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Dakota County Herald

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Lutheran Church Notes

DAKOTA CITY-SALEM Last Sunday was a fine day and we had a fine day at the churches. You know that a fine day at the churches means for you that you had a splendid uplift.

But there was a mixture. Gladness has an attendant, very often in disappointment. We missed some of our people. Some were sick. All were sorry because they could not be there.

Our communion at Salem was quite well attended. We rejoiced much to see the altar full of those who were confirmed a week ago. The church must care for them, must make a place for them, must use them in some capacity.

The Heizer stringed quartet gave us a fine concert Wednesday night, and all enjoyed it. Thanks, Mr. Heizer. After the concert they were taken to Mr. C. C. Beerman's home for ice cream and cake.

We did what we could in rearranging our Sunday school classes last Sunday. We got on nicely and trust there will be the same sort of finish. Why shouldn't there be?

Emmanuel Sunday school is to be commended in opening the Sunday school to the pastor was unavoidable late. Benevolence last Sunday at Salem was \$22.05. Net for Nachusa last Wednesday, \$6.45.

MATRIMONIAL VENTURES

Table listing names and addresses of couples who were married during the past week, including names like Henry E. Thomas, Marion R. Schellens, Carl R. Graves, etc.

CORRESPONDENCE

HUBBARD. Mike Jones was a passenger to Omaha last Friday. Mrs. Heeney and daughter were Sioux City shoppers Tuesday.

Outing and tennis shoes in all sizes at Carl Anderson's. Fred Bartles shipped hogs and cattle to Omaha last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Uffing and Mr. and Mrs. Pete Shearer were east bound passengers Monday. Mrs. L. B. Palmer was in Sioux City Tuesday to see her daughter.

A splendid line of the best in hats at Carl Anderson's. Herman Renze autoed to Jackson Tuesday. Miss Elsie Martin visited friends in Hubbard Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Ida Fredericksen is visiting at Tom Hartnett's. Mr. and Mrs. Chris Rasmussen and children, Sena, Ella and Chris, visited at Council Bluffs, Ia., over Sunday.

Miss Emma Andersen went to Sioux City Wednesday. For outing lunches see the fine assortment of canned and bottled goods at Carl Anderson's.

Misses Mabel and Fay Cobleigh visited at Adolph Johnson's Saturday. Daniel Hartnett visited over Sunday with home folks.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Nelson and children visited at Herman Nelson's Sunday. John Van Lent marketed a car of steers in Sioux City Tuesday that brought the handsome price of \$150 per hundred.

A fine new assortment of decorated glassware at Carl Anderson's, suitable for birthday and wedding gifts. Mr. and Mrs. Pete Shearer, of Pender, Neb., have been visiting at the Frank Uffing home.

John Howard and family autoed to Sioux City Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Andersen and children visited at the Carl Anderson home Saturday.

Tom Graham came down from the City last week and spent a few days at the farm. For the hot summer weather try our line of canned goods, put up all ready prepared for serving.

Mrs. Sam Thorn visited a couple of days last week at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. Reninger. Mrs. A. Schreder entertained the Society club one day last week.

Peter Sorensen and family and Chris Miller and family Sundayed at the Marcus Miller home. Mrs. Max Nelson spent a few days last week at the Carl Larsen home.

Try our Millar's coffee, the most satisfactory coffee for the money on the market. Carl Anderson. P. Jensen, of Dakota City, visited at the Charley Dodge home the past week.

guests at the Marcus Miller home one day last week.

HOMES

Freddie Wagner came down from Lemars, Ia., Monday. Nels Andersen and family, of Hubbard, visited at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Joe Ebel, Sunday.

Pete Hansen went to West Point Monday to deliver a car. Chris Hansen and Chris Rasmussen each had a car of cattle on the Omaha market Monday.

Miss Gertie Buckland visited her father between trains Sunday. Mrs. Anna Weander, of Sioux City, visited home folks several days this week.

Mrs. Grover Davis returned from Rochester, Minn., where she went to consult Mayo Bros., for some skin trouble her young son was troubled with.

The Probst and John Blacketer families went fishing Sunday. We did not hear what luck. Lewis Pilgrim and Jimmie Blanchard caught some fish in the lake at Blyburg Sunday.

Bert Barns and family, of Waterbury, Neb., were guests at the Newt Crippen home Sunday. Nelse Smith and wife were also guests there.

Rev. Keckler and wife and Mrs. Nelson Smith motored to Sioux City Monday. Fred Walway and wife, of Emerson, passed through Homer Tuesday on their way to Sioux City.

Miss Sadie Morrow left for her home in South Dakota Sunday. Leonard Harris and family were Homer visitors Monday.

Dr. Daily is wearing a broad smile. His wife has returned from a several weeks' visit with her parents in Kansas. Miss Margaret Smith went to Peru State Normal Monday to attend summer school.

Miss Carrie Hansen is attending summer school in Lincoln at the State university. Raymond Smith visited last week at the Off Harris home.

Mrs. Alice Harris departed Monday for Wayne normal, where she will attend the summer school. Norval Church was a passenger for Wayne Sunday to attend summer school.

Malcolm Smith came home Saturday from Lincoln where he has been attending the university. Mrs. Andy Peterson and baby, of Dakota City, arrived Saturday and were guests at the Annie Shull, Phil Renz and Fred Ochander homes.

Harold McKinley is rusticiating in the country this week at the Chris Rasmussen home. Charley Osborn, an old Homer boy, was shaking hands with friends here last week.

Mrs. Theo. McGlashan, of Salem, attended the bank concert Thursday. Harry Wilkins visited relatives and friends here Thursday.

Mrs. H. A. Monroe, of South Sioux, was here Thursday to attend the bank concert. The Misses Bernice and Beatrice Monroe, of South Sioux, spent several days at the home of their grandparents, B. McKinley and wife.

Mrs. Fred Kipper was taken to St. Joseph's hospital, Sioux City, last week for treatment. She is reported better, but will go to Rochester, Minn., for treatment at Mayo Bros. hospital. Mrs. Chas. Jordan, who was operated on in a Sioux City hospital, is getting along nicely.

Mrs. Hickox entertained her sister, Mrs. Dana, of Sioux City, Thursday. Another sister visited her for several days. Mrs. Wilber Allen and her sister, Miss Bessie Hileman, visited friends in Salem Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Madsen motored to Morningside, Ia., Sunday. Mrs. Alice Bolster and daughter, Helen, accompanied them. Mr. and Mrs. Holsworth, Mrs. Grimstead and daughter Grace, Miss Julia Holsworth and Miss Nadine Shepardson were Sioux City goers Tuesday.

Wm. Clapp, wife and daughter Mamie, came down from Dakota City Thursday to attend the Homer State bank anniversary concert. Mrs. Amelia Sabo, of Sioux City, was a visitor at the bedside of her mother last week. Mrs. Larsen is much improved at the present time.

Tim O'Connor shipped a car of hogs Monday. Mrs. Whaley and two charges were passengers in from the south Sunday. John Church has been appointed to carry the mail between the depot and postoffice. Mr. Church, we think, will try to please the public by being prompt with the delivery of mail.

Mr. and Mrs. Audry Alloway motored to Morningside, Ia., Sunday. Mrs. Altemus and Miss May Altemus accompanied them from Dakota City. They were guests at the Dick Altemus home. Mrs. Alfred Pilgrim, of South Sioux, visited several days with relatives and friends in Homer.

The new wing being built to the school house is on the west and is being worked at every day that the weather permits. Mrs. Cal Rockwell went to Sioux City Friday to be at the bedside of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Chas.

Rockwell, who is in a hospital. She returned Sunday and reports the patient getting along nicely.

Merendus Pedersen, Chris Erickson, Luie Larsen, Pete Jensen and Em Priest each had hogs on the Homer market Monday.

Mrs. Ganaway of Vermillion, S. D., sister of Mrs. Luie Rockwell, is spending a few days at the Rockwell home enjoying strawberries and cream.

We thought as we crossed the slough west of Mrs. Welker's that it would be a good idea to spend some of the money that is spent on grading up some of the streets on filling in that swale. It would be much more conducive to health if we could get rid of that rush patch, frog pond and mosquito hatchery.

John Rockwell, second son of Luie Rockwell and wife, has just finished another year of teaching at Butte, Neb., and will go to Rock Island, Ill., for six weeks, then to Leland Stanford university as assistant to his uncle, Prof. Alvin Johnson, author of "The Professor and the Petticoat." Prof. Johnson is professor of one of the higher branches at Leland Stanford. He is an old Dakota county boy, being born and raised almost to manhood on their farm in Omadi precinct. We are proud of him.

JACKSON.

The Misses Blanche and Annie Waters returned last Saturday from Ames, Ia., where they had attended college the past year. John J. Ryan and family, of Sioux City, spent Sunday in the H. W. O'Neill home.

Ed Hoag, of Elkton, S. D., was an over Sunday guest in the Lee C. Kearney home. Mr. Hoag is a brother-in-law of Mr. Kearney. William Morris, who attended high school here the past year, returned to his home at Elgin, Neb., Monday.

Chet Middleton was called to Brunswick, Neb., Monday evening by the serious illness of his sister. Mrs. Sarah Wood departed Friday for her home at Sand Point, Ida. Enroute she expects to visit her sister at Minot, N. D.

Mary Connors, of Emerson, Neb., visited in the Richard Ryan home several days last week. Mr. and Mrs. D. Sampson, who spent the past two years at Portland, Ore., arrived here the last of the week to visit their daughter, Mrs. C. A. Middleton.

The Misses Margaret Hartnett and Marie Goodfellow, who taught school the past year at Newcastle, Wyo., have arrived home for the summer vacation. Joseph Marsh has moved the J. M. Kennedy house which he purchased to one of Ed. T. Kearney's lots east of town and one of the I. Miller employes is moving in this week.

The Chet Middleton family autoed to Waterbury Saturday evening and attended a dance at the Mrs. Mary Leis home. They returned Sunday. The Misses Frances McCormick and Beatrice Jones departed the first of the week for Wayne to attend summer school.

William F. Hickey has begun the erection of a wholesale liquor house on the lots west of his saloon. Nellie Marsh, of Sioux City, is a guest in the Joseph Marsh home.

Miss Frances Johnson, of Ireton, Ia., visited in the Mrs. H. F. McKeever home several days last week, enroute from Genoa, Neb., where she taught in the high school the past year, to her home. Miss Mary Flynn, of Oklahoma City, Okla., who spent the past week in the Flynn home here, departed Monday evening for Chicago. Her aunt, Miss Lizzie Burch, who has been visiting relatives at LeMars, Ia., will accompany her.

Miss Anna Hartnett entertained the graduates of St. Catherine's academy at a dancing party at her home Wednesday evening. A very enjoyable evening was spent, at the close of which nice refreshments were served. List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Jackson, Neb., for the month ending May 31, 1916: John McBrean, D. F. Kain, Miss Mary Carney, M. J. Flynn, P. M.

You will not have the trouble of breaking in shoes so often if you buy your shoes at Hans Knudson's, the Harness Man. Miss Margaret Mitchell returned Monday evening from Wesley, Ia., where she has been teaching the past year. Mrs. Frank Davey and Mrs. Ella B. Maloney of Sioux City, were Sunday guests in the J. W. Ryan home.

Eastern Stars Install

Dakota Chapter No. 65, Order of Eastern Star, at its regular meeting Tuesday evening, installed the following officers—Past Worthy Matron Mrs. Mary E. Morgan officiating as installing officer:

- Worthy Matron.....Mrs. Mattie O. Ream
Worthy Patron.....George J. Boucher
Associate Matron.....Mrs. Ada Manning
Treasurer.....Mrs. Lena Heikes
Conductress.....Mrs. Mary E. McBrean
Associate Conductress.....Mrs. Helen Evans
Marshal.....Mrs. Mary R. McBrean
Organist.....Mrs. Mary Bangham
Organist.....Mrs. Lulu Elmers
Aid.....Mrs. Gretchen Rides
Ruth.....Mrs. Mamie Kline
Elder.....Mrs. Dora Forbes
Martha.....Miss Mary Robertson
Electa.....Mrs. Adella Lipp
Warder.....Mrs. Etta M. Sides
Sentinel.....Herbert D. Wood

Secretary-elect Miss Lucille Hoogland was unable to be present and will be installed later.

527,654 TROOPS AGAINST ONLY 16,500

And the British Burned the National Capitol.

COST OF UNPREPAREDNESS

National Humiliation, Disaster and Loss of Life in the War of 1812, Due to the Same Military Policy That the Pacificists Now Advocate—Lives, Money and Opportunity Lost Because Citizens Thought That the Cost of Preparedness Was an Unnecessary Expense.

[PART II.]

The notion that a defenseless condition begets a perpetual peace seems to have been prevalent after the Revolution, for with the end of the war the Continental Army was dispersed with the exception of a few scattering men to guard public stores. John Adams, second President of the Republic looking farther than the mass of his fellow citizens said: "National defense is one of the cardinal duties of a statesman. The delightful imaginations of universal and perpetual peace have often amused, but have never been credited by me."

On the day following the order dissolving the army—totally ignoring the disasters attending the employment of raw troops in the Revolution—Congress authorized the raising of 700 men to protect the frontiersmen from Indians. This diminutive army had scarcely been absorbed by the frontiers than Shay's Rebellion broke out in Massachusetts (1786). "Clamorous for paper money and determined to resist taxation under state laws," 1,000 malcontents forced the Supreme Court of the State to adjourn so as to prevent the collection of debts; and then they moved 2,000 strong to Springfield to seize the government arsenal.

The assault failed, state militia eventually restored order, but the incident brought the people to a realization of the fact that the government had no army with which to preserve internal order. So the dream of a nation without an army was soon dispelled.

Came now the constitution of the United States supplanting the Articles of Confederation to "insure domestic tranquility" to "PROVIDE FOR THE COMMON DEFENSE," giving Congress and the President real military powers and placing the responsibility for national defense at their doors.

But still the people and the constituted authority failed to distinguish between citizenry enrolled and soldiers seasoned and disciplined and so the slaughter went on.

Presently Gen. Harmar was sent against the Miami Indians with a force of 1,433 and was defeated because the greater part of his column was composed of untrained and unfit militia. A year later St. Clair headed an expedition against the same tribe and that enterprise failed also on account of the same organic weakness. In these two expeditions more white men were killed than in the two most sanguinary battles of the Revolution.

Universal Military Service.

Convinced by these events that national defense could not be wholly neglected, Congress next endeavored to satisfy public opinion by the passage of an act to establish a uniform militia throughout the United States.

This act "laid down the truly Democratic doctrine that every able-bodied male citizen owed military service to his country." It provided for enrollment and recruiting, but instead of one national army it provided for thirteen or more state armies, "a wild and impracticable scheme," which as subsequent history shows still left the nation in an unarmed condition.

The War of 1812.

Now came the war of 1812 after a generation of "unpreparedness" which many people had mistaken for adequate preparedness. We shall see from this struggle how costly was our lack of an efficient military policy.

Great Britain had in Canada at the declaration of war 4,500 effective troops; our standing army was 6,744 strong, and widely scattered. Congress had authorized an army of 35,000 six months before, but the measure did not succeed. We were unable therefore to take advantage of the enemy's weakness. Adequately prepared we could have ended the war in one campaign of six months against so small a force. In theory and in legislative action we had abundant troops, but in reality we had nothing.

Mutiny of Troops.

At the outset the Governors of Massachusetts and of Connecticut refused to supply their quota of troops and every American offensive movement failed because the militia that did report were without discipline and were determined not to leave the country. They ingloriously surrendered at Detroit; 4,000 suddenly broke into a panic at the sight of a prairie fire in the West and rushed home in disorder, and Gen. William Henry Harrison's army of 10,000 was ineffective and rebellious.

On the Niagara frontier a few regulars and militia crossed to Queenstown, drove the British out and later lost the battle because the rest of the militia-men refused to go out of the state. A second "army" was collected at the Niagara frontier, but it too broke up in disorder, excepting the regulars who retired to winter quarters.

In this year we had 65,000 "soldiers" under pay, while the British had but 1,200 men in upper Canada. The American loss in killed, wounded and pris-

oners in the various actions of the year was about 2,300, almost two victims for every one of the enemy in upper Canada!

The disgraceful failures at the beginning of the war were added to and culminated in the capture and the burning of the capitol at Washington in 1814, after a force of militia, supposed from its numbers to be adequate, had fled before the invaders.

Navy a National Institution.

The brilliant success in this war of our forces on the sea is no part of this story of the nation's military policy. The navy succeeded because its maintenance had never been entrusted to the states, nor had the government depended upon a "hasty pudding" arrangement on sea as had been done in military matters.

All the mistakes of the Revolution had been repeated and new mistakes were made in the conduct of the struggle in 1812.

Civilian judgment in military matters had once more prolonged a war, lost an opportunity to gain Canada, and ignorantly sent many men to their deaths.

Throughout the war of 1812 we employed from beginning to end 527,654 troops to cope with the enemy's force of less than 16,500 men for two and one-half years!

The Mexican War.

In striking contrast to all this was the splendid series of successive victories in the Mexican War, ending with the capture of Mexico City.

Of the many conditions entering into the success of the Mexican War two alone are pertinent. We were better prepared and we had ready-to-hand a military system which up to that time had been regarded as the great bulwark of national defense.

In the War of 1812 only 10 per cent. of our forces were regulars, while in the Mexican War thirty per cent. of our forces were regulars.

"In one war," says Upton comparing 1812 and the Mexican War, "an army of more than 6,000 raw troops posted in defense of our own capital fled with a loss of but 19 killed and wounded; in the other a force of less than 5,000 trained volunteers supported by a few regular troops overthrew a Mexican army of four times its number."

"In the War of 1812 the combined force of regulars and volunteers who had seen twelve or more months of service was but 12 per cent.; in the Mexican War the combined force who had seen more than 12 months of service was 88 per cent!"

[Write to your Senator and your Congressman urging them to work for the immediate adoption of a policy that will absolutely insure the nation against war.]

MESSIAH'S KINGDOM.

Glorious Day of Divine Favor Near.

The period in which sin is permitted has been a dark night to humanity, never to be forgotten; but the glorious day of righteousness and divine favor is soon to be ushered in by Messiah. He, as the Sun of Righteousness, shall arise and shine fully and clearly into and upon all, bringing healing and blessing, which will more than counterbalance the dreadful night of weeping, sighing, pain, sickness and death, in which the groaning creation has been so long. "Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning." For further light on the coming Kingdom send thirty-five cents for the Helping Hand for Bible Students, entitled, "The Kingdom Come," by F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, Price 7c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, Price 7c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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WHY not give your lad the same training?

"When I was a growing lad, and came upon many words in my reading that I did not understand, my mother, instead of giving me the definition when I applied to her, uniformly sent me to the dictionary to learn it, and in this way I gradually learned many things besides the meaning of the individual word in question—among other things, how to use a dictionary, and the great pleasure and advantage there might be in the use of the dictionary. Afterwards, when I went to the village school, my chief diversion, after lessons were learned and before they were recited, was in turning over the pages of the 'Unabridged' of those days. Now the most modern Unabridged—the NEW INTERNATIONAL—gives me a pleasure of the same sort. So far as my knowledge extends, it is at present the best of the one-volume dictionaries, and quite sufficient for all ordinary uses. Even those who possess the splendid dictionaries in several volumes will yet find it a great satisfaction to have this, which is so compact, so full, and so trustworthy as to have, in most cases, little to be desired."—A. Dettl. Genl. M.D., LL.D., Chairman of the English Language and Literature, Yale Univ., April 26, 1911.

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