

A Scab.

A creature more contemptible
It would be hard to find,
A craven cur in human form,
The meanest of its kind.
The servile, crawling, creeping thing,
Just fit to kiss the hand
That thrashed and cowed and conquered
it.
And bears its master's brand.
The scab or black sheep is a club
Which corporation use
To break the heads of honest men,
Who will not stand abuse;
They strive to bring all decent men
To this degrading state,
That they may satiate their greed,
And gold accumulate.—Ex.



Subscribe for the Labor World, the only true union labor journal at the head of the lakes.

The Boiler Makers' union of Superior are considering the matter of sending delegates to the Trades and Labor Assembly.

The Labor World is on sale at the following news stands in Superior, where they can be had at 5 cents per copy: Russell Bros., Reedfors and Johnsons.

The Superior Daily Citizen is the name of a new paper to be launched in the newspaper field on Monday next by John A. Monger, proprietor of the Weekly Citizen, and will be an ardent supporter of free silver.

Members of organized labor and their friends will do well to use all honorable means in their power to boycott the following firms: C. & J. Michel Brewing Co., George Zeisler & Sons Brewery, John Gund Brewing Co., Franz Bartel Brewery, Joseph Husa Brewery, Bangor, Wis. This boycott is endorsed by the A. F. of L. and the K. of L., and all fairminded people. Don't patronize the above mentioned brands of beer until the firms recognize the right of labor to organize.

Frank P. Hallock, manager of the Leader job office, was arrested on Monday last on a complaint sworn out by Albert Reid, a member of the Superior Typographical Union No. 163, charging him with unlawfully using the label of the union. It appears that Mr. Hallock has been soliciting work under the guise that the Leader job office was a union shop and has placed the label on the work without authority from the union. The office in question is not a union office nor has it been for the past three years. The label

is the property of the union and as such is registered in the office of the secretary of state at Madison in accordance with the laws of Wisconsin for 1895. Hallock entered the plea of not guilty when brought before Judge Hutchins and the case was adjourned to Friday at 2 p. m. District Attorney Sloan will conduct the case on the part of the state.

Trades Assembly.

Regular meeting of the Trades and Labor Assembly was held last Monday evening in Union hall, Vice President Torgeson in the chair.

Roll call of officers and delegates showed ten unions represented, all of which reported trade in the various lines as improving.

Communication received from the Anchor Federal Labor union, No. 6540, stating that the Armour Packing company in Kansas City, Kansas, had discharged a number of men and women simply because they were members of the union; also that the courts had placed an injunction on the strikers from levying a boycott. The communication recommended that organized labor buy meat and lard of others than the Armour Packing company, and on motion the action of the Kansas City union was endorsed. The committee appointed to wait on the managers of the flour mills reported that all the mills excepting the Anchor had re-employed all their old men. As the assembly at its last meeting had agreed to place the product of the mills who would not employ their old men, on the unfair list, the matter was referred to the Packers and Nailers union for final action on the Anchor Mill company.

A communication from the United Brewery Workmen of the United States, stating that the brewers had adopted a label to be placed upon the product of union labor and asking the support of organized labor in behalf of honest and fair paid labor, was read. The assembly endorsed the label of the Brewery workers.

The committee appointed to visit Angus McQueen in relation to the difficulty between him and the Plasterers' union reported that McQueen is hiring non-union men at 25 cents per hour for ten hours, when the union scale is 37½ cents and eight hours per day. The Plasterers' union having placed McQueen's shop on the unfair list, it was agreed by the assembly to endorse that action; also that a committee be appointed to wait on Mayor Pattison and request him to remove the alderman from the committee on labor and statistics owing to his action toward union men.

The committee appointed to visit the clergymen of the city to request them to preach a sermon on the subject of "Trade Unionism," reported that Rev. Tomelson preached a very able sermon on the subject.

The assembly voted to procure a book to be known as the black book, for the purpose of keeping a record

on those unfriendly to organized labor, so that when they look for favors, whether political or otherwise, from organized labor, that the members can look up their record.

The assembly endorsed the strike of the Longshoremen's unions and appointed a committee to draft suitable resolutions.

The secretary of the assembly was instructed to request the American Federation of Labor to place the Anchor mill of this city on the unfair list owing to the fact that they discriminate against union men.

A committee was appointed to visit the butchers and request them to cease handling the product of the Armour Packing company.

The Longshoremen's Strike.

For the past week or more Superior has had a strike on her hands between the flour handlers and longshoremen who are in the employ of William Welsh. Mr. Welsh has the contract of handling the flour for the Great Northern railroad at West Superior, the Omaha at Itasca and the various flouring mills throughout the city. The men have been getting 20 cents per hour in the eastern flour sheds and 25 cents per hour in the mills, and made a demand for 30 cents and 35 cents per hour, an increase of ten cents per hour over the present rates. This, Welsh refused to grant, claiming that his contract with different corporations would not allow of an advance, and proceeded to secure protection from the police department. The strikers claim to have sufficient grievance to warrant the walk-out and are confident of success. A committee of the union waited upon Mr. Welsh and requested a raise of 5 cents, and were informed that their request could not possibly be granted. On the other hand the union claim that Welsh is making from 70 to 80 cents an hour for loading the boats while the men who actually do the work receive only 20 and 25 cents and could well afford to increase their pay as demanded. A number of conferences have been held between the men and Welsh, but as yet no settlement of the difficulty has been effected, although the men claim to have control of the situation, and say it will only be a short time before Welsh will come to their terms. Negotiations looking to a settlement have been pending every day and on Friday, July 10, all of the demands of the men were acceded to, Mr. Welsh stating that he would grant them the increase from \$1.70