

# THE DAWN.

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ELLENSBURG, APRIL 6.

Remember this my toiling brother, One dollar CAN'T create another. No matter who they are who take it, All wealth belongs to those who make it."

**A Mailing Machine** We have a White For Sale. Mailer, all complete, new, cost \$33, will sell for \$12 cash. At the DAWN OFFICE.

If the volume of currency was doubled, prices would be doubled. —Mills.

CAST your eye on the little yellow label of your paper and see if it gives you credit for '94 or 95.

HAVE you read our offer to send DAWN and *Coming Nation* both one year for 50 cents? If not, read it!

IN 1872 wool was worth 70c, in 1882 45c., in 1892 34c. and under the fostering care of the republican party.

It is possible by sufficiently limiting its quantity, to raise its value in exchange to any conceivable extent.—McCulloch.

THE theory of the intrinsic value of money has been abandoned by the best writers and speakers.—*Encyclopedia Britannica*.

AN article is determined to be money by reason of the performance by it of certain functions, without regard to its form or substance.—*Appleton's American Encyclopedia*.

THERE is legally no such thing as gold or silver money, or paper money. Money is the sovereign authority impressed on that which is capable of taking and retaining the impression. That upon which the stamp is placed is called coin; the coin may be metal, parchment or paper. The value is in the stamp, and not in the metal or material.—*Judge Tiffany Constitution- al Law*.

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THE DAWN

THREE MONTHS FOR TEN CENTS!!!

Is the *Coming Nation* a Populist paper? Yes, and of the best grade!

## SENATORIAL ECONOMY.

**They never Suffer for The Good things of Life.**

THE following items show that our lawmakers at Washington are not going to suffer for the "necessaries" of life so long as the surplus holds out, and the "extravagant" and "wasteful" farmers can be fooled into re-electing them:

We, the people, sneeze when the Senate takes snuff.

Isaac Basset, for 5 lbs. Copenhagen snuff, for use in the Senate Chamber, \$5.50.

The Senate needs a thermometer which will register the temperature of the People's party. When the Senate needs thermometers it buys none but the best, as the books show:

"Aug. 9th.—1 thermometer, \$15; 2 thermometers, \$6.

The senate is in good health. Here are some entries in the account which will explain themselves:

8½ doz. corkscrews	\$20.65
2 doz Appolinaris water	3.00
1 box lemons	6.75
1 case Appolinaris	11.00
50 lbs. granulated sugar	3.75
100 2-grain quinine pills	75
100 3-grain quinine pills	1.00

While the farmers are earning their bread by the sweat of their brows, the Senate is worrying along with lemons and ice at the public expense. The books show that during the months of July and August, when Congress was in session, the lemons, sugar and Appolinaris used by the Senate cost the government of the United States \$483.42.

The ice used during the same months cost \$990.

Cleanliness is next to godliness. In a month the Senate used 400 dozen towels, the washing of which costs the government nearly \$200.

Here are some more entries which explain themselves:

3 dozen French soap	\$ 9.50
Sponges	110.00
6 gallons Bay Rum	19.50
3 " cologne water	21.00
6 bottles hair oil	2.40
6 bottles " tonic	14.40

And of such items there are scores and scores.

## Census Report 1890.

Farm families owning no homes	1,114,000
Other families owning no homes	5,195,796

Total number of families owning no homes in this God favored land	6,339,796
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## BECOME DELINQUENT

**May 31, According to The State Auditors Dispatch.**

The following telegrams passed Thursday between Treasurer Mudgett of Spokane county and State Auditor Grimes at Olympia:

Spokane, Mar. 28.—L. R. Grimes, State Auditor, Olympia: When do the 1894 taxes become delinquent?

Has the time been extended to July 1 next to pay 1892 and 1893 taxes without penalty or interest?

GEORGE MUDGETT.

Olympia, Mar. 28.—Geo. Mudgett, Spokane, Wash.: Thirty-first of next May. Yes.

L. R. GRIMES.

Ever since the legislature adjourned people have been making inquiry about the new tax laws.

Again and again they were informed by the press and returning members of the legislature of the facts brought out in the foregoing telegrams, but at the treasurer's office there was nothing but mystification and doubt. To all inquiries the answer was made, "we know nothing officially. Until we have been officially advised we shall proceed under the old laws." So far as we know, taxes will be delinquent this year, as in the past.

"But have you not read the news in the papers?" taxpayers would ask.

"Oh, yes, we have read that, but we have nothing official. We do not know whether the law has been changed or not."

Yesterday it occurred to the treasurer that if Auditor Grimes would not impart the desired information, he would ask Auditor Grimes for it. It was an easy matter, and if attended to a week ago would have saved a great deal of anxiety and annoyance.—*Journal*, Spokane, Wash.

## Publish the Laws.

The Washington State Press Association, through the executive committee, asked the lately adjourned legislature to pass a law providing for the publication of the session laws. A bill was introduced by Mr. Scoby, which provided for publishing a supplement to be furnished to any paper in the state, upon application, the entire appropriation asked for being but \$3,000.

The appropriations committee recommended its passage, but the sifting committee ignored it. Seeing that it would never be heard of if left to that committee, the editor of this paper made an effort to bring it up for consideration in the house in spite of this "sifting" concern.

Upon the motion to bring up for consideration a few days before adjournment, a roll call produced the following vote. [Please file away for future reference.] Those favoring a consideration of the bill were:

Allen, Baker, Baum, Burrows, Catlin, Cheetham, Cline, Collins, Coon, Eddy, Gerry, Glen, Heath, Kegley, Laing, Miller, Moore, McArdle, McAuley, Nelson, Nettleton, Nims, Phelps, Rader, Rogers, Runner, Shiveley, Scobey, Scott, Seever, Smith, Taylor, F. T., Witt.

Those opposing the bill were:

Albertson, Barge, Biggs, Bull, Bush, Cloes, Conner, Curtis, Fishburn, Foster, Gandy, Goddard, Halteman, Ham, Hanford, Hatch, Johnston, Lillie, Lyman, Miles, Mills, Milroy, Murray, McDonnell, Taylor, J. C., Tull, Williams, Woodworth, Morrison.

Those absent or not voting were:

Callow, Fenton, Cantwell, Gibson, Haffey, Irving, Kittinger, Loggie, Merchant, Morgan, Reynolds, Spencer, Temple, Terry Van Eaton, Wing.

It requiring a three-fifths vote to call a bill up out of order, the consideration of this bill failed by a vote of 33 to 28.

Every Populist that voted supported it, be it said to their credit, while many republicans also voted for it. No more important bill came before the legislature—important in that it is a step towards a thorough knowledge by the people of the laws they are expected to obey. Its far-reaching importance was what those patriots who voted against it dreaded. They do not want the people to know the law.

If the people could all read and understand the batch of iniquitous laws this legislature was guilty of, they would leave such men as those who voted against letting them read the laws at home next time.

Let every newspaper in the state treasure up the names voting for and against this measure, for they may come up again for office.—*The Sun*, Tacoma, Wash.