

CLOCKS WILL STOP TODAY

South Dakota Legislature Comes to a Close. Many Bills Are Passed Over.

Pierre, Mar. 3. The Legislature of 1913 has indeed been a lively one from every point of view, from the Senatorial fight to the last, most exciting of all in the way of investigations of state officers. From early in the session there have been charges of irregularities in the Land Commissioner's office, and at last the committee investigating the office, found that vouchers therein had been passed over for \$110 while the person so employed received but \$40 a month for the services, and this upon personal check. Commissioner Brinker has resigned and turned into the state treasury the sum of \$535 which was abstracted from state funds upon the false vouchers and further investigation of timber sales by that department is being conducted by the committee of the legislature. At present writing the office of Secretary of State is being specially investigated, and the State engineer's office also has been investigated by the Democratic Morgan committee on double salaries and mileage. The Governor Saturday made a new appointment in the way of State Engineer, appointing Professor Homer M. Derr of Brookings College to that position, to succeed Samuel H. Lea, late incumbent of that office. The governor also appointed Hon. Marcus P. Beebe, Sr. of Ipswich as member of the Board of Regents to succeed H. Reinhardt, and Guy Frieberg of Beresford to succeed H. Frieberg.

The big fight on the saloon bill finally ended by passing the measure with 600 population to 1 without the emergency clause, and it is likely that the saloon people even so will refer the bill at the next election. Most of the fire works of the year was expended on the Senate Bank guaranty bill this week, which was lost in that body, very able debates being led by prominent senators with Morgan, Hale, Carroll, Murphy and Norbeck for it and Whitlock, McMaster, Harris, McLean and some others opposed. As a matter of record South Dakota in the past ten years has only lost a total of 67 and 1000 of one percent on bank deposits so perhaps such a law is not needed under our very excellent banking system.

A most important measure passed and signed by the Governor on the last day of February was H. B. 97, providing that taxes do not become delinquent until November 1st, and April 1st, instead of a month earlier in each case. This enactment will materially aid farmers in their work in the fall and in their sale of stock in the spring before taxes must be paid. Having an emergency the law went into effect immediately on Feb. 28.

The irregularities in two counties over wolf bounties gave that subject a black eye, after a severe fight the wolf bounty acts with appropriations of \$13,000 carried and the acts remain unrepaled. Governor Herried was in the capital in the interest of two bills, one providing for vasectomy, and the other for physical examination of parties contracting marriage, but the matter has been given up as being too late in the session to obtain a fair consideration of the worth of the measures. They will be re-introduced next session of the legislature, as thirty eight states now have provisions along this line, South Dakota need not feel a pioneer in the matter should such laws be passed here.

Two printing bills have been introduced, the latest being by a joint committee House and Senate, providing that the Governor shall be printing commissioner with power to appoint a deputy who shall be expert state printer, and absolutely all state printing must go thru the hands of this Commissioner. The other bill provides for a state printing plant, and for a printing commission, and it is yet absolutely uncertain which if either will pass, but the printing investigation committee having handled in their report, most legislators are inclined to favor such an independent printing plant for state use.

The Mothers' and Widows' pension bill, now being agitated all over the state of Missouri on the question, was passed in the House unanimously Friday, and will without any doubt go thru the Senate in the same manner. McFarland of Codington introduced the very excellent measure. The big appropriation bill now being out of the way safely, being passed with some amendments to the original committee bill as introduced the legislature will find its calendar nearly clear by the end of the session, and can adjourn Friday with stopping the clocks as is often done, to prolong the last day.

Senator Mather's bill to repeal the Richards primary or rather have a new one in place of it was lost so the

Richards matter still lives. The Governor has asked that a committee be appointed to continue the work of investigating all state departments, as they all wish now to be given a clean bill of health in beginning the year's work, after having suspicion cast upon each and all by recent statements made, and the legislature will likely appropriate sufficient funds to pay expense of such committee until July 1st, so the population of the state may know exactly how the state officers and departments stand in detail.

Investigation of the insurance charges against insurance lobbyists have been made, but nothing criminal has been found in the proceedings up to date. Next week's issue of this paper will print a full resume of all of the acts passed by the legislature of 1913.

Fairview Items.

(From the Eagle)

John Overseith was down from Canton Friday to see his brothers.

Miss Bertha Dahl of Canton visited with Miss Olive Nyhus Wednesday.

Sheriff Charley Kundert accompanied Dr. Turner down from Canton Tuesday.

Theo. Thompson was down from Canton Wednesday to attend the funeral of F. V. Lee.

Mrs. Theo. Thompson and little son Gardner of Canton visited at the A. G. Pond home several days this week.

The disagreeable odor in the vicinity of the Big Sioux wagon bridge is caused from dead fish. Hundreds of fish have died in the river this winter. The water has been low and in many places the fish some of them large catfish—were frozen in; others died probably from lack of air, while some were killed as they swam through the mill race and past the water wheels.

Inasmuch as Cathinka Johnson lost nearly all of her winter clothes, and beside, showed much heroism in the fire last week, a purse of money was made up among the citizens and presented to her as a slight reward. She is deserving of every penny of it, too, for as her mother's assistant in the central office she has always been courteous and obliging and any girl who will sleep alone in a central office, for she insisted that her mother remain at home and let her manage the night telephone service, and then act as bravely as did Miss Cathinka on the night of the fire, is certainly a heroine.

Hudson Hits.

(From the Hudsonite.)

John Overseith was down from Canton on Monday, attending the Cable sale.

J. W. Gates and daughter, Miss Beth, of Canton, Sunday with Mr. Gates' daughter, Mrs. Bert Chivington and family here. Joe is going to farm Jeff Knowlton's place, near Canton this year.

Levi McVay had planned on moving to his Canton home Tuesday, but the diphtheria in the neighborhood and Miss Halverson having boarded with them up to Saturday, they will not move until next week.

Paul Paulson has rented his farm up in Fairview township to Chris and Orlaf Wold, Paul buying Albert Wallace's interest in the Wallace Bros. hardware at Canton. Mr. Wallace, one of the county's best known sportsmen, will go on the road for the Liberty Cartridge Company.

Miss Dagma Sanderson went to Beloit on Saturday evening and visited with Supt. Gunderson and wife and with her many friends, and some of her former companions, at the Orphan's Home up there, having a very pleasant time, which however was all too short, for she had to return on Sunday afternoon.

About all the dogs in town jumped onto Jeff, P. H. Hall's hunting dog, recently and chewed him up in great shape, and his master has been doctoring him ever since and still Jeff is in the infirmary. Mr. Hall has sworn vengeance against various sundry curs that infest Hudson and if they are wise they will keep away from the Hall premises.

Sick and Injured.

E. M. Boyce is quite ill.

Prof. Andrews is a gripp sufferer.

Miss Jessie Roderick is ill at her home.

Mrs. Culbertson has been on the sick list.

B. B. O'dell is suffering from a nervous relapse.

Anthony Sletten is confined at his home this week with measles.

Mr. Haw lies seriously ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Brereton.

Gladys Bohon has been confined at her home for some time with rheumatism.

Ed. Anderson, our popular young banana man has a severe case of the mumps.

Scott Thornton had the misfortune to get in wrong with a buzz saw and had the fore-finger of his left hand badly mangled. It is hoped by his many friends that the finger may be saved.

Dr. Tuttle departed for Hudson Tuesday on veterinary business.

Obituary.

William P. Jones was born in Wales Aug. 6th, 1860, and came to America with his parents at the age of nine years, settling in Kenesha Co. Wis. Some years later removing to Eagle Grove Iowa, where nineteen years ago he was united in marriage to Mary J. Price. Again in 1903 following the "Star of Empire" that is ever wending its way westward, the family came to Harrisburg and settled on the farm that was his residence until the time of his death.

Mr. Jones was one of a family of eight children, the parents and four brothers and sisters passing on before. The grief stricken wife and one sister and two brothers, Mrs. Elizabeth Stiffin, and E. E. Jones, of Miltonvale Kans. and R. B. Jones of Racine Wis. remain to mourn his departure with, Mrs. Grace Sheffer of Harrisburg, and Mrs. Mary Johnson of Isabella S. D., children of Mr. Jones brother, and Oscar and Raymond Allen, children of Mrs. Jones' sister, who were reared in this home and feel the loss of the departed as keenly as that of a parent.

Mr. Jones was converted and united with the Dayton Hall Class of the Harrisburg M. E. Church July 24th 1904. And since its organization has been Supt. of the Sunday School at Dist. 28, always earnest and zealous in the work of the Kingdom.

An upright and faithful citizen, an exemplary neighbor, and a friend to the needy, has passed from our midst. More or less of a sufferer for some years yet never complaining; Friday morning Feb. 28th while busy about the things needful on the farm, the Master called to this pilgrim, saying "It is enough, come up higher," and loved ones found him as one peacefully sleeping the sleep of the Just.

Thus another good man has gone to his reward, and that which has empowered the lives of mortals has made Heaven richer.

"Servant of God, well done! Thy glorious warfare's past, The battle's fought, the race is won, And thou art crowned at last."

The funeral services were held from the home at 1 p. m. p. and from the Harrisburg Church at 2 o'clock on Monday, Rev. O. P. Jackson of Harrisburg officiating. Interment was in the Harrisburg cemetery.

Congregational Church Notice.

Sunday morning Service at 10:30. Pastures Subject, "My Mothers Bible"

Sunday School at noon. Scholars not attending other Schools Invited. H. H. Lee, Sunday School Supt.

Sunday evening at 7:30 sharp Pastors subject, "Twice born men." You are welcome to attend. Come early and get a back seat. Geo. Edw. Lewis

Inventions That Startle

A chewing gum locket and an elevated railroad supported by the branches of growing trees are among the devices which have been granted patents from our Government.

The Patent Office is quite broad-minded in its ideas of what ought to be patented, says Gilson Gardner in March Technical World Magazine.

The chewing gum locket was patented January 1, 1889, by Christopher W. Robertson of Summerville, Tennessee. The locket resembles the ordinary one which is used to carry the sweet earts picture, but instead of a photograph, it is lined with a porcelain glass interior. Into this the chewing gum is neatly slipped for future reference. Its advantages are set forth in the official documents as providing a place where chewing gum may be carried "attached to the person, as lockets are ordinarily worn," and "not left around carelessly to become dirty and fall into the hands of persons to whom it does not belong."

An ingenious contrivance has been patented by an Oregon man of Echo, Oregon, by means of which the family cat can be used as live bait for catching lynxes, cougars, panthers and the like, without danger to the cat and great certainty that the wild animals will be trapped. The patent consists of a sharp stake with a point at the top, intended to make it uncomfortable for pussy to rest there permanently and a ring over the stake to which by a light chain, is attached a collar or harness, which fastens around the cat's neck. In a circle about the stake are set a half dozen steel traps, securely chained to the ground in such a way that an animal caught in one of them could not quite reach the stake. Drive the stake somewhere out in the wilds where lynxes and panthers do congregate, put pussy into the collar and await results. Being a live bait, she will yowl. This will attract the animals, but when they come she will immediately escape by running up the stake, which is covered with cloth to give her claws a chance. The animal, while prancing around at the foot of the stake will prance into one of the steel traps and get caught. Pussy will come down from the pointed top and serve as bait to attract more animals.

Dr. Tuttle departed for Hudson Tuesday on veterinary business.

The A. B. C. Club met with Clarence Sandvig, Saturday evening.

TWENTY-ONE YEARS AGO THIS WEEK

Interesting Items Taken From the Files of the LEADER for the Year 1892.

Station agent Thayer is on duty again.

G. E. Moen is the proud daddy of a bouncing baby boy that arrived a few days ago.

Dr. Kelman reports a 12 pound boy who came to gladden the family of Ole Hokenstad Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Rudolph gave a card party to a number of their lady and gentleman friends last Tuesday evening.

Pastor D. Rifenbark will conduct service as usual next Sabbath. The morning discourse will be the first of a series of sermons on the "Lord's Prayer."

Chas. Johnson, who has lived near Lennox for 13 years, had his first ride on the railroad last Saturday, when he came to Canton to attend the Demorest medal contest.

Ole Thorson is down from Worthing, it is said, for the purpose of hauling wood for M. O. Mickelson, but it is the opinion of the writer that a certain young lady at that place is of more importance to Ole than a few days work.

A. J. Wimple informed the LEADER when here last Saturday, of the loss by fire of Bartlett's Minot's house in Brooklyn township, last Friday afternoon. It was occupied by John Inney. Nearly everything in the building was lost, including a fine library.

Stephen Jones met George Washington Webb on the Case corner Wednesday noon and remarked to the writer, "The difference between George Washington and George Webb is: One always told the truth and the other always —." The finish was lost in Webb's old fashioned laugh.

G. Skartved got home Sunday from his business trip to Chicago. He reports a splendid time and says that the fat cattle banner on the cattle train attracted unusual attention all along the route, and so did the cattle. Eric Rice and Eric Jacobson were also among the gentlemen who went with the train.

Christian Strand has procured a large specimen of a photograph, taken in his earlier days, and when looking at this picture, it at first seems strange how a persons appearance can change in the course of four or five years, but when considering it a little more closely, we see that the change is only between the lips and the nose.

The election in Canton township on Tuesday, resulted in the election of the following officers for the year: Supervisors, J. E. Holter, chairman, Matt DeLong and F. M. Beck; Treasurer, E. M. Boyce; Clerk, L. C. Paxton; Assessor, Math Hanson; Justices of Peace, Math Hanson and Henry Brandon; Constables, Gunder Schaiger and H. O. Strand; Overseers of Highway, 1st district P. Schaiger; 2nd district A. A. Arnold; 3rd district A. H. Zlener, 4th district H. O. Strand, 5th district Geo. Byers; Poundmasters, P. Schaiger; M. DeLong and H. O. Strand.

Mabel Snow's spectacular burlesque company of town ticklers gave a tantalizing exhibition in Bedford Hall last week Thursday night. The flaming and highly colored bills which had been posted around conspicuously led many to believe that it was to be a New York model artist show, which caused many to remain at home after supper, least the contaminating influence might be catching. "This said that bald-headed men fear nothing, not even the danger of squatting on a front seat when a grand array of stuffed lights are to pass in review. The editor of the LEADER went to the hall to see what sort of a skin game the dashing Mabel was going to play on the unsuspecting bald-heads and old bachelors. The first man we met at the head of the stairs, a piously inclined gentleman, assured us that everything was square, and we reclined gently against an upholstered stove in the back end of the hall, as nearly all the seats were occupied. We did not remain long, however, as we saw no lights or anything else that could offend or create enthusiasm, and consider the outfit as more sensational in name than in fact. No one objects to a big circus show—and when it comes down to tights and gaudy spangles, there is where it abounds. Some parts of Mabel Snow show was decidedly rich, we are informed, so far as a muscular display of padding goes, and as men alone formed the audience, we presume nobody suffered, as no serious reports are reported. Had the Rev. Dewitt Talmadge been in town, he would have attended. A strong sermon followed denouncing the folly of man in gazing at the human form divine in padded tights. Men are queer animals any way.

The country boy and the country girl must know country life; it's the natural thing; it's the profitable thing; it's the clever thing. City cousins will not fall to respect and even envy, this country cousin who can talk and write intelligently about the life of which they are a part. And now the United States bureau of education has undertaken to help in this important matter. It has issued a bulletin (No. 18, 1913) in which it shows how the teaching of agriculture domestic science and nature study in the rural schools can be united with the study of language to the great advantage of all the studies involved.

To talk and write even passably well is by no means an easy task. Most of our talking and writing is about things we know and are interested in, and if we do take up unfamiliar subjects we all flounder and get discouraged. What could be more sensible, then, than the plan to have

Baptist Church Notes.

The Baptist Ladies Aid Society met with Mrs. Kinsley on Friday with a goodly number present. Some work was done after which a toothsome lunch was served by the hostess.

Easter will be observed at the Baptist church with services appropriate to the day, music is being prepared under the direction of Mrs. Averill. The beautiful Easter story will be told by the young ladies of the Sunday School, while flowers and music of children's voices, in story and song will all bring the Easter message. Come and be glad with us.

The ladies of the Baptist Society are very busy, preparing for a sale of useful and fancy articles. The date of this sale is March 22nd, Saturday before Easter. The place is the room in the Miller Building opposite the opera house. Lunch will be served at all hours of the day, and a chicken pie supper from 5 o'clock on through the evening, the price 25 cts. The Baptist ladies do not often solicit the patronage of the public, this is one of the times they do, and a large attendance at both sale and supper, will be much appreciated. Further announcement will be given next week.

The Baptist Sunday School, last Sunday, completed all arrangements for the much talked of trip to Palestine. The popular Ocean Liners, "Lustania" and "Mauretania," under management of genial and trustworthy captains, have been chartered for this wonderful trip, and every member of the school has already taken passage. As the ships progress on their journey the passengers will study, not only their route, but the land to which they go; the sacred, historic Palestine. This promises to be a most interesting and profitable trip, and even though all the members of the school have registered for passage yet there is room and a golden opportunity for any who would enjoy this trip and study of the Holy Land. A very special invitation is given those who in the past journeyed in the Baptist ship Zion, but who from force of circumstances or change of environment, though not change of belief find themselves on some other ship. This may afford safe passage, pleasant company and more of it, but the application of the principle, supposed to be the true one, in all the relations of life, whether of family, friends, political party or church that of loyalty to one's own, would result in additions to the Palestine Tourist party, and add to the good cheer and enjoyment of the whole enterprise. If this announcement seems obscure, and hard to understand be present next Sunday and all will be made clear.

Mixed Weddings.

An editor in a neighboring city, had been nibbling to freely in hard cider, recently got a marriage notice and sale mixed up as follows:

William, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Smith was disposed of at public auction to Lucy Anderson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Anderson on my farm one mile east of this place in the presence of several guests including the following to-wit, 2 mules, 12 head of cattle, Rev. Johnson tied the knot averaging 1250 pounds on the hoof. The beautiful home of the bride was tastefully decorated with Stiwash clam, spades, a sulky rake, 1 set of double harness nearly new, and just before the ceremony was pronounced, Mendelsons inspiring march was softly given by 1 cow five years old, 1 jersey to be fresh in April carrying a bunch of flowers in her hand and looking charming in her gown made of light spring wagon, 6 boxes apples, 3 racks of hay, 1 grind stone, maulsine de sore trimmed with about 100 bushels spuds. The groom is well known and has always stood in society circles of 12 Berkshire hogs, while the bride is accomplished and talented teacher of Poland Chinas pedigree furnished if desired. Among the beautiful presents were two sets of silver knives and forks, 1 spring harrow, 1 wheel barrow, gocart and other articles too numerous to mention.—Hanley Falls Press.

Agriculture and Domestic Science in Rural Schools.

The country boy and the country girl must know country life; it's the natural thing; it's the profitable thing; it's the clever thing. City cousins will not fall to respect and even envy, this country cousin who can talk and write intelligently about the life of which they are a part. And now the United States bureau of education has undertaken to help in this important matter. It has issued a bulletin (No. 18, 1913) in which it shows how the teaching of agriculture domestic science and nature study in the rural schools can be united with the study of language to the great advantage of all the studies involved.

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country school children take the larger number of the subjects for reading and for oral and written work from the life of the farm and the home with which they are familiar already and with which they are bound to be more engrossed as they grow older?

Many a rural teacher who believes in such a plan of correlating the language work with the dominant interest of the country has not been able to accomplish what she desires through lack of a well organized plan. And we should not blame the country teacher when we recall that she has twenty to thirty classes a day as compared with the four to six classes a day taught by the city teacher. But this bulletin of the bureau of education, which may be had free, gives a very simple and reliable scheme with definite suggestions as to school teachers for the different grades, as to reference books and bulletins on agriculture, domestic science, and nature study, and as to what subjects for oral and written work are most suitable for each grade. The bulletin is written by Mr. M. A. Delpier of the western Kentucky state normal school and is one that should be on the desk of every rural school teacher.

Parties at Puckett's.

On Thursday evening last, Mrs. Puckett, Mrs. Summerhill, Mrs. Averill and Mrs. Bennett were hostesses of a social evening at the Puckett home, when the C. C. C. club entertained their husbands, the teachers in the public schools and the preachers. Rev. Geo. Lewis gave a very interesting talk on Red Cross work, there were musical selections, refreshments and all departed pronouncing the ladies most delightful entertainers.

On Saturday afternoon Mrs. Puckett entertained at her home in honor of her cousin, Miss Florence Rogers of Logan, Ia., who was visiting relatives here. Twelve girls were the invited guests who partook of the delicious luncheon served by the hostess, and enjoyed their sewing together the remainder of the afternoon.

Comparative Weather Report

January, 1912—Lowest temperatures the 7th, 40 below, and the 12th 45 1-2 below. Not warmer all day the 12th than 19 below. Highest temperature 35 above, the 22nd. Fifteen days at zero or below; 12 clear days, 12 cloudy 7 partly cloudy.

January, 1913—Lowest temperature 17 below on the 12th. Highest temperature, 54 above the 25 and 29th. Thirteen days or mornings at zero or below; 22 clear days, 6 cloudy, 3 partly cloudy, with only a trace of snow on two or three days. Very dry. No day below zero all day.

February, 1912—Lowest temperature, on the 9th, 24 below; highest temperature the 15th, 45 above. No day below zero all day. Twelve clear, 13 cloudy, 3 partly cloudy.

February, 1913—Lowest temperature, 23 below on the 24th and lowest of the winter so far. Highest temperature 64 above the 17th, and this year so far. Fourteen days or mornings at zero or below; 12 clear, 3 cloudy 1 partly cloudy. Snow fell the 21st, 6 inches. No day below zero all day. Very dry. Respectfully submitted. —John H. Holsey.

Common Humanity.

When you hear a man rejoicing in his excellence of health. You many envy him beyond the man with honors or with wealth; But if you knew him better you'd occasionally see

He has coughs or colds or toothache, just the same as you and me.

For everybody has his little ache. He may keep on smiling, for politeness sake;

And with courageous pride The fact attempt to hide—

It's impossible to dodge the little ache When perpetual rejoicing seems to mark some citizen

Who is commonly referred to as "the happiest of men."

It's a shame to cast suspicion on a nature sweet and kind,

But sometimes he will slam the door strive to speak his mind.

For everybody has his little grouch; You may not hear his wounded soul cry "Ouch!"

But nobody on this earth Lives a life of constant mirth—

If your human you will have your little grouch.

The person so self satisfied, the man of solid poise,

Who has conquered circumstances and the world's respect enjoys—

Sometimes, in sad reflection, he will scatter, with a sigh,

The rose leaves of remembrance on the hopes of days gone by;

For everybody has his little dream, Romantic or fantast; It may seem;

But the lights forever glow From the days of long ago—

No one fully wakens from his little dream.

—Washington Star.

Mrs. Charles Whitmore and little son Otto are visiting at the Carl Bryant family at Platte.

CANTON BOYS AND GIRLS WIN

Girls Win at Home and Boys Again Take Elk Point Into Camp.

Canton high school has two real teams of basket ball players. The girls team and the boys team, and both gave an excellent account of themselves in their last games played. Last Friday night the high school girls played the high school girls from Dell Rapids and a mighty fine game it was. The Canton girls held their opponents down to 4 free throws, while the Canton girls made two field goals and that was the score at the end of the game, 4 to 4. Five minutes of extra time was played and again the score was tied 8 to 8. After a rest they again played five minutes and this time Canton was ahead 13 to 12 and they were declared winners.

The game was very exciting and at times thrilling and everyone present were well rewarded for their loyalty and help to the home team.

The Canton boys played at Elk Point Saturday night and from all reports it was a red hot game from start to finish with plenty of rough by Elk Point. Canton had won from Elk Point the week before with a score of 38 to 4 and Elk Point was out to wipe out the disgrace, but for all of their rough work Canton won out by a score of 19 to 14.

Asher Anderson refereed the game of basket ball between Elk Point and Canton and his work was very much appreciated by both teams.

To Eliminate The Prairie Dog.

"The poisoning of prairie dogs, in order to be most efficient, should be conducted during winter or early spring, for at this time their ordinary food is scarce or even entirely absent," says Prof. H. C. Severin, entomologist at the State College. He gives the following method:

Dissolve 14 ounces of strychnia sulphate in 24 gallons of water that is being heated in a closed receptacle. After the poison has been dissolved, add a bushel of grain and allow this to simmer until the moisture is entirely taken up by the grain, or after it has simmered for a time, allow it to remain over night in the receptacle so that the moisture may be absorbed. It is now ready for distribution.

Care should be taken to distribute this poisoned grain only on warm days preferably after a storm, for it is on such days during the winter and early spring that the dogs are especially likely to come out of their burrows. A half teaspoonful of the grain scattered around the outside of each burrow should be sufficient for each occupied hole. Make this distribution late in the day or early in the morning so that it may not be eaten by the birds. This method should not cost more than 10 or 15 cents per acre, and should destroy 80 to 90 per cent of the dogs.

The remaining dogs may be killed by famigation with carbon bisulphide. It is inflammable and should be handled carefully, never near a fire. Pour a tablespoonful on a piece of corn cob, cloth or absorbent, and throw into the burrow. Keep opening of burrow closed and the dog will be killed. To get best results, use the carbon bisulphide when the ground is moist. Put it into occupied holes only, otherwise there is a needless waste. Further information may be obtained from Prof. H. C. Severin, Brookings.

How to Destroy Weeds.

Never sow or buy seed that is known to contain a high percentage of weed seeds. It is much easier to prevent weeds starting than to eradicate them afterwards. (2) Send samples of seed to the State Experiment Station at Brookings for examination. (3) Never allow weeds to ripen in the garden, in fence corners or on vacant lots around the barnyard. (4) Arrange the rotation of crops so as to bring in a cultivated crop like corn, once in three or four years, in order to kill weeds. (5) Whenever a bad weed is known to occur upon the farm try some systematic method to eradicate it, and follow the method until the weed is killed. The work must be persistent to get results. The weeds are persistent and they get results, by continually spreading from farm to farm and state to state.

Weeds not only rob a farmer of part of the crop by reducing his yield, but rob him of the extra price which he could demand and obtain when the crop is sold.

Importance Of A Good Sire.

"The sire is at least one-half of the flock or herd. Any country could well afford to own a good stallion for the improvement he would make on the quality of the horses in the county. Will the county or the state ever provide you good stallions as is now done in some of the European countries where we purchase our good ones? Yes, we believe so, in time." Prof. J. W. Wilson.