TALKS OF MEN

THE INDIAN TROUBLE DUE TO FAILURE TO KEEP PLEDGES.

WHY THE NOBLE RED MAN IS DANCING.

He Believes It Will Influence Tardy Congressional Action.

CUMMINGS AND THE LABOR QUESTION.

Congressman Chipman Is Not for Mills for Speaker—Reed Unfavorable to Further Silver Legislation.

Both Senators Plumb and Teller yesterday introduced bills for the free coinage of silver. The latter, in speaking of his measure, said he thought his bill would not only pass the Senate, but the House as well, and go to the President. Whether or not he would sign it Mr. Teller declined to say. Mr. Teller is positive that free coinage would go very far toward restoring an era of prosperity.

On the other hand a Republican Congressman, who is close to Speaker Reed, told me that Reed was not favorable to further silver legislation, and that no bill for free coinage would be permitted to pass the House.

"THE CRITIC was mistaken in quoting me as expressing a preference for Roger Q. Mills for Speaker of the next House," said Congressman Chipman of the Detroit district

"I did say a lot of nice things about Mr. Mills. I said he deserved well of his party on account of his splendid record on the tariff question, but I think it is quite too soon to commit myself on the Speakership question."

Congressman Amos Cummings of New York was in a very didactic humor last evening. He was bewailing the troubles of the laboring man. Said he in his best Websterian style:

"The biggest blow that has yet been struck against the laboring men of the country was struck yesterday in the Senate of the United States, when Senator Hoar and his Republican colleagues refused to allow the Eight Hour bill to be taken up and discussed. It was an infamous piece of business to give the Force bill the right of way over so meritorious a measure as the Eight Hour bill."

Dr. T. A. Bland, editor of the *Commonwealth*, has the confidence of the Sioux Indians now engaged in ghost dancing to a greater extent than any one else in the East. He scouts the idea of an Indian war. He says that if the Government will carry out its agreements, express and implied, with the Indians, there will be no trouble. I see no fault in the treaty by which the Government bought eleven millions of acres of the great Sioux reservation in South Dakota it was stipulated that Red Cloud, Red Leaf and their bands should be paid for the horses they lost in the war of 1876, when General Custer and his band was massacred. Noting this Standing Rock and the Cheyenne Indians made a claim that they had lost horses in the same war and demanded pay for them. The treaty made no reference to these claims, but the Commissioners who represented the Government in the making of the treaty assured Standing Rock and the others that their claims should be paid. They went even further, Dr. Bland says, and told the Indians that if these claims were not paid the treaty should not stand. These assurances have not been made good, and cannot be except by Congress. The untutored Indian does not recognize the difficulty nor appreciate the delay of securing Congressional action. And here is the danger. While Congress is deliberating the Indians are dancing. They want Congress to make good the promises of the Commissioners. Dr. Bland approves of the course taken in this emergency by the Indian Bureau. He thinks it tends towards peace.

When the Buffalo Bill Indians were here Rocky Bear, a Sioux chief, speaking of the Messiah excitement among his people, said to Dr. Bland:

"If my people can be any greater fools about religion than the white folks, I pity them."

Rocky Bear had seen the Salvation Army in London.

I met a tramp this afternoon who, in addition to striking me for the price of a night's lodging, also delivered a short off hand temperance lecture. Holding up a pair of hands that looked as if rats had been gnawing them, the poor fellow said: "Boss I can't work no more, because my hands are as sore I can't hold nothin'. I used to be a bar keeper, but I was forced to give up the business. The bad whisky that I used to handle just eat the flesh off my hands. Now, if liquor will serve a man's hands that then what will it do with a man's stomach? Anyhow I have been a temperance man ever since the doctor told me that the whisky pizened my hands."

IN THE CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Bingham Doles Out Justice to Policy Writers.

In the Criminal Court this morning the early hours were spent in forming and arranging the juries and excusing jurymen who had good reasons for not serving.

William Walker and Arthur Cromwell, two violators of the policy law, were called for trial, but failed to appear. Their recognizance was declared forfeited

Phillip Jenkins, a middle aged colored man, was arraigned for violating the policy law, and pleaded guilty. He was discovered writing policy tickets, and as it was the first time he had been caught, his counsel, Mr. Close, made an earnest plea for the mercy of the court. Chief Justice Bingham gave the prisoner some good advice as to leaving policy writing alone in the future and sentenced him to pay a fine of $50 and costs.

Reserved Its Decision.

The Interstate Commerce Commission to day announced its decision in the case of Harvey, Bates & H. Bates, jr., against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and other carriers. This case was originally decided February 7, 1890, and a rehearing was afterwards granted on the application of defendants and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, which had appeared in the case prior to the decision and filed argument.

The opinion was written by Commissioner Veazey. The evidence produced at the rehearing satisfied the Commission, upon grounds stated in the opinion, that the former order should be vacated, and that no further order should now be made.

CLIMBING UP.

The Prices on Change Are Gradually Advancing.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Money on call loaned at 5@6 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, 482@483; actual rates, 481@481½ for sixty days, and 486 for demand.

Governments steady; currency 4s, 109 bid; 4s coupon, 121½ bid; 4½s do., 109 bid.

The stock market opened quiet with the little business that was done confined to about a half dozen stocks, notably St. Paul, Lackawanna, Union Pacific, Atchison, Louisville and Nashville. The first prices were generally ½@2 per cent higher, but in the early trading a weak tone was developed, but opening advance was lost. Toward the end of the first hour the Sugar Trust developed unusual strength and advanced from 53½ to 59.

The general market advanced in sympathy, and at 11 o'clock prices were fractionally higher than those of yesterday. The Sugar Trust continued the principal feature from 11 o'clock to 11 30. Its price advanced to 60 and then declined to 57½. The general list, led by Northern Pacific preferred, fell 1 to 1 per cent.

Toward noon Lackawanna came suddenly to the fore. Its price jumped from 130 to 132 and the others followed suit in a lesser proportion. At this writing the market is dull, but generally ½ to 2 per cent higher.

GENERAL BAXTER'S CONDITION.

He Has Not Recovered Consciousness, But is Slightly Improved.

The condition of Surgeon-General Baxter, who was attacked by paralysis on Monday, was still very critical last night. A consultation of the attending physicians was held last evening, and they came to the conclusion that if there had been any change during the day it was for the better. The pulse and respiration were both more nearly normal and evidences of returning consciousness have been noticed, but there has been scarcely any diminution of the paralytic symptoms.

The first signs of consciousness were shown yesterday during the visit of Senator Edmunds, who has been a lifelong friend of the stricken General. The patient appeared to recognize the Senator for an instant, but immediately relapsed into a comatose condition, in which he has since remained.

General Baxter's condition this morning was somewhat improved, although he has not recovered consciousness. He passed a very fair night, and the physicians express some hopes of his recovery.

TURNED THE TABLES.

A Witness in a Liquor Case Charged With Perjury.

In July Daniel Mahoney, the keeper of a grocery store and saloon at No. 1130 First street northwest, was convicted in the Police Court for a violation of the Sunday law.

Benjamin Warfield testified he had obtained two drinks of liquor in Mahoney's place on Sunday, July 27, from Mrs. Mahoney. An appeal was taken to the Criminal Court, and there Warfield gave the same testimony, but the jury acquitted the defendant.

In the Police Court to-day Warfield was charged with perjury. Mr. Mahoney, Charlotte Watson, Albert Lancaster (the latter an employe at the Senate restaurant), testified that they were in Mahoney's store on Sunday, July 27, when Warfield came in and asked for liquor, but Mrs. Mahoney positively refused to sell it to him. He insisted on having it, when Mr. Mahoney came into the room and ordered him out.

Judge Miller sent Warfield to the grand jury under a bond of $500.

THE DISTRICT AT THE FAIR.

Mr. Clagett Hopes Congress Will Make a Suitable Appropriation.

Mr. Dorsey Clagett, one of the District World's Fair Commissioners, said this morning: "The National Capital exhibit will be the focus of all eyes to see what it will do at the exposition. The United States will have a grand display, more especially in the exemplification of Departmental work and the cash room at the Treasury building. There are many people in all parts of the country who have never been to Washington. We have many objects of interest in the District, many relics, valuable paintings, etc., which would attract the attention and admiration of those who have heard so much of, but who have never seen Washington."

Mr. Clagett thinks a liberal appropriation should be made by Congress for the exhibit at the World's Fair.

An Unfaithful Husband.

In the Equity Court to-day Bella Renz, through her attorney, General Carrington, filed a petition for leave to amend her original bill of divorce. She states that although when she filed her original bill she believed her husband guilty of adultery and on account of lack of evidence did not embody that charge in her bill, she has since obtained positive proof of his guilt, and wishes to add the statement of the fact to her original bill. The petition was granted by Justice Bradley, after considerable opposition on the part of the husband's attorney.

Jugiro in Despair.

SING SING, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Since Jugiro, the Japanese murderer, was resentenced and brought back to Sing Sing Prison to die in the electrical chair, he has completely changed in manner. He had previously been hopeful, and even bright, but now he can hardly be induced to eat, and when his keepers speak to him he remains silent and sullen. He is completely unnerved.

Tresca, the Italian murderer, has had a priest of his own country to offer him consolation lately. Rev. Vittoria Dunzal, an Italian, who is stopping with Rev. Father Creeden, visits him often. Tresca is quiet and seems to be thoroughly penitent. He prays often.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

Lemuel W. Bates, a young man who drives a delivery wagon for the United States Express Company, was arrested this afternoon charged with the embezzlement of $240. The boy's peculations have extended over a period of several weeks, and he had $4 in his pocket when arrested belonging to the company. Bates' home is in South Washington.

A Book Worcher Pardoned.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Information was received from Trenton, N. J., yesterday that the Court of Pardons had granted a pardon to Nelson H. Cockbendell, who was convicted of conspiring with his son in law, John H. Van Loan, to defraud the Second National Bank of Jersey City. Van Loan fled to Canada, and is still there. Cockbendell received a nine months' sentence in the penitentiary. He has served six months of the term. Van Loan and Cockbendell are connected with some of the wealthiest families in Jersey City.

MAY COMPROMISE.

THAT IS NOW THE TALK AMONG THE NATIONALISTS.

Looks as if the Body of the Nationalist Dog Vibrated Responsive to the Parnellite Tail.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The vote in the Irish Nationalist Conference last night on Mr. Nolan's dilatory motion providing for a postponement of discussion on the question of Mr. Parnell's retirement and its eventual consideration in Dublin, does not seem to have exercised a decisive influence in concreting public opinion as to the final outcome of Irish imbroglio.

Those friends of the struggling leader, however, who were found scattered about the Parliament buildings this morning were quite confident that the twenty nine votes tallied for Mr. Nolan's amendment indicated that, instead of its severance being the mooted point, the real question was simply how soon would the body of the Nationalist dog vibrate responsive to the initiative impulse of the Parnellite tail.

Those of the Irish following who do not believe that in the acts of any one man depends the fate of their country, who care little for the personality or ambitions of Mr. Parnell or any other leader, but who do care vastly for the welfare of the cause of Ireland, view with dismay a breach which seems to widen with each passing hour.

The comments made by such men to-day plainly indicate that to them the vituperative language, angry temper, and turbulent scenes, which characterized yesterday's sessions of the conference, are things pregnant with lasting injury to the cause of Irish legislative autonomy.

An amusing character who bobs up in unexpected recesses of remote corridors, and always with an embarrassing question, is that by no means despicable factor, the political purist. He may be a smug Tory, an aggressive Liberal or a demoralized Nationalist, but be his persuasion what it may he invariably rushes forth upon the unwary with a "Why don't some fellow run a lancet into the ulcer? Why is the divorce business and British morality ignored? That's what decent England and moral Ireland want to know."

He is answered that, in the proceedings of to-day's session, perhaps, will be found his answer.

The enemies of Mr. Parnell this morning assert that the great clouds of crimination and recrimination which have gathered about the conference must speedily be dispelled, and the moral force of the people of both countries brought to bear on the pith of the matter. When this is done they profess to believe that the Irish leader will be unhorsed.

At 2 o'clock to-day's session of the conference of the Irish Nationalist members of the House of Commons was begun.

Prior to the opening of proceedings the usual precautions were observed to insure the meeting against intrusion or interruption from the outside.

The Irish Nationalist conference has adjourned. It is given out that a compromise is probable.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

Delegates to the Farmers' Alliance Convention Pledged to Secrecy.

OCALA, Fla., Dec. 3.—At last evening's session of the National Farmers' Alliance the report of the committee on credentials was received. A resolution was adopted enforcing all the members to the strictest secrecy regarding the business transacted. A press committee was appointed, which alone is authorized to give out information.

Other committees appointed were on President Polk's message, on order of business, on mileage and per diem and on fraternal relations. The last named committee is a very important one, as its duty is to receive representatives from other national organizations similar in character with a view of securing concerted action on legislation, etc., and aiming at the ultimate consolidation of them all. As Mr. Powderly is expected here early this morning, this committee will doubtless have an early conference with him.

The night session adjourned at 10:45 p. m.

Four Men Instantly Killed.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., Dec. 3.—A large boiler exploded yesterday at Berwyck with terrible execution. Frank Groover, his brother Isaac and two others whose names could not be learned were instantly killed. The boiler was being used to furnish steam for a sawmill plant operated by Samuel Adams. All four men were horribly mangled. What caused the explosion is a mystery, but is supposed to have resulted from the failure of the firemen to keep water in the boiler. The loss of property will reach several thousand dollars.

Washington Stock Exchange

Sales—Regular Call—12 o'clock m.—Wash. Gas Bonds, B, $1,000 at 122. Second National Bank, 5 at 280. People's Fire Insurance, 20 at 34. Wash. Gas, 34 at 46. U. S. Electric Light, 10 at 145. Amer. Graphophone, 50 at 111; 50 at 112. Wash. Loan & Trust Co., 300 at 42; 100 at 41. American Security & Trust Co., 5 at 61½.

Miscellaneous Bonds — U. S. Electric Light 1st, 6's, —; U. S. Electric Light, 2d, 6's, —; W. & G. R. R. 10-40 6's, R 102-¾ bid; W. & G. Convertible 6's, 115; Masonic Hall Ass'n, 5's, U 1888, 100; Wash. Market Co., 1st Mort., 6's, 108; Wash. Market Co., Imp., 6's, —; Inf'd & Seaboard Co., 6's, C 1907, —; Wash. Ld. Infantry, 1st, 6's, 1904, 96; Wash. Ld. Infantry, 2d, 7's, 1904, 96; Wash. Gas Light Co., Ser. A, 6's, 518; Wash. Gas Light Co., Ser. B, 6's, 110; Hygeia Ice Co., 1st Mort., 6's, 96; American Security and Trust, 100.

National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washington, 440; Bank of Republic, 320; Metropolitan, 265; Central, 300; Second, —; Farmers and Mechanics, 280; Citizens', 170; Columbia, 160; Capital, 120; West End, 0612; Traders', 120; Lincoln, 115.

Railroad Stocks — Washington and Georgetown, 265; Metropolitan, 130; Columbia, 68; Capitol and North O Street, 50; Eckington and Soldiers' Home, 57½; Georgetown and Tenallytown, 48; Brightwood, —.

Insurance Stocks—Firemen's, 35; Franklin, 50; Metropolitan, 80; National Union, 18; Arlington, 146; Commerce, 60; Columbia, 15½; German American, 170; Potomac, 86; Riggs, 7½; People's, 5; Lincoln, 8½.

Title Insurance Stocks—Real Estate Title, 120; Columbia Title, 61; Washington Title —.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks—Washington Gas, 46; Georgetown Gas, 48; U. S. Electric Light, 145.

Telephone Stocks—Pennsylvania, 20; Chesapeake and Potomac, —; American Graphophone, 112.

Miscellaneous Stocks—Washington Market Co., —; Washington Brick Machine Co., 250; Great Falls Ice Co., —; Hot Springs Improvement Co., 16; National Safe Deposit and Washington Safe Deposit, 125; Washington Loan and Trust Co., 41; National Typograph Co., —; Metropolitan, —; Bachmann Arch Carriage, 7; American Security and Trust Co., 61½; Lincoln Hall, 50; Hygeia Ice Co., 65; Incorporated Building Co., —.

LADIES

Needing a tonic, or children who want build-up, use

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints.

PHRASES AND THEIR ORIGINS.

If You Don't Believe These Origins Are Genuine Get Better Ones Yourself.

The phrase "I acknowledge the corn" originated with a slave in the South. He was charged with stealing corn found in his possession. Having a sack with him he was also charged with stealing that. His reply was, "No, sir; I knowledge de corn, but I ain't gwine to 'knowledge to de sack."

"Tipping the wink," generally regarded as a vulgar phrase, is to be found in a grave, historical romance. It occurs in "Valerius, a Roman Story," by John Gibson Lockhart, Sir Walter Scott's son in law, and for many years editor of the "Quarterly Review."

"Any color, so it's red," originated among the mass of characters called Jakeys in the local drama. One of them, being on a committee appointed to procure a new fire engine, was asked what color the company desired the apparatus painted. He replied: "Way, any color, so it's red."

The origin of the phrase "I can't see it" is traced to Lord Nelson, who, at the battle of Copenhagen, was told that a signal was given to cease firing, and the direction pointed out to him. Setting a telescope he applied it to his blind eye and exclaimed, "I can't see it."

"Hauling over the coals" dates six or seven centuries back, when feudal barons often used harsh methods of exacting gold from the rich Jews by suspending their victims above slow fires until they paid ransom or died. There is a scene of this sort in "Ivanhoe," in which the Templar endeavored to extort money from Isaac of York, father of Rebecca.

"Barking up the wrong tree" is a very common expression in the West. It originated from the fact that a dog will bark at the foot of a particular tree to indicate to his master where the game is located. While endeavoring to see the animal he discovers it on another tree, and it finally escapes him altogether. In its application it denotes that a person has mistaken his object, or is looking for it in the wrong place.

Anxious mothers often tell their handsome daughters that "beauty is but skin deep." The phrase probably originated with these two lines:

Beauty is but skin deep, and so doth fall
Short of those statues made of wood or stone,

which occur in Rev. Robert Fleming's poem, published in 1691.

The term "blue stocking" was originally used in Venice about the year 1400 to designate literary classes by colors. In Mill's "History of Chivalry" we are told that members of the various academies were distinguished by the color of their stockings, blue being the prevailing color. The application of the term to women originated with Miss Hannah Moore's admirable description of a "Blue Stocking Club" in her "Bas Bleu."

"Corporations have no souls" is a much older expression than most people imagine. It originated with Sir Edward Coke, who in the Sixteenth Century was considered one of the best legal writers of the age. He says in one of his treaties: "Corporations cannot commit trespass, nor be outlawed, nor excommunicated, for they have no souls."

"Drowning the miller" originated from the following fact: If the mill stream below the mill is dammed or stopped, the water is ponded back, and the mill becomes what the millers call "tailed." There is too much water, the mill will not work and the miller is said to be "drowned out." Hence, when too much of any one article is put into a mixture it is called "drowning the miller."

There are few such common sense proverbs as "Every man is the architect of his own fortune." Appius Claudius, a Roman censor, used it in a speech delivered by him four hundred and fifty years before the christian era.

"Better late than never" was used over three hundred years ago by Thomas Tucker in his "Five Hundred Points of Good Husbandry." Later on Bunyan used it in his "Pilgrim's Progress."

Not a few of the phrases in use at this day originated with Lyly, and are found in his "Euphues," a popular book published in 1580. Among them might be mentioned "caught napping," "crooked stick or none," "brown study," "catching birds by putting salt on their tails," etc.

When people do not particularly like each other it is sometimes said, "There is no love lost between them." The phrase occurs in the old ballad of "The Babes in the Wood," and in a tale of the days of Shakespeare, entitled "Montchensy"—*Frank Stauffer, in Detroit Free Press.*

His Creed.

From Puck.

"What church do you go to, Fred?"

"Dr. Prairfull's."

"Yes; but what denomination is he?"

"Er—I believe it is called the 'Sixteenth Street Tabernacle."

A Necessity.

From Money's Weekly.

He—How carelessly happy Miss Humpkins looks!

She—Yes. When one is thirty and has never been engaged, one has to look carelessly happy.

Storm Overcoats and Ulsters are now in demand. B. Robinson & Co., the American outfitters, 909 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, have a splendid assortment in all grades and sizes at very moderate prices.

Married.

CARROLL—ARENDSCHEIN.—At the parsonage of Christ Church, Alexandria, December 2, 1890, Miss Maggie Arendscheim of Alexandria, Va., to Mr. W. Carroll of Washington, D. C.

Died.

ADAMSON.—On Monday, December 1, 1890, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. C. M. Perry, Montgomery County, Md., Mrs. Sophia Adamson, aged 78 years and 7 months.

ARNOLD.—On Monday, December 1, 1890, at 5:30 p. m., of pneumonia, after a short illness, Samuel E. Arnold, in the 63d year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, thirty-seventh street southeast, Thursday morning, December 4, at 11 o'clock a. m. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend.

CULBERTSON.—On Monday, December 1, 1890, at the residence of his son, Rev. E. A. Culbertson, Churchville, Harford County, Md., in the 89th year of his age, Dr. Samuel Culbertson, formerly of Baltimore, but for many years a resident of this city.

Interment at Baltimore.

CROUSSE.—At Hermion, Va., on Sunday, November 30, 1890, Ollie, youngest daughter of Amos and Julia Crousse, aged 4 years, 3 months and 10 days.

KELLY.—On Tuesday, December 2, 1890, at 9:45 a. m., after a short illness of pneumonia, Sarah A., widow of the late Captain James Kelly, in the 80th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, 1017 New Hampshire avenue, on Thursday, 4th inst., at 2 p. m.

LOCKWOOD.—Departed this life on Monday, December 1, 1890, at 12:30 o'clock noon, W. Tait Lockwood, husband of Adelina Lockwood, in the 65th year of his age.

WILSON.—In this city, at Colonel A. S. Wilson's, on Tuesday, December 2, 1890, General Alexander M. Wilson.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, December 4, at Lockwood's, p. m., from 437 Third street N. W. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PERSONAL.

MADAME WILSON, THE CELEBRATED and well known specialist, is still in Washington. Her parlors are now at 1104 and 1106 F street N. W. Hours 9 to 6 daily. For ladies only. 11-3m

NOW IS THE TIME. WE SELL "the money" for goods. Best cash or old-fashioned clothing. Address or call at JUSTH'S OLD STAND, 519 D st. n. w.

HOW TO KILL A TURTLE.

An Expert's Way of Settling Its Existence.

From the Chicago Tribune.

A big turtle afforded the usual amusement for men and boys in front of the Madison street restaurant. An enterprising man had his wagon and said that he would bet a dollar that no one in the crowd could tell the process by which a turtle is killed. Whether no one knew or whether the crowd had been caught to the Barlow Bros. whirl is not known, but the bet remained open. The man lowered it to a half and it still remained "on the table." After he had departed another man, a little fellow without any overcoat or shirt collar, said: "If I had had any stuff I would have taken that bet. I am a professional turtle killer. The business is a profession and isn't picked up in a day. Now I will explain to you, gentlemen, how to kill a turtle. I know none of you could do it after I tell you, but I want to show you that the duffer who bluffed the crowd doesn't know it all. See! Now pay attention. First persuade your turtle to stick out his head, and when he does you cut his throat. If he gets obstinate and refuses to stick out his head it may become necessary to grab the head with a pair of strong nippers and hold the head between them until the throat is cut. Then you cut the muscles that connect the body with the shell and leave the turtle to die. Now, how many of you can tell me how long that will take? None. Of course not. You don't know. Well, about twenty-four hours. There is a good deal of the human about a turtle. It likes to hang on, the turtle does. If I had had the stuff I could have won that bet." A philanthropic man in the crowd who said he was fond of turtle soup tipped the man a quarter and passed on.

C. V.'s 1,000 Calling Cards.

Cornelius Vanderbilt is said to use 1,000 calling cards every season.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FEET RELIEVED DR. WHITE, CHIROPODIST, 1416 Penna. ave., opposite Willard's Hotel. Thousands from far and near visit Dr. White's establishment for relief from and avoidance of corns, bunions, diseased nails and all other foot troubles. Hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12. Office fee, $1 per visit for putting the feet in good order. Established, 1881.

LADIES! LADIES! LADIES! Mrs. McCaffery is the only hat and bonnet frame manufacturer in the city. Call and see her new shapes. Bleaching and pressing. Straw and felt hats altered to the latest styles. Orders promptly attended to 1009 G street n. w.

J. WILLIAM LEE
(Successor to Henry Lee's Sons),
UNDERTAKER,
392 PA. AVE. N. W.,
South Side.
Branch Office, 409 Maryland ave. s. w.

WHY NOT HAVE YOUR SHIRTS made by one of the most celebrated cutters in America? Prices same as those third-rate cutters charge. P. T. HALL, 909 F st n w.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—TIDY GERMAN GIRL AS housemaid and nurse; references required. Call in afternoon, 2135 G st.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO TAKE CARE of children and make herself generally useful in a small family. 617 Q st n w.

WANTED—COLORED GIRL FROM 12 TO 14 years of age one that is neat and tidy and to stay at night. 725 18th st n w.

WANTED—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK in small family, a neat white girl; bring references. Apply 1003 8 st n w.

WANTED—GOOD WHITE WOMAN TO nurse; also a colored woman to cook. Apply to 1004 N st n w.

WANTED—A WHITE WOMAN TO DO housework for a small family or half-grown girl to help. 1010 11th st n w.

WANTED—A WHITE WOMAN TO COOK, wash and iron for a small family. Apply at 2015 Mass ave between 9 and 12; references required.

WANTED—COLORED WOMAN TO COOK, wash and iron; must stay nights. 2014 R st n w.

WANTED—WHITE GIRL (GERMAN Preferred) to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 414 7th st s e.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNdress, washing to go at home; can give first-class references. 2215 D st n w.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLD woman, a place to do general housework in a private family; wishes to stay at night; good references. 2111 8th st n w.

WANTED—BY A COLORED WOMAN, SItuation as first-class laundress or chambermaid; good references given. Call or address 1037 11th st n w.

WANTED—BY A COLORED GIRL, A POsition as nurse or waitress; best city reference given. Apply 1045 11th st n w.

WANTED—BY A WHITE WOMAN—A situation as seamstress to go out by the day. Call at 1228 10th st n w.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WHITE woman, situation as nurse for small or grown children or cook in private family. Inquire at 3 Essex Court, between 6th and 7th, H and I sts s w.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid, waitress or cook. Apply at 412 Elgin st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLD girl, a situation as chambermaid or nurse; can furnish good references. Apply at 410 H st n w.

WANTED—BY A RELIABLE COLORED woman, washing to take home. Call or address 519 20th st n w.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms with bath; hot and cold water in rooms; en suite or single. 1324 L st n w.

FOR RENT—2 FLOOR FRONT ROOMS with alcove; furnished or unfurnished. 2014 F st n w.

FOR RENT—ANY DAY OR NIGHT IN the week, the Continental Armory, corner 1st and 4½ sts s w. Apply to F. THIERIOT, 400 C st s e.

FOR RENT—3 COMMUNICATING ROOMS, well furnished; suitable for Congressman and family; rent very reasonable. Apply 435 Pa ave s w.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED—DOUBLE PARlor, or bedroom and sitting room; 2 hall rooms; 1 large room on 3d floor; also, to a good caterer, large dining room and kitchen. 501 9th st n w.

FOR RENT—2 OR 3 HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms; bath; closets; open grate; excellent location; terms reasonable. 1216 G st n w.

FOR RENT—200 F ST N W. LARGE, nicely furnished front parlor or bedroom; suitable for Congressman.

FOR RENT—1103 3RD ST N W, 3 CHEAP furnished rooms; 3d floor; load and glass; private family; references.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS WITH table board at 1413 N y ave n w.

FOR RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED room, with board for 2; use of south sitting room. Address, this office.

FOR RENT—505 10TH ST N W—SMALL parlor and adjoining bed room; nicely furnished; 1st floor; $12 per month; suitable for gentlemen.

FOR RENT—3 ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, Heat and gas; 2d floor. 918 G bet 9 and 10.

MONEY TO LOAN.

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FRANCIS MILLER, 301 9th st. n. w.
SHANAHAN, REILLY & CO., 591 Pa. ave.
R. M. BROWN, 425 7th st.
G. G. BOGLER, 1006 19th st. n. w.
JAMES M. HODGES & SON, 1051 Pa ave.

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A. S. ZIMMERMAN, 409 9th st.

AUCTIONEERS.
DUNCANSON BROS., 407, 409 and 411 9th st.

BIRD DEALERS.
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S. HARTKEROTT, 1103 7th st.

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PABST BREWING CO., 2053 North C st.
BERGNER & ENGEL BREWING CO., Va. ave. and Ann Arbor Dusch Brew. Assoc., Del. and 1 st. sw.
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S. C. PALMER, 915-21 D st. s. w.
THE NATIONAL BREWING CO., 315 6th st. s.
BARTHOLOMAY BREW CO., 308 10th st. s. w.

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H. B. KIRKWOOD, 1420 G st. n. w.
HUMPHREYS, 425 7th st. n. w.
CARL HEURICH, 407 10th st. n. w.
BOB HOLTZMAN, 1412 N. Y. ave.
J. H. RUSSELL, 1109 E st. n. w.
LEW NEWMYER, 9th and Pa. ave.
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J. H. REISINGER, 1018 10th st. n. w.
JOHN STEINLE, 660 R. Cap st.
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THE ARLINGTON BOT. CO., 3210 and E s.w.

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THOS. T. EKANE, 69 to 71 Centre Market.
J. H. BUSCHE, 120 to 141 Centre Market.
EDW. BROOKE, 621-33 Centre Market.
OTTO C. RUPPERT, 20-26 Centre Market.
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GEO. S. ATWATER & CO., 1421-1423 Pa. ave.
OVERMAN WHEEL CO., 715 13th st. n.w.

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A. L. HAZLETON, 423 7th st.
M. STRICKLAND, 909 Pa. ave.
GEO. W. RICH, 717 Market Space.
HOWELL & MURRAY, 907 7th st. n. w.
JOHN C. WILLES, Jr., 918 7th st. n. w.
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NATIONAL HOTEL SHOE STORE, 400 Pa. ave.
H. WALKER TUCKER, 1323 Pa. ave.
JOS. A. REPETTI, 317 Pa. ave. s. e.
M. GREENBAUM, 312 M st.
B. RICH & SON, 1329 4 7th ave

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RIGGS & CO., Pa. ave and 15th st.
LEWIS JOHNSON & CO., 10th and Pa. ave.
CORSON & MACARTNEY, 1419 F st.
BATEMAN & CO., 1411 F st. n. w.
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WOODS & CO., 1106 F st. n. w.
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SECOND NATIONAL, 509 7th st. n. w.
COLUMBIA NATIONAL, 911 F st. n. w.
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A. K. WILLIAMS, 321 7th st. n. w.
W. H. MORRISON, 1304 F.
CHAPMAN & TAYLOR, 513 Pa. ave. nw.
EASTON & RUFF, 421 11th st nw

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EMPIRE STEAM, 631-5 Mass ave.
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DARBY & DAVIS, 1326 10th st n w.
C. A. LANGLEY, 310 12th st n w.

CAL. WINES AND BRANDIES.
TO KALON WINE CO., 614 14th st.

CORSET CORRECTOR.
M. C. WHELAN, 1013 F st.

CATERERS.
F. FREUND, 702 9th st. n. w.
D. J. WEYMAN, 1334 14th st.
JOHN A. DRIVER, 1028 17th st n w.
LOUIS CHAPINS, 1341 L st n w.
GRAY & BRO., 1703 L st n w.

CLOTHIERS.
VICTOR EADLER, 322-324 7th nw, cor. Mass. av.
M. KAUFMAN, corner 8th and I sts. sw.
I. BAMBERGER & SONS, 931 Pa ave.
N. Y. ONE PRICE CLOTHING, 311 7th st. n. w.
GOLDEN EAGLE CO., 311 Pa. ave. n. w.
W. MODELINGER, 1308 7th st. n. w.
B. RICH & SON, 1329 4 7th ave

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HOOE'S AND CARRIAGE BAZAAR, 428-42 La.
McCORMICK & BRO., 310 Pa. ave. n. w.
S. MEEKS, No. 621 G st n w.
WILLIAM WALTER'S SON, 14th and C st n w
COX & JABEL, 502 4 M st.
A. H. GREGORY N Y ave and 6th st.

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T. JARVIS, 426 9th st.
HINKE & BUDD, 510 9th st.
CHAS. F. FLEISCHMANN, 1410 Pa. ave.

CAFES.
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THE NEW ENGLAND CAFE, 518 9th st.
ELKS' DINING ROOMS, 509 Pa. ave.

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M. EBILL, 417 9th st. Wholesale.
H. E. DOURING, 501 11th st. Wholesale.
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GILL'S, 1429 F st.
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BRESNAHAN CO., 420 7th st. n. w.
F. NEWTON, 1230-41 Pa. ave. n. w.
EMMERTS, 413 7th st. n. w.
A. GUTKEUNST, 1327 10th st. n. w.

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JACOBS BROS., 1329 Pa ave.

DECORATOR.
HENRY F. REH, 520 10th nw.

DRY GOODS.
JOHN H