

"Saying and Doing Are Two Things."

It is not what we say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story of its merit. Its great record of cures of all forms of blood diseases, including scrofula, rheumatism, dyspepsia, catarrh, prove its power to cure you also.

Catarrh—"My throat was in such a condition with catarrh that I could hardly swallow and had no appetite. I found Hood's Sarsaparilla an excellent remedy, and now have a good appetite." Ella J. White, Ennis, Texas.



Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Hard Luck Story. He stood before the police judge a wreck. He suggested an echo of better days. He had been arrested the night before for sleeping in an open doorway.

The judge saw that the prisoner had not always been a tramp and questioned him with regard to his past.

"Well, your honor, it was this way," the man said, quietly. "I haven't always been as you see me now. I was a stock broker once.

When I was a younger man I became interested in copper. Copper is usually sold, you know. Well, I made a little pile, then shifted to iron. Iron is hard to handle and I lost it.

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PACIFIC COAST NEWS

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Interest in the Growing Western States.

Improvements at Ballard.

A permit has been granted to the Seattle Electric Company to build a new trestle for the Ballard division of the Consolidated Street Railway Company, extending along the shore of the bay between Omaha and Alva streets, and the right was also granted to build another trestle west of the present one along Salmon Bay. It is the intention of the street railway company to expend \$50,000 in the improvement of its line to Ballard to meet the traffic demands created by the growth of that city, and to that end three new motor cars of 100-horse power each have been ordered from Eastern manufacturers. The trestle will be taken up and laid along the new trestles and on Western avenue the line will be reconstructed in a modern manner.

Saw Mill to Be Moved.

Patton & Holscher, of Scoggin valley, have leased the old mill site, 12 miles west of Forest Grove, formerly owned by Colonel R. Cornelius, and will commence at once the removal of their saw mill from Scoggin valley to that point. The mill at this location will be accessible to a large supply of the very finest yellow fir, and situated 10 miles from Segehrs, where the lumber will be loaded on cars and shipped to Eastern parties, who have placed two large contracts with the mill. There is not an idle saw mill in Washington county, and this year, owing to the demand for lumber outside of the state, will be the best year for the industry in the history of the county.

As to Issuing School Warrants.

The state superintendent has delivered an opinion to the effect that school district warrants should not be issued by the clerk or signed by the directors until they have first been audited and allowed; nor should the warrants be delivered by the clerk until he has procured the signatures of the directors. "The usual way of doing this is at a meeting of the directors. After the claim is audited, the warrant should be signed as a part of the transactions of the meeting, and the clerk should then deliver the same to the party to whom it is due. It might, however, come under some method of procedure covered by some by-law that the board has adopted."

To Saw More Lumber.

The lumber business is active in Clackamas county, and new machinery is being added to increase the capacity of several mills. Miller Bros., of Eagle creek, are having improvements made that will increase the cutting capacity of their mill to 10,000 feet daily. F. L. S. Bagby, of Bagby Bros., Molalla, came up from Portland, where he had placed orders for machinery that will increase their cutting capacity to 12,000 feet per day. The latter firm is doing considerable business in the way of furnishing oak lumber to boat-builders in Portland.

State Park Infected.

The gardener of the capitol grounds in Salem has found indications of the dreaded San Jose scale on some of the trees. He immediately began spraying and will spray not only the affected trees but also all the trees and shrubs under his care.

Pacific Coast Chat.

A Eugene man has loaded 100 bales of hops on one car.

Burns intends to build a stone jail, to supply a long felt want.

A Nestucca man has 775 cases of cheese awaiting shipment.

The Spokane exposition is incorporated with a capital stock of \$10,000.

Thirteen knot sawyers at a Fairhaven sawmill went on a strike last Monday morning.

At Endicott a 3-year old child of F. E. Starnfield fell into a watering trough and was drowned.

Fish Commissioner Reed says that the Coos bay salmon hatchery will be built the coming summer.

The superintendent of the Stockton mine, Susanville district, it is reported, will erect a 40-stamp mill.

William Kingsley, a logger, was killed by the north bound passenger at Machias, Snohomish county.

O. Finnigan, a train dispatcher, was found dead in bed at Seattle. Heart disease is the presumed cause of death.

The new militia organization, Company M, of Whatcom, was mustered into the Washington National Guard last week.

Charles Dally, a Coquille City boy, has shipped a box of 23 dozen frogs to San Francisco. He gets 75c to \$1.50 a dozen for them.

Hobart W. McNeill, a well known citizen of Seattle, who died on the 27th at San Jose, Cal., will be buried at Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Some ranchers on Poison creek report that in their part of Harney county stock feed is as good in the mountains as it was in April last.

Two citizens of Burns have leased land to the northeast of the town, for the purpose of constructing a first-class race track and baseball grounds.

In the Silver creek country, Harney county, a week ago, snow was all gone and it was raining.

Edward Marshall Brown is dead in Tacoma as a result of a disease contracted in the Philippines while serving as a member of the First Washington.

J. F. Allen's store in Fox valley was entered last Tuesday night by burglars, who rifled the money drawer, but took nothing else. They got about \$10 in change.

G. K. Hiatt hauled a log at his Edgecumbe works on Tuesday which he estimated to be worth \$125, says the Snohomish Times. The stick contained enough first-class lumber to build a commodious residence.

The Harney County News says that Burns is by far the most aggressive city in Eastern Oregon, and the present year will witness the erection of many substantial business buildings.

A crowd of young toughs have been disturbing religious services at Freewater. Three of them were arrested and fined last week, and it is thought the annoyance will now stop.

TREATY WITH THE SULUS.

President Sends All the Correspondence to the Sultan.

Washington, Feb. 5.—In compliance with a resolution of inquiry, the president has sent to the senate a copy of the report and all accompanying papers of Brigadier-General J. C. Bates, in relation to the negotiation of a treaty of agreement made by him with the sultan of Sulu, last August. In replying to the request the president says: "The payments of money required by the agreement will be made from the revenues of the Philippine islands, unless congress shall direct otherwise. Such payments are not for specific services, but are a part of the consideration going to the sultan, tribe or nation under the agreement, and they are stipulated as subject to the action of congress, in conformity with the practice of this government from the earliest times in its agreements with the various Indian nations operating and governing portions of territory subject to the sovereignty of the United States." General Otis in transmitting the treaty, August 27, says:

"The attitude of those people has been a subject of apprehension for several months, and by this agreement, I believe, the apprehended pending differences are happily adjusted."

Secretary Root, in a reply dated October 27, tells General Otis that "the agreement is confirmed and approved by the president, subject to the action of congress, and with the understanding and reservation, which should be distinctly communicated to the sultan of Sulu, that this agreement is not to be deemed in any way to authorize or give consent of the United States to the existence of slavery in the Sulu archipelago. At the same time when you communicate to the sultan the above mentioned understanding, the president desires that you should make inquiry as to the number of persons held in slavery in the archipelago, and what arrangement it may be practicable for their emancipation."

In his instructions to General Bates, under this direction, General Otis says:

"It is believed that the market price of slaves in the archipelago is insignificant, ranging from \$10 to \$30 per head, and that in some instances owners will be pleased to grant freedom to their slaves if they can escape the burden of supporting them."

General Otis continues to the effect that the character of the domestic slavery existing in the archipelago differs greatly from the former slavery institution of the United States, the slaves becoming members of the owner's family.

General Bates, in his report, stated that when he first met the sultan, the latter sent him greetings, saying he could not come to the general, because he had boils on his neck, and could not put on his coat, but that he would recognize the protection of the United States, requesting as a favor that he might hoist his own flag alongside that of the United States. The sultan's brother went to Jolo to meet General Bates, and the sultan afterwards joined him. General Bates states in this connection that the Sulus are very jealous of their institution of slavery.

In his original instructions to General Bates, General Otis instructed him to push to the front the question of sovereignty, and told him he could interfere for the United States not to interfere with, but to protect, the Moros in the free exercise of their religion and customs, social and domestic, and to respect the rights and dignities of the sultan. In return they must acknowledge the sovereignty of the United States. He also instructed General Bates that it was important that the United States should occupy the principal distribution centers of trade, and that Siasi, the capital, should be occupied by our troops at no distant day.

A Half-Million-Dollar Fire.

Dayton, O., Feb. 5.—Early this morning a fire, the result of a boiler explosion, in the tobacco warehouse of J. P. Wolf, threatened for a while to do immense damage in the manufacturing district of this city. The fire was finally gotten under control, not however, before fully \$500,000 worth of property was destroyed. The principal losers are: J. P. Wolf & Sons, tobacco merchants; E. Binn & Sons, grocers; Benedict, cigars; Dayton Paper Novelty Company.

Nightwatchman Snedinger was overcome by smoke and found unconscious by firemen. Several firemen were badly frozen, and Fireman McCoy was hurt, probably by falling walls.

Liquor Traffic in Mexico.

City of Mexico, Feb. 5.—The press continues to denounce the growth of the liquor traffic in Mexico, and ascribes to the increasing consumption of ardent spirits in various forms, the augmented mortality and crime. The Methodist here, headed by Bishop McComb and Rev. Dr. Butler, have begun a campaign against intemperance and the local Catholic journals are exhorting their readers to arouse themselves to prevent the country from becoming a prey to alcoholism. It is reported that the government will endeavor by means of public action to aid the temperance movement.

Transport Ohio Arrives.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—The transport Ohio, 27 days from Manila, arrived here today. The Ohio brought 150 bodies and two passengers.

Cole Waved Examination.

Boston, Feb. 3.—Charles H. Cole, formerly president of the Globe National bank, and who is charged with embezzling and misappropriating \$900,000, the property of the bank, waived examination today, and was held in \$50,000 bonds for the grand jury of the district court, which sits March 20. Benjamin E. Smith and Benjamin Walls, of Boston, were accepted as sureties. Cole was brought here early in January from Los Angeles, Cal.

Large Fire in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Feb. 5.—Fire, which broke out at 5 o'clock this afternoon in George W. Stout's wholesale grocery store, spread to adjoining buildings, occupied by Brinkmeyer, Kuhn & Co., wholesale grocers, and the Hendricks-Vance Company, causing a total loss estimated at \$350,000.

Captain Frederick Sparling Dead.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Captain Frederick Sparling, commanding the light-house tender Maple, is dead from pneumonia. He was a son of Dr. Fred Sparling, of Seattle, Wash.

WOOLEN GOODS ACTIVE.

Prove an Exception to Dullness Shown in Other Lines.

Bradstreet's review says: "Exceptions to the quiet and even dullness shown by the many lines of trade and speculation are found in the active demand for woollen goods for next fall's delivery, and in the active call for dry goods on spring account. In the latter direction, prices show special strength, and the bulk of the business placed in woollens has been at an advance of 25 to 40 per cent. In other lines, notable steadiness is shown in prices. Weather conditions throughout the country part of the week have been against trade in seasonal goods, and there is very general complaint of large stocks of winter goods in the hands of this branch of trade. Another effect of the usually mild weather is that shown in the Northwestern lumber business. The lack of snow will probably insure a reduction on the cut of last year, and this, combined with smaller stocks, presents at least a maintenance of present lumber quotations.

Woollen manufacturers have constituted an exception to the general quiet. They opened their order books this week, and an unusually heavy volume of business is reported to have been recorded. Cotton goods are reported in good demand in nearly all markets, and the confidence as to spring business in dry goods and clothing is a notable feature, in sharp contrast, in fact, with the reports received from retailers as to the present season's business in winter-wool goods. Scarcity of water is complained of as limiting the output of New England cotton mills, which are reported as backward in deliveries.

Business failures for the week number 252, as compared with 255 last week, 246 in the week a year ago, 283 in 1908, 326 in 1897, and 393 in 1896. Canadian failures for the week number 89.

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Seattle Markets.

Onions, new, \$1.50 to \$1.75 per sack.
Lettuce, hot house, \$1.25
Potatoes, new, \$2.00 to \$2.50
Beets, per sack, 75¢ to 85¢
Turnips, per sack, 60¢
Carrots, per sack, 50¢
Parsnips, per sack, 75¢ to 85¢
Cauliflower, 75¢ to \$1 per dozen.
Cabbage, native and California, 75¢ to \$1.00 per 100 pounds.
Apples, \$1.25 to \$1.50 per box.
Pears, \$1.00 to \$1.25 per box.
Prunes, 60¢ per box.
Butter—Cranberry, 25¢ per pound; dairy, 17¢ to 22¢; ranch, 24¢ per pound.
Eggs—Native, 16¢.
Poultry—18¢ to 14¢; dressed, 14¢ to 15¢.
Hay—Puget Sound timothy, \$18.00; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$18.00 to \$19.00.
Corn—Whole, \$23.00; cracked, \$23; feed meal, \$23.
Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$21; whole, \$22.
Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.25; blended straight, \$3.00; California, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$6.00; Graham, per barrel, \$3.50; whole wheat flour, \$3.00; rye flour, \$3.50 to \$4.00.
Milkstuffs—Bran, per ton, \$14.00; shorts, per ton, \$18.00.
Feed—Chopped feed, \$20.00 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$20; oil cake meal, per ton, \$30.00.
Fresh Meats—Choice dressed beef steers, 4½¢ to 5¢; cows, 4¢ to 4½¢; pork, 4½¢; trimmed, 6½¢; veal, small, 6¢; large, 4¢.
Hams—Large, 13¢; small, 13½¢; breakfast bacon, 12½¢; dry salt sides, 8¢.

Portland Market.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 51¢ to 52¢; Valley, 50¢; Bluestem, 52¢ per bushel.
Flour—Best grades, \$2.90; Graham, \$2.25; superfine, \$3.15 per barrel.
Oats—Choice white, 35¢ to 38¢; choice gray, 34¢ per bushel.
Barley—Feed barley, \$16 to \$18; brewing, \$18.00 to \$18.50 per ton.
Milkstuffs—Bran, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$22; shorts, \$18; chop, \$16 per ton.
Hay—Timothy, \$10 to \$12; clover, \$7 to \$8; Oregon wild hay, \$8 to \$7 per ton.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 50¢ to 55¢; seconds, 42½¢ to 45¢; dairy, 30¢ to 37½¢; store, 22½¢ to 27½¢.
Eggs—16¢ to 17¢ per dozen.
Cheese—Oregon full cream, 12½¢; Young America, 14¢; new cheese 10¢ per pound.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.50 to 4.00 per dozen; hens, \$4.50; springs, \$2.50 to \$3.50; geese, \$7.00 to \$8.00 for old; \$4.50 to \$6.50; ducks, \$6.00 to \$6.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 15¢ to 17¢ per pound.
Potatoes—55¢ to 85¢ per sack; sweets, 2¢ to 4¢ per pound.
Vegetables—Beets, \$1; turnips, 90¢; per sack; garlic, 7¢ per pound; cabbage, 1½¢ per pound; parsnips, \$1; onions, \$1.15 to \$1.50; carrots, \$1.
Hops—7¢ to 10¢; 1898 crop, 5¢ to 6¢.
Wool—Valley, 12¢ to 13¢ per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8¢ to 14¢; mohair, 27¢ to 30¢ per pound.
Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 3½¢; dressed mutton, 6½¢ to 7¢ per pound; lamb, 7½¢ per pound.
Hogs—Chesters, \$5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50; dressed, \$5.50 to \$6.00 per 100 pounds.
Beef—Gross, top steers, \$3.50 to \$4.00; cows, \$3 to \$3.50; dressed beef, 6½¢ to 7½¢ per pound.
Veal—Large, 6½¢ to 7½¢; small, 8¢ to 8½¢ per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool—Spring—Nevada, 12¢ to 15¢ per pound; Eastern Oregon, 12¢ to 16¢; Valley, 20¢ to 22¢; Northern, 10¢ to 12¢.
Hops—1899 crop, 11¢ to 12¢ per pound.
Butter—Fancy creamery 25¢; do seconds, 22¢ to 24¢; fancy dairy, 21¢ to 22¢; do seconds, 18¢ to 20¢ per pound.
Eggs—Store, 18¢ to 20¢; fancy ranch, 22¢.
Milkstuffs—Middlings, \$17.00 to 20.00; bran, \$13 to 14.00.
Hay—Wheat \$6.50 to 9.50; wheat and oat \$6.50 to 9.00; best barley \$5.00 to 7.00; alfalfa, \$6.00 to 7.50 per ton; straw, 30¢ to 45¢ per bale.
Potatoes—Early Rose, 85¢ to 90¢; Oregon Burbanks, 85¢ to 13.00; river Burbanks, 60¢ to 85¢; Salinas Burbanks, \$1.00 to 1.25 per sack.
Citrus Fruit—Oranges, Valencia, \$2.75 to 3.25; Mexican lemons, \$4.00 to 5.00; California lemons 75¢ to \$1.50; do choice \$1.75 to 2.00 per box.
Tropical Fruits—Bananas, \$1.50 to 2.50 per bunch; pineapples, nominal; Persian dates, 6¢ to 6½¢ per pound.

Enthusiastic Old Wheelman.

There is an old adage to the effect that it is never too late to mend, and that seems to apply to the bicycle, rather, to the people who ride it. A Peoria (Ill.) man learned to ride at the age of 61 years and now is 72. During these 11 years he has ridden 80,000 miles, and is still going. To commemorate his career as a cyclist he has erected a monument over the spot where he is to be buried, and on the shaft the figure of a bicycle is carved.

In the Boone County (Mo.) circuit court a saloonkeeper was fined \$150 for selling to a minor. This is the first case ever tried in Boone county, under the law, by which damages assessed in such cases go to the party making complaint.

England can no longer compete with us in the shipment of many products to China. This is merely natural. The best wins in everything. For a like reason, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has for fifty years acknowledged no superior, because there is nothing better to cure constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia and biliousness.

What Was Lacking.

"That waiter of yours is the slowest I ever struck," said a fat customer.

"Well, if you had a wagon, and the wheels didn't work to suit you, what would you do?" asked the restaurant proprietor.

"Why, I'd grease 'em."

"Well, why don't you 'grease' the waiter?"—Yonkers Statesman.

VITALITY how debilitated or exhausted cured by Dr. Kline's Invigorating Tonic. FREE BOTTLE containing 2 weeks' treatment. Dr. Kline's Institute, 301 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The Republic Steel Company, one of the two big steel trusts recently formed, has 13 plants in Indiana.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

So far this season about 80,000 boxes of oranges have been shipped from Manatee county, Fla.

On April 1 next Buffalo carpenters will get 25 cents an hour.

Within a year eight beet sugar factories have been built in Michigan.

The Months of Madness.

Contrary to the general opinion, more people go mad during the summer months than in the usually gloomy and dull months of November, December and January, when times are bad and the general conditions appear more conducive to insanity. Not only in this country, but also in many others, it is found more people go mad during May, June and July than during any other portion of the year, and that suicide—which is due to some form of insanity—is also more prevalent during the summer.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a family medicine with us since 1865.—J. R. Madison, 2409 42d Ave., Chicago, Ill.

He Threw Away the Wine.

Three dozen bottles of old wine were unearthed in the village of Southampton, L. I., by workmen who were digging a furnace pit in the cellar of Edward P. Hunting's house. The house was formerly occupied by Mr. Hunting's father and it is supposed the wine had been buried there for more than 60 years. Mr. Hunting is a teetotaler and the wine was thrown away.

STATES OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 5th day of December, A. D. 1888.

WITNESSES:
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Sent for testing gratis, free of charge. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Four hundred Belgian miners have moved to Russia to work in the mines at Donetz.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's Signature is on each box. 25c.

A large cotton mill is being erected in Mexico at Atotonilco on the line of the inter-oceanic railroad.

Two-thirds of the world's sugar is produced from beets.

SALT LAKE CITY.

An Important Factor in Transcontinental Travel.

No one crossing the continent can afford to cut Salt Lake City from his route. The attractions of the place, including the Mormon Temple, Tabernacle and Church institutions, the Great Salt Lake—dearer and denser than the Dead Sea in the Holy Land—the picturesque environment and the warm sulphur and hot springs, are greater to the square yard than any locality on the American continent.

The Rio Grande Western Railway, connecting on the East with the Denver & Rio Grande and Colorado Midland Railways and on the West with the Southern Pacific (Central Route) and Oregon Short Line, is the only transcontinental line passing directly through Salt Lake City via the Rio Grande Western Railway is famous all the year round. On account of the equable climate of Utah and Colorado it is just as popular in winter as in summer. Send 2c to J. D. Mansfield, 258 Washington St., Portland, or Geo. W. Heintz, Acting General Passenger Agent, Salt Lake City, for a copy of "Salt Lake City—the City of the Saints."

At Auburn (N. Y.) the malsters have gained an increase of wages from \$9 per week to \$12.

The Pleasantest, Most Powerful and Effective Nervinalgic Remedy for RHEUMATISM, Sciatica, Neuralgia, ILLA GRIPPE and CATARRH!

TRADE MARK: The efficacy of "S. DROPS" as a Curative is well known to all who have used them. It is a natural and powerful remedy for all the ailments mentioned above. It is a natural and powerful remedy for all the ailments mentioned above. It is a natural and powerful remedy for all the ailments mentioned above.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO. 180-184 E. Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

In San Francisco the retail carpet men have organized to regulate prices and prevent competition. Five of the largest carpet houses are in the new combination.