the Germans manufactured asphyxiating gases. This morning a French squadron of aeroplanes bombarded the railroad station at Muehlheim, in the grand duchy of Baden. The French flyers returned unharmed.

CATHOLIC BISHOP SHOT BY PRIEST

Winona, Minnesota, Aug. 27.—The Right Rev. Patrick E. Hefferon, bishop of the Winona Roman Catholic diocese, was shot and seriously wounded this morning by the Rev. Father Al Leaches, a priest, for whom the bishop refused to procure an appointment. The bishop was shot through the right lung and hip. He will probably recover. Leaches was arrested.

Maning Succeeds Dr. Holmes. Washington, Aug. 21.—Wilsons today appointed Vahney H. Maning, director of the bureau of mines in the interior department. He succeeds Dr. J. A. Holmes who recently died. Maning has been assistant director.

Gov. Harris Recovered. Atlanta, Aug. 27.—Governor Nat. E. Harris has recovered from the slight illness which kept him away from his office part of two days earlier in the week.

Divorced and Married at Once. Honolulu, Aug. 27.—Mrs. Emil Sprackles, who yesterday was granted a final decree of divorce from John D. Sprackles, Jr., of San Francisco, was married last night to Frank W. Wakefield, also of San Francisco.

GOVERNORS DISAGREE OVER BLEASE SPEECH

Gov. Walsh Objects to Statement That Liberty Dies When Mobs Are Eliminated.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 27.—The speech yesterday of Cole L. Blease in which he signified that Lynch law met with his approval, provoked further dissent this morning. Governor Walsh said that he objected to Blease's statement that "when mobs are no longer possible liberty would be dead. In my judgment," said the Massachusetts executive, "there can be no liberty without obedience to the law."

Governor Stuart of Virginia said his state was conservative and people believe first, last and always in rigid enforcement.

President Wilson sent a message thanking the governors for the resolutions of confidence and support sent him Tuesday.

LEGAL ACTION IN CASE OF ISIDORA

Pensacola, Fla., Aug. 27.—Proceedings on behalf of General Carranza were instituted in federal court today for possession of the Mexican schooner Isidora, now in port with munitions. The Carranza agent claimed Villa agents forcibly took possession of the schooner and that they had no right to the schooner or cargo.

EASTLAND CO MANAGER CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER

Chicago, Aug. 27.—Walter K. Greenbaum, the manager of the Indiana transportation company was indicted by the grand jury charged with manslaughter, in connection with the Eastland disaster.

Venezuela Revolt Over. Willemstad, Curaçao, Aug. 27.—Advices from Venezuela state that the revolution begun last September in eastern Venezuela has been crushed. The revolutionists were defeated by government forces and their leader, Horatio du Chazme, was killed.