

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS OF THE WHOLE WORLD.

SELF RULE AFAR OFF

TAFT TELLS FILIPINOS THEY NEED AMERICAN GUIDE.

Secretary Tells Assembly His Personal Views Have Not Changed, but Reminds It That Question is for Congress.

Taft formally opened the Philippine assembly in the National theater at 11:15 Wednesday morning in the presence of a large crowd of people.

In his opening address Mr. Taft declared that his views announced two years ago regarding the independence of the Philippine people were unchanged.

At the close of his address Mr. Taft formally called the assembly to order. A short prayer was then read by the only native Catholic bishop in the island.

FARMS ARE WORE OUT.

An Alarming Condition in the Eastern States.

Soil experts in the agricultural department at Washington will devote much of their time for months to come to the subject of deserted farms.

In the economic value destroyed, the radical reduction in the supporting power of agriculture and in the direct loss to the commonwealth, the abandonment of land once under cultivation has forced itself upon the attention of publicists.

In the effort to interest the country in the movement and justify an appropriation for experiments the agricultural department will send a corps of experts, headed by William J. Spillman, chief of the bureau of plant industry, to a meeting which has been called for next week in Syracuse, N. Y.

DIVINE DON CONVICT GARB.

Returns to Prison to Serve Out His Sentence.

Immaculately attired as a minister of the gospel a stranger entered the office of the state prison at Michigan City, Ind., and declared he was an escaped convict and had come to serve the rest of his sentence.

"My name is Allen J. Lawrence, and I escaped from this prison in September, 1896," he said. He then told Warden Reid a strange story. He had his wanderings in the harvests of Kansas and Nebraska, and described an accidental visit to a revival meeting on the prairie, where he was converted. He told of his decision to preach the gospel and the success which had attended his efforts as a Methodist evangelist, and at last the lashing of his conscience spurred him to reveal his identity and return to the prison from which he had escaped.

Lawrence was found guilty of attacking a girl and was sentenced in April, 1896, from Laporte, Ind.

Shoe Strikers Return to Work.

Twenty-two shoe factories in St. Louis, Mo., which have been closed for five weeks because of the strike of shoe workers reopened Wednesday. Many strikers returned and the factories resumed work, though no effort was made to run full handed.

New York to Stop "Coke" Sales.

Severe punishment for druggists who sell cocaine is advocated by Dr. Darlington, head of the city health department of New York, and as a result of his efforts a druggist convicted of making a sale of the poison was sentenced to six months in the penitentiary.

Five Men Drowned.

Five workmen were drowned by the overturning of a scow in the Illinois and Michigan canal near Joliet, Ill., Wednesday afternoon. Twenty-three men were in the scow and many of these had narrow escapes from drowning.

Sioux City Live Stock Market.

Wednesday's quotations on the Sioux City live stock market follow: Top hogs, \$6.10.

IN MASS OF DEBRIS.

Fontanet, Ind., Destroyed by Powder Explosion.

Between 25 and 50 dead, 600 injured, and a city of 1,000 people wiped out. Such is the fate which overtook Fontanet, Ind., Tuesday when the Dupont powder works exploded.

Where stood a thriving and busy town of 1,000 people in the morning, at night there was ruin and scattered wreckage. The dead and more seriously injured have been taken away. Five hundred inhabitants, all more or less wounded, remain to gather their scattered household goods and sleep under tents and on cots guarded by soldiers of the state.

Without warning the powder mills, seven in number, blew up at 9:15 o'clock Tuesday morning. They employed 200 men, and of these 75 were at work when the first explosion occurred in the press mill. In quick succession the glazing mill, the two coaling mills and the powder magazine blew up, followed by the cap mill.

BLOW TO TOM JOHNSON.

Court Nullifies Part of Mayor's Street Car Franchises.

Judge Lawrence, of the common pleas court of Cleveland, O., rendered a decision Tuesday afternoon, holding illegal franchises granted for so-called 3-cent fare lines on the east side. The court held that the franchises for 3-cent lines on the west side are valid because they were granted prior to the date upon which Mayor Johnson was alleged to have become financially interested in the roads.

The decision holds that Mayor Johnson is now exonerated from financial interest in the law fare companies, his obligations having been canceled before the passage of the curative ordinance passed by the city council Aug. 3 last.

The evidence exonerates Mayor Johnson, the court says, from any bad faith or fraudulent purpose in the transactions in controversy, and that his motive was to serve the public by lending his credit to an enterprise which he conceived to be one of great benefit to the people of Cleveland, but his action in the approval of extension of these ordinances, other than the Rhodes avenue grant, was opposed to the common law, which does not permit one to act as agent for the public in making a contract affecting his private interests.

GREAT FLOODS IN SPAIN.

Thousands Are Made Idle by the High Water.

Floods in the vicinity of Barcelona continue most serious. Up to the present five persons have been drowned and 3,000 thrown out of work.

The greatest distress is reported from Manresa, the birthplace of St. Ignatius, founder of the Society of Jesus. This village has been terribly ravaged, and the water washed out countless coffins and bodies from the local cemetery.

In Santander, the home of Premier Maura was flooded up to the second story. The family was forced to take refuge on the roof, whence it was rescued.

The Guadalmedina river is again out of its banks and in this district several old couples and children were drowned.

BIG SAVING IN CEMENT.

Uncle Sam Has Plan to Reduce Cost of Canal Building.

Experiments have been conducted on the Isthmus of Panama which promise to reduce by one-third the estimated cost of cement needed to construct the locks and dams for the isthmian canal. The announcement is made that the department of locks and dams has found that it will be entirely practicable to procure cement in clinker form, transport it to the isthmus and crush it and grind it there. The coarser cement would thus be avoided. This is about one-third of the cement proper. Cement is one of the biggest items in the cost of the canal.

Bad Wreck in England.

A train of passenger coaches, bound from Scotland and North England to Bristol, left the rails as it was entering the station at Shrewsbury at an early hour Tuesday morning. Sixteen persons, including ten passengers, were killed and many injured.

Rostand Fails to Improve.

It is reported in Paris from Bayonne that the condition of Edmond Rostand, the French playwright, who was operated upon ten days ago for appendicitis, does not continue to improve.

Goldfield Cases Dismissed.

Upon motion of the district attorney at Goldfield, Nev., Judge Langan has dismissed the cases against Vincent St. John and other members of the Western Federation of Miners' accused of conspiracy to kill Silvert, a restaurant keeper.

Wire Strikers Return to Work.

Nine striking telegraphers in Washington, D. C., formerly in the employ of the Western Union, Tuesday applied for reinstatement. Six of the applicants were taken back.

Place for My Sartoris.

The state department has designated Algeon Sartoris, of the District of Columbia, to be secretary of legation at Montevideo. Mr. Sartoris is the grandson of President Grant.

IN FALSE PRETENSE.

Oil Official Admits Resorting to Deception.

Hampton G. Westcott, vice president of the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky, testified Monday in the hearing of the federal suit against the oil combine that in several of the southern states the Standard had found it expedient to sell much of its products through companies which the public believed to be independent.

The practice of selling through so-called independent companies which were owned by the combine was discontinued two years ago, according to Mr. Westcott.

Mr. Kelllogg, counsel for the government, drew from the witness that the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky, which acts as selling agent of oil in Kentucky, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee and Alabama, has purchased numerous small independent selling companies and through many of them sold oil to the consumer. Some of the plants of these independents were dismantled and the business taken over by the Standard.

Mr. Westcott threw a side light on the statistical department of the Standard concerning which the federal counsel has been seeking information since the beginning of the inquiry. Mr. Westcott testified that each month the main office of the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky at Covington sent him not only the reports of the business operations of the Standard, but statements concerning freight shipments and sales of oil by all companies.

CHILDREN CRUSHED BY TRAIN.

Feet of Brother and Sister Caught in Cattle Guard.

Mathew Gloveski, 5 years old, and his sister Lucy, 11 years old, were run down by a Lake Shore train and killed Monday night on a crossing near Amherst, O., and their aunt, Miss Sophia Gloveski, was fatally hurt.

The three were walking on the track when the boy's foot became fastened in a cattle guard. In attempting to rescue him his sister also caught her foot in the guard. The children called to their aunt, who was walking ahead, for assistance. The woman was unable to pull the children's feet from the cattle guard, and had stooped to unlatch the little boy's shoe when she looked up and was horrified to see a freight train bearing down upon them. The children were killed instantly and the aunt's right leg was broken in two places, her right shoulder crushed and her head badly hurt. She will probably die.

MORE RIOTING IS FEARED.

The Italian Labor Situation is Still Alarming.

Although the general strike has been officially called off at Milan, the labor situation in other cities in the north of Italy is disquieting. It is understood the decision taken by the labor leaders at Milan was the result of a promise made to the part by Signor Giolitti, premier and minister of the interior, that the government would punish the carbiniers who fired on the strikers if the investigation being made proves they were not justified in shooting into the mob.

Misuses of Injunction.

The Central Federated union has received an appeal from President Campers, of the American Federation of Labor, which has been sent to all affiliated unions, asking them to request all political candidates in the present campaign to commit themselves openly as to government by injunction.

Wealthy St. Louisian Commits Suicide.

Arthur A. Mermod, of St. Louis, a son of the late Alexander Mermod, one of the founders of the Mermod-Jacard-King Jewelry company, was found in a room at the Commercial hotel Sunday. He had committed suicide. Dependancy is believed to have caused the act.

Archbishop Bill Beaten.

The principal event in the general Episcopal conference at Richmond, Va., Monday was the defeat of the so-called archbishop or provinces bill, which has been holding the attention of the house of bishops and the house of deputies for the past two days.

Fatal Wreck in New York.

One man was killed, five others were probably fatally injured and six or eight were badly injured Monday when seventeen cars of a work train crashed through a trestle on the new Erie and Jersey railway at Stonyford, N. Y.

Dewey to Visit Pacific Coast.

A letter received in San Francisco from Admiral Dewey expresses the hope that he will be able to come to California during the visit of the Atlantic fleet to the Pacific.

Prairie Fire in Montana.

A great prairie fire is sweeping the ranges in the eastern part of Montana and eighty square miles of choice grazing land in the vicinity of Vulture have already been burned over.

Congressman Sleep Dead.

Campbell Slemg, member of congress from the Ninth district of Virginia, is dead of angina pectoris. He was the only Republican member of the Virginia delegation in congress.

Edward to Meet Czár.

A meeting between King Edward and the czar has been arranged to take place at Copenhagen in the near future, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Politikon.

Nebraska State News

LINCOLN GETS A HEARING.

Complaint of Discrimination to Be Taken Up Oct. 28.

The complaint filed with the interstate commerce commission against the Rock Island Railway company by the Lincoln Commercial club will be heard in Lincoln Oct. 28, to be conducted by Special Examiner Farrell. The Lincoln club complains of "unjust and discriminatory rates on various commodities in favor of Omaha and against Lincoln."

Complainants assert that the Rock Island railroad gave to Lincoln a uniform rate with Omaha, but in order to prevent the operation of classified rates established by defendants have created special commodity rates wherein is given an unwarrantable and unreasonable preference in freight rates to Omaha on coal, lumber, cement, lime, plaster, brick, glassware, and other commodities between the points on their respective railroads in the state of Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas over the freight rates given by the same defendants from the same points to Lincoln.

It is also asserted the cities of Omaha and Lincoln are large consumers of coal from the mines at Carbon, Center, Hame, Rich Hill and Sprague, Mo., and from Pittsburg. Shipment of this coal originates on the road of the St. Louis and San Francisco, thence by way of Kansas City and the Burlington to the cities of Lincoln and Omaha.

Lincoln is given a special commodity rate preference over Omaha. In fact, Lincoln alleges that Omaha is getting all the best of it on rates and calls for a new deal.

OLD SOLDIERS INDIGNANT.

Grand Inland Members of Home File Suit Over Pension Order.

A temporary writ of injunction was issued by County Judge Mullin on application of R. B. Howell, in his own name and behalf of all other members of the soldiers' home at Grand Island, against members of the state board of public lands and buildings and the commandant of the home, restricting them from collecting any part of their pension money as attempted by recently established rule No. 17. This action of the board has caused intense resentment and the members of the home have joined in a determination to fight the case. They have engaged W. H. Thompson as attorney. The petition, which is a substantial one, sets forth that such rule attempts to take property without due process of law, is unconstitutional and unauthorized by any law.

GRAND ARMY PROTESTS.

Objects to Inmates of Soldiers' Homes Paying Dues.

At a meeting of the local Grand Army post at Lincoln the resolution was adopted denouncing the action of the state board of public lands and buildings in requiring inmates of soldiers' and sailors' home to give a part of their monthly pensions to the state. The board recently adopted an order requiring all pensioners in the homes who received a pension in excess of \$12 a month to pay a certain per cent into the cash fund of the home. Under the service pension rule there have been many increases in pensions, but the action of the board has met with strong protest.

No Injunction for Locks.

Thomas C. Munger at Lincoln denied Nebraska railways a temporary restraining order pending their appeal in the grain rate cases. The railways three weeks ago secured a temporary order restraining the Nebraska railway commission from taking action looking to a reduction of grain rates. The injunction was dissolved by Judge Munger.

Yeiser Makes Application.

John O. Yeiser, of Omaha, asked the supreme court to grant a writ of mandamus to compel the secretary of State Junkin to place his name on the official ballot. Yeiser is candidate for district judge and he wants both the Democratic and Republican votes cast at the primary to be counted in his favor.

Appointments for Sheldon.

The Republican state committee has made the following speaking appointments: Gov. Sheldon, Dubois, Oct. 25; Lawrence City, 2 p. m., Oct. 26; Table Rock, 8 p. m., Oct. 26; Schuyler, 8 p. m., Oct. 28. Appointments for Senator Norris Brown and Congressman Pollard will be announced later.

Car of Oil Rejected.

Oil Inspector A. B. Allen rejected a car of oil at Ashland, the property of the Standard Oil company. A car at Nebraska City may be rejected. Oil Inspector Allen stated that most of the oil recently shipped into the state was below the required standard, and many cars barely passed muster.

Must Restore Child to Father.

District Judge Holmes entered an order that Samuel T. Prey, the youthful son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas R. Prey, who is alleged to have been kidnaped by Mrs. Prey and taken to Denver from Lincoln, be restored to the father.

Farm Values Near Clarke.

A new high mark in farm values has just been recorded at Clarke. John Cole, chairman of the county board of supervisors, sold his farm of 160 acres, a mile and a half southeast of Clarke, for \$70 and acre. The buyer is Daniel Cox, of Hancock, Ia.

Campaign Opens in Gage.

Congressman Hinshaw opened the campaign in Gage county by addressing a large audience at Cortland. A number of the county candidates were present and made brief addresses.

ASSAILANT STILL AT LARGE.

Sheriff of Howard County to Make an Investigation in Douglas.

The officers of Hall, Howard and Sherman counties are still making a search for the assailant of the daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bushler, who were found in an unconscious condition Saturday night. They at first suspected Charles Foster and a man named Jones and one of these, it was said, was positively identified by the girl, but later the officers said they were satisfied neither was the man and they bent their energies to locating a mob in their vicinity. They at first suspected Charles Foster and a man named Jones and one of these, it was said, was positively identified by the girl, but later the officers said they were satisfied neither was the man and they bent their energies to locating a mob in their vicinity. They at first suspected Charles Foster and a man named Jones and one of these, it was said, was positively identified by the girl, but later the officers said they were satisfied neither was the man and they bent their energies to locating a mob in their vicinity.

FERGUSON IN DENIAL.

Accused Nebraska Minister Denounces Enemies as Conspirators.

Defiant and determined, the Rev. Wilbert P. Ferguson at Lincoln denied the sensational story of unholy relations with Mrs. A. E. Cross, husband of the complaining witness, he gave the credit for manufacturing the plot which led to his detroning. His testimony amounted to a denial of Mrs. Cross' charges and the allegation that Chancellor Huntington, of Wesleyan university, took a prominent part in the alleged conspiracy against him.

ROCK ISLAND TRAIN IN DITCH.

Fast Express Leaves Track While Entering Lincoln Yards.

Eastbound Rock Island passenger train No. 6, the Chicago-Denver express, was wrecked near the Lincoln city limits Wednesday evening. Six cars left the track, three of them partly toppling and barely missing going over a steep embankment. Two engines left the rail, one remained upright. The day coach, baggage and express cars were badly wrecked, but not a passenger was injured aside from insignificant bruises. The escape of the passengers is regarded as miraculous with the train running, as it was, at usual speed. The cause of the accident is thought to have been a defect in the trucks and running gear of the locomotive tender. The track was torn up for several hundred feet.

OWNERS DEMAND RELIEF.

Commissioner Williams Says Reign of Terror Exists.

Immediate and effective relief for town and rural property owners along the line of the Burlington railroad west of Ravenna is declared to be their right in a document filed by Railway Commissioner Williams. As Commissioner Williams describes it, a reign of fear exists in the district on account of fire started by locomotives, which are declared to be of almost daily occurrence. "No other words can adequately describe the situation," said the commissioner.

A BIG BLAZE AT FREMONT.

A Fire in the Normal School Causes a Loss of \$75,000.

The Fremont normal school was almost destroyed by fire at noon Monday. The fire started in the attic from sparks from a defective furnace and spread to the laboratory's east wing, both then to the north wing, gutting both. At 1 p. m. the two big cupolas fell at the same time. The loss is placed at over \$75,000.

Kearney to Have Episcopal Bishop.

Bishop Graves in a letter received at Kearney from Richmond, Va., where he is attending the general council of the Episcopal church, gives the information that the house of bishops has accepted the state of Wyoming into separate jurisdiction and he has been assigned to the district of Kearney.

Classes Received at Normal.

The classes of the normal school at Fremont were held at usual, except that some of the instructors and students have to get up an hour or so ahead of their customary time. Classes are held at 7 o'clock at the North school, the Christian church, the dormitory and at the houses of the instructors.

Dinner at Masonic Home.

The fellows of J. W. Rodefer, who make their home at the Masonic home at Plattsmouth, remembered the grand old Mason by making his a special dinner at the home, and a special program, with many presents as tokens of their feelings for him.

Negroes in Fatal Fight.

Charles Wilson, aged 29, was shot and killed at Falls City by Clyde Edgington. Both are negroes of about the same age. They had quarreled the night before. After the killing Edgington hunted up the sheriff and surrendered.

Two Injured by Fire.

A silk shirt containing gasoline took fire at Edgett's parlor in Hastings. Saul Edgett was seriously burned about the throat and face and was badly bruised by jumping fifteen feet to the stone walk below.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

CHICAGO.

The prevailing tendencies afford further encouragement in the outlook for sustained confidence in trade. In the crop report this week the decreased growth of cereals is made clear, but an offset is found in the greatly enhanced values and almost certain markets abroad for surplus products. Less pressure is evident in money and, with the rapid conversion of grain into cash, there should follow a substantial addition to deposits with the banks and some easing of the discount rate. Current activity reflects seasonal progress, production in the leading industries equaling that of a year ago, while the distributive branches and transportation have become more extended. Aside from the halt in new demands for rails and pig-iron there are satisfactory contracts for structural steel, wire and pipe, and deliveries of finished materials have again risen to an enormous aggregate.

Bank clearings, \$240,645,775, exceed those of the corresponding week in 1906 by \$18,267,000.

Failures reported in the Chicago district numbered 24, against 25 last week and 22 a year ago.—Dun's Trade Review.

NEW YORK.

Stringency in money market conditions, delay in movement of some leading crops to market and unseasonably warm weather in some sections have operated to check the fullest development of wholesale trade for next year and of retail trade in seasonable goods. It is worthy of transportation, that western, southwestern and southern jobbers report an increased volume of recorder business, indicating that country merchants have had a prosperous fall season so far, and that early conservative buying necessitates repair of broken stocks. Collections are irregular, some improvement being noted in the South, where the cotton crop has moved in good volume.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending Oct. 10 number 192, against 177 last week, 192 in the like week of 1906 and 183 in 1905, 190 in 1904 and 208 in 1903. Canadian failures for the week number 24, against 32 last week and 18 in this week a year ago.—Trade Street's Commercial Report.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$7.40; hogs, prime heavy, \$3.00 to \$6.85; sheep, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.90; wheat, No. 2, \$1.03 to \$1.05; corn, No. 2, 65c to 66c; oats, standard, 53c to 54c; rye, No. 2, 80c to 90c; hay, timothy, \$12.00 to \$18.50; prairie, \$9.00 to \$14.50; butter, choice creamery, 27c to 29c; eggs, fresh, 19c to 24c; potatoes, per bushel, 48c to 60c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$7.00; hogs, good to choice heavy, \$5.00 to \$6.95; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, \$1.00 to \$1.03; corn, No. 2, 65c to 66c; oats, standard, 53c to 54c; rye, No. 2, 80c to 90c; hay, timothy, \$12.00 to \$18.50; prairie, \$9.00 to \$14.50; butter, choice creamery, 27c to 29c; eggs, fresh, 19c to 24c; potatoes, per bushel, 48c to 60c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$7.15; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.85; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2, \$1.08 to \$1.09; corn, No. 2, 65c to 66c; oats, No. 2, 50c to 52c; rye, No. 2, 82c to 83c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$6.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$7.05; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, \$1.09 to \$1.10; corn, No. 2 mixed, 68c to 69c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 51c to 52c; rye, No. 2, 88c to 91c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.35; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.90; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, \$1.04 to \$1.05; corn, No. 3 yellow, 68c to 70c; oats, No. 3 white, 53c to 57c; rye, No. 2, 80c to 91c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, \$1.16 to \$1.18; corn, No. 3, 65c to 66c; oats, standard, 54c to 55c; rye, No. 1, 88c to 90c; barley, standard, \$1.10 to \$1.12; pork, mess, \$15.50.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$6.00; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$7.10; sheep, common to good mixed, \$4.00 to \$5.25; lambs, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$8.75.

New York—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$6.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$7.10; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.90; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.14 to \$1.13; corn, No. 2, 75c to 76c; oats, natural white, 58c to 62c; butter, creamery, 25c to 29c; eggs, western, 18c to 22c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, \$1.03 to \$1.05; corn, No. 2 mixed, 64c to 66c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 53c to 55c; rye, No. 2, 80c to 91c; clover seed, prime, \$11.00.

May Carry Typhoid Long.

Dr. J. H. Townsend of the Connecticut Board of Health reports that the bacillus of typhoid may be carried for years after an attack of the disease without any apparent inconvenience to the patient and without his knowledge of the fact. Kutscher, a German expert, is quoted as saying that about 4 per cent of the typhoid patients become chronic carriers of typhoid bacilli. Although such persons may be in good health, they may infect those with whom they come in contact. All this is confirmed by the recent case of a cook who had served in several New York families. In every family her presence was followed by an outbreak of typhoid. It was known that the cook herself had suffered an attack of the same disease formerly and an enforced examination showed that she still carried the bacilli.

All Around the Globe.

Attorney General Hadley filed with Chief Justice Gault of the Missouri Supreme Court an information alleging that sixty-nine fire insurance companies and forty-eight lumber companies have entered into a pool to control prices.

Pulse of the Press

Spiritual affinities are all very well, but can they cook?—New York American.

When you see a woman having a good time out in the rain it's her own complexion.—New York Sun.

The "Automobile Polka" is the latest dance. We presume it is simply killing.—Washington Herald.

A new angle on the mother-in-law wheeze will be to refer to her as "our my affinity's side."—New York Mail.