

RUSSIAN TROOPS TO COOPERATE WITH ALLIES IN BALKANS

WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO FRONT AS SOON AS AVAILABLE

LITTLE NEWS OF OPERATIONS

Germany Holding Up Mail and Foodstuffs Consigned to Rumania.

London, Oct. 14.—The Balkan situation was discussed from a diplomatic standpoint in the House of Commons today by Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey, but little light was thrown on the progress of the Anglo-French expedition which landed at Saloniki. He said the Russian troops would cooperate "as soon as they were available."

The French Premier Viviani, told the senate the allies could probably court on Italian aid in the Balkans. Germany's attitude towards Rumania, expressed in the suspension of postal service and the delivery of foodstuffs consigned to Rumania over German railroads, lends color to the report that Russia may move troops through Rumanian territory.

Bulgaria has formally declared war on Serbia but Nish reports that the extent of the Bulgarian invasion consists of an advance over the frontier of one mile and Serbian railroad communications still intact.

The German advance in Serbia is proceeding slowly. General attacks are either under way or imminent on all German fronts.

It is reported that the allies have begun a new offensive in the Dardanelles. The Russians are continuing their offensive in Galicia.

The British and French are active in Flanders and Champagne and the German positions on the Belgian coast are under bombardment from British monitors.

British submarines in the Baltic sunk ten German ore carriers, causing discontent in Sweden, but the British assert they are complying with international laws.

London, Oct. 14.—Increasing uneasiness is felt here owing to the absence of definite news concerning the concerted allied action in the Balkans. This feeling is intensified by the news of a dispute in the French chamber of deputies, regarding the Balkan danger and Italy's persistent silence regarding the participation in the expedition, together with the uncertainty concerning the British program.

Opinion is divided to some extent as to the advisability of taking part in the Balkan conflict. The general opinion is that Great Britain is morally bound to assist Serbia if this can be done without dangerous weakening of the main front. It is felt the war will finally be decided. Having failed in an attack on the British positions along the western front the Germans have turned upon the French and made gains east of Sochez. The advantage obtained, however, is not of sufficient importance to effect the present situation. The assault in the vicinity of Tabora, in pursuance of the movement begun three days ago has likewise been materially unproductive.

On the eastern front the Russians are now in full possession of the initiative. The movement which carried them across the Strpa river in eastern Galicia has not yet diminished. It is reported unofficially from Petrograd that it is the Germans who now lack ammunition, this reversing the conditions of two months ago. Although the Germans are continuing their attacks on the Divinski line, the fury of their onslaught is diminished and they appear to have made no noted gains recently. Petrograd press dispatches assert that the Germans are three miles farther from the city than they were ago. Official institutions finally removed from Debrec and Buda are now being taken back. The British continue to report steady progress in Serbia, though they admit their headway is being retarded. Since Belgrade fell no encounter of great strategic importance has occurred.

Artillery Engagement. There has been a particularly violent artillery engagement in the Artois region northwest of Hill 70 in which both sides took part says the war office.

Frenches Again. London, Oct. 14.—Early news reports were killed and a hundred injured in a Zeppelin raid over London.

SUPREME COURT WILL DECIDE ON FUTURES LAW

ATTORNEY GENERAL THINKS IT WILL BE DECLARED CONSTITUTIONAL

LEVER HAS FAITH IN SUPREME COURT

Hoke Smith Thinks Substitute Will Be Passed if Decision is Unfavorable.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Representative Heflin of Alabama after a conference with department of agriculture officials today said an appeal would be taken from the recent decision of Federal Judge Hough declaring unconstitutional the Smith-Lever cotton futures law. He said Attorney General Gregory is of the opinion that the supreme court would declare the law constitutional.

Representative Lever of South Carolina, who was sponsor for the bill in the house, said he had faith in the supreme court's ruling on the act.

Mr. Lever's Statement. Mr. Lever gave out the following statement to the press yesterday in regard to the case:

From remarks of Federal Judge Hough during the argument of the case before him, I am not surprised at the decision. From the best legal information obtainable at the time of the passage of the act, I am satisfied the supreme court will sustain the act. I am not discouraged. The first income tax act was declared unconstitutional, even by the supreme court, but we now have an income tax law. I have faith in the supreme court's decision on the bill.

The break of \$1.60 per bale upon hope of returning to old system of future dealing is the best evidence of value of the act to the producers of cotton. It is the regulation of the exchange in interest of the farmer, or destruction of them. I will wait confidently the final verdict of the highest tribunal in the land.

Mr. Lever was in Anderson the guest of Mr. B. B. Gossett when this statement was made.

Hoke Smith Comments. Atlanta, Oct. 14.—Senator Hoke Smith in a statement on the decision of Federal Judge Hough holding the cotton futures bill unconstitutional, declared it is hardly probable that the "courts can hold that the bill falls within the requirements of the constitution that revenue bills must originate in the house and said that while the senate passed the cotton exchange bill the house laid aside the senate bill entirely and passed a substitute. The taxing feature originated in the house. In his opinion if the measure is finally declared unconstitutional a proper substitute will be quickly passed.

U. S. WILL BUILD MOST POWERFUL FORTRESS

Finest in World to Protect Washington and Chesapeake Bay.

Washington, Oct. 14.—That the most powerful coast defense in the world will be erected at Cape Henry, Va., with 16-inch guns sweeping the Chesapeake and protecting Washington was announced today by Representative Barclay of Kentucky. The fortress will cost \$5,000,000.

Quiet in Haiti. Washington, Oct. 14.—Admiral Caperton reported today that conditions were quiet in Haiti and the rebel forces were disarming. A detachment of marines marched from Cape Haitien to Port Libertes and met no resistance.

Made 102 Miles An Hour



Gil Anderson, winning the 350 mile race auto in New York City, averaging 102 miles an hour for the entire distance, a new world's record.

ARRANGING TO FEED BELGIANS

Germany Requisitions Cereal Crops and Will Turn Them Over to Relief Commission for Distribution.

The Hague, Oct. 14.—Arrangements for provisioning the two million Belgians in Flanders have been reached between the Germans and the American relief commission. The Germans have requisitioned at fixed prices all cereal and root crops and have made a stated allowance for each family. All these crops will be given to the commission for distribution. Wheat will be substituted for oats and rye. An exchange the commission undertakes to import wheat in sufficient quantities to make up the deficit, together with usual rations of bacon, lard, rice and fodder. It is reported arrangements of the same co-operative character have been effected providing for the taking over of the crops of two and a half million French civilians.

COMMISSION TO SIGN LOAN CONTRACT TODAY

First Syndicate Payment Due But Blank Forms of Note Not Ready.

New York, Oct. 14.—Members of the Anglo-French loan commission will sign the loan contract at Morgan & company's office tomorrow, making the first appearance of the United States as the world's banker.

HEAVY GUARD ON EXPRESS CAR

Car Believed to Contain Large Shipment of Gold for J. P. Morgan & Co.

New York, Oct. 14.—Mystery surrounded the special express car carrying armed guards arriving here attached to the train which was the subject of a story connected with the trip from Halifax to the belief that it contained a large gold shipment. At Morgan and company's it is denied that the gold was received. The express company said the car contained securities, but there was no statement of the United States.

CUMMINGS FOR STRONGER NAVY

Iowa Senator is Opposed to President's Plan for Citizen Soldierry — Bryan's Non-Resistance Plan Better.

Davenport, Iowa, Oct. 14.—The need for a bigger navy was voiced here tonight at a banquet of the Mid-West Conference on Preparedness by Henry D. Estabrook, a New York attorney and Senator A. B. Cummings, of Iowa. Estabrook condemned President Wilson's plan for citizen soldierry and Bryan's theory of non-resistance, but said he would rather support the policy of non-resistance than the policy of half preparedness. While Estabrook said that he was opposed to a large standing army, he advocated additions to the navy. Senator Cummings said congress should supply immediately the missing elements of naval strength. In a speech in St. Louis Secretary McAdoo today advocated an adequate navy with at least four hundred merchant ships as auxiliaries.

CHAMPIONS ABANDON PACIFIC COAST TRIP

Failure to Secure Guarantee Expenses Caused Tour to Be Called Off.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—The proposed trip to the Pacific coast by the Red Sox and Phillies was abandoned today because of the failure of their managements to agree on financial arrangements.

Robert B. McRoy, appointed to represent the national commission when the trip was agreed to at the meeting in Boston Tuesday, announced that the Sox would not go unless their expenses were guaranteed. This the national commission could not do.

The tentative plan for the trip called for games at Chicago, Omaha, Denver and Salt Lake. Kansas City had guaranteed ten thousand dollars for the game. When the Phillies players got their checks for two thousand four hundred and ninety-two dollars today, their share of the world's series receipts all agreed to take the trip except Chambers and Whitford.

DOMINICK O'MALLEY RETURNS TO NEWSPAPER FIELD

New Orleans, Oct. 14.—Dominick O'Malley, one time publisher of the New Orleans Item, has bought and will personally manage the American Morning, a paper recently started by striking members of the local Typographical Union.

CONGRESS FACES EXPENSE BUDGET OF \$1,240,000.00

LARGEST ESTIMATE EVER SUBMITTED IN TIME OF PEACE

MUST PROVIDE MORE REVENUES

Nearly All Departments Will Ask Big Increase in Appropriations.

Washington, Oct. 14.—With the estimated national defense increase of a hundred and fifty millions together with the increases in other branches of the government it is probably that the amount of proposed expenditures for the next fiscal year will total about a billion two hundred and forty millions.

The estimate to go to the secretary of the treasury tomorrow for discussion by congressional committees is the largest ever submitted in the United States in time of peace. The president and cabinet will examine the estimate next week.

In congress agrees with the administration defense program additional revenue must be provided. Congress will be asked to pass two revenue measures on a tax and the other the retention of the tariff on sugar. However these will not increase the present revenue. Officials are convinced that receipts for the fiscal year beginning July, nineteen sixteen, when the increased expenditures take effect, will not exceed seven hundred and fifty millions.

Authority to issue two hundred and forty millions in Panama canal bonds is considered the only temporary remedy, and is not likely to be resorted to if the five year defense plan advocated.

Increases he asked by the state, commerce, labor and postoffice departments. The interior department will ask less, excluding the eight millions for the construction of the government railroad in Alaska. The department of agriculture estimates is about the same.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Representative James Hay, of Virginia, chairman of the house military affairs committee meets President Wilson today to discuss national defense plans. These contemplate a four hundred million appropriation by the next congress. This is an increase of approximately a hundred and forty million over last year, about sixty million for the army and eighty million for the navy. It is understood that the plans now contemplate four hundred million. This probably will be cut to four hundred million at the conference between President Wilson and Secretaries Daniels and Garrison next week. Indications are that about a hundred and seventy million will be asked for the army and two hundred and forty-eight million for the navy.

Today's conference will deal particularly with the army. The president had before him the outline of the military policy that Secretary Garrison prepared. It is said to provide in part for an increase in the regular army of between eighty-seven and a hundred and twenty thousand men and the creation of a four hundred thousand reserve. The president regards the army program as conservative.

Washington, Oct. 14.—President Wilson approved Secretary Garrison's plan for increasing the army. It calls for an annual expenditure of a hundred and eighty-four millions, an increase of approximately seventy-five millions. The plan in an approved form will be presented to congress with a full administration backing.

RECENT RUSSIAN SUCCESSSES DUE TO PLENTIFUL AMMUNITION

The Hague, Oct. 14.—The Russian recent successes, says a Dutch correspondent in the eastern war theatre, has been due to the overwhelming superiority of their supply of munitions which took the Germans completely by surprise.

Japan May Recognize Carranza. Tokyo, Oct. 14.—The Japanese government has withdrawn recognition of the Mexican consul general at Yokohama L. Enrique, who represented Huerta. It is probable Japan will recognize Carranza.

Tentative Jury Selected. New York, Oct. 14.—A tentative jury of twelve was completed today in the trial of eleven directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad accused of conspiracy in an attempt to monopolize the transportation traffic of New England.

RECENT ZEPPELIN RAID ON ENGLAND GREATEST OF WAR

Can't Live On Less Than \$25,000 a Year.



Virginia Bruce Loney.

Virginia Bruce Loney of New York is only sixteen years old, but she cannot live on less than \$25,000 a year, her guardian says. And the guardian herself, who is much older cannot live on less than \$5,000 a year. The girl's father and mother were Lusitania victims. She was saved. They left her \$1,000,000. The guardian has gone into court with a request that the child be given \$25,000 a year from the estate and \$5,000 for herself. In her list of expenses in her affidavits, the guardian shows how \$30,000 a year may be spent.

SUIT TO OUST MEMPHIS MAYOR

Charges Mayor, Sheriff, Vice-Mayor, City Judge and Police Chief Failed to Enforce Prohibition Law.

Memphis, Oct. 14.—The state attorney general, Frank M. Thompson, today filed suit to oust from office Sheriff J. A. Reckman of Shelby county; Mayor E. H. Crump, Vice-Mayor and Fire and Police Commissioner R. A. Utley, City Judge W. M. Stanton and Chief of Police O. H. Perry for alleged failure to enforce the prohibition law.

RAILWAY CUT BETWEEN NISH AND TRAHMOA

Athens Dispatch Says Communication is Broken for Five Miles.

Athens, Oct. 14.—(Via Paris, Oct. 14.)—Communications have been cut between Nish and Trahmya for a distance of five miles. Fifty miles south of Nish on the Belgrade Saloniki trunk railway is a town, Vranje, which the dispatch probably refers to. This road is the immediate objective of the Bulgarians. Vranje is at the portion of the road which bends nearest the Bulgarian front. The invaders have been reported to make at this point to cut the communications to the Serbians.

Villa Still Isolated. Washington, Oct. 14.—Navy despatches today tend to confirm the border reports that Villa has lost the support Guarasas to Carranza. Two gunboats with Carranzists have been threatened to attack the town.

CASUALTIES EXCEED RAID OF SEPTEMBER WHEN 21 WERE KILLED

FIFTY-ONE DEAD; INJURED 114

Biplanes of Royal Corps Blocked in Efforts to Locate Raiders By Heavy Fog.

London, Oct. 14.—Fifty-five were killed and a hundred and fourteen injured last night in the biggest Zeppelin raid. The casualties exceed the raid of September eighth, when twenty were killed and eighty-six injured.

Last night's raid brings the total of all air raids in England to a hundred and seventy-seven killed and four hundred and sixty-three injured. The Zeppelins flew over the eastern counties of England and a portion of London. The fog blocked the efforts of five planes of the Royal Corps which sighted only one Zeppelin. Fourteen of the fifty-five killed were military casualties. Of the remaining forty-one, twenty-seven were men, nine women and five children.

GERMAN OFFICER TALKS OF RESULTS OF AERIAL RAIDS

Berlin, Oct. 14.—(Correspondent of Associated Press.)—British reports that the destructive effect of the Zeppelin raids on England were small and almost insignificant from a military point of view were denied by German Naval Lieutenant Peterson, one of the senior officers of the aerial fleet.

Peterson, who said the raids on England were only incidental to the real work Zeppelins, declared that British commandments are able to see great damage wrought by bombs. "We identify well," he said, "the general localities, such as docks, warehouse and banking districts of London. Although the British don't admit it through the admiralty, on one occasion we witnessed clearly the destruction of a warship on the Thames river. On another occasion I dropped a bomb squarely on a fort. We have seen the big factories collapse and fire bombs destroy docks and warehouses."

London's defense against Zeppelin attacks, he said, is not dangerous. A Zeppelin is hard to hold with a search light and harder to hit. Aeroplane attacks are of little value, he said.

NEW ORLEANS SUFFERS FROM HEAVY RAINS

Two Weeks Rainfall Equals Normal Precipitation for Five Years.

New Orleans, Oct. 14.—The rainfall in New Orleans for the two weeks beginning September 29th, amounted to nineteen and ninety-one hundredths inches, breaking the records of many years.

The precipitation was equal to the normal rainfall in New Orleans for five months. The rains caused heavy damage. Many people were forced to abandon houses damaged by the recent hurricane during the rains.

COL. HOUSE SELECTED FOR PRESIDENT'S BEST MAN

Washington, Oct. 14.—Speculation on the date of wedding of President Wilson and Mrs. Galt was stimulated when Col. E. M. House, close friend of the president, visited the White House. Col. House is mentioned as the president's choice for best man. It is understood that he will help the couple with their wedding plans.

New Summer Capital Next Year. Washington, Oct. 14.—President Wilson won't make Cornish, N. H., the summer capital next year. He is considering some point on the New Jersey coast.

Gas Submarine Catches. HONORABLE, Mich., Oct. 14.—As a possible means of overcoming the submarine, Dr. Koplowski has invented a gas-sea scope. Through it he says he can detect submarines at a distance of ten miles away.