PASSED BY THE SENATE.

THE APPORTIONMENT BILL READY FOR THE PRESIDENT'S SIGNATURE.

Amendments to Increase the Representation of Arkansas, Minnesota, Missouri and New York Rejected—The House Directs the Arrest of Owenby for Failing to Appear as a Witness Before the Silver Pool Investigating Committee.

SENATE.

The Senate to-day passed the bill creating the office of Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, with a salary of $4,000 a year.

At the close of the morning hour the Apportionment bill was taken up.

Mr. Edmunds called attention to the fact that the bill took no cognizance whatever of the provisions of the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution, that in case the right of suffrage be denied or abridged in any State the representation of that State shall be diminished accordingly.

The Senate then proceeded to vote on the amendments proposed by the minority to increase by one the representation of Arkansas, Minnesota, Missouri and New York.

The first amendment was to increase the representation of Arkansas from six to seven. The amendment was rejected—yeas 32, nays 33. All the Democratic Senators and five Republican Senators—Davis, McMillan, Paddock, Stewart and Washburn—voted for the amendment.

The next amendment was to increase the representation of Minnesota from 7 to 8. It was also rejected—yeas, 31; nays, 32. On this vote Mr. Casey voted with the Democrats, of whom two less voted than on the preceding vote.

The next amendment was to increase the representation of Missouri from 15 to 16. It was rejected—yeas, 30; nays, 38. The only Republicans voting aye on this amendment were Davis, Paddock and Washburn. Casey, McMillan and Stewart voted no.

The next amendment was to increase the representation of New York from 34 to 35. It was rejected—Yeas, 29; Nays, 38. Messrs. Davis and Paddock, Republicans, voted in the affirmative.

Mr. Davis then withdrew the amendment fixing the total number of Representatives at 34.

Mr. Berry offered an amendment fixing the total number at 339 and giving an additional member to Arkansas, Minnesota and New York, and desired to have it voted on as one amendment. A division of it, however, was insisted on by Mr. Hale.

Mr. Hale then moved to lay the amendment on the table, and that motion was agreed to—Yeas, 38; nays, 29. The Republicans who voted in the negative were Messrs. Davis and Washburn.

Mr. Vest stated why he could not vote for the bill; it was because a large fraction of population in the States of Missouri, Minnesota, Arkansas and New York was left entirely without representation.

Mr. Gorman also opposed the bill because, in his belief, a re-enumeration should have been made in the City of New York, where there was a deficit of some 200,000 in the census returns as taken, and because he believed that that State and the States of Arkansas, Minnesota and Missouri should have an additional representative.

He thought that, in fairness to all, the apportionment should have been left to be made in the next session.

Mr. Jones of Arkansas declared his belief that in his State the census returns were very defective, and that, if the truth were known, Arkansas had population enough to entitle her to seven Representatives.

Mr. Morgan spoke of the necessity of a specific declaration in the bill that the number of Presidential electors in 1892 shall correspond with the number of representatives fixed in the bill. This country had enough of trials and troubles and difficulties in connection with Presidential elections to admonish Congress to exercise the most extreme care in the matter and to make the law perfectly clear and definite.

The bill was then passed, exactly as it came from the House—yeas 37, nays 24 (a strict party vote).

The Senate then took up the House bill providing for the adjustment of accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the eight-hour law. It having been thus made the "unfinished business," Mr. Blair, who has it in charge, consented to have it laid aside temporarily, so that the Army Appropriation bill could be taken up and proceeded with.

Mr. Gorman, however, objected to that arrangement being made; and then Mr. Allison, who had made the request, withdrew it, and moved (as a privileged motion) that the Army bill be taken up. The motion was agreed to, thus displacing the eight-hour bill from its advantageous position as "unfinished business."

The consideration of the Army Appropriation bill was then proceeded with.

HOUSE.

In the House to-day a bill was passed for the issuing of the commission of P. C. Johnson as rear-admiral.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Military Academy Appropriation bill.

The committee having risen informally, Mr. Dingley of Maine, chairman of the committee investigating the alleged "silver pool," presented a special report of that committee. The report states that, in the usual form, a subpœna to appear before the committee was served upon J. A. Owenby, and that said Owenby has refused or neglected to obey the subpœna.

The report is accompanied by the following order:

Ordered that the Speaker issue his warrant directly to the Sergeant-at-Arms attending this House, or his deputy, commanding him to take into custody forthwith, wherever to be found, the body of J. A. Owenby and bring him to the bar of the House to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt, and in the meantime keep said J. A. Owenby in his custody to await the further order of the House.

Mr. Frank of Missouri inquired as to the answer made by Owenby upon the serving of the subpœna.

Mr. Dingley said that the only information of the committee was contained in the return of the Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms, to the effect that he had served the subpœna upon Owenby at the Hotel Richelieu in Chicago.

In reply to an inquiry by Mr. Frank as to whether Owenby had been told that he would be entitled to mileage and fees, Mr. Dingley replied that the committee had considered the matter, but that so far as he knew no information had been given to Owenby as to his mileage and fees.

Mr. Frank disclaimed any intention of obstructing any effort to secure the attendance of the witness, but said that if the witness had demanded mileage and fees, he (Frank) thought that he would be entitled to both before responding to the subpœna. There was nothing to indicate what Owenby's reply to the subpœna had been. Therefore it seemed to him that it would be well to go slow before passing such a drastic order as this. Before passing it it would be well for the House to know that it was able to enforce the order.

After a brief discussion as to the power of the House to compel the attendance of the witness the report was agreed to as a preamble to the order, and as amended the order was made.

The Committee of the Whole then resumed its session.

OWENBY DID NOT APPEAR.

The Silver Pool Investigating Committee Wanted His Testimony.

James A. Owenby, who gave Correspondent Stevens the information on which he based his allegation that a silver pool existed, was a much-wanted person by the Silver Pool Investigation Committee to-day. Mr. Owenby was expected to appear before the committee at 10 o'clock this morning, but after waiting for more than an hour and a-half the committee decided to hear the voluntary testimony of Congressman Ketcham of New York and then to take a recess.

Mr. Ketcham said that as his name had been mentioned in connection with the purchase of silver he wanted to say that he had never bought or sold an ounce of silver in his life, and that he had no knowledge of purchases of silver by any Government official.

MAGEE, CAMERON AND QUAY.

Is the Former Trying to Become the Supreme Boss?

Chris-Magee, the editor of the Pittsburg *Times*, is the Republican leader of that city. His paper has published a bitter attack on Senator Cameron for voting to take up the Apportionment bill and drop cloture and the Elections bill. The article closed by calling on the Senator to resign. Of course he will not do that, but the demand marks a break in the relations of Cameron and Magee. The latter has been for years the Cameron leader in Western Pennsylvania.

Magee's friends declare that they are highly pleased with what they call his "manly course." They assume that he will now become the Republican leader in Pennsylvania. They affect not to fear Senator Quay, asserting that he is as deep in the Elections bill mud as Cameron is in the mire. Really there appears to be no doubt but Quay felt much as Cameron did on cloture, and only voted as he did because of his chairmanship of the national committee.

Senator Quay is already trimming his sails for another battle with Editor Magee for supremacy in the State politics of Pennsylvania. He was closeted for several hours yesterday while the Senate was in session with ex-Sheriff William R. Leeds of Philadelphia, one of the shrewdest political manipulators of the City of Brotherly Love, and whom he summoned here by telegraph. It is believed that they were fixing up a scheme whereby Magee could be kept away from Harrisburg, the Mecca of all the political schemers of the Keystone State. The man who controls affairs at the little capital on the Susquehanna has his hand on the throttle of the machine which runs the State from the Delaware to the Ohio.

When the Senator was asked if Leeds were here in the interest of his candidacy for the Marshalship, the Beaver statesman "winked his other eye" and said:

"Under the circumstances it is hardly likely that the Administration will appoint a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature," Leeds being that sort of a statesman.

HEARING ON FREE COINAGE.

Eastern Men Speak in Opposition to the Measure.

The House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures continued its hearings on the Senate Free-Coinage bill today.

General Walker of Boston spoke in opposition to the measure. Those whom he represented believed, he said, that the proposed measure would not be a success. They thought that it would depress business generally and lead to all the evils of a fluctuating currency.

Mr. Endicott, president of a Boston savings bank, said that he could not allow the pending measure to pass without a protest, as he and the people he represented believed the effect of the free coinage would change the purchasing power of money by lessening it. The doubt caused by the pending measure had, he said, stopped the flow of capital.

Mr. Breed of Lynn spoke on behalf of the New England Shoe and Leather Association and against the passage of a free coinage measure. The free coinage of silver, he said, would soon change the money basis of the country and greatly damage its business interests.

Mr. Jackson, a stock broker, spoke of the stringency of the money market, caused by the pending silver legislation, and said that, if "the tinkering on the subject" did not end soon, it would cause a financial panic.

Professor Taussig of Harvard spoke on the general financial situation of the country and the effect pending legislation had on it.

G. R. Gibson, a broker of New York, spoke in favor of the bill.

The committee adjourned until to-morrow, when the Director of the Mint will conclude his statement.

WILL NOT INJURE WASHBURN.

The Resolution of Censure for His Vote Against Cloture.

Speaking of the vote of the Republican State committee of Minnesota censuring Senator Washburn for his vote to take up the Apportionment bill, thus shelving the cloture resolution, a friend of the Senator said this afternoon: "I do not think that vote will hurt the Senator or cause him to regret his action. That committee is the one which conducted the recent campaign in such a brilliant way that we lost everything except one Congressional district. The censure of such men simply serves to advertise their own incapacity. It can only help, not hurt, Senator Washburn."

Favorable Reports Ordered.

The Senate Committee on Commerce to-day agreed to report favorably, without amendment, the House bill giving an incorporated company authority to construct a tunnel under the waters of New York Bay from Staten Island to a point on Long Island.

The committee also ordered favorable reports on a Senate bill to allow American citizens residing abroad to register their vessels under the American flag, and on a Senate bill making Des Moines, Iowa, a port of delivery.

Smithsonian Institute Regent.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Morrill introduced a resolution providing that the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution caused by the resignation of Noah Porter, shall be filled by the appointment of William Preston Johnson of Louisiana.

Dry Dock at Port Royal.

At the last session of Congress $200,000 was appropriated to construct a dry dock at Port Royal, S. C. The House of Representatives, at this session, has refused to appropriate the other $900,000 needed for the completion of the dock. The parties who were about to contract for its construction for between $400,000 and $500,000 will be unable so to do, as Congress will not appropriate any more money for the purpose. It is said that the contractors who contemplated building this dock are but little experienced in that class of construction. The Navy Department has enlarged the dock and increased the price to the contractor who was the lowest bidder. It would have been better to have readvertised it and prepared new plans and specifications for a dock suitable to take in a battle-ship, as there is now none in the United States that will admit of a vessel of this size except the one in California. The enlargement of the Port Royal dock could have been done, it is said, without any extra charge to the Government whatever.

For a New Public Building.

Senator Stockbridge to-day introduced a bill appropriating $50,000 for the erection of a public building at Ionia, Mich.

To Prevent Food Adulteration.

Mr. Evarts presented to the Senate today two memorials from the Legislature of the State of New York. One requests the Senators and Representatives of that State to aid in the immediate passage of the bill to prohibit the adulteration of food and malt liquors. The other requests them to assist in procuring the passage of the bill to enable the several States to enforce the State laws in relation to the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine.

Better Car Service Demanded.

The bill to improve the car service on Fourteenth street extended, which provides for the running of cars on a continuous trip on the extended street for one fare, which passed the House and was favorably reported to the Senate from the District Committee on the 9th instant, was to-day recommitted. The District Commissioners approve the bill, and the citizens of Mt. Pleasant want it.

Georgetown and Great Falls Railway Bill.

At 2:30 this afternoon the sub-committee of the House District Committee having in charge the Georgetown and Great Falls Railway bill met. The sub-committee had taken no action at 3 o'clock.

THEY ARE ANATHEMA.

THE PRESIDENT'S FEELING TOWARD THE REPUBLICAN SENATORS

Whose Votes Side-Tracked Cloture and the Elections Bill—He Had No Fear of an Extra Session—His Very Frigid Reception of Two Pennsylvania Republican State Senators.

Perhaps the person who feels the most chagrin over the side-tracking of the cloture resolution, whose adoption was to be preliminary to the passage through the Senate of the Elections bill, is President Harrison. The Elections bill was his pet measure. He was thoroughly, coldly, frigidly, gelidly in earnest in wanting it to become a law. He frequently urged his views upon the Senators and Representatives who visited him. When any of them suggested to him the propriety and necessity of business rather than political legislation, the President would declare in vigorous terms that the sanctity of the ballot box, the preservation of liberty and the safety of human life, all of which, he insisted, were wrapped up in the Elections bill, were of vastly more importance than "bankers' interests or manufacturers' profits."

On the Saturday before the taking up in the Senate of the cloture resolution two Republican Senators called at the White House. The conversation turned upon the situation in Congress. One of the Senators spoke of the danger of an extra session of Congress. The President declared that an extra session of Congress had no terrors for him.

"I want the Republicans in Congress to make every effort to pass the Federal Elections bill, the Apportionment bill and other measures to which the party is committed. They should be kept at the front until they pass both houses of Congress, or until the term has expired by limitation, even though all the Appropriation bills should fail. The failure of these latter, or any one of them, would make an extra session of Congress necessary. I do not fear one, and do not think our party has any reason to fear one. If the duty devolve upon me to call the Fifty-second Congress together in special session, I should call it to meet during the first week in May."

Feeling this way it is no wonder that President Harrison is in a state of frozen wrath. The Elections bill has been a hobby with him. He has urged it upon Congress in season and out of season. He has dwelt upon it in his public messages and private conversations. Senators who spoke and worked for it stand high in his favor, while those who opposed it, and particularly those who helped to sidetrack it, are, in his eyes, anathema.

Proof of the way the President feels about the matter is seen in his reception of two Republican State Senators from the central counties of Pennsylvania, Messrs. Wood and Williamson. According to a story in the Harrisburg dispatches of the Philadelphia *Press*, a thick and thin Administration and anti-Cameron organ, these gentlemen visited the White House on Tuesday. The account of what followed is related in the *Press* as follows:

They sent in their cards and were ushered into the President's presence. The latter met the pair with a degree of frigidity that startled them.

"Am I to understand gentlemen," asked the President, "that Pennsylvania is still a Republican State?"

The gentleman from the Juniata Valley and the Senator from Huntington were speechless for an instant, and then, before they could offer any explanation or condone the disgrace which had befallen their State, Mr. Harrison remarked that he was very busy, and, excusing himself, left them to return as they came.

The looks on the faces of Senators Wood and Williamson to-night were a sufficient indication of their feelings so far as James Donald Cameron is concerned.

The story, as told by the Harrisburg correspondent of the Philadelphia *Record*, a Democratic paper, is neither so long nor so lurid. It is as follows:

Two Republican Senators from the centre of the State returned from Washington to-night. One of their friends tells of their treatment by the President:

"Is Pennsylvania still a Republican State?" President Harrison asked. The Senators were taken completely by surprise, and before they could recover the President said: "Good day," and turned his back upon them. "There could be no mistaking his purpose," one of the Senators said, "for when we attempted to resume the conversation the President repeated: 'Good day.'"

There appears to be no reason to doubt that President Harrison bitterly resents the action of the Senators who voted to take up the Apportionment bill at the expense of the cloture resolution and the Federal Elections bill. It is very evident that this latter measure has been in his view the present-day shibboleth of Republicanism. Now that it has been apparently disposed of for good and all, he refuses, like Rachel, to be comforted.

CIVIL-SERVICE REFORM.

Commissioner Roosevelt Makes a Statement Before the House Committee.

The House Committee on Reform in the Civil Service held a meeting this morning. Commissioner Roosevelt and Superintendent of Census Porter were present. The former read a long statement with reference to the merit system.

He said Mr. Porter's plan of non-competitive examination was nearly, but not quite, as bad as the old spoils system. Non-competitive examinations, while preventing the appointment of the most incompetent persons, did not secure the appointment of the most competent.

He was not arguing to show that Mr. Porter's Department should be put under civil service rules, but only to demonstrate that Porter's plan should not be applied to all the Departments.

Mr. Porter interrupted Mr. Roosevelt and said that he had no such intention, that the Census Office was a temporary affair and his system was only to meet its needs.

Mr. Roosevelt charged that Mr. Porter's system of promotion in the Census Office was based upon political influence, and that was one of the best arguments in favor of the Commissioners' merit system. Further replying to an argument made some time ago by Mr. Porter, Mr. Roosevelt denied that the civil service rules encouraged the growth of Departmental barnacles.

He said that two-thirds of Mr. Porter's men had either failed to pass the Commissioners' examination or had passed at very low rating. In conclusion Mr. Roosevelt said that he had never made an attack on any Department. "But," said he, "if any Department from that of the Postmaster-General's to Mr. Porter's makes an attack upon the Commission I am always ready."

Death of Mrs. W. A. Croffutt.

Mrs. W. A. Croffutt, the wife of the well-known newspaper correspondent and executive officer of the Geological Survey, died last evening at 5:30 o'clock, as the result of an apoplectic stroke received last summer while in Connecticut. Mrs. Croffutt had been an invalid for a number of years, but was an effective assistant in her husband's work. She was a woman of rare cultivation and refinement, and had many close friends to whom she had endeared herself.

To Succeed Colonel McCawley.

The President sent to the Senate the nomination of Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Heyward, U. S. Marine Corps, to be colonel commandant of that corps, vice Colonel McCawley, retired, and a number of postmasters.

De Arnaud Acquitted.

The jury in the case of Count Charles de Arnaud regarding a fictitious pension claim has returned a verdict of not guilty.

General Pike's Condition.

The condition of General Albert Pike remained unchanged to-day.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion & Debility.

THEY WANT ADVICE.

A New Phase of the License Applications Before the Commissioners.

The Commissioners have sent the following letter to George C. Hazelton, Attorney for the District:

"The Commissioners have received many applications for licenses in behalf of parties who have not heretofore been in the saloon business. Many reputable attorneys have taken the position that where applicants for liquor licenses have fully complied with the requirements of law, so far as obtaining the necessary signatures is concerned, the Commissioners have no discretion in the premises, unless there be some tenable ground of objection to each individual applicant. The arguments urged by these attorneys have induced the Commissioners to present the question to you for your consideration and advice. The Commissioners are aware of the decision of the General Term in the Manion case, but as some of the suggestions made by the court in that case were not called for by the point in issue the Commissioners would like to have you carefully consider the whole subject at your early convenience."

The Manion affair referred to in the letter is the case of John D. Manion, who kept a grocery store at 726 Seventh street northwest, and whose application for a retail liquor license was refused by the former Board of Commissioners.

Manion then petitioned the Court in General term for a mandamus to compel the Commissioners to issue him a license. The court decided: "That it was within the power of the Commissioners to declare that no license to sell liquor by retail in a grocery or provision store shall be granted." And for those reasons the application for a writ of mandamus was refused.

The court also commented on the evils arising from the retail sale of liquor in a grocery store. Women and children transacting business with such places were brought in direct contact with the evils of the liquor traffic.

OBSCENE PICTURES IN COURT.

The Manager of Kernan's Theatre Fined in the Police Court.

The charge against George Gallagher, Eugene Kernan, Moody & Moxley and Sherman Harris, accused of displaying obscene and immoral lithographs, was tried in the Police Court this morning.

Judge Miller ruled that the pictures produced in court ought not to have been permitted on the bill boards. "Our wives and daughters," he said, "have the right to walk along the streets without being brought into contact with such suggestive lithographs."

Mr. Kernan stated his connection with the display of the paper in controversy, and he said he wanted the question tested. Lieutenant Amiss, Officer Kendall and others testified to finding the lithographs. Both, however, gave Mr. Kernan the credit of conducting an orderly place. A fine of $5 was imposed on Mr. Kernan and the others were dismissed.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Reported for THE CRITIC by Gurley & Stevens, real estate and local securities, 1335 F street northwest.

Sales—Regular: call, 12 o'clock m.—Wash. & Geo. R. R. Rights, $10,000 a 9. Geo. & Tennallytown R. R., 20 a 50. People's Fire Insurance, 50 a 5½; 100 a 5½; Wash. Gas, 25 a 40; 25 a 40. Amer. Graphophone, 8 a 9¾; 100 a 9¾; 10 a 9¾; 25 a 9¾. Wash. Loan & Trust Co., 6½ a 98¾; 10 a 98¾.

Miscellaneous Bonds—W. & G. R. R. 10 40 6s, R. '93-'23, 101; W. & G. R. R. convertible 6's '99-'29, 114; Masonic Hall Ass'n 5's, C 1898, 107; Wash. Market Co., 1st mort. 6s, 109. Washington Market Imp. 6s, 112; American Security and Trust, 5's, 100¾; Wash. Lt. Infantry, 1st, 6s, 1904, 96½; Wash. Lt. Infantry, 2d, 7s, 1904, 93; Wash. Gaslight Co., Ser. A, 6s, 115; Wash. Gaslight Co., Ser. B, 6s, 116.

National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washington, 445; Bank of Republic, 299; Metropolitan, 270; Central, 300; Second, 185; Farmers and Mechanics, 190; Citizens', 170; Columbia, 152; Capital, 120; West End, 97; Traders', 120; Lincoln, 100.

Railroad Stocks—Wash. and Geo., 220; Metropolitan, 111; Columbia, 67½; Capitol and North O Street, 50; Eck'ton & Sol. Home, 56; Georgetown & Tennallytown, 50.

Insurance Stocks — Firemen's, 48; Franklin, 55½; Metropolitan, 81; National Union, 17; Arlington, 170; Corcoran, 68; Columbia, 14½; German American, 170; Potomac, 83; Riggs, 8; People's, 5½; Lincoln, 5¼; Commercial, 4.

Title Insurance Stocks—Real Estate Title, 128; Columbia Title, 6½.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks—Washington Gas, *39¾; Georgetown Gas, 48; U. S. Electric Light, 138.

Telephone Stocks—Pennsylvania, 25; Chesapeake & Potomac, 63; American Graphophone, 9½.

Miscellaneous Stock—Bull Run Panorama, 17; Pneumatic Gun Carriage, ⅛; Washington Market, 16.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies—National Safe Deposit, 250; Wash. Loan & Trust Co., 98; American Security & Trust Co., 69; Washington Safe Deposit, 110.

*Ex-dividend.

One-fourth off all Children's Overcoats. Eiseman Bros., 7th & E.

Woman's Wit.

From the Boston Courier.

She was a plump woman, and it would not have been a violent stretching of the truth to call her a corpulent one. With the fatuity which sometimes seizes upon her sex in the way of deciding to wear the most conspicuous stuffs, she had selected as the material of her gown a brocade such as of old was used by the upholsterer. She was covered with figures so large that, had she been smaller, not so much as a single one could have been crowded upon her, yet which she displayed as fully as a conscientious signboard could have done. There were those in the company who were not restrained by the loftiness of her social position from remarking upon her striking appearance, and as she sailed across the room one of these persons said to her neighbor: "Do look at Mrs. X.; isn't she astonishing tonight?" "Yes," was the reply, "she looks exactly like an escaped sofa."

Colonel Vilas will add still another V to the United States Senate, which now contains Vest, Voorhees and Vance. The Senate seems to be a flowery bed of V's.

Handsome Overcoats marked down to $9.90. Eiseman Bros., 7th & E.

MARRIED.

HARBAN—THIAN.—Tuesday evening, January 27, 1891, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Father Brady, William T. Harban to Antonia Marie Louise Thian, both of Washington, D. C.

DIED.

DARRAH.—January 28, 1891, at her husband's residence, 28 Ninth street southeast, Mary N., wife of Austin A. Darrah.

Funeral services and interment in Providence, Rhode Island.

LUCKETT.—On January 28, at 12:30 a. m., Joseph I. Luckett, at his late residence, 305 A street southeast, in the 65d year of his age.

Funeral on Friday, the 30th, at 9 o'clock a. m., from St. Peter's Church, Second and C streets southeast.

ALEXANDER.—On the evening of January 27, 1891, at 7 o'clock, Colonel C. M. Alexander, aged 58 years.

SOULE.—On January 27, 1891, at 10:20 p. m., at 2151 Florida avenue northwest, Mrs. Lydia Lincoln Soule.

Funeral on Friday, January 30, at 10 a. m., from St. Paul's Catholic Church, Fifteenth and V streets.

KINNEY.—On Wednesday, January 28, 1891, at 12:50 p. m., Alberta E. Kinney, aged 19 years and 2 months, of pneumonia, only daughter of Theodore P. and Virginia Kinney.

LAYHAN.—At 5:40 a. m., on January 28, 1891, Charlie, the youngest son of Frank and Mary Laihan, aged 5 months and 15 days.

O'DONOGHUE.—On Tuesday, January 27, 1891, Cora Elizabeth, the youngest daughter of Dennis and Margaret O'Donoghue, aged 5 years and 3 months.

WELLS.—On Tuesday, January 27, 1891, at 2:30 a. m., at his late residence, 715 Fifth street southeast, after a long illness, Philip Wells, aged 104 years and 5 months.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

J. WILLIAM LEE
(Successor to Henry Lee's SONS),
UNDERTAKER,
332 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE N. W.,
South Side.
Branch Office, 498 Maryland ave. s. w.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CAMPELL CARRINGTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
505 D street northwest,
Washington, D. C.
Webster Law Building.
Residence, 1701 Q street northwest.

FOR SALE—CORNER OF SPRUCE street and Harewood avenue, Le Droit Park.
Five New Two-story and Attic Brick Dwellings, with Porches, all Modern Improvements on Spruce street.
Six Houses, Two Stories, Attics and Cellars—Finished with Paper—All Modern Improvements, on Harewood avenue.
Also corner House, corner of Spruce and Harewood avenue.
For Price and Terms Apply to
WILLIAM J. LEWIS,
Owner and Builder,
On premises. de13-tf

WILL PAY
FULL COMMISSION TO
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
FOR SELLING.
For Prices and Terms
Apply to
EMMONS & KING,
Builders and Owners,
Atlantic Building.

FEET RELIEVED. DR. WHITE, CHIROPODIST,
1416 Pennsylvania avenue, opposite Willard's Hotel. Thousands from far and near visit Dr. White's establishment for relief from and avoidance of corns, bunions, diseased nails and all other foot troubles. Hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12. Office fee $1 per visit for putting the feet in good order. Established 1861.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO COOK, wash and iron in small family; wages $8 per month; references required. 1919 11th st. n. w.

WANTED—A POLITE YOUNG MAN behind a lunch counter. Call between 4 and 5 o'clock at 941 D st.

WANTED—A GOOD LAUNDRESS TO cook, wash and iron for small family. Apply 727 1st st. n. w.

WANTED—A WHITE FEMALE COOK AT 1827 14th st. n. w.

WANTED—A SETTLED COL'D WOMAN to do general housework and cooking; must bring good references. Apply 3007 H st. n. w.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WOMAN TO work in kitchen (white preferred). Apply at 513 11th st. n. w.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO general housework; no washing or ironing; stay nights; bring city references. Apply 620 H st. n. w.

WANTED—A SETTLED WOMAN, WHITE or colored, to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 1019 I st. n. w.

WANTED—A SETTLED WOMAN TO ASsist in kitchen-work; must understand restaurant cooking. 414 7th st. n. w.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; no washing or ironing. 808 5th st. n. w.

WANTED—A SETTLED COL'D WOMAN to do general housework and cooking; must bring good references. Apply 2307 K st. n. w.

WANTED—A COMPETENT WOMAN TO nurse and assist with housework. Apply 1508 I st. n. w.

WANTED—A GOOD AND RELIABLE woman to do general housework in a small family; must go home at night; references required. Apply 1425 6th st. n. w.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL housework and for a family of three; must have best references and stay nights. Apply 229 A st. s. e.

WANTED—A NEAT GIRL (WHITE PREfer.) to help in family of two; good home to live in. Apply 418 E st. n. e.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO general housework; no washing or ironing; stay nights; bring references. Apply at 620 H st. n. w.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO general housework; also a girl to nurse. Apply 210 12th st. s. w.

WANTED—STEADY WHITE GIRL FOR general housework; no washing; stay at night. Apply 802 H st. n. w.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK, WASHer and froner to assist in general housework; good home; good wages to a good girl. Apply 620 6th st. n. w.

WANTED—A WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework in small family; good reference required. Apply at 707 P st. n. w.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be able to speak English. Apply at 3106 M st. n. w.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WHITE girl for general housework in small family. Apply at 953 N. J. ave. n. w.

WANTED—A WHITE GIRL OVER 16 years of age, of good character, in want of good home near the city. Apply to 936 R st. n. w.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; bring references. Apply at 801 10th st. n. w.

WANTED—A WHITE COOK WITH GOOD city references. Address Box 88, City Postoffice.

WANTED—WHITE GIRL TO NURSE 2 children, 2 and 3 years, and wait on table in small family; must have reference as to nursing; wages $10. 1313 14th st. n. w.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WHITE woman to do general housework in small private family. Apply 835 6th st. n. e.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL FOR plain cooking and general housework; must stay nights. Apply at 608 9th st. n. w.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WOMAN TO do general housework in a respectable colored family; must stay at night; good wages. Call at 6 o'clock in the evening, 1611 P st. n. w.

WANTED—A WAITER; ALSO A BOY TO attend a horse. Apply at 1324 14th st. n. w.

WANTED—A SETTLED WOMAN TO DO chamberwork and nurse a young baby; can go home nights; references required. Apply 628 G st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A GOOD HOT-HOUSE man and landscape gardener, native of Switzerland, a position to care for and improve home grounds for family. Call or address THEO. T. WANGOE, 136 D st. n. e.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, WHITE (GERman preferred); one to cook, wash and iron, the other to nurse; both to make themselves generally useful. Apply at 927 Mass. ave. n. w.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY A STUDENT A SITUation to work in the forenoons or at nights. Address J. C., this office.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS GERMAN Cook wants position; references. Call 510 11th st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A PLACE in first-class family as cook. Call 1033 M st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH woman cook, capable to give dinner parties, place in a private family; a kitchen maid required; best city references. Call at 814 12th st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COL'D girl, situation in a private family as nurse or chambermaid; good city references. Apply 1837 K st. n. w.

WANTED—BY TWO COLORED GIRLS, situation as chambermaids, nurses or to do plain cooking. Call or address 428 L st. n. w. for a week.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COL'D woman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; understands cutting and fitting. Apply 1520 N. J. ave. n. w.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG colored man as porter in a grocery; understands handling fresh meats; or driver for a doctor. ROBERT BURKLEY, 913 N. J. ave.

WANTED—BY TWO RELIABLE COL'D girls, places as chambermaids or waitresses or general housework in a small family. Call or address 442 1st. st. s. w.

WANTED—BY A WHITE GIRL, A PLACE as chambermaid and assist with washing and ironing in a private family. Call at 1328 New Hampshire ave.

WANTED — A POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper in a private family; best of references. Call for three days 404 9th st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WHITE woman, a situation as first-class cook or to do plain washing and ironing; good references. Call or address 930 I st. n. w.

WANTED — WASHING AND IRONING to do at home. Call or address 1713 Riggs st., bet. 17th and 18th sts. n. w.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A PORTER in grocery store. Address ROBERT HENRY, 915 N. J. ave. s. e.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLored girl, a place as nurse; stay nights if required. Apply 412 Ridge st., between M and N n. w.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—TO MAKE A FEW MORE ENgagements by the day by a first-class dressmaker. Apply or address 419 H st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A STEADY YOUNG COLored man, a place as waiter, coachman or footman; good references. Address B. T. N. this office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A POSItion as clerk in a grocery store. Address B. H., this office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTFUL COLored boy, place as private messenger or work in grocery store. Apply 1210 20th st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLored girl, a situation as chambermaid in a first-class family. Apply at 1018 9th st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A SETTLED COLORED woman with good references, a situation as chambermaid or nurse in a private family. Apply 1118 23d st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLored girl, a place in a private family as chambermaid or nurse; will assist in cooking. Address 1116 K st. n. w.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman would like a situation as ladies' maid, or would care for one or two children; first-class references. Apply 1413 33 st. n. w.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESpectable colored woman, who is a first-class cook; can furnish reference. Address 1111 I st. n. w.

WANTED—RELIABLE COLORED GIRL to do housework and washing for small family; good wages to suitable person; must bring good references. Apply 1459 Fla. ave. n. w. Wednesday 6 p. m.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A COLORED man as waiter in a private family; can bring good reference. Call at 225 19th st. n.w., from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERman woman with a baby, a situation as cook or general housework in a small family; good city references. Address M. L. M., this office.

WANTED—BY A COLORED GIRL, WORK to do by the day, washing, house-cleaning, or sewing; can cut and fit. Please address E. T., this office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLored girl a place to do housework in a small family; good wages expected. Call or address 903 1st st. s. w.

WANTED—BY AN INTELLIGENT MIDdle-aged colored man, a position as collector, messenger or porter in bank or store; can furnish excellent reference; also good security. Address S. J. E., this office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WHITE GIRL, a situation as chambermaid in private family. Call 1151 21st st., bet. M and sts. n. w.

A FIRST-CLASS COOK AND LAUNDRESS, colored, wants a place as cook, or to do laundry work by the week. Call at No. 1114 Conn Place, bet. 15th and 16th and L and M sts. n. w.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLored woman a place in a southern family to cook; good wages expected. Call or address 903 1st st. s. w.

WANTED—A POSITION AS FIRSTclass cook in private family, can give good city reference. Call or address 1123 15th st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A PERSON OF REFINEment in first-class family or hotel, position as maid to elderly lady, young ladies, or growing children; first-class city references. Address SEAMSTRESS, this office.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, A SITUATION as first-class cook in a private family. Apply to 20 Jackson st. n. e.

WANTED—BY AN INDUSTRIOUS COL'D youth, a situation as porter or as driver and to take care of horses in private family. Call or address DANIEL WEBSTER, 2 Dingman Place.

WANTED—SITUATION AS A BUTLER by a thoroughly experienced young man; New York and English experiences. Address BUTLER, 1340 N. H. ave.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG COLORED girl, just from the country, a place as chambermaid or nurse. Call at 1003 M st. n. w.

WANTED—AT ONCE—BY A RELIABLE colored man a place as fireman; can give reference. Address FIREMAN, 446 N st. n. w.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO CHAMberwork and plain sewing. Apply at 1603 8 st. n. w.

WANTED — BY AN EXPERIENCED young woman a place as chambermaid; good wages expected. Address MARY, this Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLD COL'D girl, a situation in a private family as chambermaid; can furnish good references. Apply at 1729 20th st. n. w.

WANTED—SEWING AT HOME OR IN families; cut, cut and fit. Address or call 707 6th st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A BRIGHT YOUNG COLored man, situation as coachman or driver for a doctor or to make himself useful about the house; good reference. Apply 922 L st. n. w.

WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE COL'D boy, place in private family as bell boy or go with doctor; age 14 years, of good family from Virginia. Call immediately, 1218 10th st. n. w.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COL'D lad, a first-class place as waiter in private family or errand boy in store; can give good reference. Call at 1205 21st st. n. w.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—INSTRUCTOR IN ENGLISH from 7 to 8 p. m. at 508 12th st. n. w. E. STEARMAN.

WANTED—TO BUY,