

BARNWELL LYNCHING. FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE TRAGIC AFFAIR.

The scene after the occurrence... The Governor has offered a reward of \$200 each for the capture and conviction of the Barwell lynchers.

The safety of the town depends, it is said, on the fact that two hundred armed white men will rendezvous on the square at the very first note of impending danger.

There was a strange fascination for them in the scene of the lynching. The objective point of many a long pilgrimage by the colored folks from all parts of the county.

The prisoners were divided into significant groups; the men accused of the murder of Martin on the right, the murderer and his accomplice in the Heffernan case on the left.

There were six death-heads in one row, with faces still transfixed in the throes of their last agony. First one and then another appeared to view as the arms held by the crowd.

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The following additional information is furnished by the Barwell correspondent of the News and Courier:

DEFENCE OF THE SOUTH. THE LAST ESSAY OF PRESIDENT JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Andersonville and Other War Prisoners. The Relative Mortality Among the Federal and Confederate Prisoners. A Crushing Answer to the Charges of Inhumanity Preferred Against the South.

Believing, as Mr. Davis without a doubt did believe, that he, personally, and the Confederacy as a community, were not responsible for the wrongs done to the reality of prisoners at Andersonville.

Some of his friends call him their clerical tool, and really it is a good name for him. He could not be made to deny the existence of great and needless sufferings.

It must be conceded that the Northern States are more generally healthy than the Southern. Then, with equal means and care in providing for the prisoners, it would have been the salubrity of the country.

From this appears that the Confederates, with an excess of 50,000 prisoners, had 4,000 fewer deaths. The means of providing for them had been equal; but, in every material respect—in surgical instruments, and all which free commerce contributes—the North had greatly the advantage.

Mr. Davis insists that the needless suffering at Andersonville was caused by the inhuman refusal of the Federal Government to exchange prisoners.

A HEADLESS GHOST. Terrific a Famine Community in the South of England.

About thirty miles south of London, on one of the prettiest parts of England, is a village called Shalford. Adjoining it is a large common or public pasture.

The social veins and arteries of our country are being fast, says a Chicago writer, being dried by the current of life is quickening to a rush, an individual heart that beats in its functions on Monday at its capital already beats so stormily that an agitated session is counted upon.

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The article is temperate in tone, and will be sure to be widely discussed; and his statements, however familiar they may be to Confederate historical students, have the sensational quality of absolute novelty to Northern ears.

ONE OF WATKERSON'S STORIES. His Power and Influence Increasing in Alabama.

From the New York Times. MONTGOMERY, December 31.—The political situation in Alabama today is exceedingly interesting.

The platform demands the abolition of national banks, endorses the Greenback party, has a plea for an unlimited issue of greenbacks, and demands that the railroads and telegraph lines of the country shall be owned and operated by the Government.

The Hon. B. F. Kalkbrenner, State agricultural commissioner of Alabama, is a candidate for Governor, and the chosen candidate of the Alliance.

Many people are speculating as to the reason which induced the Hon. George W. Jones, ex-Senator from Iowa, to travel South so hurriedly at his advanced age.

When Mr. Jones, he can furnish the reason. He came to Washington, as Senator-elect from Iowa, he found himself almost a man of means, to be what is known as "landlord" for a brief season.

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A MILLIONAIRE'S PALACE. Young George W. Vanderbilt's Park at Ash Hill, N. C.—Grounds 1,000 Acres.

Young George W. Vanderbilt's Park at Ash Hill, N. C.—Grounds 1,000 Acres. Asheville Letter in Philadelphia Times.

George W. Vanderbilt, the youngest of the sons of the late William H. Vanderbilt, is determined, in addition to his well-known palace in New York, to have the most magnificent private park and the lordliest country estate in America.

Mr. Schade confirms this astounding statement. Mr. Davis briefly reviews the different and earnest efforts he made to exchange prisoners, and even to permit the medicines needed to treat Federal soldiers to be introduced, solely for their use and in charge of Federal agents.

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THE FARMERS' ALLIANCE. Important Statutes Passed at the Late Session of the Legislature.

Below will be found the text of some of the Acts of public interest, passed at the recent session of the Legislature.

Section 1. Be it enacted etc., that from and after the passage of this Act it shall not be lawful for any person or persons, either by himself or themselves, to sell, furnish give or provide any minor or minors under the age of 18 years with cigarettes, tobacco, or cigarette paper, or any substitute therefor.

Section 2. That any person or persons violating the provisions of the preceding section, either in person, by agent or in any other way, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding \$100 nor less than \$25, or by imprisonment for a term not more than one year nor less than two months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 3. That any person or persons violating the provisions of the preceding section, either in person, by agent or in any other way, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding \$100 nor less than \$25, or by imprisonment for a term not more than one year nor less than two months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 4. That any person or persons violating the provisions of the preceding section, either in person, by agent or in any other way, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding \$100 nor less than \$25, or by imprisonment for a term not more than one year nor less than two months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 5. That any person or persons violating the provisions of the preceding section, either in person, by agent or in any other way, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding \$100 nor less than \$25, or by imprisonment for a term not more than one year nor less than two months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 6. That any person or persons violating the provisions of the preceding section, either in person, by agent or in any other way, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding \$100 nor less than \$25, or by imprisonment for a term not more than one year nor less than two months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

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THE WAR ON THE TRUSTS. Cotton Covers for Cotton Vests, Jute Covers—The Alliance Holds Its Own.

Persistence in any cause is to be admired, but when the cause is a good one admiration rises to a height far above ordinary. During the past two months very little has been said about the Jute Trust and cotton bagging.

The indications, judging from reports from various parts of the State, are that the Alliance is "lying low" for the trust as soon as the season for the cotton crop begins.

Mr. Howard, a colored man, is a graduate of Harvard and a regular licensed practitioner. He said that if his visitor had come two minutes earlier, he would have had the pleasure of seeing a full-blooded negro sneeze.

Dr. Joseph Hearns was equally positive. He said he had been practicing medicine for eighteen years, and during all that time negroes had been sneezing the same as white people.

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