

Entered in the postoffice at Ontario, Oregon, for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

M. E. BAIN,  
Editor and Proprietor

**Brief News of the Week**

Examinations will be held at all army posts July 14 next for civilian candidates for appointments as second lieutenants in the mobile army. There are only a few vacancies.

The 137th legislature of New Jersey adjourned without passing a bill providing for jury reform. Failure to pass this measure is in opposition to the expressed wishes of President Wilson.

Shawneetown, which is 50 miles above Cairo, on the Ohio, was practically destroyed by the flood, but no lives have been lost. The water came up slowly and all had plenty of time to flee to the hills.

Parkersburg, W. Va., suffered the worst flood in its history during the recent inundations. A flood stage of 58.8 feet, six feet higher than ever before, has been reached. Only one death is reported.

The newspapers of Germany are enjoying themselves hugely over the antics of the suffragettes in England and are filled with suggestions how best to deal with these "vote hyenas," "devil women," "fire witches," and "bashi bazoukesses."

Nine pouches of registered mail, containing \$100,000 worth of postage stamps and new currency of approximately \$100,000, all water-soaked by the floods, reached the postoffice at St. Louis. The stamps are a total loss, but the money may be saved.

A federal grand jury at San Francisco will begin an investigation shortly of charges that prominent brokers of that city were guilty of criminal conspiracy to loot a federal bank depository in trading with Charles F. Baker, the assistant cashier of the Crocker National bank, who has confessed to embezzling approximately \$200,000.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars are necessary to relieve suffering among flood refugees in Indianapolis, according to the report of the general relief committee there. Three thousand families are reported to be totally or partially homeless, and it is said that \$100 will be required for each of these. State aid is being asked in Indiana by Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Peru and Logansport.

**People in the News**

Thomas Q. Seabrooke, comic opera comedian, died from pneumonia after a brief illness at a Chicago hotel.

General E. Z. Steever, commanding the second cavalry brigade, stationed on the Mexican border, was retired formally by direct order from the war department.

Henry C. Coudrey, ex-representative in congress, and Harry B. Gardner were found guilty in the federal district court at St. Louis of using the mails to defraud.

With a silver spade, presented by the board of supervisors, Mayor Rolph turned the first shovelful of earth for the foundation of what will be San Francisco's new \$3,500,000 city hall.

In pursuance of a desire to devote all her time to her home in Pittsburg, Lillian Russell, the noted actress, has permanently retired from the stage, according to a report. She is the wife of Alexander P. Moore, the Pittsburg publisher.

Secretary Garrison of the war department has been sending back to President Wilson optimistic reports of the Ohio flood situation the past week. A big tent city has been established at Dayton to accommodate nearly 100,000 temporarily homeless people.

District Attorney Whitman of New York is investigating charges of New York restaurant proprietors that they were required to pay large sums of money for all-night licenses and police protection, only to have their establishments ordered closed by Mayor Gaynor's 1 o'clock order, recently issued. One of the men testified that he had paid a representative of the police department \$500 for the right to keep open all night.

**Indian Seeks Divorce**

The Dalles.—It is not so uncommon for Indians to apply to officials here with the request that they be married "like white folks," as they put it, but divorce proceedings among the red tribes of this section is unprecedented.

Such action, however, has been instituted by Charlie Pistol Hat, a Warm Springs Indian. Perhaps Lillie, his wife, could not stand the burden of his name. At any rate she deserted Charlie, he alleges in his complaint. Evidently her decision was a New Year's resolution for she left him January 1, 1905, about a month after they were married.

Charlie waited over eight years for his quaw to return to him, lost hope and then started divorce proceedings.

**THE DONATIONS FOR THE FLOOD VICTIMS GENEROUS**

No where has the spirit of brotherhood been manifested to a greater degree than in Ontario and vicinity, since the appeal for help has come from the flood districts, at the season when each day means so much to the farmer and to the busy housewife.

As soon as the need of assistance became known, the Work and Win club called upon the women of Ontario to aid in the relief work. A partial list of what has been sent is given below.

Contributions are still welcome and will be gladly sent. Money to the amount of, aside from what the lodges sent, was contributed by the following:

- Work and Win club—\$50.
- Carnation club—\$20.
- Clover club—\$2.50.
- S. and C. club—\$5.00.
- Congregational Ladies' Aid—\$10.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church met and sewed, to the effect that two dozen garments were added to the boxes of clothing sent by express. In these boxes were \$5. worth of new stuff, donated by Mr. Newton, who purchased the Crank stock.

All clothing was in excellent condition, the kind you, yourself, would be glad to wear under similar conditions.

Two crates of eggs were shipped by express, also two crates of canned fruit. These were followed Tuesday morning by a car load of supplies, collected through the generosity of members of the Grange and of Fruit land, who donated about half of the potatoes apples and onions.

The gratifying part of the gift is not what has been done, but the beautiful spirit manifested by the entire community, in its eagerness to render assistance.

It is good to live where nature has lavished abundantly, but it is also pleasing to know that the people themselves partake of the bigness, the generosity of the land in which they live.

To give a list of the many who contributed, as well as those who gave their time and labor, would be impossible.

Those in charge of the relief work wish to express their appreciation of the aid they received from each of these, as well as from Mr. Drane and Mr. Storkman, representing the railroad.

The governor of Indiana has written a letter thanking the Ontario ladies for their contributions and assuring them the sufferers would appreciate the assistance.

**CHAMBERLAIN GIVES VIEWS**

Oregon Senator Believes 15 Per Cent Duty is Needed by the Growers

Washington.—Senator Chamberlain gave out the following authorized statement of his position on wool:

"In view of the fact that Oregon is a wool-growing state, it seems to me in the preparation of a tariff measure some concession ought to be made to the wool-growing industry, particularly in view of the fact that a reduced duty is retained on the manufactured product. I am advised that wool-growers in the west and middle west would be satisfied with an ad-valorem duty of 15 per cent. This small concession would not add appreciably to the cost of the manufactured product, and therefore would not have material influence on the high cost of living.

"If the house passes the general tariff bill designed to carry out the pledges which democrats and republicans made to revise the tariff downward, I would not let my vote be influenced by any one item placed on the free list against my personal objection. In other words, it is better to sacrifice my individual interest than that a burdensome rate of taxation be levied upon the whole people. I believe the tariff ought to be revised downward, and so far as my vote and influence goes it shall be. The retention of a slight duty on wool, however, would not violate democratic policy or the declarations of the democratic platform. It is a question if the government can afford to lose the revenue that would be derived from a small duty on wool."

That both young and old in the average family wade into a savory dish of pork and beans with brown bread and boiled potatoes may be taken as pretty good evidence that they consider the ration outlined a well balanced one. And chemical analysis shows that it is giving ginger to the boys and girls to study and play and the men and women who work.

**SHORT MESSAGE STICKS TO TARIFF**

Continued from page 1.

us by long process and at our own invitation. It does not alter a thing to upset it and break it and deprive it of a chance to change. It destroys it. We must make changes in our fiscal laws, in our fiscal system, whose object is development, a more free and wholesome development, not revolution or upset or confusion. We must build up trade, especially foreign trade. We need the outlet and the enlarged field of energy more than we ever did before. We must build up industry as well and must adopt freedom in the place of artificial stimulation only so far as it will build, not pull down. In dealing with the tariff the method by which this may be done will be a mat-



© by American Press Association.

**PRESIDENT WILSON.**  
ter of judgment, exercised item by item. To some not accustomed to the excitements and responsibilities of greater freedom our methods may in some respects and at some points seem heroic, but remedies may be heroic and yet be remedies. It is our business to make sure that they are genuine remedies. Our object is clear. If our motive is above just challenge and only an occasional error of judgment is chargeable against us we shall be fortunate.

**Thorough, but Moderate.**

We are called upon to render the country a great service in more matters than one. Our responsibility should be met, and our methods should be thorough, as thorough as moderate and well considered, based upon the facts as they are, and not worked out as if we were beginners. We are to deal with the facts of our own day, with the facts of no other, and to make laws which square with those facts. It is best—indeed, it is necessary—to begin with the tariff. I will urge nothing upon you now at the opening of your session which can obscure that first object or divert our energies from that clearly defined duty. At a later time I may take the liberty of calling your attention to reforms which should press close upon the heels of the tariff changes, if not accompany them, of which the chief is the reform of our banking and currency laws, but just now I refrain. For the present I put these matters on one side and think only of this one thing—of the changes in our fiscal system which may best serve to open once more the free channels of prosperity to a great people whom we would serve to the utmost and throughout both rank and file.

**WOODROW WILSON.**  
The White House, April 8, 1913.

**INTEREST IN THE SESSION.**

For the First Time in Many Years Democrats Control.

Elements in the extra session of congress are unusual. President Wilson has called the great body together at a time when his party has absolute control of every branch of the government relating to legislation.

This has not been the case before in twenty years. During that period of long ago when the Democrats were in power President Cleveland called an extra session, but the conditions were vastly different from now.

The extra session under President Wilson is remarkable because the lawmakers to a large extent are men of comparatively recent rise to prominence. Because of the fact that the Democratic party is providing a change from Republican rule for the first time in sixteen years great interest is centered upon the doings of congress.

Virtually a new generation of legislators has sprung up. With but a very few exceptions there are no men who figured in congressional doings of twenty years ago who are sharing the responsibilities of the body now.

Of only one thing has the public been absolutely certain, and that is that the tariff would be first and foremost among the subjects for work by the legislators, and that revision downward would be the purpose. The legislators themselves have not known just how the revision is to be managed, and it has been well understood that they would not all be pleased over all the details of the ultimate changes. The subject has been thrashed over so

**The Earning Power**

**OF A MAN**

*Depends Upon His Physical Condition*

Restful Sleep Invigorates

At first sight it is hard to make people understand the wonderful qualities of a

**"SEALY MATTRESS"**

It looks different and feels different from any other mattress.

It violates all the horyheaded mattress tradition. Instead of being straight and dotted with tufts, it is smooth and curved. Instead of being hard to the touch, it yields to the pressure with the gentleness of fine pneumatic cushion and yet with none of the clingingness of the old feather bed. The Sealy tuftless mattress promotes sound refreshing sleep. You get up in the morning refreshed—your entire system replenished with the energy which makes you a "live wire." The worker who sleeps on a Sealy is "always on the job," ready for the next day's task. A Sealy mattress is not a luxury, it is an absolute necessity to the man who wants to make good, whether at the work bench or the office desk. One has to sleep on it to understand why it is so many having tried the Sealy Mattress refuse to use any other kind. We are willing to let customers prove this mattress out for themselves—to send one to your home and to take it back any time within 60 days if it is not all that you hoped it would be. We do not care what kind of mattress you are now using. You are the sole judge of its merits. There will be no quibble about it. It is guaranteed for 20 years.

Now on Special Sale and Display. Sold Only by

**Ontario Furniture Co.**



Buy **Kayser Kid Gloves and Hose at Lampkin's** all sizes and colors **50c to \$1.25 per Pair**

**st National Bank**

Of Ontario, Oregon

Capital, Surplus and Profits \$125,000.00

Known For Its Strength

With ample resources for all legitimate Demands. Owned, controlled and managed by local men, who have had years of active banking experience. This bank stands for the development and advancement of Ontario and the surrounding country. We offer every accommodation and service in keeping with safe Banking and solicit your business.

"A Good Bank in a Good Country"

A. L. COCKRUM, President; T. TURNBULL, Vice President;  
C. E. KENYON, Cashier; H. B. COCKRUM, Ass't. Cashier;  
C. W. PLATT, Ass't. Cashier

**Butter Wrappers**

*Must Be Printed*

We are printing more wrappers than any other two offices in this section. There is a reason. We have the machinery, type and workmen necessary and we take the same care with Butter wrappers that we do with wedding invitations.

Take your next order of Butter Wrappers to the **Argus Office**