

**Laws of Financial Death.**

1. The law putting two exceptions on the GREENBACKS passed Feb. 25, '62.
2. The NATIONAL Bank Law, passed Mar. 25, 1863.
3. The Contraction Act, passed March 6th, 1863.
4. Credit strengthening act, passed on March 18, 1863.
5. Fund the National debt, passed July 14th, 1874.
6. Demonetization of silver, passed on March 12th, 1873.
7. The resumption act, passed Jan. 14, 1874.

# Dawn

Keep in the Middle of the Road.

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ROBERT A. TURNER, EDITOR.

**REMEMBER THAT**

That we print two editions of DAWN, a WEEKLY and a MONTHLY edition. The Weekly costs

**50 Cents per Year** and is read by the best class of people regardless of party affiliation. It exposes fraud and corruption wherever found and asks no quarters from friend or foe.

**The Monthly Dawn**

has a wide circulation, goes into every State in the Union. It is published at a price that all can afford to take it

**10 Cents per Year.** Job Printing of all kinds neatly done at bed-rock prices.

**Radical Reformers.**

Some of the most radical reformers the world ever produced were Jews. Speaking of that kind of Jews, the Kentucky Populist says:

Some unknown individual has been looking up the records relative to Jews as agitators, and finds that the first strike on record was led by a Jewish walking delegate named Moses, which took place in Egypt 3,000 years ago. It is suggested as a singular fact that his race has furnished all the great Socialists.

Karl Marx, Lasalle, Krapolkin, and Bankunin were all Jews; so was Jesus, who was so radical a Socialist that He whipped the National bankers out of the stock exchange in the Temple, and called them thieves, robbers, etc., and it became necessary to suppress Him by the strong arm of the law, to prevent a rising of the lower classes.

Moses was not only an agitator and a leader of strikes, but he encouraged the strikers to borrow a great deal of jewelry from the goldbugs of his day which was never returned to its owners, and he caused the death of a number of deputy marshals and Pinkertons, by enticing them into a dangerous ford of the Red Sea.

Every person receiving a copy of THE DAWN will please consider it an invitation to subscribe. Only 50c. a year.

Tuesday night about 9 o'clock, No. 58 was wrecked at a point some three miles above Thorp. Fitzmorris, the fireman, was killed, and Hendricks, the engineer, was badly hurt about the head. Stanley, a breakman, had his leg broken. The engine and four coal cars were dumped into the river a shapeless mass. The cause of all was a mass of stone having fallen from the bluff onto the track. The wounded are doing well, so we are informed.

The local option bill was defeated in the Senate by one vote.

The agricultural appropriation bill carries with it \$3,252,500.

Congress has appropriated \$4,000,000 for a new Chicago postoffice.

The Senate passed the bill for submission of a constitutional amendment for equal suffrage.

Gov. McGraw vetoed House bill No. 93, to prevent dissection and vivisection in the common schools.

Erskine M. Ross of California has been nominated by the President as U. S. Circuit Judge for the new ninth circuit.

Silver men in the U. S. Senate are unable to make progress on account of filibustering and among the most prominent ones opposing it are republican Senators.

**"Cleanliness is next to Godliness."**  
**Why Not be Clean?**  
When you can buy fancy toilet soap @ 5 and 10 cents per cake at the Boss Bakery.

The National Council of the F. A. & I. U. held in Raleigh, N. C., last week, elected the following named officers: President, J. F. Willits, of Kansas; Vice-President, H. C. Snively, of Penn.; Secretary and Treasurer, D. P. Duncan, S. C.

**Bosong Sells**  
20 16 Oz. bar Savon soap. 320 ozs. for \$1.10 Others sell 20 bar; 14 oz. 280 ozs. for \$1. Now who gives the most for your money?

On Feb. 14th Isaac Pusey Gray, of Indiana, United States Minister to Mexico, died in the City of Mexico of pneumonia. He was a gallant Colonel of the 4th Indiana cavalry; a republican up to 1872 when he drifted off with the liberal republican Greeley move; was read out of the republican party and became a prominent factor in democratic politics.

**THE SCHEME EXPOSED.**

**Facts as to How the President Panic was Precipitated. Thirteen Men, do The Whole Nation Up.**

J. W. Shuckers, who was private Secretary for Salmon P. Chase during all the war period, has created quite a sensation in Washington City, by making public the secrets of the National Bank conspiracy to produce a panic and secure the repeal of the Sherman act. He goes into the minute of the whole affair, and gives the names, dates and places.

An attempt was made at the last session of the Fifty-second Congress to pass a refunding bond bill, and Villard and Don Dickinson were sent to Washington to push the matter.

Sherman introduced such a bill, but the effort failed. It was then resolved, says Mr. Shuckers, to force the passage of the bill by wrecking the fortunes of tens of thousands of business men and throwing 3,000,000 of men, women and young people out of employment, with all the sorrows and disaster that implied.

He claims that the conspiracy was composed of only thirteen men:

- Grover Cleveland,
- J. G. Carlisle,
- Assistant Treasurer, Jordan,
- C. J. Canda, and nine national bank presidents, viz: Henry W. Cameron, Chase National Bank; Edward H. Perkins, Importers and Traders' National; Geo. S. Coe, American Exchange; Jas. T. Woodward, Hanover National; Brayton Ives, Western National; W. W. Sherman, National Bank of Commerce; Geo. C. Williams, Chemical

National; and Frederick Tappen, Gallatin National.

There were nine different conferences held before the final details were arranged, and Mr. Shuckers gives the dates, places and the names of parties in attendance.

The most important of these was the meeting held at the private residence of the president of the Chemical bank, at which all of the above named were present except Cleveland, and Carlisle was his direct representative. This meeting was held April 27, 1893.

At this meeting it was resolved to bring on a crash by a universal refusal to renew loans. The bankers left the Williams residence, rushed to the telegraph offices and wired orders to every part of the Union to stop loans—and then the crash came. Within twelve days after this meeting, banks and business houses in every part of the U. S. were failing.

Nothing, for years, has made a profounder sensation than these revelations of Mr. Shuckers. They bear the impress of truth.—Non-conformist.

**The Legislature.**

The time consumed by the republican legislators of the State of Washington in electing a United States Senator cost the people \$11,000.

Gibson, Populist, of Asotin, has introduced in the House a petition containing 1,457 names of persons in Eastern Washington praying for equal suffrage.

Runner, Populist, has introduced a bill regulating railway freight rates in car lots, which applies to all agricultural products. It provides that not more than 2 1/2 cents per ton per mile can be charged on distances over ten and under fifty miles.