

Work of Congress

Provision was made for the administration of the new tariff law by the adoption by the Senate Saturday of numerous amendments to the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, which was passed. In addition to the salaries for judges and other officials and employees of the new United States Court of Customs Appeals the Senate appropriated \$100,000 to aid the State Department in making treaties, \$25,000 for the President's traveling expenses, \$100,000 to pay the expenses of the advisory board which will assist the President in carrying out the duties imposed upon him by the maximum and minimum provision and \$100,000 to defray the expenses of the new corporation tax. The Senate voted to reduce the salaries of the judges of the new Customs Court to the amount received by judges of United States Circuit Courts. Salaries of the government attorneys who will try customs cases also were reduced. The House adopted the conference report on the tariff bill, 195 to 183, twenty Republicans voting adversely. A motion to recommit the bill to conference was lost by a narrow margin.

Several Senators insisted that the conference report be read in full Monday to avoid undue haste, and the Senate dragged through a seven-hour session. Senator Daniel opened the debate on the report, charging that the Democratic members of the Finance Committee had been dealt with unfairly in that they had not been permitted to vote in committee on the adoption of the report. He claimed that an agreement entered into for that purpose with Mr. Aldrich had been violated. Intentional violation was disavowed by Mr. Aldrich, who could not agree with Mr. Daniel as to what had occurred between them. Senator Bristol said the bill did not keep party pledges and he would not vote for it. The conference report on the Philippine tariff bill was agreed to by the House. The measure, which is supplementary to the Payne tariff bill and is intended to provide enough additional revenue to make up the amount which will be lost to the Philippine government by the enactment of the provision for free trade between the United States and the Philippines. A bill granting a franchise for the construction of a dam across the Savannah River was passed. The remainder of the session was taken up with a discussion of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill as amended by the Senate. One of the amendments provided for carriages for the Vice President and the speaker, and all of them were disagreed to.

When the Senate met Tuesday it was all once apparent that opposition to the conference report on the tariff bill had collapsed, and an agreement was soon reached to vote on the measure at 2 o'clock Thursday. The Western Senators agreed to vote on the bill at that time under the understanding that a concurrent resolution would be passed correcting the hide and leather schedule. The change will make manufactured leather dutiable at 10, instead of 15 per cent. Senator Culberson said he would seek to have cotton bagging included in the concurrent resolution. Mr. Aldrich in replying to Mr. Newlands said that the conference provision giving the President power to secure information on the maximum and minimum clause would be found more effective than the Senate clause. Senator Clapp attacked the conference report and Senator McCumber supported it. After being in session seven minutes the House took recess until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. In answer to Mr. Clark (Missouri), Mr. Dailzell (Pennsylvania) said the adjournment was moved in order that the members might take action on the conference report on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, and that the tariff bill would not be brought in. When the House reconvened there was a very slim attendance, and the report was not ready, so the House adjourned.

The progressive Senators occupied most of the time in the Senate Wednesday, a night session being necessary to allow them to express their views on the tariff bill. There was a very small attendance, interest centering on the vote to be taken at 2 o'clock Thursday. Mr. Beveridge attacked the wording of the maximum and minimum clause and Mr. Hale defended it. Mr. Aldrich reported a concurrent resolution which is expected to remedy the leather schedule to meet the views of the range Senators. The House passed the urgent deficiency bill as reported by the conferees. It carries \$1,000,000, or an increase of \$666,000. The provisions for automobile bills for the speaker and the Vice President and the customs court were retained despite bitter opposition. The bill makes no provision for salaries of the judges of the court.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

Mrs. J. F. Lewy, of Chicago, was thrown over an embankment from the back of a burro in Colorado and badly bruised.

John Galvin, vice mayor of Cincinnati, Ohio, took the oath as mayor, succeeding the late Colonel Leopold Markbreidt.

Mrs. Maria Rook, an American, 42 years old, fell dead from the Red Star line steamer Koonland as the vessel was leaving Antwerp for New York.

In attempting to save his 10-year-old son from being run down by a train, **George Galt** was killed at Dayton, Ky., the boy being probably fatally injured.

Little Elson, a Sioux Indian chief, has returned from Nicaragua and announced that a band of his followers from the Dakotas will go to that republic and live.

Willie Barrett, 13 years old, with only one leg, rescued two youths from drowning in the Ohio River at Cincinnati, and is being urged for a Carnegie hero medal.

SALT LAKE OCCUPIED BY G. A. R.

Veterans Rule City and Tourists Augment Large Crowds.

Occupation of the city of Salt Lake by the Grand Army of the Republic was complete Monday. Coming from all directions, the veterans won every strategic point and commanded all communications. Their colors were everywhere. On the program it was the first day of the forty-third encampment. Edgar COMMANDEER NEVUS, Allen, commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans, was one of the early arrivals. He was tendered a reception by his organization Monday evening. The first formal gathering was that of the Union ex-prisoners of war, who met in the Federation of Labor hall at 10 o'clock. The railroads carried a heavy passenger traffic into Salt Lake with few mishaps. The veterans and members of affiliated organizations were outnumbered by the tourists and sight-seers. Arrivals Sunday were estimated at 6,000. All who came were accommodated without difficulty, and there was still a large number of rooms upon which to draw.

Two camp fires, one at Assembly Hall in Temple square and the other at the armory, were attended by the Grand Army members Monday night. A local celebration, the entrance of the wizard of the Wasatch and his satellites, was a brilliant outdoor spectacle at 9 o'clock and throughout the evening. Commander Nevus of the Grand Army of the Republic, his staff and officers of allied organizations met the visitors at a reception under the auspices of the women's committee in the Commercial Club parlors.

WOMAN FOR PRESIDENCY.

Chicago Settlement Leader Wanted as Chief Executive.

"Jane Addams of Chicago, future President of the United States," will be the slogan before many months have passed, according to the advocates of equal suffrage. Boston has been chosen as the starting point of the startling and novel campaign by which the women hope to gain prestige, if not actually a president.

Miss Alice Stone Blackwell says that no better candidate could be found than the Chicago woman, and her



MISS JANE ADDAMS.

opinion is shared by Boston suffragettes, who are preparing to work with might and main for the election of Miss Addams. "A woman President would be quite as competent to attend to the national duties as a man," says Miss Blackwell. "There have been women rulers of countries before now, and many of them stand out in history as notable for their good judgment and strong, intelligent minds."

When interviewed at Hull House in Chicago Miss Addams treated the whole matter as a joke.

SHOOTS JUROR: KILLS SELF.

Stranger Wounds Hotel Man Who Helped in Sentencing Him.

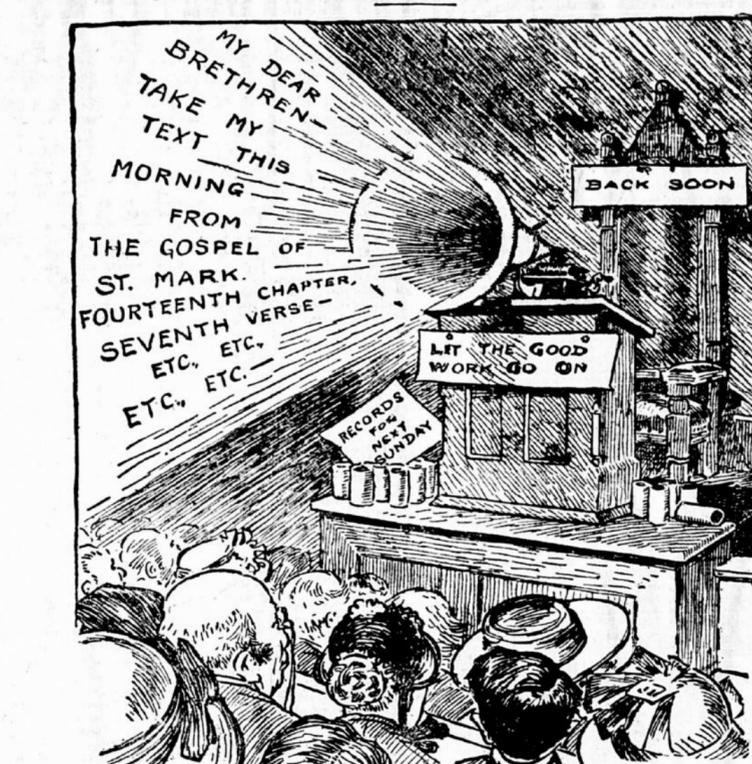
Daniel A. Fenton was shot and fatally injured on West Main street in Middletown, N. Y., at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Fenton, who conducted the Hotel Elberton, left his hotel about 2 o'clock. He was followed by a stranger, who tapped him on the shoulder and made a remark. Fenton looked at the stranger, turned and fled. The stranger fired a revolver from his pocket, but missed the fleeing man. He then took up the pursuit and fired two more shots. Fenton fell to the sidewalk and the stranger, after looking at Fenton closely, fired a bullet through his own brain. The stranger did not regard consciousness. "It was McCoskey," I sat upon a jury that sent him to prison for a long term," Fenton has conducted hotels in San Francisco and Chicago.

Skirt as Bank Burns with \$600. Mrs. Charles Hart, wife of a retired contractor, concealed \$600 in \$10 bills in a skirt hanging in a closet of her home in New York. In closing the door she ignited a parlor match on the sill that set fire to the skirt and consumed the \$600.

Father and Son Are Drowned. George Hobart, aged 65, and his son, Fred, aged 28, were drowned in Lake Minnemasha, a short distance from St. Paul. The father fell out of the boat in which the two were fishing and the son dived for him and lost his life.

Car Collision Injures Seven. In a rear end collision between two crowded street cars near Suburban Garden seven persons were hurt, one seriously. All the injured are residents of St. Louis.

"WHY, OF COURSE, OUR PASTOR CAN TAKE A VACATION."



JUDGE CLARKSON FOUND.

Lawyer Discovered Making Buttons at Sabula, Iowa.

Former Judge Joseph B. Clarkson, Jr., of Kenosha, Wis., who strangely disappeared from his home on the night of July 14 last, was found Friday at Sabula, Ia., working in a button factory, under the name of John Paul. He returned to his home with Detective John J. Burns of Kenosha.

The finding of the man, while clearing the question of his whereabouts, has deepened the mystery of the mental process that caused him to forsake his identity, forsake his home and wander about the country in search of work as a common laborer.

Perhaps the most puzzling feature of the case is that Judge Clarkson visited the same places that he visited eighteen years ago, after he had disappeared from his home in Omaha, Neb., and worked his way through the farms and towns of Iowa, under the assumed name of Doolittle. He had even applied for work at the very farm where he had been given employment as a straggler almost two decades ago.

FIGHT FOR THE PENNANTS.

Standing of Clubs in the Principal Base Ball Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.			
	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	71	27	.716
Chicago	67	31	.684
New York	57	37	.605
Cincinnati	48	50	.490

AMERICAN LEAGUE.			
	W.	L.	Pct.
Detroit	62	41	.603
Philadelphia	62	41	.603
Boston	62	41	.603
Cleveland	53	51	.510

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.			
	W.	L.	Pct.
Minn'polis	66	50	.568
Milwaukee	64	51	.558
Louisville	60	55	.520
Columbus	58	58	.500

ODDS & ENDS OF SPORT

Toboggan, Pat Ormus and Arvid Ladd were killed and a score of crack horses were injured by a fire which destroyed thirty-five stalls at the driving park at Turso, Okla.

Not one of the American horses that were among the starters in the events at Sandown Park, England, were winners. H. P. Whitney, J. R. Keene and Richard Croker were represented in the entries.

At the Canadian Athletic championship meet at Winnipeg, George H. Goulding, of Toronto, clipped nearly a second off the world's best mark. His record for the mile walk is 6 minutes and 25 1-5 seconds.

There is a scarcity of good steeplechase horses throughout the country, and it is the exception to find new, promising steeds. The races are filled with old "has-beens," and others on the verge of breaking down. The fields are of goodly size, as a rule, in Canada, but there are no new horses, and the same old names which have been familiar for years are still doing duty.

The Wisconsin Union of Sharpshooters' Societies will hold a State tournament shoot in September under the direction of the general committee of Wausau, Wausau, Chilton, New Holstein, La Crosse, Monroe, Monticello, Milwaukee, and New Glarus will be represented in the contest.

Lillian R. (2:04 1/2), the greatest racing trotting mare of Pennsylvania, owned by David Shaw, of Pittsburg, has been bred to that good sire, Peter the Great (2:07 1/2). This transfers from the activities of training and racing to the life of a matriarch one of the fastest and most successful trotters of recent years.

DROWN IN ACCIDENT TO LAUNCH.

Craft Carrying Passengers at Sunday School Pique Strikes Fishing.

Two bodies are lying at the Canton police station in Baltimore, and two others at the bottom of the Patapsco river, while sixteen persons who were their companions are alive and thankful that they were not also drowned, when a gasoline launch carrying them was wrecked. Mrs. Katherine E. Brown, aged 60 years; Frank Pryor, aged 19 years, and two children lost their lives. Pryor was acting as engineer of the launch. The others were attending the annual picnic of the Huntington Avenue Baptist Church Sunday School. Twenty persons had entered the launch for a short trip on the river. The craft had reached a point about a hundred yards from shore, when it struck some piling, the top of which was under water. The occupants were thrown into the water, which at that point is only about four feet deep. Rescue parties at once put out from shore and saved sixteen occupants of the launch.

MURDER IN SOLDIERS' HOME.

Captain Oscar Eastmond Slain by Another Veteran at Dayton, O.

Captain Oscar Eastmond, of the National Soldiers' Home in Dayton, O., was shot and killed by Edward Leonard, another veteran. The murdered man was Colonel of the First North Carolina Infantry in the Civil War. He had been superintendent of the home hotel and was 69 years old. He leaves a widow, who resides in New York City. He also leaves an adopted son, who is employed in the Cash Register Works. Leonard, who is said to have been crazed with jealousy because of recent appointments and promotions, also shot Sergt. George W. Arnold, not fatally, and wounded Warren Wright, a private.

FIRE LOSS AT SUMMER RESORT.

Thirty-six Buildings, Including Three Hotels, Are Destroyed.

A loss estimated at \$1,000,000 was caused by the fire which swept thirty-six buildings from the main street of the summer resort town of Monticello, N. Y. Three hotels filled with summer guests, mainly from New York City, were destroyed. They were the Rockwell House, the Palatine Hotel and the Bolsum House. All the guests escaped with most of their personal effects. The Monticello House was not burned. The United National Bank, two newspaper offices and every store but one in the town were destroyed. The further spread of the flame was prevented by the use of dynamite.

SALMON CATCH PROVES IMMENSE.

Fish So Many That Washington Canneries Cannot Handle Them.

Countless thousands of salmon are being permitted to ascend to their spawning grounds without hindrance from fish traps, which have been lifted, says a dispatch from Bellingham, Wash. While the canneries are glutted with fish, dozens of scows are alongside loaded with salmon and tows are coming in with long strings of fish-laden barges. It is proving an impossibility to handle the catch. The price of sockeyes has fallen to 10 cents each.

CROWD SEES LAND DRAWING.

Cour d'Alene Lottery for Homesteads Operated by U. S. at Spokane.

Although the crowds of land seekers were not so large as during the filing of applications for registration on the Cour d'Alene, Spokane and Flathead reservations, several thousand people were present Monday when the drawing began. Each of the 105,000 persons who applied for Cour d'Alene lands has one chance in 333; of the 100,000 applicants for Spokane lands, one in 400 may win, and of the 87,000 for Flathead land one in fifteen has a chance.

Mere Man Not a Dishwasher.

Dishwashing is not a part of the duties of a husband, Police Judge McGannon ruled in Cleveland. Harry Cohen was in court charged with beating his wife. Cohen said his wife started the fight when he refused to wash the dishes and clean up the house. He said he did not beat her, but only defended himself. Judge McGannon discharged Cohen.

Lightning Fire Kills Three.

Lightning struck the Liberty Bell mine near Telluride, Colo., and three miners, overcome by smoke that filled the mine after the bolt had set fire to the buildings, are dead. Four other victims of the smoke are in a serious condition.

Pays High for a Rembrandt.

A Rembrandt painting is the latest addition to the art treasures of Charles P. Taft, brother of President Taft. The painting is said to have cost Mr. Taft \$500,000.

LOST MILLIONS BY ONE SPREE.

Death of Robert Womack, Gold Discoverer, Recalls His Career.

With the death Tuesday of Robert Womack, discoverer of gold in the Cripple Creek district, the career of a man who lost millions by one spree was ended.

In 1891 Womack dug a prospect hole in what is now known as the El Paso lode of the Gold King property. A few days later he struck the bonanza lode. He could not stand prosperity. Coming to Colorado Springs he went on a spree and sold his bonanza for \$500. Then, crazed with drink and success, Womack jumped on his broncho and rode through the streets, brandishing his six-shooter and proclaiming his secret. The next few days saw one of the greatest rushes to the scene of his discovery that the West has ever known.

When Womack sobered up, two or three days later, he returned to the district, only to find that the best mining property had been located by others. He staked out a few claims, and soon he was compelled to go to work for day wages.

SLAYERS OF PETROSINO TRACED.

Two Men Now Under Arrest at Columbus in Italy at Time.

Inspector Oldfield in his report to the Postmaster General states that Antonio Marruffi and Cologero Vicario, both of Dennison, O., who are in jail at Columbus awaiting action by the grand jury, were in Sicily at the time of the murder of Lieut. Petrosino, the New York detective. He says they returned to the United States after the assassination and furnished the theory that if the New York police should cooperate with the postal inspectors it is possible that connection can be traced between them and the society of the "Blackhanders" who are believed to have murdered the New York police lieutenant.

Nineteen money orders, each for \$1,000, and one for \$80 have been traced to Italy for the fund to protect from justice the slayers of Petrosino. The money was sent by Camillo Nuzisicchi, who is supposed to be either the sister or wife of Salvatore, the head of the organized society at Marion, O.

RENDER 100 FAMILIES HOMELESS.

Flames Cause Heavy Damage in South Chicago, Ill.

More than 100 families were made homeless, scores of remarkable rescues of panic-stricken women and children in imminent danger of being burned to death or suffocated were made by policemen and firemen and property valued at \$50,000 was destroyed by flames that swept through a score of frame dwellings in Superior and Buffalo avenues, near 86th street, South Chicago, Ill., Tuesday. Reports that six persons were killed were pronounced unfounded. The fire, starting from an unknown cause on a rear porch of a building in Superior avenue, spread so rapidly that many of the residents only had time to flee to the street in night clothing.

How Cholera Cure Is Found.

J. H. Mercer, government live stock sanitary inspector, is proving the efficiency of serum treatment of hogs for cholera prevention. He is making tests at the Kansas City stock yards and has given the serum and anti-cholera treatment to animals which are alive and well, notwithstanding they were kept in the same pen with hogs that were given cholera virus and afterward died.

Water Famines Endangers Crops.

The drought throughout eastern Pennsylvania is becoming so severe that unless rain comes soon the crops will be ruined. Springs and wells are drying up. Water may be hauled to operate the collieries.

Hurricane Bomb Thrown.

A dynamite bomb thrown into the midst of a crowd surrounding a street vender in Woonsocket, R. I., injured nine persons, one of whom will die. The bomb thrower was not arrested and the cause of the throwing of the missile is a mystery.

Woman of 70 Dies in Fire.

Mrs. James Hensler, 70 years old, was suffocated by smoke at the home of her son-in-law, Thomas H. Marney, in Philadelphia, during a fire in the upper part of the house.

TAFT TRIP OF 13,000 MILES.

President Outlines Itinerary for Fall Visit to West and South.

President Taft has made public a tentative outline of the trip he will take through the South and West this fall. The big trip will be a swing around practically the entire United States, embracing a journey approximating 13,000 miles—as long as the cruise of the battleship fleet from Hampton roads, through the Straits of Magellan to San Francisco Bay.

The President, accompanied by Secretary Fred W. Carpenter, Captain Archibald W. Butt, his military aid; several White House attaches, and perhaps a guest or two for various parts of the trip, will travel in a private car attached for the greater part of the time to regular trains, but running "special" frequently. It will be a "White House on wheels." The President will start from Boston on Sept. 15, his fifty-second birthday.

Following is the itinerary as outlined:

- Sept. 15—Boston.
- Sept. 16—Chicago.
- Sept. 17—Madison and Portage, Wis.; Winona, Minn.
- Sept. 18—Minneapolis, Minn.
- Sept. 20—Des Moines, Iowa; Omaha.
- Sept. 21—Denver, Colo.
- Sept. 22—Colorado Springs and Pueblo, Colo.
- Sept. 23—Glenwood Springs and Montrose, Colo.
- Sept. 24—Salt Lake City, Utah.
- Sept. 25—Butte and Helena, Mont.
- Sept. 26—Spokane, Wash.
- Sept. 28—North Yakima and Seattle, Wash.; Alaska-Yukon exposition.
- Oct. 2—Portland, Ore.
- Oct. 4—Sacramento, Cal.
- Oct. 5—Oakland, Berkeley, and San Francisco, Cal.
- Oct. 7, 8, 9—Yosemite valley.
- Oct. 10—Fresno, Cal.
- Oct. 11—Los Angeles, Cal.
- Oct. 14—Grand canyon, Ariz.
- Oct. 15—Albuquerque, N. M.
- Oct. 16—El Paso, Texas; meeting with President Diaz.
- Oct. 17—San Antonio, Texas.
- Oct. 18—Corpus Christi, Texas.
- Oct. 23—Houston and Dallas, Texas.
- Oct. 25—St. Louis, Mo., and East St. Louis, Ill.
- Oct. 26—Cairo, Ill.; Hickman, Ky.
- Oct. 27—Memphis, Tenn., and Helena, Ark.
- Oct. 28—Vicksburg, Miss.
- Oct. 29—New Orleans, waterways convention.
- Nov. 1—Jackson, Miss.
- Nov. 2—Columbus, Miss., and Birmingham, Ala.
- Nov. 4—Macon and Savannah, Ga.
- Nov. 5—Charleston, S. C.
- Nov. 6—Augusta, Ga.
- Nov. 8—Columbia, S. C.
- Nov. 9—Wilmington, N. C.
- Nov. 10—Richmond, Va.
- Nov. 10—Washington, D. C.
- Nov. 11—Middleton, Conn.
- Nov. 12—Newport, R. I.
- Nov. 20—Hampton, Va.
- Nov. 21—Washington, D. C.

The final return to Washington completes the President's 13,000 mile tour. Then he will start putting the finishing touches on his annual message.

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THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



- 1492—Columbus embarked from Palos on his first voyage of discovery.
- 1619—First legislative assembly in America met at Jamestown, Va.
- 1684—Treaty of peace concluded at Albany between the Colonists and the Five Nations.
- 1711—A British and Colonial fleet sailed from Boston for the conquest of Canada.
- 1773—The city of Guatemala laid in ruin by the earthquake and the eruption of a volcano.
- 1776—The Declaration of Independence was engraved and signed by the members of Congress.
- 1782—Rhode Island refused to give Congress the power to levy an import duty of 5 per cent.
- 1789—First issue of the Pittsburgh Gazette, the first newspaper west of the Allegheny mountains.
- 1794—Fall of Robespierre and end of the Reign of Terror.
- 1795—Commissioners of the United States met the Indian chiefs of Western tribes at Greenville, Ohio, and concluded a treaty of peace.
- 1802—First issue of the Western Spy at Cincinnati.
- 1818—First Presbyterian congregation in Missouri was organized at Bellevue settlement, in Washington County.
- 1822—The New Orleans Prices Current appeared in New Orleans.
- 1834—Opening of new bridge across the Thames River in London.
- 1842—Abolition riots took place in Philadelphia.
- 1846—Congress passed a tariff bill reducing the duties on imported goods.
- 1850—Delegates from Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the New England States met at Portland, Me., to discuss the project of a railway from Halifax to Portland.
- 1854—Yellow fever became epidemic in New Orleans.
- 1856—Kansas rejected the Lecompton constitution for the second time.
- 1864—Generals made an unsuccessful assault upon Petersburg, Va.
- 1866—Race riots in New Orleans on the reassembling of the State convention. Gen. William T. Sherman commissioned Lieutenant General.
- 1868—Proclamation by the Secretary of State that the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States had been ratified by three-fourths of the States.
- 1870—Benjamin Nathan, a wealthy Hebrew citizen of New York, found murdered in his home; the mystery of the crime was never solved.
- 1872—Cuban privateer Pioneer seized by the United States marshal at Newport, R. I.
- 1873—Large section of Portland, Ore., destroyed by fire.
- 1874—Kansas militia engaged in battle with Comanche Indians on the Canadian River. Gen. Custer's expedition reached the Black Hills.
- 1876—Colorado admitted to Statehood.
- 1883—Southern exposition opened in Louisville.
- 1884—The Imperial Federation of Great Britain and Her Colonies formed in London.
- 1894—War declared between China and Japan.
- 1895—Serious flood in Fort Scott, Kansas.
- 1898—Military expedition under Gen. Brooke sailed from Newport News for Porto Rico. Spain accepted the American conditions of peace.
- 1899—Final sitting of the Peace Conference of The Hague.
- 1900—Lord Roberts proclaimed the annexation of the Transvaal to Great Britain.
- 1908—Typhoon at Canton, China, sank the Chinese vessel Ying-King, drowning 300 natives. Forest fires devastated several towns of British Columbia.
- War of Labor Unions Begun. A test of strength between the United Mine Workers of America and the members of a local union known as the Provincial Workmen's Association at the Sydney (Cape Breton) collieries of the Dominion Coal Company was begun when the former organization ordered a strike to enforce its demand for recognition. The local union, which was formed originally with the aid and consent of the union, remained loyal as a body, although some of its members had been won over to the American organization. The company charges that the American labor leaders have sought to divert the Canadian coal trade. Stockades have been built about the mines and preparations made to prevent any forcible interruption of the work. Armed deputies were placed on guard.
- A New Illuminant Offered. The Engineering and Mining Journal recently reported the successful commercial introduction of a new illuminant called blue gas in Germany. It is delivered to customers in liquid form in steel cylinders, from which it is poured into the gasometer of a given room or house. It is said to be cheaper than petroleum, while giving more powerful light and more intense heat. It is a hydrocarbon compound, free from carbon-monoxide.
- The Methodists of Gary, S. D., have adopted a novel plan for raising money for the payment of the cost of recently constructing a fine new parsonage. At the commencement of the planting season twenty bushels of seed potatoes were donated to the members of the church, who then rented a tract of ground. All hands turned in and sided in looking after the "spuds." Volunteers are looking after the cultivation and also will look after the harvesting and marketing of the crop. When the hundreds of bushels are harvested and sold the proceeds will be applied to the indebtedness on the parsonage.