

CARRANZA NOTIFIED

FORMAL RECOGNITION EXTENDED OCTOBER 18 BY U. S. AND OTHER COUNTRIES.

CHANGE FOR BETTER NOTED

Diplomatic Relations with Border Republic Were Broken Off Two Years and Eight Months Ago—Carranza Promises Protection.

Washington, D. C.—Diplomatic relations between the United States and Mexico were formally renewed October 18 after a lapse of two years and eight months, by the formal recognition of Venustiano Carranza as the chief executive of the de facto government in Mexico.

Secretary Lansing and the ambassadors from Brazil, Chile, Argentina, and the ministers from Bolivia, Uruguay and Guatemala, constituting the Pan-American conference on Mexican affairs, extended the recognition.

Each government addressed to Gen. Carranza a letter or note of recognition, delivered to Elizeo Arredondo, personal representative of Gen. Carranza here. Mr. Arredondo, who is a first cousin of Gen. Carranza, conveys in person the letters of recognition from the several governments.

Five meetings in all have been held, the first two being devoted to framing an appeal to the contending Mexican factions to reach an agreement on their internal affairs. In view of the failure of the important elements to agree, the conference decided that recognition should be accorded to the strongest faction.

Since recognition was agreed upon a week ago officials reports show that a material change for the better has taken place in Mexico; that railroad and telegraph lines are being rapidly repaired and that conditions are fast becoming normal in many places.

Thousands of troops liberated under Gen. Villa have taken advantage of the offer of amnesty and laid down their arms, and Secretary Lansing and the Pan-American diplomats feel that a fair start has been made toward restoration of peace and reconstruction, the success of which depends now upon the administrative ability of Carranza and his advisers.

Assurances have been given by Carranza that foreigners will be protected in their lives and property; that claims will be paid; that amnesty will be given to political enemies who swear allegiance to the new government, and that there will be no persecutions of the clergy. The American government is hopeful that these promises will be fulfilled.

SEEKS RESTRAINT ORDER.

Third Fight Opens on Shoe Machinery Company.

St. Louis.—The first important government suit under the Clayton anti-trust act was begun here by Attorney General Gregory against the United Shoe Machinery company. The petition filed in the federal district court charges the shoe company with unlawful practices that substantially lessen competition and tend to monopolize. Temporary and permanent injunctions are sought.

The suit is distinct from that against the same concern under the Sherman anti-trust act begun several years ago, in which its dissolution as an unlawful combination and monopoly in restraint of trade was sought and which now is before the United States supreme court. The present action does not seek dissolution, but asks the court to enjoin the company perpetually from further engaging in alleged unlawful practices.

The government petition charges: "The United Shoe Machinery company is a monopoly controlling 93 1/2 per cent of the trade in shoe machinery in the United States, its principal business being the making and leasing of these machines.

"That in certain cases it has fixed and is fixing the prices of such machinery on the condition and with the agreement that the lessee or purchaser shall not use the machinery supplies or other commodities of its competitors.

"That it grants rebates on prices fixed in some instances in consideration of the use of a lease of other of its machines; that other leases contain clauses whose effect is to establish prices 10 per cent less to those who agree not to use the machinery supplied by competitors than to those who do not bind themselves."

Great Wheat Movement.

New York.—What is said by grain men to be the largest movement of Canadian wheat through the United States ever recorded is now going on through this port.

London.—The reports that the allies have occupied Strumitsa and landed at Enez, which was recently transferred from Turkish to Bulgarian rule, has caused a more optimistic feeling throughout the allied countries. As to the progress of the near eastern campaign, it is known from both Serbian and German accounts that Field Marshal von Mackenzon's army is meeting with greater resistance than was expected. Along the entire line the Serbians and their Montenegrin neighbors are offering very stubborn resistance.

Salt Lake City.—Joseph Hillstrom, convicted of the murder of J. G. Morrison and Morrison's son here, has been sentenced to be shot to death Friday, November 16. Hillstrom refused to say anything before sentence was pronounced. He undertook to say something afterward, but was not permitted to speak. Hillstrom was sentenced to be executed October 14, but the sentence was stayed until last Saturday.

Chicago's Mayor Snubbed? San Francisco, Oct. 13.—Mayor Thompson's special left here with a party of disappointed and disappointed tourists, for Mayor Thompson and his party think they have been snubbed by the city of San Francisco.

Gas Kills Entire Family, Chicago, Oct. 1.—Otto Hardkopf, his wife and two children and a pet dog, were found dead, asphyxiated by gas that escaped while the family was sleeping. The police were unable to discover cause for the gas escaping.

NOTE IN FRYE CASE

UNITED STATES TELLS GERMANY THAT PASSENGERS MUST BE SAVED.

EXPECTS TO FIX INDEMNITY

Small Boats Are Not Places of Safety When Vessel Is Torpedoed by a Submarine—American Vessels Should Not Be Destroyed.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The United States, in a note dispatched to Germany, to be presented by Ambassador Gerard on the case of the American ship William P. Frye, asks that if it is found necessary to destroy American ships carrying absolute contraband, passengers be removed to a safer place than small boats.

The American government accepts the German suggestion in reply to the American proposal concerning a commission to fix damages for the Frye, agreeing to dispense with the umpire and leave the case to two experts, one from each country.

In agreeing to submit to arbitration the interpretation of the treaty of 1838 to decide whether it gives Germany the right to destroy American ships to stop contraband traffic, the American government holds that not only must warning be given and passengers and crew saved, but that small boats are not considered a "place of safety."

The United States has not insisted upon this heretofore with reference to Americans traveling on ships under a belligerent flag. Officials here, however, feel that the treaty was a special arrangement between Germany and the United States expressly drawn for the purpose of protecting the vessels and lives of subjects of either party in war time. As one of the articles of the treaty specifically provides for the delivery of contraband out of the cargo of an American ship and then states that the vessel can proceed to its destination, the American government draws the inference that it never was intended that American vessels should be destroyed.

Washington, Oct. 12.—A formal announcement was made on Saturday by the secretary of state following a Pan-American conference which assented to the recognition of Gen. Venustiano Carranza as the de facto government of Mexico. The statement follows: Here is the statement issued by Mr. Lansing.

GERMANS CAPTURE BELGRADE

Nish and Berlin Announce Capture of Serb City—Heights Are Also Taken.

Paris, Oct. 12.—An official statement issued by the office at Nish on Sunday was given out in the afternoon at the Serbian legation here and is as follows: "Belgrade has fallen into the hands of the Germans after a desperate resistance.

"Fighting continues all along the Danube and Save fronts. "The enemy suffered enormous losses in making unsuccessful attacks on the lower Drina."

Berlin, Oct. 12 (via London).—The official statement issued here on Sunday is as follows: "In the Balkans: The city of Belgrade and the heights to the southwest and to the southeast have fallen into our hands. The Serbians were thrown back from their positions farther to the east and we are still advancing."

It will be the president's duty, in accordance with the obligations to the head of a friendly state, to prevent the United States from serving as a base for revolutionary movements. He will issue a proclamation reapplying the embargo on munitions, as far as Mexico is concerned.

In other words, General Villa is no longer to enjoy any support from this country.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE

San Diego, Cal., Oct. 13.—Falling with an army aeroplane 1,000 feet into San Diego bay, Lieut. Walter R. Tallero, stationed at the United States army aviation school at North Island, sank with his big tractor machine in fifty feet of water and was drowned.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Railroad accidents are greatly on the decrease, according to a report for the quarter ending June 30, issued by the interstate commerce commission. The total number killed this year was 2,058 and injured 38,356. In the corresponding quarter last year 166 more were killed and 4,392 more were injured.

ZEPPELIN RAID ON LONDON

Six Men and Two Women Killed and Thirty-Four Persons Injured—Bombs Cause Fires.

London, Oct. 15.—The official press bureau announced on Wednesday night: "A Zeppelin raid occurred Wednesday evening over the London area. A number of incendiary bombs were dropped. The material damage was small. The few fires were quickly extinguished by the fire brigade. No public building was injured.

"So far as reported the casualties were two women and six men killed and 34 persons injured. One soldier was among the killed, the others were civilians."

Auto Hits Post; One Dead. New York, Oct. 14.—John Phillip, a twenty-seven, an automobile demonstrator, was instantly killed and his two male companions seriously injured when an automobile driven by Phillip crashed into a trolley pole.

General Savojev Retired. Bucharest, Oct. 14.—General Savojev, the Bulgarian general who won fame in the Balkan wars, is reported to have been retired by King Ferdinand at his own request because he did not wish to fight against the allies.

Miss Wilson Not Engaged. Washington, Oct. 15.—The White House officially denied the report that Miss Margaret Wilson, the president's eldest daughter, is engaged to F. E. Compton of Chicago. "The report is false," Secretary Tumulty stated.

Turks Capture Aeroplanes. Constantinople, Oct. 15.—A hostile aeroplane reconnoitering east of El Arish on the Egyptian frontier was shattered by Turkish artillery fire Sunday and the aviator captured, the war office announced.

Add 41,000 to Farm Clubs. Washington, Oct. 14.—More than 41,000 new members were added to the various boys' and girls' agricultural clubs in the northern and western states during the last fiscal year, says the department of agriculture.

Railway Accidents Decrease. Washington, Oct. 14.—Railroad accidents are greatly on the decrease, according to a report issued by the interstate commerce commission. The total number killed this year was 2,058 and injured 38,356.

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AUSTRO-GERMAN INVASION OF SERBIA



(1) Germans advance to heights southeast and southwest of Belgrade. (2) Serbians check Austro-Germans on lower Drina. (3) Berlin reports all Serbians thrown back along the Danube southeast and east of Belgrade. (4) Course to be followed by Austro-Germans down Morava valley to Bulgarian frontier in advance through Serbia.

U. S. TO AID CARRANZA FIRST DUTY TO U. S.

LANSING HINTS AT RECOGNITION OF "FIRST CHIEF."

Villa and Leaders of Other Factions Will Be Unable to Obtain War Munitions.

Washington, Oct. 12.—A formal announcement was made on Saturday by the secretary of state following a Pan-American conference which assented to the recognition of Gen. Venustiano Carranza as the de facto government of Mexico. The statement follows: Here is the statement issued by Mr. Lansing.

"The conferees, after careful consideration of the facts, have found that the Carranzista party is the only party possessing the essentials for recognition as the de facto government of Mexico, and they have so reported to their respective governments."

In accordance with this decision the United States immediately will accord a diplomatic representative to General Carranza.

It is believed in Washington the European government will follow the lead of the United States.

The president is considering Robert P. Skinner, who has been withdrawn as consul general in London because of British objections to the character of trade reports he submitted to the state department, for appointment as ambassador to the Carranza government.

Diplomatic relations thus being restored between the United States and Mexico, as president Wilson declared, Carranza, President Wilson will enter into negotiations for settlement of the various questions which have arisen as a result of the revolutions that have devastated the neighboring "republic."

It will be the president's duty, in accordance with the obligations to the head of a friendly state, to prevent the United States from serving as a base for revolutionary movements. He will issue a proclamation reapplying the embargo on munitions, as far as Mexico is concerned.

BARS 'GOTT STRAFE ENGLAND'

United States Postal Department Also Puts Ban on Lusatiana Postcards.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The forms of mail matter said to have been extensively used by persons desiring to indicate their sympathies in connection with the European war have been barred from the mails as unneutral by Postmaster General Bursleson. The order is as follows:

"Postmasters are directed to treat as nonmailable under section 212 of the penal code envelopes, post cards, etc., bearing stickers containing the words 'Gott strafe England' (God punish England), or a picture of the German escutcheon with a red blot labeled 'Lusatiana' inscribed 'The blot that won't come off,' as being not only unneutral, but calculated to reflect upon certain classes of persons."

Protest From America. New York, Oct. 11.—A mass meeting under the auspices of the American committee on Armenian atrocities will be held here on Sunday, October 17, to protest against the massacres of Armenians.

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SAYS CANDIDATES SHOULD BE ASKED TO DECLARE STAND.

President Urges Ostracism for Those Who Use Country's Might to Aid Other Nations.

Washington, Oct. 13.—President Wilson for the first time bitterly attacked hyphenated Americans who sought to stir up trouble for the United States. His attack was made in a stirring address on Monday before the Daughters of American Revolution, who celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of their society. The president's fiancée, Mrs. Norman Galt, and her mother, Mrs. Bolling, were in the audience.

"I would a great deal rather draw pepper up my nose than incur the hostility and dislike of my neighbors," the president said. "Anything is preferable to ostracism. This is just the sort of discipline should be meted out to those within our borders who do not think of America first."

"Now we have come to a time of special stress and test," the president declared. "There never was a time when we needed more clearly to conserve the principles of our own platform than this present time. There have been some among us who have not thought first of America, who have thought to use the might of America in some matter not of America's originative and they have forgotten that the first duty of a nation is to express its principles in the action of the family of nations and not to seek to aid and abet any rival or contrary ideal."

"I would not be afraid upon the test of 'America first' to take a census of all foreign-born citizens of the United States, for I know that the vast majority of them came here because they believe in America. I am not deceived as to the balance of opinion among the foreign-born citizens, but I am in a hurry to have an opportunity to have a line-up and let the men who are thinking first of other countries stand on one side—biblically, it should be the left—and all those that are for America first, last and all the time on the other side."

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CRANK TRIES TO SEE WILSON

Police Halt Foreigner as He Enters Church—Mrs. Galt With the President.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 12.—Shadowed from the time he was first detected by secret service men, Joseph Pruijk, who says he is from Brussels, was halted at the door of the Franklin Street Presbyterian church on Sunday when he started to enter the edifice immediately after President Wilson's fiancée, Mrs. Norman Galt, and party.

Pruijk said he had been in this country three months and had been in Washington three days. He is kept under surveillance.

Britain Accepts Loan Terms. London, Oct. 14.—A loan bill to confirm the action of the government in raising a loan of \$500,000,000 in the United States in conjunction with France passed through all stages of the house of commons on Tuesday. It is expected to receive the royal assent as soon as the house of lords has formally passed it.

German Steamer Torpedoed. Copenhagen, Oct. 15.—The German steamer Walter Leonhardt has been torpedoed by a British submarine in the Baltic sea. This ship hailed from Hamburg and was of 1,261 tons. The crew was saved.

British Rule in Baltic Sea. Stockholm, Oct. 15.—Activity of Pritish submarines in the southern Baltic has virtually paralyzed a lively mercantile trade between Sweden and Germany. Swedish steamers have been stopped.

Aged Suffrage Chief Dies. Portland, Ore., Oct. 13.—Mrs. Abigail Scott Duniway, known as "the mother of woman suffrage in Oregon," died here Monday. She was eighty-one years old. She was a sister of the late Harvey W. Scott.

Russ Have Heavy Jap Guns. Berlin, Oct. 13.—Heavy Japanese guns, manned by expert gunners from the Japanese army, are being used by the Russians in the defense of Drinsk, according to German correspondents at the eastern front.

Woman's Suffrage Act Safe. Springfield, Ill., Oct. 15.—The supreme court refused to reconsider the constitutionality of the woman's suffrage act. It denied the motion of the liquor interests for permission to file a brief.

\$82,000,000 Hangs on Suit. Washington, Oct. 15.—An annual revenue to the government of \$82,000,000 depends upon the outcome of arguments before the Supreme court on the constitutionality of the income tax.

Cotton Goods Contraband. London, Oct. 14.—Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey announced in the house of commons on Tuesday afternoon that all cotton goods used in the manufacture of explosives will be declared contraband.

California Invites Wilson. San Francisco, Oct. 4.—Gov. Hiram Johnson sent a telegram to President Wilson, telling the executive that the whole state of California was eager for him to come out to visit the California expositions.

Indianapolis Mayor Found Not Guilty in Election Fraud Trial. Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 15.—Mayor Joseph E. Bell of Indianapolis was acquitted on Wednesday by the jury on the charge of conspiracy to commit felony at the primaries, registration and election in 1914. The jurors were out two hours. The verdict was received with a storm of applause from those gathered in the courtroom.

It became known that only four ballots were taken by the jury, the first ballot showing nine for acquittal and three for conviction. The three who had voted for conviction switched to acquittal on the fourth ballot. Stokes, Waggoner and Dietrich were reported to be the jurors who voted for conviction on the first ballot.

Prosecutor Rucker said immediately after the verdict was received that he had no statement to make as to whether he would continue the prosecution of the other defendants on the joint indictment on which Mayor Bell was tried.

"It's what every decent citizen of Indianapolis expected," said Mayor Bell when asked for a statement regarding the verdict. "The verdict is as everyone had expected," said Thomas Taggart, when asked for a statement.

Mayor Bell was surrounded immediately by a large crowd of his friends. Mayor Bell was indicted with Thomas Taggart, Chief of Police Samuel V. Perrott and 125 others June 22, and on July 9 four more persons were indicted.

BELL IS ACQUITTED

INDIANAPOLIS MAYOR FOUND NOT GUILTY IN ELECTION FRAUD TRIAL.

JURY OUT FOR TWO HOURS

First Ballot Was Nine for Acquittal and Three for Conviction—Crowd Cheers When Verdict is Read in the Courtroom.

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RED SOX WIN WORLD TITLE

Hooper Hits Home Run in the Ninth and Breaks the Tie—Score 5 to 4.

Philadelphia, Oct. 15.—Bill Carrigan's Red Sox brought the world's championship series to an abrupt close on Wednesday by defeating the Philadelphia Nationals, 5 to 4, in the fifth game of the series. The game will go down in history as one of the greatest ever played in a titular series. The Phillies battled to the last time. Hitting was free. Home runs to the number of four were accumulated, and two of these by Harry Hooper settled the game. Harry's final four-pipe drive came in the ninth on the heels of a similar hit by Duffy Lewis and knocked the breath out of the fans.

The score: Red Sox 0 1 1 0 0 0 2 1—5 Phillies 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—4 Batteries—Foster and Cady; Mayer, Rixey and Burns.

The second game of the series went to the Red Sox by the score of 2 to 1. The score: Boston 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 Philadelphia 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 Batteries—Foster and Thomas; Mayer and Burns.

Boston, Oct. 13.—Grover Alexander met his superior in the third game of the world's series here on Monday when he was outpitched by Hubert "Dutch" Leonard, the sterling south-paw of Carrigan's staff.

A crowd which shattered all attendance records for a baseball game, viewed the victory of the Red Sox. The figures were given as 42,300. The score: Phillies 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 Red Sox 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—2 Batteries—Alexander and Burns; Leonard and Carrigan.

Boston, Oct. 14.—One more game is all the Red Sox needs to keep the world's championship in Boston. Bill Carrigan's men turned the tables on the Philadelphia team for the third consecutive time on Tuesday and by the identical score that they achieved their other triumphs, 2 to 1.

The score: Phillies 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 Red Sox 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—2 Batteries—Chalmers and Burns; Shore and Cady.

WAR GAME COMES TO AN END

United States Is Theoretically Invaded by the Enemy Landing in Delaware Bay.

Washington, Oct. 12.—The United States has been invaded by a foreign foe. The "Red" fleet—theoretically, the enemy—effected a landing in Delaware bay, getting past the "Blue" defending fleet. This brought the "war game" of the Atlantic fleet to an end, Rear Admiral Knight commanding the invading fleet, and Admiral Fletcher directing the "Blue" squadron.

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RULING IS DRASTIC

RESTRAINT ORDER HITS GUARANTY ACT, CLAIM—WIDE SPREAD IN SCOPE.

OTHER ITEMS OF INTEREST

From the Capital City, the Various State Institutions and from Many Different Parts of the Sunshine State.

Aborder.—"The state banking department will stand on its ruling, and will do all in its power to enforce the same. Beyond that it would be unethical for me to discuss the injunction further now that it is in the courts."

This was the only statement Gov. F. M. Byrne would make in reference to the injunction started by Sioux Falls national banks in an effort to restrain the state banking department from putting into effect its ruling that on and after November 15 all state banks would be required to carry at least 50 per cent of its legal reserve—10 per cent of its deposits—within state banks designated as reserve banks by the department.

Papers in this injunction were served on State Bank Examiner J. L. Wingfield here by Sheriff T. C. Wyckoff, of Brown county. They were signed by Judge J. W. Jones, of Sioux Falls.

This injunction proceeding goes further than what appears on its face to only protest against the 50 per cent reserve ruling becoming effective. In reality it attacks the entire new bank guaranty law passed by the last legislature as chapter 102, sessions laws of 1915.

The title of this act is: "An act providing for the establishment of a department of