

Grand Rapids Morning Telegram.

VOL. II.—NUMBER 1.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 1, 1885.

PRICE 2 CENTS

THAT SETTLES IT.

A Phenologist Says Cleveland is Made of the Proper Stuff.

ALBANY, Dec. 31.—Cleveland was besieged by callers to-day, especially by autograph-seekers, who believe that the few remaining days will be the last opportunity to secure his signatures. In the afternoon a phenologist took possession of an office chair, and for one hour studied Cleveland intently from a remote corner of the room. Afterwards he expressed his conclusions that Cleveland possessed marked executive abilities, his predominant traits of character being will and resisting powers. "Qualities," he added, "which the politicians of Washington will very quickly find out to their chagrin and disappointment." Cleveland, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, will receive callers at the Executive chamber. He will be assisted by his military staff in full uniform. After the executive chamber levee, the Governor will entertain the staff at dinner in the executive mansion.

A RAILROAD WRECK.

Narrow Escape of a Large Number of Passengers.

FERRY CITY, N. J., Dec. 31.—What might have been a serious disaster occurred this morning on the New York division of the Pennsylvania railroad upon Hackensack meadows. There was a dense fog at the time, and the Lehigh Valley train which left Jersey City at 8:25 was stopped by a black signal shortly after crossing at Hackensack. The tracks were cleared and the train had just started again when the Philadelphia express, which left Jersey City at 8:45, suddenly loomed up through the fog and crashed into the rear car of the Lehigh Valley train. The passengers of both trains were thrown from their seats, but none suffered serious injury. Charles A. Snyder, fireman of express train, was badly cut by broken glass, but was able to proceed to his home in Philadelphia. The engine of Pennsylvania train was badly wrecked.

A MICHIGAN STEAMER DAMAGED.

One of the Flint & Pere Marquette Boats Nearly Wrecked.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 31.—A special from Ludington, Mich., says: The Flint & Pere Marquette steamer No. 1 ran into Harbor 8 this morning while a heavy gale was prevailing, and sank in water fourteen feet deep. A large hole was stove in the side of the steamer and the cargo is entirely under water. The cargo was from Milwaukee for the East and is a valuable one. When the hole was stove in a steam pipe burst, instantly killing Joseph Stearns and a man named Crist Le. Others were badly scalded. The explosion caused great confusion. The gale is beating the boat badly, and she may prove a loss. The boat is the property of the Flint & Pere Marquette.

WEST VIRGINIA LAWLESSNESS.

Strangers Driven Out of Town and Threatened with Lynching.

FULTON, W. Va., Dec. 31.—Excitement continues over the recent robberies and outrages. Late last night after the vigilance committee visited the liquor stores and escorted all suspicious and unknown persons out of town, with orders not to return under penalty of death, an attempt was made to enter the residence of Charles Kraft. About midnight the old man was held up, severely injured and robbed of everything he had. Several small thefts are reported to-day. Fifty armed men are now guarding Fulton and lynching awaits the first man caught stealing.

Australia Alarmed.

MELBOURNE, Dec. 31.—The Premier of Victoria, in a letter to the Governor of the colony beseeches the latter to join in the proposed protest of the Australasian colonies against allowing Germany to seize portions of New Guinea. He warns the Governor that reported action of Germany proves to be actually taken by her and that she is to be feared for the course of the Victoria people. He requests the Governor to telegraph at once to the home government for authority to sever every other available island of Australia. The Government of New South Wales refused to join in the protest.

The Courtesy of the Pope.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A cablegram from Rome says: The Pope intends to confer a mark of distinction upon Miss Mary McArdle for her offer of \$300,000 to the Catholic University in this country. The pope said to-day: "There must be some reward in the reported action of His Holiness. The church knows of no signal distinction which can be conferred." The Pope may, perhaps, send a cablegram to her as a token of his appreciation.

A Baby-Killing Crank.

COL., Dec. 31.—A coroner's inquest has been investigating the mysterious death of two infants at the "Tabernacle" Foundlings Home, kept by William Williams, who has been indicted for the murder of the children. The third to-day, Williams is a crank who has been in Chicago and established a place for his babies. Three of them died and he was arrested.

Obituary of the Old Year Out.

FORA, Dec. 31.—The lower part of the city was usually deserted after dark, as it was at midnight as it was as it was. Nearly every policeman had a tin of tin made by these instruments. When Trinity's clock tolled the chiming began to sound a great noise raised by the people. Soon after the clock struck the second of the New Year found the streets as quiet as usual.

Fins Coming to Michigan.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 31.—Rev. F. G. Niemi, a Finnish priest of the Reformed church, arrived here on the Polyesian yesterday. The object of his visit is to organize a colony of 3,000 Finnish in Michigan. He is accompanied by one guard of sturdy men and women.

A British Financier.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—The St. James Gazette says that a certain officer in Cyprus, having the Government of \$300,000, having his books, was in a small boat.

THE DISTRESS IN SPAIN.

Two Thousand Persons Killed—Fifty-Five Towns Destroyed—Great Suffering and No Medicine.

MADRID, Dec. 31.—Reports received this morning from the districts in which the earthquakes were most severe further increase the number of fatalities and the amount of damage done. Albuquerque, a town of 8,000 inhabitants in Estremadura, has been completely destroyed, and 300 bodies have been taken from the ruins. At Nerja, a town of 5,000 people, 27 miles east of Malaga, the earthquake was followed by a hurricane which completed the destruction of many houses. At Malaga the patients in the hospital were so terrified they forgot their maladies and fled to the open air. The convicts in the prisoners refused to enter their cells and remained all night in the courtyard. The walls of every church in the city were cracked. Many persons were killed at Canillas. The old Moorish town of Alhama, of the "warm baths," in Andalusia, twenty-six miles south west of Granada, and which had a population of 7,000 people and the adjoining town of Santa Cruz, are completely destroyed. Soldiers are clearing up the ruins in search of corpses, over 100 of which have been found, many of them horribly disfigured. The number of persons killed is unknown. The search for bodies in the ruins of Alhama is proceeding slowly, owing to fresh earthquake shocks, which cause the men to flee from their work and seek open spaces. Other points report earthquake shocks, and the telegraph service has been repeatedly interrupted by them, causing the news to come very slowly. At Albuñuelas 200 persons were injured. From the ruined houses 100 bodies have been recovered. Sixteen houses were destroyed at Lanjaron, Granada, and numerous houses demolished and lives lost in other villages. Fifty corpses have been found at Venas de Tain Aranzaz. At Zafra fifty persons perished. At the old Roman town of Loja (15,000 pop.) twenty-five houses from Granada the barracks were ruined. At the ancient Roman and Moorish town of Priego, 35 miles from Cordova, the shock came while the theater was crowded with people. A terrible panic followed. Many persons jumped from the galleries and from windows upon the crowd below. Two were killed and forty more or less seriously injured. King Alfonso has subscribed \$4,000 for the relief of the sufferers. The Madrid newspapers have opened relief subscriptions. Dispatches received this afternoon from many points in Spain report that earthquake shocks are still felt at intervals. The indications now are that 2,000 persons perished. People who fled from the towns to the country upon the recurrence of the earthquake shocks, still refuse to go back to their homes. A very distressing feature of the calamity is the destruction of almost all medicines, making it impossible to give proper treatment to the sick and wounded. For this reason the lack of food and the mortality among the sufferers is frightful. The total number of towns reported nearly or wholly destroyed is fifty-five. The university, prison and hospital are greatly damaged. The river Jorbenba has disappeared from its bed.

JUD CROUCH TESTIFIES

Concerning His Experience at Holcomb's House.

JACKSON, Mich., Dec. 31.—Jud. Crouch took the stand yesterday afternoon. Witness slept with Foy at Dan Holcomb's house on the night of the murder. All went to bed early. About half-past 9 o'clock he and Foy were disturbed by a cat, which they drove down stairs and out of doors, having nothing on but their shirts. When the boy Bolles came and told of the murder he insisted on Dan Holcomb going to town with Hutchins. Picked up two shells at the Crouch house, but did not know anything about the nature of either. Neither did he know anything about bloody clothing behind a chest, as sworn to by Ella Shannon. He denied all the conversation sworn to by Harrison Snow, when the latter was on the stand, as to the ill feeling between witness and his father and White wife. Everything was entirely friendly and amicable. Daniel S. Holcomb sworn: Am fifty-one years old; am a farmer and own 500 acres; bought a revolver in Lansing October 2; took it to William's and lost it in the woods; I didn't know what caliber the revolver was; shot it on the shore of Baker and William found the shells; never saw the witness Frank Mason till on the stand here; was up to investigate a noise at a o'clock that night; Mrs. Holcomb heard the news of the murder from Nettie Snyder; I came to the city at Holcomb's solicitation, and supposed the victims had their throat cut and didn't want my wife to go there.

DESTRUCTIVE FLAMES.

A Dry Goods Store and Other Buildings Destroyed.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 31.—At 7 o'clock this evening fire broke out in the rear of Miller Bros.' store, the largest dry goods establishment in Southern Indiana. The flames soon spread to C. C. Fenney's store, dealer in hats and caps; Charles F. Schmidt's music house; Geo. S. Sonntag & Co.'s hardware, totally destroying the buildings and contents, and also damaging Herman Fendrick, tobacconist, Mrs. Desobert, milliner, and the coal-office of John Ingle & Co. The total loss will reach \$300,000. Joe Rose, of the fire department, fell through an open doorway into Geo. S. Sonntag's store, badly injuring himself.

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

A Tug Boiler Bursts and Kills All on Board.

CHICAGO, Dec. 31.—At half-past six to-night the boiler of the tug Admiral of the Union Towing Company exploded in the river near Halsted street bridge, killing all on board. They were H. W. Best, Superintendent of the company; Andrew Green, captain; Joseph Hogan, engineer, and W. M. Bowman, fireman. Bowman's mutilated body was found two hundred feet from the scene. The other bodies are not yet recovered. Captain Jas. Grant, of the schooner Sunrise, which was moored near by, was burned in the face. The boiler was thrown five hundred feet overboard and forty feet high.

Three More to End With.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 31.—The Governor has pardoned from the State prison Mark A. Baker, sent from Barry county June 25, 1883, for three years for burglary; Patrick J. Lillis, sent from Barry county June 25, 1881, for ten years for rape; George E. Ball, sent from Washington county April 4, 1883, for five years for assault with intent to murder. This is said positively to be the last of the year.

Sixteen Years.

of experience has convinced me that when a person is troubled with a cough or cold that will not clear up, it is a sign that the lungs are being injured. It is the only remedy that provides against this, and it is the largest bottle for the price. Ask your druggist for Dr. Williams' Compound Cure.

A TEUTONIC DISTURBANCE.

Charles Engelhardt and George Steinbracher Have Trouble.

Charles Engelhardt is a youthful Teuton, still in his teens, and works at Kuester's brewery. So did George Steinbracher, another German, until Tuesday, when for some sufficient cause he was given the grand bounce. Though Charles is still a callow youth, he has learned enough to know that there is nothing in life half so sweet as love's young dream. Consequently he called for Katarina, who helps to manage the kitchen department at the Bridge Street House, last night, and with her took a walk over to No. 90 West Broadway, where her mother and "second father" live. Now, it so happens that George Steinbracher and his bride, whom he made his own by permission of the Police Court a short time since, reside in the rear part of the same building. During the course of the evening Charles and George got to talking brewery matters over, and it is presumed that George in some way connected Charles with the grand bounce he got the day before. At all events, the meeting of these two Teutons, came very near bringing on the tug of war. Charles said, the more he talked with Steinbracher the madder he got, until he finally drew a revolver and threatened to shoot him (Engelhardt). As that wasn't what Charles had taken Katarina walking for, he jumped out of the back window and ran to police headquarters for an officer to arrest Steinbracher. He told Clerk Hurley all about it, how he had taken his girl out for a pleasant time, was disappointed and how as he ran when a quarter of a block away, Steinbracher fired his revolver. When told he would have to come in the morning and get a warrant, he declared he would have to go back for his girl anyway. It is to be hoped he got safely through the fingers of the law, win his Katarina and teach Steinbracher better manners than to spoil an evening's entertainment.

Real Estate Transfers.

[Furnished daily from the office of W. R. Scribner, real estate dealer.]
Sammel White to James Scholz, lots 11, 12 and 13, blk 2, White's 2d add. \$ 925
Estate of Adam Frey to Magdalena Frey, 30 E. W. 1/2 lot 32, Kent add. 1,700
Emerson B. Rog to Henry H. Robinson, lot 34, Silva Hall's sub. 400
John E. Baine to Wm. J. Le Barre, lot 1, N. B. Ben. Society, see land on sec 28, Walker 200
Henry R. Emmons to Christopher Emmons, pt of a w. 1/4 s. 1/4 sec 16, Algona 175
Charles A. Denwick to Charles Bronson, pt of e. 1/4 s. 1/4 sec 29, Bowen 125
L. Paine & Anderson's add, Sparta 800
Russell P. Hibbard to Barbara Bodell, lot 25, sec 33, Kent City 200

A Shipwreck.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31.—A dispatch from Bird's Nest, Va., says: "The bark Lena (Norwegian), from South America, for Philadelphia, with a cargo of sugar, stranded, December 27, on Hog Island bar, during thick weather. The vessel broke up before assistance could be rendered. Eight lives were lost and two saved. The vessel and cargo are a total loss."

The Orphans Provided For.

BROOKLYN, Dec. 31.—Four hundred orphan boys, driven from St. John's Home by the recent fire, moved into the east wing to-day, that part of the building having been fitted up for them.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

OFFICE OF F. V. TAYLOR, Sweet's Hotel, } GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Dec. 31, 1884.

Cables on wheat to-day quoted much stronger feeling and an advance of 1/2 per cent on red winter wheat. Corn strong at former quotations. Yesterday's exports in wheat and flour from three seaboard ports total a total of 151,500 bushels. The year of 1884 winds up with considerable better tone to the general markets than we had reason fifteen days ago to expect, and although extreme figures of to-day were not maintained, the general feeling is firm and prophets are for higher prices.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Closed.
January	75 3/4	76 1/2	75 1/2	76
February	71	71 3/4	70 3/4	70 3/4
March	68 1/2	68 3/4	67 3/4	67 3/4
April	65 1/2	65 3/4	64 3/4	64 3/4
May	62 1/2	62 3/4	61 3/4	61 3/4
June	59 1/2	59 3/4	58 3/4	58 3/4
July	56 1/2	56 3/4	55 3/4	55 3/4
August	53 1/2	53 3/4	52 3/4	52 3/4
September	50 1/2	50 3/4	49 3/4	49 3/4
October	47 1/2	47 3/4	46 3/4	46 3/4
November	44 1/2	44 3/4	43 3/4	43 3/4
December	41 1/2	41 3/4	40 3/4	40 3/4

New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.
FLOUR—Was very dull and closed without change. Spot sales of ungraded winter red at \$2.84 1/2; Minnesota extra, \$2.80 1/2 25.
WHEAT—Options unsettled, closing about steady at yesterday's figures. Spot lots dull and a little lower. Spot sales of ungraded winter red at \$2.84 1/2; ungraded white at \$1; No. 2 red winter 86 1/2; No. 2 red winter January, 85 1/2; do February, 84 1/2; do March, 83 1/2.
CORN—Options irregular; December higher. Other months lower, the close being firm. Spot lots 44 1/2 lower. Spot sales of ungraded mixed at 46 1/2; do ungraded yellow at 36; No. 2 mixed January, 45 1/2; do February, 44 1/2; do March, 43 1/2.
COY.—Options irregular, closing heavy and dull at 54 1/2 lower. Spot lots heavy and dull. Spot sales of No. 2 white at 56 1/2; do mixed at 52; No. 2 mixed January, 51 1/2; do February, 50 1/2; do March, 49 1/2.
BARKLEY—Nominal.
FORK—Dull; new mess, \$12 30.
LARD—Firm at a slight advance; \$7 00 cash; \$6 95 January; \$6 90 1/2 February.
BUTTER—Firm but quiet; State, 15 1/2; West. 15 1/2.
WOLLS—Dull; fair to good refining, 45 1/2; do raw, 44 1/2; do State, 32; Western, 32.
NEW YORK, Dec. 31.
The last day of the year was celebrated on the produce exchange by a series of games, music and singing, under the auspices of the members. From 1:00 to the regular hour of closing there was no business whatever done, the interior being entirely devoted to pleasure.
Money closed easy at 1 1/2 per cent. Exchange closed dull at 4.18 1/2; actual rates 4.18 1/2; for 90 days, and 4.14 1/2; for 60 days.
Governments closed strong; currency \$5.12 1/2 bid; 5 per cent 12 1/2 bid; 4 1/2 bid; Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union Pacific, 114 1/2; do land grant, 108 1/2 bid; do sinking fund, 117 to 117 1/2; Central, 112 1/2 to 113.

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of experience has convinced me that when a person is troubled with a cough or cold that will not clear up, it is a sign that the lungs are being injured. It is the only remedy that provides against this, and it is the largest bottle for the price. Ask your druggist for Dr. Williams' Compound Cure.

A GLANCE AT THE PAST.

HISTORY OF A YEAR'S DOINGS.

Record of Notable Occurrences, including Deaths of Prominent Men—Ghastly Catalogue of Crimes.

Another leaf in the book of Time has been turned, another whirl of the wheel of Fate has been made, the old year is dead and a new one born. The old year was one of peace within our borders and with other nations. Bountiful harvests blessed this land with abundance, and although speculators were not specially prospered, the year 1884 will be celebrated in the Book of Ages, as one of plenty. The new-born year comes freighted with brighter hopes and fonder anticipations of greater advancement and blessings, than has been realized during the existence of any of its predecessors. But before the battle of life is renewed it is well to pause and cast a short retrospective glance at some of the events the past twelve months brought to the sons of men. Many sad disasters by fire, flood, storm and earthquake, make up the mishaps and misfortunes of the year, and the benefits and blessings realized, it is fair to suppose were proportionately greater. Of the long chapter of the year's events some of the leading and striking ones occurred in the month's named, as follows:

JANUARY.
The 3d, 4th and 6th days of the first month were noted for the coldest weather ever experienced, especially in the Northwest. There were seven men killed by a railway collision at Toronto, Canada. The Egyptian Ministry resigned, because of the advice given the Khedive by England in relation to the Sudan rebellion. The Spanish Ministry resigned. Henry B. Payne and E. K. Wason elected United States Senators from Ohio and Maryland. James Nutt acquitted of the murder of N. L. Dukes, at Uniontown, Pa. W. B. Allison re-elected U. S. Senator from Iowa. Fred Douglas married to a white woman. Thirty-two names and pupils in the Roman Catholic convent at Belleville, Ill., burned to death. Two hundred Chinese lost by the wreck of a steamer. Railway train caught fire from oil on the track, near Bradford, Pa., and eight persons fatally burned. Steamer City of Columbus, from Boston to Savannah, wrecked in Vineyard Sound; 100 lives lost. Judge Nelson Poe, a cousin of the late Edgar Allen Poe died, also the following: Mary, seventeenth wife of the late Brigham Young. Charles Delmonico, famous New York restaurateur. Ex-Congressman S. Bridges, of Alton, Pa. Mrs. Valeria Stone, of Malabar, Pa. Mrs. Isaac Whitely, \$1,000,000 in educational endowments. Wm. G. Weed, a prominent lawyer and politician of Albany, N. Y. In London, Earl Grosvenor, aged 31. In Lexington, Va., ex-Gov. John Letcher, aged 71. In Washington, D. C., Hon. E. W. Mackey, representative from South Carolina, aged 38. In New York, Dr. Edward Lasker, member of the German Parliament, in his 56th year.

FEBRUARY.
Died: Thomas Kinella, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle and ex-member of Congress. Hans Larson Martensen, famous Danish preacher and theologian. Mrs. Dix, widow of the late Gen. John A. Dix. Thomas Cheney, for seven years editor of the London Times. A cyclone sweeps over Georgia, Mississippi and the Carolinas, killing upward of 400 people. Floods in the Ohio River. At Cincinnati the water was over several feet deep. The bill to restore Gen. Fitz-John Porter to the army passed the National House. Mr. Morrison introduced his tariff bill. British Parliament meets. Mr. Bradlaugh excluded from the House of Commons. A horrible massacre in Tonquin; one priest, twenty-two catechists and 515 Christians killed, and 108 mission houses destroyed. J. C. S. Blackburn elected United States Senator from Kentucky. Gen. W. T. Sherman placed on the retired list. England dispatches reinforcements to Egypt. The mysterious murder of Mr. and Mrs. Willson, an aged and wealthy couple, of Chicago. The Lasker sympathy resolutions returned by Bismarck to the German Minister at Washington. A negro family murdered near Cincinnati, and their bodies sold to a medical college. The McPherson bank circulation bill passed the United States Senate.

MARCH.
Died: At Washington, Hon. Kenneth Raynor, Solicitor of the Treasury, aged eighty-three. In Santo Domingo, General Baez, ex-President of that island. At Rockford, Ill., Colonel Norman Curtis, the oldest Freeman in Illinois. At Boston, Dr. Ezra Abbott, noted for his great Bible and his torical learning. Napoleon Joseph Perche, Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Diocese of New Orleans. George W. Lane, President of the New York Chamber of Commerce. Wendell Bollman, a famous bridge builder of Baltimore, Md. Dr. L. P. Vandell, of Louisville, Ky., who had a national reputation as a physician and medical writer. Richard H. Home, English poet and essayist. Henry Brown, of Niagara Falls, formerly a slave in Virginia, aged 121. Mrs. Annie Key Turman, of California, daughter of the author of the "Star Spangled Banner." In Omaha, Neb., Right Rev. R. H. Clarkson, Bishop of Nebraska, aged 58. George Cragin, of Utica, N. Y., one of the founders of the Oneida Community in 1848.

One hundred and fifty-four lives lost by an explosion in a colliery at Pocahontas, Va. Thirteen people buried by a snow avalanche in Utah. Fifteen people killed by a similar accident in Colorado. The Supreme Court of the United States affirmed the constitutionality of the legal tender act of 1875. The British Government presented to the United States for the use of the Greely relief expedition, the steamer Alert. The desperado, Frank Rande, makes a murderous assault upon the officers of the Joliet Penitentiary. A host of the poet Longfellow unveiled in Westminster Abbey, London. New York enacts a law prohibiting the making of contracts for the labor of convicts in the State prisons. Frank Rande, the noted desperado, commits suicide in the Joliet Prison. Completion of the first railway line connecting the American cities with the City of Mexico. Ben Thompson and King Fisher, two noted desperados, killed in a theater at San Antonio, Tex. The French defeat the Chinese in Tonquin and capture Bao-Ninh. Orrin A. Carpenter acquitted at Petersburg, Ill., for the murder of Zora Burns. David J. Brewster, of Kansas, appointed Judge of the Eighth Federal Circuit, to succeed Judge McCrary. Severe earthquake shocks at San Francisco. Bloody riots in the city of Cincinnati, in which nearly fifty people are killed.

APRIL.
Died: John J. Cress, a New York banker, formerly Assistant Treasurer of the United States. Henry R. Burdett, of Cleveland, a prominent railroad man. Francis Mignot, an American. Augustus S. Sisk, an American banker and Democratic politician of New York. France Leopold, known as the Duke of Albany, a member of Queen Victoria's family.

famous dancer, aged 80. At London, Charles Reade, the popular English novelist, aged 70. M. Jean Baptiste Damas, French litterateur and statesman. Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Jabez Fitch, of Ohio. Emanuel Gerbel, German poet. Jean Ward, the old-time English pugilist. Alf. Burnett, a noted humorist of Cincinnati.

The British troops withdrew from Egypt. John Jay Knox resigns the Comptrolship of the Treasury. The Queen of Tahiti makes a tour across the continent. Spanish troops in Cuba attack a band of forty-two insurgents and kill thirty of them. Pope Leo issues an encyclical letter denouncing secret societies. Frank James, the bandit, acquitted.

The town of Oakville, Ind., destroyed by a cyclone, and five persons killed. Loss of the steamer Daniel Steinmann off Halifax; 124 people drowned. Many people killed and damaged by a fire and panic in a theater at Huchest. Collision between steamer State of Florida and bark Penona. Both vessels lost 135 persons drowned. More than forty persons killed by the falling of a train of cars into the river near Ciudad Real, Spain. Explosion of powder magazine of San Antonio, near Havana; twenty-one persons killed and many wounded.

MAY.
Died: At Boston, George Mountfort, son of one of the celebrated "tea party" which was a prime cause of the revolutionary war, aged eighty-seven. At London, Sir Henry Bartle Frere, Governor of the Cape of Good Hope. At Prague, ex-Emperress Anna in her eighty-first year. In Constantinople, Midhat Pasha, aged sixty-two. At Newton, Mass., Charles O'Connor, aged eighty. In Chicago, Cyrus H. McCormick, aged seventy-five. In New York, Cishop Benjamin Bosworth Smith, of Kentucky, aged 90. Dr. Willard Parker, an eminent surgeon of New York. Col. Thomas H. Hunt, treasurer of the World's Exposition at New Orleans, and P. Benjamin, formerly Senator from Louisiana and Confederate Secretary of War, at Paris. Two thousand men, women and children, many of them refugees from Kharthoum, massacred by Arabs in Shendy. Failure of the United States Senators from Ohio and Maryland. James Nutt acquitted of the murder of N. L. Dukes, at Uniontown, Pa. W. B. Allison re-elected U. S. Senator from Iowa. Fred Douglas married to a white woman. Thirty-two names and pupils in the Roman Catholic convent at Belleville, Ill., burned to death. Two hundred Chinese lost by the wreck of a steamer. Railway train caught fire from oil on the track, near Bradford, Pa., and eight persons fatally burned. Steamer City of Columbus, from Boston to Savannah, wrecked in Vineyard Sound; 100 lives lost. Judge Nelson Poe, a cousin of the late Edgar Allen Poe died, also the following: Mary, seventeenth wife of the late Brigham Young. Charles Delmonico, famous New York restaurateur. Ex-Congressman S. Bridges, of Alton, Pa. Mrs. Valeria Stone, of Malabar, Pa. Mrs. Isaac Whitely, \$1,000,000 in educational endowments. Wm. G. Weed, a prominent lawyer and politician of Albany, N. Y. In London, Earl Grosvenor, aged 31. In Lexington, Va., ex-Gov. John Letcher, aged 71. In Washington, D. C., Hon. E. W. Mackey, representative from South Carolina, aged 38. In New York, Dr. Edward Lasker, member of the German Parliament, in his 56th year.

JUNE.
Died: Samuel S. Shoemaker, ex-Vice President of the Adams Express company, and a prominent citizen of Baltimore, aged 63. Henry G. Vonnor, the Canadian weather prophet, at Montreal, in his 46th year. The Republican National Convention was held at Chicago, opening on the 8d. On the 6th, James G. Blaine, of Maine, was nominated for President on the fourth ballot, and John A. Logan, of Illinois, for Vice-President, without opposition. The cholera made its appearance in France, many deaths occurring in London and Manchester. The Democratic National Convention was held at Chicago, opening on the 8th. W. B. Vilas, of Wisconsin, was chosen permanent chairman. On the 11th, Grover Cleveland, of New York, was nominated for President on the second ballot, and Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana, for Vice-President, without opposition. The National Prohibition Convention met in Pittsburgh on the 23d, and nominated for President ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas, and for Vice-President William Daniel, of Maryland. Congress adjourned on the 7th of the month. The President vetoed the Fitz-John Porter bill. The Greely relief expedition returned from the arctic regions with Lieut. Greely and six of his surviving fellow explorers. Seventeen others of the expedition perished from starvation, and the bodies were left while hunting seals. The corpses of twelve of the party were brought back, the remains of the other five having been swept out to sea by the winds.

AUGUST.
Died: At Brighton, England, Arthur Richard Wellesley, second Duke of Wellington, aged seventy-seven. At Alton, Ill., Andrew Riley, a former slave, aged 111. Rev. Dr. John Brown, who delivered an address of welcome to Lafayette at Newburgh, N. Y., in 1824. Dr. J. J. Woodard, one of the physicians who attended President Garfield in his last illness. At Huntsville, Ala., Gen. Leroy Pope Walker, who gave the order for firing on Fort Sumter. Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, returned to England, having completed the work of establishing satisfactory trading stations along the Congo river from its mouth to Stanley Pool, 1,400 miles by river. Utah county elections result in the success of the Mormon tickets all over the territory. Capt. Payne and his band of invaders expelled from the Indian Territory by United States soldiers. A gale on the Newfoundland coast causes considerable loss of life. Seven men killed by an explosion in a coal-pit at Paisley, Scotland. Ten men belonging to Orton's circus perished in a burning sleeping-car near Greeley, Col.

SEPTEMBER.
Died—Commodore Thomas S. Fillebrown, commander of the Brooklyn Navy Yard. John W. Garrett, the veteran railway manager, aged 65. Robert Hoe, known throughout the world for his development of the printing press, aged 75. United States Senator Henry R. Anthony, of Rhode Island. Hon. Chas. J. Folger, Secretary of the Treasury, aged 65. Judge Gresham, of Indiana, appointed Secretary of the Treasury. Grand Rapids Missouri Taxation abolished. From the outbreak of the cholera in India to Sept. 26, 13,220 persons were attacked and 9,280 died. A German gunboat, in the name of the German Empire, takes possession of the west coast of Africa, between the eleventh and thirty-sixth degree south latitude, except Swaziland. A rapid rise in the Nile. East Coast and Chicago rivers, destroyed over \$1,000,000 worth of property. News from China that the province of Kiang-Soo had been inundated, and seventy thousand lives lost. Fifty-two lives lost by the sinking of the British gunboat Wasp, off Turkey Straits. Seven persons killed and many wounded by a fire in a factory at Albany County, N. Y. Twenty-five lives lost by a fire in a residence in New York.

OCTOBER.
Died: Col. J. G. O'Connell, a New York banker, formerly Assistant Treasurer of the United States. Henry R. Burdett, of Cleveland, a prominent railroad man. Francis Mignot, an American. Augustus S. Sisk, an American banker and Democratic politician of New York. France Leopold, known as the Duke of Albany, a member of Queen Victoria's family.

We are daily receiving accessions to our already large stock of Grant's fine SEAL CAPS AND GLOVES.

Which we are selling at reduced prices. We also have a fine assortment of

Ladies' Fur Goods,

Selected especially for us from one of the largest Fur Houses in the country.

THOMAS & CRIPPEN,

84 MONKOE STREET.

A THUNDERBOLT

IN THE DRY GOODS CAMP.

Dealers Paralyzed—Spring & Company's Low Prices the Prevailing Cause—Read What They Say About It.

We promise our patrons and the thousands of people who may visit our store during the next few days, that we will sell every description of goods at lower prices than ever known.

We still continue the great sale at the lowest prices ever recorded, only mark the wonderful reductions.

30 yards good Yard Wide Shooting for only One Dollar.

25 yards good Will Crash towel for One Dollar.

16 yards good Cotton Flannel for One Dollar.

25c better goods than you will find elsewhere for double the money.

Good Calicoes for only 4 and 5 cents per yard.

Black Dress Goods for only four and one-half cents per yard.

16 yards beautiful Brocade Dress Goods for One Dollar.

Good White Flannel for only nine cents.

Good White Flannel for only 5, 7 and 9 cents per yard.

Beautiful Flannel and excellent value for only 6 and 8 cents per yard.

Worsted Dress Goods in beautiful brocade patterns in all the most fashionable colors for only one shilling per yard.

Cloaks! Great war on