

# THE HOOD RIVER SUN.

HOOD RIVER COUNTY MUSEUM

VOL. I.

HOOD RIVER, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1900.

NO. 20.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

**UNITED STATES.**  
President.....William McKinley  
Vice-President.....Garrett A. Hobart  
Secretary of State.....John Hay  
Secretary of Treasury.....Lyman J. Gage  
Secretary of Interior.....Cornelius N. Bliss  
Secretary of War.....Rufus S. Brant  
Secretary of Navy.....John D. Long  
Postmaster-General.....James A. Gary  
Attorney-General.....John W. Griggs  
Secretary of Agriculture.....James Wilson

**STATE OF OREGON.**  
Governor.....Geo. W. McBride  
Lieutenant Governor.....Joseph Simon  
Comptroller.....M. A. Moody  
Attorney-General.....D. R. N. Blackburn  
Secretary of State.....T. T. Geer  
Secretary of War.....E. I. Dunbar  
Secretary of Navy.....C. S. Moore  
Secretary of Agriculture.....W. H. Lewis  
Secretary of Public Instruction.....J. H. Ackerman  
Supreme Judges.....C. E. Wolverton  
.....W. H. Lewis  
.....R. S. Bean

**SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.**  
Circuit Judge.....W. L. Bradshaw  
Prosecuting Attorney.....A. Jayne

**WASCO COUNTY.**  
State Senator.....E. B. Duffer  
Representative.....John Mitchell  
Judge.....Robert Mays  
Commissioners.....D. S. Kisey  
.....N. C. Evans  
County Clerk.....A. M. Keisay  
Sheriff.....Robert Kelly  
Treasurer.....C. L. Phillips  
Assessor.....W. H. Whipple  
School Superintendent.....C. L. Gilbert  
Surveyor.....C. L. Gilbert  
Coroner.....W. H. Batts  
Justice of Peace.....George T. Prather  
Constable.....E. S. Olinger

**COUNTY COURT.**  
The County Court of Wasco county meets on the first Mondays in January, March, May, July, September and November.

**CIRCUIT COURT.**  
Circuit Court of Wasco county meets on the third Mondays in January, May and November.

**HOOD RIVER CITY.**  
Mayor.....D. F. C. Broussard  
Counselmen.....A. S. Bowers  
.....C. A. Bell  
.....F. S. Davidson, Jr.  
Recorder.....J. J. Lockey  
Treasurer.....George F. Crowell  
Marshal.....E. S. Olinger  
REGISTRARS AND RECEIVERS U. S. LAND OFFICE.  
THE DALLES. Jay F. Lucas  
Receiver.....O. H. Patterson

**VANCOUVER.**  
Register.....W. R. Dunbar  
Receiver.....L. B. Clough

**WALLA WALLA.**  
Register.....John M. Hill  
Receiver.....Thomas Magrover

**OREGON CITY.**  
Register.....C. B. Moore  
Receiver.....William Galloway

## THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

### From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

#### OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

**Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Cited From the Telegraph Columns.**

**Plague at Honolulu is under control.**  
Dawson evil-doers are forced to saw wood.

**General Buller's position is becoming precarious.**  
Surveyors are now at work on the Oregon Midland railway route.

**A big steel mill was wrecked in Pittsburgh by a boiler explosion.**  
A bill was introduced in congress to provide mining laws for Cape Nome.

**Money is now ready for the purchase of the Salem, Or., federal building site.**  
Consul Supervisor Kelly has left for Alaska to enter upon his duties there.

**Owing to a split in the National League, Baltimore may lose her baseball job.**  
An attempt to rob the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway train at Holden, Mo., was frustrated.

**The United States transports City of Paeble and Senator have arrived at San Francisco from Manila.**  
Near Corunna, Spain, a torpedo boat, name and nationality unknown, has been totally lost, with all on board.

**Quarantine officers in San Francisco are adopting stringent measures to protect that port from the bubonic plague.**  
The Union hotel, at Revelstoke, B. C., was totally destroyed by fire, the blaze originating in the furnace room.

**The German steamer Remus has been wrecked near Aarhus, Denmark, where she was bound. The captain and 18 men perished.**  
Colonel Charles F. Williams, commander of the United States marine corps at Mare Island, died suddenly of hemorrhage of the stomach.

**"Nick" Haworth, suspected murderer of Night Watchman Sandali, at Kayville, Utah, attempted to commit suicide at Salt Lake by bleeding.**  
Robert Fitzsimmons now claims he was dragged when he was whipped by James Jeffries for the championship of the world at Coney Island, last June.

**A runaway electric car on the Dayton & Xenia traction road, at Dayton, O., left the track at a sharp curve and was demolished, killing three persons.**  
An American scouting party of the Twenty-fifth was caught in ambush by Filipinos and an officer and three men killed. Insurgents lost 40 in killed and wounded.

**Senator William Goebel, of Kentucky, was shot and seriously wounded by a crazed Kentuckian, two shots passing entirely through the Democratic leader's body.**  
People of China are said to take imperial changes with great equanimity.

**William Jennings Bryan will accept the Populist nomination for the presidency.**  
Lord Pauncefoot will retire as ambassador of Great Britain to the United States, April 1.

**The interstate commerce commission has sued the Northern Pacific to enforce disregarded laws.**  
Senators are said to want no change in the manner of their election. The house favors popular vote.

**Dundonald's forces, for whom fears were entertained, are safe on the south bank of the Tugela river.**  
Five business men of Walla Walla were victimized by a smooth forger, who cashed bogus checks.

**The Prince Regent of Bavaria has conferred the Order of St. Michaels, first-class, on Dr. Nansen, the explorer.**  
In Cincinnati, Charles Bartruff, a tanner, killed his wife, his son and his daughter and then tried to set the house on fire.

**A funeral train, arranged by the Southern Pacific, will convey the remains of General Lawton and Major Logan to the East.**  
James H. Britton, ex-mayor of St. Louis, and for many years one of the leading bankers of the West, died at Ardley, N. Y., aged 83.

**Captain C. H. Stockton, president of the naval war college, says: "Command of the sea on our North Pacific coast and the waters of the western basin of the North Pacific should be in our hands in peace and war time. This can only be effected by readiness of a proper and sufficient naval force either on the spot, or to be furnished from the Atlantic through an untrammelled canal. In addition to this, and ready for combining, should be the available forces normally attached to the Philippines and the waters about China, Japan and Korea. In other words, the Pacific ocean, from Samoa northward, should be within our control."**

**San Francisco has a daily paper printed in Chinese.**  
Joseph L. Mayers, state senator of Ohio, from Coshocton, walked to the capitol from his home, a distance of 100 miles, to show his independence of railroads.

**Citizens of Dickinson county, Kan., have organized a relief association for the purpose of sending corn to India for free distribution in the famine-stricken districts.**

## LATER NEWS.

**The Boers at Stormberg are hard pressed.**  
The house passed the Indian appropriation bill.

**The transport Mennans has arrived at San Francisco from Manila.**  
W. J. Bryan spoke to an audience of 3,000 people at Chicopee, Mass.

**Cardinal Gibbons commends congress for its action in the Roberts case.**  
Nielson, of Minneapolis, lowered the two-mile skating record of 5:51 to 5:33.

**William Stanley Hazeltine, the marine artist, is dead in Rome, aged 64 years.**  
A serious riot occurred in Porto Rico during the parades of two political parties.

**Chicago trades-ministers in the Federation of Labor denounced Governor Taylor, of Kentucky.**  
The president has issued a proclamation fixing a tariff of duties and taxes for the island of Guam.

**The passengers and mail brought from Honolulu by the steamer Australia were released from quarantine.**  
The strike at Cramp's shipyard, which has been in progress since August, has been officially declared off.

**Wm. Goebel, the contesting governor of Kentucky, is dead from the result of the bullet fired by an unknown assassin.**  
The British government has contracted with the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company for 1,000,000 tons of coal.

**Fire in St. Louis destroyed four blocks, causing a property loss of \$1,500,000. One man was killed and several injured.**  
A reward of \$5,000 has been offered for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who made the attempt on the life of William Goebel.

**General Kolbe has occupied the islands of Lumar and Leyte. In the fight at Catabalogan 10 insurgents were killed and the Americans captured five cannon, with their artillerymen.**  
Secretary Reitz, of the Transvaal republic, says that the Boers have never abused the white flag, and that the British murdered women, children and American citizens at Derdepoort.

**The value of property captured by Admiral Dewey's fleet in Manila bay has been estimated by the board of appraisal at \$26,141. The largest items in the statement are: Ship and boat equipment, \$241,566; ordnance materials, \$14,294; and fuel, \$20,563.**  
The appraisal was called for as evidence in the suit brought by Admiral Dewey for the award of prize money.

**The Boers credit divine providence with their Tugela victory.**  
No river and harbor bill will be presented at this session of congress.

**The British parliament has reassembled. No disorder was manifested.**  
Alexander Dunsinuir, the coal king of the Pacific coast, died in New York city, aged 47 years.

**Services in commemoration of the martyrdom of Charles I. of England, were held in Boston.**  
The transport Missouri, en route to San Francisco from Manila, has 17 insane soldiers aboard.

**Fire destroyed the business portion of the town of Winfield, Kan. Hundreds of people are homeless.**  
Lieutenant Winston Churchill describes the battle of Spionkop as the hardest fight of the South African war.

**All is quiet in Samoa. The natives are more settled than at any time since the disturbance between the native factions.**  
The sheriff of Colfax, Wash., has offered a reward of \$500 for the capture of Clemens, the murderer of a man named Boland.

**A special dispatch from Cape Town says 150 American scouts, who arrived there as muleteers, have enlisted in the British forces.**  
A cold wave is prevailing east of the Rocky mountains. The temperature is eight degrees below zero at Chicago and six below at Omaha.

**The Fergus Printing Company, of Chicago, one of the oldest printing houses in the city, was thrown into the streets for non-payment of rent.**  
Great Northern officials and employees' grievance committee held a conference and it is announced there will be no strike, all differences being settled.

**Governor Taylor declares that a state of insurrection now prevails in Kentucky. He has ordered the legislature adjourned, but the Democrats have refused to obey his edict.**  
R. V. Wilson has been arrested in San Francisco on the charge of having embezzled a package containing \$600, while he was agent for the Great Northern Express Company at Franklin, King county, Wash.

**Lee Gong, a Chinaman of Fargo, N. D., who alleges St. Louis is his home, appealed today from the United States court to the secretary of the treasury, and was released on bail. He was the first of the 70 Chinamen charged with violating the exclusion act, to be heard by the courts.**

**A newsboy of Philadelphia was arrested under the blue law of 1794 and fined four dollars for selling newspapers on Sunday.**  
Admiral Schley, who was recently made a thirty-second degree Mason, has been a member of the fraternity since his twenty-first birthday.

**A law just passed in Norway makes girls ineligible for matrimony unless they can show certificates of skill in cooking, knitting and spinning.**

## WOULD NOT HEAR ABUSE

### Senate Once More Shut Off on Pettigrew.

#### MET BY A POINT OF ORDER

**Allen, of Nebraska, Concluded His Arrangement of Secretary Gage-Indian School Question in the House.**  
Washington, Feb. 5.—An effort by Pettigrew, of South Dakota, to discuss the Philippine question in the senate today was of no avail, as he was met by a point of order, which took him from the floor. He had spoken only so far as to charge that the great journals of the country would not publish the facts concerning the Philippine war. Subsequently he offered another resolution on which he will speak next week. Allen, of Nebraska, concluded his speech in the arrangement of Secretary Gage because of his transaction with the National City bank of New York. He had previously introduced a resolution providing for an investigation by the senate of the treasury department, but objection to its consideration sent it over until next week.

**The house today devoted its attention to the Indian appropriation bill. It got no further, however, than the appropriations for Indian schools, where an effort was inaugurated by Fitzgerald, of New York, to permit the secretary of the interior to contract with schools for the education of Indian children where the government lacks facilities. No appropriation is made for contract schools in this bill. It is claimed that the present Indian school facilities are inadequate.**

**The Australia's passengers were taken off and placed in the quarantine station at Angel Island, where they will remain till tomorrow.**  
According to advices from Honolulu, the transport Aztec, which left this port for Hilo, with 400 miles and horses, may not attempt to land her cargo at Hilo. Lighters would have to be employed, as the wharf there cannot accommodate the Aztec. At present the weather conditions are such that the horses cannot be landed safely, and it is expected that the Aztec will have to return to Honolulu.

**There was a small riot at the detention camp at Honolulu the night of the 23d, owing to the refusal of the authorities to allow the Japanese to burn a lot of new lumber for fuel purposes, and because they were restrained from burning a new cottage in which one of their number had died of the plague. The arrival of the reserves ended the troubles, and a careful watch is being kept, as the Japanese are exceedingly sullen and some have armed themselves with clubs.**

**Affairs in Hilo have quieted, and no more trouble is expected.**

## HOBSON'S THOUSANDS.

### More Witnesses for Prosecution in the Clark Case.

**Washington, Feb. 5.—When the senate committee on privileges and elections met today, Campbell, representing the memorialists in the prosecution of the charges against Senator Clark, of Montana, in connection with his election to the United States senate, announced that he had three more witnesses to examine, thus deferring the beginning of the presentation of the defense.**

**The first witness was Frank E. Wright, cashier of a bank at Lewiston, Idaho. Wright was questioned concerning the accounts of State Representative Long and State Senator Hobson, the latter being president of his bank. He said that prior to the meeting of the legislature, Long had owed the bank \$400, and Hobson had owed it \$22,000. Long had paid his note in April, and Hobson paid his in May last, both with checks. The account transcripts were placed in evidence. The one of Hobson's case showed that in April last a letter was received from the Continental National bank of Chicago, advising the Fergus County bank of a credit of \$25,000 in Hobson's behalf. Hobson was then in London, but the witness did not think he had gone to London with Senator Clark.**

**Hobson had never told him where he obtained the \$25,000. On cross-examination, the witness said that Hobson was considered a wealthy man, worth about \$300,000 or \$400,000. He knew that he had sold some mines in London, but did not know whether the \$25,000 was derived from this source.**

## SOUDANESE TROOPS REBEL.

### Serious Trouble Likely to Occur in Upper Egypt.

**Paris, Feb. 5.—A dispatch to the Times-Herald from Danville, Ill., says: Frank Specht, a German, who has an English wife, and William Shoemaker, an Englishman, with a German wife, got into an argument over the Boer war last night. The injured are: Frank Specht, stabbed three times with a pitchfork; may die. William Shoemaker, badly beaten and scratched; Mrs. William Shoemaker, scratched and hair torn out; Mrs. Frank Specht, badly bruised and scratched.**

**At the beginning of the fracas, the women stood valiantly for their own nationality, but as the fight progressed each forgot country and fought for her husband. When the police arrived, Specht was unconscious and bleeding profusely, while the women were tearing at each other's clothes and hair.**

## NEGUS FRIENDLY TO ENGLAND.

**New York, Feb. 5.—A dispatch from Zurich states that the reports that Menelik is arming are untrue, and that the negus has rejected French and Russian consuls to attack the English from the rear. Menelik in November last received an extraordinary ambassador sent to him by England, with the greatest honor. He held many number of conferences with the English envoy, at which Herr Ilz, his Swiss adviser, was present. The negus was highly delighted with the result of the negotiations and loaded the embassy with costly presents for the queen.**

**French and Russian diplomats are dissatisfied at the turn which things have taken. English influence in Abyssinia is steadily increasing. Menelik will not visit Paris. He takes the greatest possible interest in the construction of the Djibouti-Harrar railway.**

## MISSIONARIES KILLED BY CHINESE.

**Paris, Feb. 3.—A dispatch from Peking says: The report of the death of Emperor Kwang Su is not confirmed. The dispatch adds that the safety of foreigners is not threatened, but that an English missionary having been murdered in the province of Shang Tung, the British, American, French, Italian and German ministers have addressed a note to the foreign office asking that measures be taken by the Chinese authorities for the safety of missionaries.**

## THE PLAGUE SITUATION.

### Heroic Efforts Taken at Honolulu to Check the Disease.

**San Francisco, Feb. 3.—The steamer Australia, seven days from Honolulu, arrived today and reports that up to the time of her departure 41 deaths from plague had occurred, and there was a total of 52 cases. The Australia had on board 173 passengers, the largest number which ever came to this port on a single steamer from the Hawaiian islands.**

**In an effort to stamp out the plague, it was decided to burn one of the blocks in Chinatown. The fire was started, and it gained such headway that the fire department could not control it. The flames spread rapidly from one block to another, and soon the whole Chinese quarter was destroyed. Hardly a house was left standing in the district. The Chinese and other residents of the district fled from their homes in terror, and were unable to save much of their effects. As a result of the destruction of the Chinese quarter, 7,000 people were rendered homeless, and they are now living in tents.**

**The fire destroyed 13 blocks, bounded by Kukul, Queen and Nunau streets. The most notable building burned was the Kaunakapili, a prominent landmark, and the most comfortable edifice of its kind in Honolulu. It contained a large pipe organ, valued at \$5,000. The steamship Ironclads rendered valuable aid. She put out two lines of hose which saved the Honolulu iron works.**

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## GREAT FIRE IN ST. LOUIS

### In the Heart of the Retail Section of the City.

#### FOUR BLOCKS WERE BURNT

**Property Worth \$1,500,000 Destroyed—Losses Were Distributed Among Many—One Man Killed.**

**St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 6.—Property to the estimated value of \$1,500,000 was burned today, the greater part of four blocks of buildings and their contents between Third and Sixth streets and Franklin avenue and Noyana street, in the heart of the retail section, being destroyed. One fireman was killed, nine other members of the fire department were injured more or less seriously, and five or six citizens were hurt slightly. None of the injured will die, as far as known tonight.**

**The loss on both buildings and stocks of goods is approximately \$1,500,000. Definite figures are exceedingly hard to obtain. There were six retail concerns which were heavy losers. The remainder of the loss is divided in varying proportions among a score or more of small shopkeepers or firms. Only two concerns suffered loss of over \$100,000—Penny & Gentles and Schaper Bros. The buildings in which the two concerns were housed were owned by the Mary K. Knox estate, and were erected at a cost of \$165,000. Penny & Gentles' loss, which is covered entirely by insurance, is estimated at \$135,000. Schaper Bros' loss is estimated at \$100,000. These two concerns occupied about half the block on the west side of Broadway, south from the corner of Franklin avenue, and the buildings were entirely destroyed.**

**The rest of the block on the west side of the street is taken up by the buildings occupied by the Famous dry goods store, whose loss was comparatively slight.**  
On Franklin, just back of Penny & Gentles, the building occupied by the Fuch Millinery & Cloak Company, suffered a loss on the stock of \$40,000. The store occupied by D. Crawford & Co., at Broadway and Franklin avenue, was entirely burned, with a loss on buildings and stock of \$70,000. The People's Housefurnishing Company, at 314 North Broadway, was completely wrecked; loss \$50,000. At 313 North Broadway, Deere Bros' store, filled with a stock of 5 and 10-cent goods, sustained a \$33,000 loss on buildings and stock.

**The fire swept through the block from Broadway to Fourth street and burned all the buildings from 827 to 809 North Fourth street. These buildings were old three and four story structures, some occupied as tenements above and stores below, while others were vacant. Here the St. Louis Dressed Beef & Provisions Company, Herboth Mercantile Company, the Schisler-Cornelia Seed Company, and three small stores, suffered an aggregate loss of \$65,000, while the losses on buildings amounted to fully \$45,000.**

**Among the firms and individuals that suffered heavily from the fire are the following, whose places of business were on the east side of Fourth and west side of Third streets:**  
A. Nasse, wholesale grocer; Plant Seed Company; Krenning Glass Company; Bassett's plumbing establishment; McLean & Alcorn Commission Company; Buller Block Commission Company; Nelson Distilling Company; Hale & Sons Commission Company; George A. Benton, produce; Bauer Flower Company; Shaw & Richmond, produce. Their losses aggregate thousands of dollars and are partly covered by insurance.

**Late tonight John Cummings, private watchman of Penny & Gentles, was arrested and is being held, pending an investigation into the origin of the fire. He was taken into custody as the result of a statement by a woman rooming opposite, to the effect that she had seen a man answering the watchman's description, lighting matches in the store previous to the fire. Cummings denied having had anything to do with it, and states that he was at home when the fire broke out.**

**Wm. Goebel Is Dead.**  
Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 6.—The bullet fired by an unknown assassin last Tuesday morning ended the life of William Goebel at 6:45 o'clock this evening. The only persons present at the death were Mr. Goebel's sister, Mrs. Brawnecker, and his brother, Arthur Goebel, of Cincinnati, who has been in constant attendance at Mr. Goebel's bedside, and Dr. McCormack. Justus Goebel, a brother, who has been hurrying from Arizona as fast as steam would carry in a vain hope of reaching his dying brother in time for some token of recognition, arrived 40 minutes too late.

**Haseltine, the Marine Artist.**  
New York, Feb. 6.—William Stanley Haseltine, the marine artist, is dead in Rome, aged 64 years. He was a native of Philadelphia.

**Capt. Sigbee, the hero of the Maine, and who will take charge of the naval intelligence bureau on February 1, has purchased a house in Washington.**

**Siege Rations at Mafeking.**  
Mafeking, Feb. 5.—Siege rations of bread and meat have only now been enforced. Oats intended for horses are now saved to supply the troops, if needed. Tinned milk and matches are commandeered. Liquor is scarce.

**Hot Weather in Buenos Ayres.**  
Buenos Ayres, Feb. 6.—One hundred and two sunstrokes were officially reported in this city yesterday. Of these 93 were fatal. The temperature was 120 in the shade.

## TREATY WITH THE SULUS.

### President Sends All the Correspondence to the Senate.

**Washington, Feb. 5.—In compliance with a resolution of inquiry, the president has sent to the senate a copy of the report and all accompanying papers of Brigadier-General J. C. Bates, in relation to the negotiation of a treaty of agreement made by him with the sultan of Sulu, last August. In replying to the request the president says:**

**"The payments of money required by the agreement will be made from the revenues of the Philippine islands, unless congress shall direct otherwise. Such payments are not for specific services, but are a part of the consideration going to the sultan, tribe or nation under the agreement, and they are stipulated as subject to the action of congress, in conformity with the practice of this government from the earliest times in its agreements with the various Indian nations operating and governing portions of territory subject to the sovereignty of the United States."**

**General Otis in transmitting the treaty, August 27, says:**  
"The attitude of these people has been a subject of apprehension for several months, and by this agreement, I believe, the apprehended pending differences are happily adjusted."

**Secretary Root, in a reply dated October 27, tells General Otis that "the agreement is confirmed and approved by the president, subject to the action of congress, and with the understanding and reservation, which should be distinctly communicated to the sultan of Sulu, that this agreement is not to be deemed in any way to authorize or give consent of the United States to the existence of slavery in the Sulu archipelago. At the same time when you communicate to the sultan the above mentioned understanding, the president desires that you should make inquiry as to the number of persons held in slavery in the archipelago, and what arrangement it may be practicable for their emancipation."**

**In his instructions to General Bates, under this direction, General Otis says: "It is believed that the market price of slaves in the archipelago is insignificant, ranging from \$30 to \$50, Mexican, and that in some instances owners will be pleased to grant freedom to their slaves if they can escape the burden of supporting them."**

**General Otis continues to the effect that the character of the domestic slavery existing in the archipelago differs greatly from the former slavery institution of the United States, the slaves becoming members of the owner's family.**

**General Bates, in his report, stated that when he first asked to see the sultan, the latter sent his greetings, saying he could not come to the general, because he had boils on his neck, and could not put on his coat, but that he would recognize the protection of the United States, requesting as a favor that he might hoist his own flag alongside that of the United States. The sultan's brother went to Jolo to meet General Bates, and the sultan afterwards joined him. General Bates states in this connection that the Sulus are very jealous of their institution of slavery.**

**In his original instructions to General Bates, General Otis instructed him to push to the front the question of sovereignty, and told him he could promise for the United States not to interfere with, but to protect, the Moros in the free exercise of their religion and customs, social and domestic, and to respect the rights and dignities of the sultan. In return they must acknowledge the sovereignty of the United States. He also instructed General Bates that it was important that the United States should occupy the principal distribution centers of trade, and that Slat, the capital, should be occupied by our troops at no distant day.**

**A Half-Million-Dollar Fire.**  
Dayton, O., Feb. 5.—Early this morning a fire, the result of a boiler explosion, in the tobacco warehouse of J. P. Wolf, threatened for a while to do immense damage in the manufacturing district of this city. The fire was finally gotten under control, not however, before fully \$500,000 worth of property was destroyed. The principal losers are: J. P. Wolf & Sons, tobacco merchants; E. Himm & Sons, grocers; Benedict, cigars; Dayton Paper Novelty Company.

**Nightwatchman Sneidering was overcome by smoke and found unconscious by firemen. Several firemen were badly frozen, and fireman McCoy was hurt, probably by falling walls.**

**Liquor Traffic in Mexico.**  
City of Mexico, Feb. 5.—The press continues to denounce the growth of the liquor traffic in Mexico, and ascribes to the increasing consumption of ardent spirits in various forms, the augmented mortality and crime. The Methodists here, headed by Bishop McCabe and Rev. Dr. Butler, have begun a campaign against intemperance and the local Catholic journals are exhorting their readers to arouse themselves to prevent the country from becoming a prey to alcoholism. It is reported that the government will endeavor by means of public action to aid the temperance movement.

**Transport Ohio Arrives.**  
San Francisco, Feb. 5.—The transport Ohio, 27 days from Manila, arrived here today. The Ohio brought 150 bodies and two passengers.

**Cole Waved Examination.**  
Boston, Feb. 3.—Charles H. Cole, formerly president of the Globe National bank, and who is charged with embezzling and misappropriating \$900,000, the property of the bank, waived examination today, and was held in \$50,000 bonds for the grand jury of the district court, which sits March 20. Benjamin E. Smith and Benjamin Walls, of Boston, were accepted as sureties. Cole was brought here early in January from Los Angeles, Cal.

## O. R. & N.

TO THE EAST.

GIVES THE CHOICE OF TWO TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTES

GREAT NORTHERN RY. SHORT LINE.

VIA SPOKANE, MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL AND CHICAGO.

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LOWEST RATES TO ALL EASTERN CITIES.

Coast Steamers Leave Portland Every 5 Days

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers Monthly from Portland to Yokohama and Hong Kong, via the Northern Pacific Steamship Co., in connection with the O. R. & N.

For full information call on O. R. & N. agent, J. T. BAGLIE, Hood River, or address

**W. H. HURLBURT,**  
General Passenger Agent, Portland, Or.

O. R. & N. Time Table for Hood River

WESTBOUND	WESTPORT
No. 4.....6:15 p. m.	No. 3.....8:17 a. m.
No. 2.....10:40 p. m.	No. 1.....4:00 p. m.
J. T. BAGLIE, Agent.	

**REGULATOR** DALLES CITY

The Regulator Line...

DALLES, PORTLAND & ASTORIA NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Steamers Daily (Except Sunday) Between Portland, Cascade Locks, Stevenson, Sprague, White Salmon, HOOD RIVER and The Dalles.

HOOD RIVER TO PORTLAND - \$1.25  
ROUND TRIP 2.00

THE DALLES OFFICE: First and Court Sts.  
W. C. ALLAWAY,  
General Agent,  
The Dalles, Or.

Due at Hood River, eastbound, 4 p. m.; westbound, 9:30 a. m.  
Leaves Portland at 7 a. m.; leaves The Dalles at 7:00 a. m.

**MAILS.**  
The mail arrives from Mt. Hood at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays; departs the same days at noon.  
For Coshocton, leaves at 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives at 6 p. m.  
For White Salmon (Wash.) leaves daily at 6:45 a. m.; arrives at 7:15 p. m.  
From White Salmon leaves for Falls, Gilmer, Trout Lake and Glenwood Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.  
For Bingen (Wash.) leaves at 5:45 p. m.; arrives at 2 p. m.