Grand Rapids Morning Telegram.

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NEW YORK'S NEXT SENATOR.

Hon. William M. Evarts Nominated to Succeed Mr Lapham.

ALBANY, Jan. 19.—At the conclusion of the Legislative session this evening Senator Baker, of Washington county, called the joint caucus to order, nominating Senator McCarthy as chairman. On assuming the chair McCarthy asked the pleasure of the caucus. A motion that a *viva voce* vote be taken on the candidates, and that each member rise and announce his vote was regarded as a test. Morton's adherents protested against it, but it was adopted by 64 to 28. Coggeshall, Daggett, Fassett and Vedder of the Senate opposing, with twenty-four members of the Assembly. Mr. Howe presented William M. Evarts as a candidate, and Senator Arknell seconded the nomination. Senator Lansing, on behalf of Leslie W. Russell and his supporters, also seconded Mr. Evarts's nomination. Mr. Hubbell seconded the nomination in behalf of Mr. Hiscock and his friends and claimed that Western New York was substantially a unit for Evarts. Gen. Barnum, in an eloquent speech, offered the name of Levi P. Morton, and urged that practical leadership in practical politics was more than ever necessary to Republican success. Barnum was seconded by Williams, of Chatauqua, in warm advocacy of Morton. Senator Baker followed in a speech which he concluded by reading a letter from Judge Dalforth, strongly advocating Evarts. James W. Husted presented the name of Chauncey M. Depew. A vote was then taken, resulting in 61 for Evarts, 28 for Morton, 3 for Depew. Senators McCarthy and Carlisle changed from Evarts to Depew. Evarts was therefore declared the Republican candidate for Senator.

A STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM.

Burglars Make a Desperate Attempt to Escape at Pontiac.

PONTIAC, Mich., Jan. 19.—Sunday afternoon while Isaac Parker, day watchman at the jail, was sitting at table, he was suddenly seized from behind, a gag placed in his mouth and was bound hands and feet by Butler, the colored burglar, Stanley, the Orion burglar, and Shannahan, the Holly safe blower. Butler and others then began working with an old knife at the plaster which had lately been put on a place where a hole was dug in the wall. They had been at work nearly an hour when Turnkey Squires went to lock the prisoners up for the night. He called to Parker, and receiving no answer, went in and was assaulted by Butler, Shannahan and another who tried to take the key away from him. The turnkey succeeded in getting to the hall door with Shannahan on his back and dragging the other two who were holding on to him, when Sheriff Voorhees appeared. The prisoners at once let go and went back in the last hall where Parker was found by Squires in an exhausted condition.

The Valley of Shadows.

SHAWNEE, O., Jan. 19.—The Pinkerton guards who have been on duty at Rock run for several weeks have been removed to the lower Hocking valley, the syndicate having no use for them until Bristol tunnel is repaired. It now looks as though the Baltimore & Ohio road will have some difficulty in securing men to work in the tunnel. They offer only $1.15 per day. The miners hesitate to accept for fear they will be charged with "black-legging." O'Donnell, the New Straitsville hardware man, passed through here this morning on his way to Newark to try and obtain possession of sixty Remington rifles consigned to him and held by the express company.

A Gas Explosion.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 19.—At 10:15 o'clock this morning Moorhead, Bros. & Co's. storehouse and mill adjoining, at Sharpsburg, took fire from an explosion of natural gas. The pipes conducting the gas to the mill pass directly under the office floor, and it is supposed that a leak in the main permitted the gas to escape and reach the flames of the stove in the office. The store room and contents are destroyed by the explosion and fire which followed, but the mill is only slightly injured. The loss is estimated at from $15,000 to $20,000; insured. No lives lost.

Murderous Texas Tramps.

HOUSTON, Tex., Jan. 19.—While the train men on the Missouri Pacific daily passenger train from St. Louis, due here at 11 o'clock, were trying to eject two tramps at Overton Station, fifty miles north of this city, the conductor, John Frazier, was shot through the lungs and William Powers, brakeman, through the groin. Both were mortally wounded. The tramps escaped, but bloodhounds were put on their track, and if caught they will be speedily strung up. There were eleven bullet holes in the car where the shooting occurred.

Summing Up Results.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Jan. 19—2 p. m.—Further investigation of the results of Sunday's fire show that E. Clapp & Son lose $15,000 on their carriage factory and stock, and Reade $9,000 on rink and skates. There was an insurance of $2,000 on Reade's property. Both he and the Clapps say they will rebuild and resume business with all possible speed. N. Bird, keeper of a saloon, lost $100 in plate glass broken by the heat; insured. J. S. Upton lost $1,000 on a building torn down to prevent the spread of the flames. His insurance expired last week.

Accident on the Wabash.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 19.—An accident occurred to a passenger train on the Wabash Road near Venice, Ill., at 9 o'clock this morning by which the conductor, a brakeman and several passengers are reported badly injured. The forward part of the train passed over the rail, which broke, throwing the baggage and passenger car into the ditch upon its side. The injured parties were brought here and are being cared for by the railway authorities.

"Baron Rudolph" Sued.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Geo. S. Knight, the German dialect comedian, is defendant in a suit brought by George Richards for salary for the remaining weeks of a season, after the plaintiff had voluntarily left the defendant's company. Knight sets up as defense that Richards is in his debt by reason of his (Knight's) having been obliged to pay an increased salary to Richard's substitute.

Returning to Work.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Fully three-fourths of the 1,900 employes of Sanford & Son's carpet mill returned to work this morning, after a thirty days' strike, accepting the reduction. Members of the labor union were excluded.

THE SENATE AND HOUSE

EULOGY ON SENATOR ANTHONY.

List of Bills Presented in the House—The Indian Land Leases—Other Capital Matters of Interest.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Thirteen Senators were in their seats when the opening prayer was made. President pro tem Edmunds waited about ten minutes for Senators to arrive before ordering the clerk to read the journal. The chair occupied by the late Senator Anthony was heavily draped in mourning. At 12:30 p. m., after the transaction of some routine business, Senator Aldrich offered appropriate resolutions and addresed the Senate in eulogy of the late Senator.

In the House.

In the House to-day after several vain attempts to pass bills by unanimous consent the regular order was demanded and the Speaker proceeded to call the states and territories for introduction of bills for reference. Among the more important measures introduced were: By Mr. Broadhead (Mo.), to establish a grade and rate of pensions for pilots on gunboats during the late war. By Mr. Cox (N. Y.), to authorize the construction of one steel gunboat. By Mr. Curtin (Pa.), reviving the act of Aug. 15, 1876, providing for telegraphic communication between the United States and Asia. By Mr. Collins (Mass.), a resolution extending the thanks of Congress to Capt. Michael A. Healey and the officers and men of the revenue steamer Corwin for rescuing shipwrecked persons in the Arctic seas. At the conclusion of the call Mr. Hitt (Ill.) in behalf of the Committee on Foreign Affairs moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill providing for the exercise of jurisdiction conferred upon the United States in places outside of its jurisdiction. The bill proposes a general revision of the laws governing the consular courts of the United States.

Indian Land Leases.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Senate committee on Indian affairs this morning resumed the investigation of land leases in the Indian Territory. Dr. Adair, a Cherokee, testified that he was a member of a Cherokee company, which offered to pay $100,000 for the lease of the Cherokee strips, or, if that was not enough to give $120,000 for it. His company failed to secure it, however, another organization getting it for $100,000. He could not understand why the higher amount was refused, unless money was used to influence the council.

William N. Rasmus, a licensed trader of the Cherokee nation, gave testimony which indicated that money had been used to influence the council. He said money was very scarce when the session of the Cherokee council began, but when it ended an unusual number of $50 and $100 bills were brought to his store for change. It was common talk that those who granted the lease were paid. One member of the council—Samuel Downing—admitted to witness that he received $500 for his vote. Samuel S. Smoot, an attorney of this city, gave testimony to the effect that the leasing of their lands was a good thing for the Indians.

Uncle Sam Investigating.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—It is stated that the flagship "Tennessee," which sailed from Hampton roads Saturday on her way to New Orleans, is under orders to proceed immediately to Key West, Fla., to investigate a report that a filabustering expedition is organizing at that point to aid the Cuban insurrection.

General Mention.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—A clause of new legislation is embodied in the river harbor appropriation bill which is of general interest. It directs the Secretary of War to ascertain and report to Congress which and how many navigable streams within the jurisdiction of the United States have been improved by locks and dams or by other improvements, either by States or corporations in pursuance of State authority and upon which streams toll is now charged; whether said improvements can be purchased or condemned by the United States, and the probable cost of each improvement, together with the probable benefit to navigation and commerce of such purchase or condemnation when made with the view of making the navigation of such streams free. The annual report of the public printer was submitted to the Senate to-day. The cost for printing for the Senate during the first session in 1883-'84 was $149,143, and for the House $276,333. Of the *Congressional Record*, 42,000 volumes were printed. The pay roll of the public printer averages $5,646 per day.

The President will this afternoon send to the Senate the nominations of Carroll D. Wright (Mass.) for Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor Statistics and Hon. Emory Speer for Circuit Judge of the southern district of Georgia.

A number of steamboat men are here to oppose the abolition of the law providing that one of the safety valves of a boiler and the steam registers shall be taken from the control of persons engaged in the navigation of a vessel. The scheme, it is alleged, will compel the adoption of the Edison register, which is now optional. The steamboat men outside of the western rivers claim that this register will be a costly annoyance, and wholly unnecessary. The President has approved the bill compensating the messengers who carried the election votes of Iowa and Oregon to Washington.

Jack Frost's Slaughter.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 19—Dispatches from Texas continue to report great loss to cattle and sheep by the late cold weather in various parts, and on many ranges in the northern and western part of the State. Great numbers of cattle have drifted southward till stopped by wire fencing running many miles east and west, and are now dying by hundreds and even thousands from hunger, thirst and cold. The loss is chiefly on ranges which had suffered from drought, both grass and water being scarce and the cattle in poor condition, but even in the more favored parts of the State a great amount of stock has already been lost by the unusual severity of the weather. It is estimated 10 per cent. of the cattle and 20 per cent. of the sheep have perished.

Found Dead in a Ditch.

DETROIT, Jan. 19.—The body of Wilbur Mann, keeper of the second toll-gate on the Grand River road, was found in a ditch on the Ferry farm, just outside the city limits, at 11 o'clock this morning. Mr. Mann had been missing since Saturday night.

Will Run on Short Time.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Jan. 19.—The Pierpont Silver Plating Company started up to-day after a three weeks' suspension, with about half the usual force. It will run four days a week and eight hours a day.

YOUTHFUL BURGLARS.

Young Kanucks Practice the Arts of Midnight Mechanics.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 19.—During the past week a burglary has been committed nearly every night in this city. No clue to the perpetrators could be obtained until last night, when two brothers named Brown, aged seventeen and nineteen respectively, whose parents are highly respected, were caught in the act of blowing up a safe in Mortimer's bindery. After their arrest they gave the name of a very young lad named Waller, son of an ex-Mayor and now County Treasurer Waller, as one of the gang. Waller was arrested in bed at his father's residence this morning. A skeleton key and a key to Mortimer's bindery was found in his possession, while the Brown boys had a quantity of powder and some still drills in their pockets. Owing to the high social standing of the parents of the young burglars, the affair has caused great excitement in the city.

MICHIGAN PASSENGER AGENTS.

Conventions to Which Special Rates Will be Given.

At the monthly meeting of the Michigan Passenger Agents' Association, held in Detroit last week, the passenger agreement for 1885, covering the granting of passes, reduced rates to clergymen, theatrical companies, meetings and conventions, was discussed. Special rates were granted to the following conventions: Grand Chapter and Grand Lodge A. F. and A. M., at Detroit, Jan. 20 to 30; Y. M. C. A. Convention, at Ionia, Jan. 22 to 25; Unity Grand Lodge, A. F. and A. M., at Detroit, Jan. 26 to 31; Association of Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of Michigan, at Lansing, Jan. 27; Twelfth annual session of the Superintendents of the Poor, at Lansing, Jan. 27 to 29; Ninth annual session of the United Order of Workingmen, at Detroit, Feb. 3; Dutch Frisian Herd Book Association, at Detroit, Feb. 4; Northwestern Michigan Beekeepers' Association, at Vassar, Feb. 4; Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., at Allegan, Feb. 10 to 13; I. O. O. F. lodge Meeting at Kalamazoo, Feb. 17 to 19; Michigan Engineering Society at Lansing, Feb. 17 to 21; Michigan Association of Spiritualists at Grand Rapids, Feb. 29 to March 1. The reduced rates to the meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be held at Portland, Me.; the Montreal Ice Carnival, and the inaugural at Washington in March, will be announced hereafter.

A Book Dealer Fails.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Richard Worthington, book-seller, publisher and importer at 770 Broadway, made an assignment to-day, giving prefences for $34,376. Worthington has been in business for about ten years, having previously been in business in Montreal and Boston. He failed in 1876, and went through bankruptcy. His present liabilities, so far as learned, are between $300,000 and $400,000, and actual assets fully as much, his stock at retail prices being upwards of $1,000,000. A meeting of creditors will be called in a few days, when an extension will be asked.

Attempt at Ejectment.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 19.—Great excitement has been caused in the western part of the Province of Quebec by a notice published by the commissioner of crown lands that the Quebec Government intends evicting a large number of settlers in the Gatineau Valley, canceling their patents and offering the property for sale to the highest bidder. A settlers' league has been formed, and it is feared that any attempt at ejectment will be forcibly resisted.

The Grand Army for Grant.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 19.—Rankin Post G. A. R., to-day, adopted resolutions heartily approving the action of the Senate in passing the bill for the retirement of Gen. Grant and calling upon Grand Army men generally, and particularly those who are members of the Lower House of Congress, to do all in their power to secure the passage of the bill by the latter body.

The Victims of the Kankakee Fire.

KANKAKEE, Jan. 19.—The bodies of the remaining five victims of the fire were recovered to-day. They are: Alfred Runyard, aged 50, of Winnebago; C. M. Tyler, aged 45, of Sheldon; C. Strolz, aged 65, of Chicago; Orlando Ellis, of Pontiac; John Mathan, aged 42, of Chicago. Coroners' jury not yet finished taking of testimony.

A Chinese Town Destroyed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 19.—The steamer Arabic, which arrived last evening, brought Hong Kong dates of Dec. 23 and Yokohoma Jan. 4. An incendiary fire completely destroyed the town of Hungham, near Hong Kong. No details are published, but it is believed that many lives were lost. Fears are entertained that the steamer Charles Townsend, which sailed from Saigon for Hong Kong, has been lost with 250 souls on board.

Oxford on Fire.

OXFORD, Mich., Jan 19.—This morning at 8 o'clock fire damaged Nichols & Bliss' meat market, Green's harness shop, Glaspie's knitting works, Perkins' grocery and American Express Company. The goods mostly were saved. Night watch Babcock narrowly escaped death. The loss is not determined, but will amount to about $4,000. The fire caught from a defective chimney.

Anxiety for the Pope.

ROME, Jan. 19.—Considerable anxiety prevails in church circles over the alarming illness of the Pope. He is confined to his bed with fever occasioned by a severe attack of rheumatism, and grave fears are entertained lest the attack prove fatal.

Relief for Earthquake Sufferers.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Jan. 19.—A subscription has been opened at the office of A. Diaz Mirandi, the Spanish consul, for the relief of sufferers by the terrible earthquake, which recently visited the provinces of Malaga and Granada, in Spain.

A Lesson Dearly Learned.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 19.—Minnie Carnahan, daughter of Fred Carnahan, of the State printing house, took strychnine by mistake for quinine Sunday noon. She is all right now.

Mt. Clemens Lawyers Happy.

MT. CLEMENS, Mich., Jan. 19.—The Macomb Circuit Court convened to-day. The People v. W. D. Wilson, adultery, is on trial.

SULLIVAN AND RYAN.

THE CHAMPION FINDS HIS MATCH

The Contest at Madison Square Garden Terminated by the Police—A Close Fight.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Seven thousand people gained admission to Madison Square to-night to witness the much-talked-of glove contest between Sullivan and Ryan. The crowd being composed of men of all grades of society. The first part of the program was of the usual character, but the boxing and wrestling of the lesser lights failed to excite much interest. At quarter past ten a loud yell proclaimed that the stars of the evening were making their way to the platform. Sullivan was the first to make his appearance. He was dressed in flesh-colored drawers, green stockings and sleeveless silk shirt, such as rowing men wear. Paddy Ryan immediately followed, was stripped to the buff, wore white flannel knee breeches and green stockings. Dan Murphy and Pat Sheedy esquired Sullivan, while Ned Mallahan and Jimmey Patterson performed a like office for Ryan. The weights given out were 197 pounds for Ryan, while Sullivan was given as 212 pounds. After some delay in the selection of a referee John Scannell was agreed to. When all preliminaries had been settled, Captain Williams handed each man the gloves. They weighed about four ounces, and were much smaller than ordinary boxing gloves. The men then put up their hands. Sullivan led off at the body with his left, but the blow fell short, as Ryan jumped back. In stepping into the distance again Ryan was met by Sullivan's left glove, which just reached his face, making a slight blow. The meeting brought them to short range. Ryan swung his right heavily into the champion's ear. Sullivan rallied quickly and made a play at the face, landing a good, clean blow. Ryan again countered twice, once on the neck, again on the ear. Then came a clinch, which was terminated by Ryan getting Sullivan's head in chancery and administering two heavy blows on the Bostonian's ribs. Then he broke away and sparred at long range for a second or two, when they came together again. This time Sullivan made a lead on the mouth. Ryan putting in a straight left-handed counter on the chest and swinging the right on the ear. Then he rattled away at short range, Ryan getting the best of the exchanges, which were all over the body and face. This close work precipitated another clinch, and as they stood hugging each other, Inspector Thorne jumped on the stage and stopped the fight. The contestants went to the corners expecting to be allowed to resume the fight, but the inspector was inexorable, and told Capt. Williams to take the gloves away. This was done and the crowd howled in disappointment. The referee said he considered it no fight, but the popular verdict was that Ryan had the call. There were no arrests.

Stopped by the Police.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The Ryan-Sullivan fight to-night was stopped by the police after the men had sparred thirty-one seconds.

Missionaries Not Wanted.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 19.—The Chinese at Canton have expelled the Bishop and thirty missionaries.

AN AMERICAN ARISTOCRAT.

The Mistaken Notions That Pervade the East Relative to the American Indians.

[E. V. Smalley, in the Century.]

There is a mistaken notion among philanthropic people in the East that the Indian is a much-abused person, who is entitled to the lively sympathy of mankind. Unquestionably there have been plenty of instances of broken treaties and individual and tribal wrongs; but, looking at the matter, not from the historical but from the actual point of view, it must be admitted that the aborigine on a reservation has more rights and privileges than a white man enjoys. 'If I could have the privileges on this reservation, which the Indian has,' said Major Ronan, the Indian Agent, as we were driving through the lovely Mission Valley, 'I would resign my office at once, settle down on one of these streams, build a house, fence in all the land I wanted, and get me a big herd of cattle.' The Indian or the half-breed, explained the agent, can inclose as much land as he pleases, and use as much more as he wants for a stock-range. He pays no taxes, and rides free on the railroad. If his tools get out of repair, or his horses need shoeing, the Government employs a blacksmith to work for him. He takes his wheat to the agency flour-mill, where it is ground by the Government, and his logs to the agency saw-mill, to be made into lumber of the dimensions he wishes. If he is sick, the Government supplies him with medicine and a doctor. The missionaries educate his children in a boarding-school, and furnish him with the comforts of religion without charge. If he is too idle to work, he knows that the Government will in no event let him starve. If he tries, he can become a rich man by the mere increase of his cattle and horses. Now, how does it stand with the white citizen? Instead of thousands of acres, he can get from the Government only one hundred and sixty, and on them he must pay taxes and 'rustle for a living,' as the Western phrase goes. The Indian is our American aristocrat. He owns the whole landscape; he toils not, save in a fitful way as it suits his pleasure, and he spends his time in hunting, fishing, horse-racing, gambling, and losing. It will be argued, I know, that the Indian once owned the whole country, and that the reservations and privileges they have upon them are, after all, but a small compensation for what they have lost. This, again, is a mistake. No people own a country because they roam over it before others come to share occupancy. If a few hundred white men should chance to be the first inhabitants of a territory large enough for a great State, who would say that they owned all the land by reason of that circumstance?

NOTED PEOPLE.

Senator Blackburn says that there are 36,000 applicants for office in Kentucky alone.

Miss Rose Coghlan, the actress, has adopted a motherless babe, and christened it Agnes Rosalind.

Theodore Tilton is living in Paris, where he is described as giving good dinners to good persons, writing a volume of poems, and mingling in artistic society, including that of Sarah Bernhardt.

MEADOWS ABLAZE.

Acres of Grass in Flames Along the Erie Railroad.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Yesterday afternoon the dry grass on the Hackensack meadows was fired from the sparks of a passing locomotive on the New York, Lake Erie & Western railroad, and in a few moments acres of grass were in flames, at one time threatening the Hudson county alnshouse, which was saved only by hard work. At the west end of the Bergen tunnel hundreds of men worked for hours trying to save the company's property, and were only partially successful. The fire presented a beautiful sight. Heavy volumes of black smoke hovered over Jersey City, and caused much alarm among the citizens. The fire will probably burn for several days on the meadows, but it is not likely to do much damage.

"Bunch of Keys."

This play, by Chas. Hoyt, author of a "Parlor Match," will be given at Redmond's on Saturday evening by Flora Moore and a first-class company. The company has presented the piece here before, and the excellent impression then made will be repeated. Seats at Friedrich Bros'.

The finest assortment of Cutters in the city at A. R. Antisdel's.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

OFFICE OF F. V. TAYLOR, Sweet's Hotel, GRAND RAPIDS, Jan. 19, 1885.

Cables reported English and French markets dull and steady on wheat and corn, evidently in sympathy with the easier Chicago markets of last week. New York exported Saturday about 865,000 bu wheat in wheat and flour. Other seaboard markets not heard from on account of the storm. Large quantities of corn have recently been taken for export account, partly via Baltimore, and the effect is visible on the markets in considerable advances in both the speculation and low grades—the latter showing the most strength. Chicago receipts to-day include 67 cars wheat, 135 cars corn, 56 cars of oats and 18,000 hogs. If no more large failures are reported we shall probably see higher prices.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Closed.
Wheat—				
February	79¾	80⅝	78⅝	80⅝
March	80⅝	81	79⅝	81
May	86½	87	85½	86⅞
Corn—				
Feburary	38¼	38⅝	38¼	38⅛
May	41¾	42½	41⅝	42½
Oats—				
May	31⅝	31⅝	31¼	31⅝
Pork—				
May	$12 60	$12 60	$12 50	$12 60
Lard—				
May	$ 7 15	$ 7 15	$7 10	$7 10

New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.

Money closed easy at 1½ per cent. Exchange closed dull at 4.82½@4.86¼; actual rates 4.81¾@4.82 for 60 days, and 4.85¾@4.86 for demand.

Governments closed firm; currency 6's 125 bid; 4's coupons 121¾ bid; 4½'s do 112¾ bid.

Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts, 111¼ to 111½, do. land grants, 107½ bid; do sinking funds, 117 to 118; Centrals, 110½ to 111.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.

FLOUR—Dull but steady and without decided change; Minnesota extra $3 15@3 00; city mill extra, $4 90; St. Louis extra, $3 20@5 60. Southern flour quiet; common to choice extra, $3 50@5 90.

WHEAT—Options irregular, closing, after a moderate business about steady but 1⅛ to 1¼c lower. Spot lots weak and ¼ to ⅜c lower. Spot sales of ungraded red at 87@94c; No. 2 ungraded red at 90⅝c; No. 2 red 91⅞@91½c, and ungraded white 93c; No. 2 red winter, February, 92@92¼c; do March, 93⅝@93⅞c; do April 95⅛@95¾c.

CORN—Options moderately active but irregular, and closed dull and easy at ⅛ to ⅜c lower. Spot lots weak and ¼ to ⅜c lower. Spot sales of ungraded mixed 51@52¾c, and No. 2 52⅛@52½c. No. 2 mixed January 52¾c; do February, 50½c.

OATS—Options dull closing weak and ¼ to ½ lower. Spot sales weak and ¼ to ⅜c lower. Spot grades nominal unchanged; No. 2 mixed, February, 35⅜c; do May, 37⅛c.

RYE—Firm; Western, 67@69c; state and Canada, 70@72c.

BARLEY—Nominal.

PORK—Dull; mess quoted at 13 50.

LARD—Dull and heavy; $7 20 cash; $7 14@7 17 February.

SUGAR—Dull but firm; fair to good refining, 4⅛@5.

BUTTER—Firm; State, 16@29c; Western, 10@25c.

EGGS—Firm; Western, 27½@28c; State 28c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, Jan. 19.

The local grain market was very dull during the noon session to-day. Business was quiet all day, and at times there was not even a suspicion of activity. Prices of wheat eased off one or two points toward noon, but at the close they regained their strength. Corn was firmer than on Saturday's board, but the demand continued light until the close. Oats were a trifle easier, and clover seed dull and neglected. Quotations on the open board were as follows:

WHEAT—No. 1 white spot, 5 cars at 89½c; January, 5,000 bu at 89¼c, 1,000 bu at 89c; February, 1,000 bu at 90¼c, 1,000 bu at 90c; March, 1,000 bu 91¾c, 1,000 bu at 91c, 1,000 bu at 91⅜c, 10,000 bu at 90⅜c, 1,000 bu at 91⅜c; May, 4,000 bu at 94⅛c, 10,000 bu at 94c; No. 2 red Michigan, 1 car at 88c, 1 car at 88¼c, 1 car at 88⅛c; No. 2 red, regular, 10 cars at 88c; March, 1,000 bu at 89⅜c, 2,000 bu at 89½c; May, 5,000 bu at 94c; No. 3 red, spot, 1 car at 77c.

CORN—No. 2 spot, 3 cars at 42⅜c; new mixed, 3 cars at 42c; new No. 2 white, 1 car at 42c.

OATS—No. 2, mixed, 1 car at 42c.

CLOVER SEED—Prime, spot, $4 85 bid; January, $4 90, nominal; No. 2 spot, $4 77½ bid.

Grand Rapids.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

TELEGRAM OFFICE, Jan. 19.

GRAIN—Corn, 36c. Oats, 28@30c; retail 35c. Wheat: Clawson, 79; red long berry, 74; short berry, 76. Rye, 56 lbs, 50@55c.

FLOUR AND FEED—Patry, $4 50 wholesale; $5 50 retail; patent, $5 50 wholesale, $6 25 retail; middlings, per ton, $16 00 wholesale, $1 00 per cwt. Bran, per ton, $14 00 wholesale; 85@90c per cwt. Meal and feed, per ton, $30 00 wholesale; $1 10 per cwt.

PROVISIONS—Beef, per side, $5 00@6 50. Veals $8 00@9 00, scarce. Lambs $5 00@6 50; mutton, $4@5. Dressed hogs, $4 50@5 00. Pork: Per bbl mess, $16 00; hams, 14c; shoulders, 8c; smoked beef, 16c; bacon, 12½c. Lard: Tierces, 9½c; kettle, 10c.

BUTTER AND CHEESE—Butter: Tubs and jars, 18@18c; creamery, tubs, 26c. Cheese: 11½@12½c.

POULTRY—Fowls, Dressed, 10@11c. Turkeys, dressed, 11@12c. Ducks, dressed 11@12c.

EGGS—Fresh, lots, 20c; basket lots, 20c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes: 25@30c. Onions: Per bu, yellow, 40@45c; silver skins, 50@60c. Beets, per bu, 35c. Cabbage, per hundred, $4 00@6 00. Squash, per hundred, 75@1 00. Turnips, per bu, 25c. Celery, per doz, 30@35c. Cranberries, $3 25 per bu.

FRESH FRUITS—Apples, per bu, 25@40c.

HONEY—White clover, 26@12½c; dark, 5@7c; strained, 4c.

SALT—Syracuse, barrel, $1 25; Saginaw, $1 10.

SEEDS—Timothy, $2 00; clover, $3 00@3 50; Red Top, $1 00.

HIDES—Green, per lb, 6½c; part cured, 7½@; Tallow: full cured, 8½@9½; dry hides and kips, 8@11c; calf skins, green or cured, 10c; deacon skins, per piece, 20@30c.

SHEEP PELTS—Shearlings or Summer skins, per piece, 10@20c; fall pelts, 40@50c; Winter pelts, 50@75c.

TALLOW—5½@6½c.

WOOL—Fine washed, 20@22c; coarse washed 16@18c; unwashed ⅔.

HAY—$10@12, baled $14 per ton wholesale; 80@90c per cwt.

STRAW—Per load, $3@4.

WOOD—Hard, selling at $2.25 per cord for block; split wood, $3.50.

COAL—Stove and nut, $7.25 per ton; egg and grate, $7.00 per ton.

KEROSENE—Water white, per gallon, 10; legal test, 11.

Our Customers

and all others who desire to avail themselves of our Great Closing Out Sale of Dry Goods and Carpets will be more comfortably served if they could visit our store in the fore part of the day, on account of the great crowds of people making purchases every afternoon.

SPRING & COMPANY.

Many people are not aware of the immense reduction we have made on Silk Dress Goods of all kinds as well as the great cut on the price of goods in other departments. Below please notice the changes in Summer Silks and other Silks reduced from 50c and 60c to 39c. Also a large lot from 65c and 75c reduced to 48c. Also about fifty pieces worth from 85c to $1.00, reduced to 68c. A large lot of very heavy Gros-Grain Silks all colors worth from $1.25 to $1.50 per yard, we have marked 95c.

Black Silks, only look at the low prices.

Worth $1.00,	now	65c.	
" 1.25,	"	88c.	
" 1.35,	"	97c.	
" 1.50,	"	$1.10.	
" 1.75,	"	1.25.	
" 2.00,	"	1.50.	
" 2.25,	"	1.85.	
" 2.50,	"	1.95.	

These are the lowest we have ever known.

Black Satin Rhadame for 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50. All these goods have been reduced nearly one-half in price. They must be sold. We are overloaded on them.

SPRING & COMPANY.

Brocade Velvets, Colored Velvets and Colored Silk Plushes reduced in price.

SPRING & COMPANY.

Black Satin Brocade, some of the most elegant patterns to be found in any market, reduced very much in price.

SPRING & COMPANY.

Our Silk Stock embraces several hundred pieces and a good many thousand dollars, which we are bound to close out in the next few days.

SPRING & COMPANY.

20 yards good Yard Wide Sheeting for only One Dollar.

25 yards good twill Crash toweling for One Dollar.

16 yards good Cotton Flannel for One Dollar.

Elegant Cashmeres in all colors only 25c and 25c, better goods than you will find elsewhere for double the money.

Good Calicos for only 4 and 5 cents per yard.

Plaid Dress Goods for only four and one-half cents per yard.

SPRING & COMPANY

16 yards beautiful Brocade Dress Goods for One Dollar.

Good White Flannel for only nine cents.

Ginghams for only 5, 7 and 9 cents per yard.

SPRING & COMPANY.

Beautiful Plaids and excellent value for only 6 and 8 cents per yard.

Worsted Dress Goods in beautiful brocade patterns in all the most fashionable colors for only one shilling per yard. SPRING & COMPANY.

Cloaks! Great war on Cloaks!

A good Cloak	for $ 5 00	worth	$10 00
" "	" 7 50	"	15 00
" "	" 9 00	"	18 00
" "	" 10 00	"	20 00
" "	" 12 00	"	25 00

and so on up to the best quality Plush which we have commenced selling at the most fearful low prices. SPRING & COMPANY.

We give notice to the Farmer, the Mechanic and to all laboring men and women that our prices on Dry Goods will be made to correspond with the low prices prevailing, not only for their labor but for all kinds of produce raised upon the farm. Visit our store and judge for yourselves.

SPRING & COMPANY.

Flannels of all descriptions are marked down at the most wonderful low prices. 9c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 17c, 20c, 25c. During a business experience of upward of thirty-five years we have never known such values for the money as now prevail in each Department of our Store. No matter what your wants may be in the Dry Goods line you will find every article marked corresponding with the great scarcity of money. A bushel of wheat will purchase more goods from our Establishment than it ever would since the foundation of the world. SPRING & COMPANY.

BEFORE INVOICING

February 1st, 1885,

And every day for the balance of this month we will offer the

BIGGEST BARGAINS

—AT THE—

GREAT WARDROBE

—IN ALL OUR LINES OF—

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING

For the Purpose of Reducing Stock.

REMEMBER!

—The Balance of Our—

"WINTER OVERCOATS"

Must go at Some Price. These Points are for Your Advantage, at

E. S. PIERCE'S

UNDER TOWER CLOCK.

VISITORS TO THE EXPOSITION

At New Orleans will find a Beautiful Assortment of

Trunks, Traveling Bags

and Traveling Outfits

—AT—

The Great Wardrobe.