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SABRIE G. AKIN, Editor and Publisher.

Letters and articles relating to the social problem are solicited.

Entered at the Postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second class matter.

G. G. Hartley, as receiver of the Duluth-Superior bridge, was before the county board again this week with his threadbare claim that the bridge company taxes were too high and out of proportion to others. The taxes of the street railway were too high; the bridge company is assessed too much; all the other property that is in his name exorbitantly taxed and all in all, according to would-be pluto Gill, the assessor has especially inflicted hardships on him and his as a freeholder, and he is a sadly abused citizen. For years he has succeeded in defrauding the county out of its taxes and he follows it up with the diligence worthy of a better cause. He claims that the assessment is 50 per cent. too high and he wants the commissioners to reduce it to that extent, claiming that if the taxes are collected on the basis of the levy, it will bankrupt the company. In the name of heaven isn't the company bankrupt now and in the hands of a receiver and G. G. Hartley the receiver? If the bridge is taxed for 25 per cent. of the amount of the bonds he has sold on the bridge and paid on that basis the county would be more dollars ahead than if the taxes are collected under the present assessment. He is so solicitous for the county that he told the board that if the taxes were not reduced the bridge would be transferred to some transportation company and in that event they would go to the state; but if rebated 50 per cent. he would use his effort to have it remain in the present owners' hands and pay the taxes at once. Will the commissioners help Mr. Hartley out in this matter or will they compel him to pay the taxes that justly belong to the county?

The city has been crowded with visitors this week. The Maccabees convention that lasted the three first days of the week; the excursion over the Northern Pacific road from Fergus Falls and intermediate points, while today the delegates for the State Federation of Labor convention that meets here Monday are beginning to arrive. The city has been appropriately decorated and the visitors right royally received and entertained by the reception committee appointed by the mayor. The committee did a great deal last year and this year promises much more in the way of advertising Duluth to the outside world as a most desirable place to live. Every citizen should lend a helping hand. Let's quit growling—for the summer at least—and be happy while we may, even if everything doesn't go just to suit us.

The trust magnates are now trembling in their boots, no doubt. Mr. Bryan has stated—and he said it right out loud—that the leading plank in the democratic platform would be against the trusts. Now, if Mr. Bryan and his party want to be consistent, let them adopt a plank against improved machinery. The trust is the natural outgrowth of the industrial revolution. The difference between the trust and the machine is that the former squeezes out the small capitalist, while the latter makes tramps of the workingmen. The trouble, however, is not with the machine or the trust, but on account of their private ownership, and being operated for private profit.

For the last third of a century the people of the United States have been paying off the great war debt created in the early sixties—they have paid fabulous sums, more than three, aye even five times the amount of the original debt, but they are not done yet. Even now after paying almost countless thousands of dollars it yet requires more of the products of labor to pay off the debt than it would to have paid it all, at the time it was contracted and all this robbery has been brought about by special and purchased legislation, said legislation being purchased or inspired by the invisible empire—the destroyers of freedom in all countries in the world.

Why is it that when our public officials want to do some tinkering with the finances of the nation they always consult the bankers and commercial clubs? We have men in the workshops, in the mills, in the factories, in the mines, in the stores and on the farms that are as capable, aye, even more capable of giving honest advice than the bosses are. The truth is our officials do not go to the commercial clubs and bankers for advice, but for instructions and pay for betraying the public.

It is rather a tangled web they weave when the speeches made by our senators and congressmen against the war of aggression carried on by the puppet of the trusts, are printed in pamphlet form to distribute, are forbidden the mails, are called treasonable—and yet this is a christian, a civilized, a free country.

The republican man's burden in the next national campaign will be: "Embalmed beef, expansion, criminal assimilation, gold standard, trusts, boodle, Algerism, and incompetency." Indeed, it will be a hard burden for even Hanna to carry with his millions of dough contributed by those who thrive on the ills of honest toil.

Mr. Richard Crocker, the New York grafter who parades himself as a democrat, has gone over to Europe, where he properly belongs—but his mouthorgan, Belmont's verdict still prates about the great democracy of the boss grafter and thinks the party should cater to Dickie.

This week's number of The Star (San Francisco) contains the tax list of that county. It is gotten up in book form—as that of The Star—fine in appearance, convenient to handle, in fact the best printed tax list we have ever seen.

We should be very, very thankful that the trusts have not cornered the rain and sunshine in this country and the prospects are very favorable for an abundant harvest for our farmers this year.

The workingmen of the United States have no one to blame but themselves for their miserable condition, for being shot down like dogs for demanding living wages.

Look out for the infamous Gage-McCleary bill, under some other name, when an extra session of congress is called along in September or October.

A thing of booty is a joy forever—is no doubt what Mark Hanna thought when he paid that one hundred and eighteen thousand plunks.

The Labor World bids every delegate to the State Federation of Labor convention a most hearty welcome.

Andy Carnegie evidently believes in death-bed repentances.

AROUND THE . . . WORLD.

The Socialist Labor party of Ohio has put a full state ticket in the field.

In England the Amalgamated Engineers and other trade unions elected quite a number of their members to municipal bodies.

A street railway company of Brockton, Mass., threatens to put up notices prohibiting the discussion of socialism in the cars. Oh, my!

Philadelphia police have attempted to again prevent Socialists from holding street corner meetings. Failed.

Department store employes of New York, Chicago and Boston are said to be organizing to get better wages.

Frederic U. Adams, formerly editor and proprietor of the New Time magazine in Chicago and "a socialist, too," is now associate editor of Millionaire Belmont's New York Verdict, a Democratic organ that advocates the smashing of trusts, anti-imperialism, etc.

The great Belgium miners' strike is at an end. The bosses granted an increase of 5 per cent, with the promise of a further advance when present contracts expire. If the promise is not kept the miners will strike again in a month.

The current number of the London Justice contains a bitter attack upon John Burns, the labor member of parliament, who is characterized as an unscrupulous office-seeker and a mere politician of the liberal capitalist faction, which defended the government's shooting down and clubbing of strikers.

Sig. Chiese, a Socialist who is serving imprisonment in Italy because of his political convictions, has been elected to parliament by an overwhelming majority. He is the third prisoner who has been so honored recently and the government does not like it a little bit.

The glassworkers' strike in New Jersey seems to be in a bad way, as the bosses are succeeding in their efforts to procure scabs and operate their plants.

Street railways in Wheeling are being operated in a way by scabs and the unionists are appealing for aid, while their fellow-craftsmen in London, Ont., and Saginaw, Mich., complain bitterly at the duplicity of the magnates, who constantly violate agreements, and trouble may again break out almost any day.

The Horseshoers' International union grained 2,500 members during the past year.

P. H. Morrissey has been re-elected grand master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

Governor Roosevelt has signed the bill amending the eight-hour law, making it more rigid in enforcement.

It is said that the business of the Granite Cutters' union of Toledo, O., is suffering to an alarming extent from the inroads made upon it by convict labor in the various penitentiaries and state prisons.

The brewery workers of Milwaukee have had an hour taken off each day, making their work day consist of nine hours instead of ten. The pay remains the same, making a virtual increase of ten per cent in wages.

The pattern makers of Boston, Hyde Park, Lynn and Cambridge, Mass., have begun a strike for the nine-hour work day.

The granite cutters and polishers at the works of Epps, Dodds & Co., St. George, New Brunswick, are on strike, and there is a possibility that the difficulty may effect other firms.

The laboring people throughout the country will sympathize with Samuel Gompers in the death of his daughter, which occurred recently in New York City.

The City of Detroit has appropriated the sum of $7,000 for public concerts this summer with the proviso that union musicians only be employed.

There are over 10,000 villages in Russia where no schools exist.

The late convention of the Street Railway employes levied a special assessment of $1 per member for a fund of $15,000 to be used in prosecuting the strike at Wheeling, W. Va.

The annual convention of the National Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes will be held in Cincinnati, beginning June 19th.

During the past year the Cigarmakers' International union has paid out for sick, death and out-of-work benefits the sum of $364,000.

September 4th, Labor Day, has been declared a legal holiday in the Philippine islands.

Finland women work as carpenters bricklayers, paper hangers, etc., and are allowed to vote.

Tennessee's supreme court has declared valid the law prohibiting Sunday work by barbers.

Reading, Pa., bricklayers have formed a union and adopted a scale of 30 cents an hour for a nine-hour day.

The printers of Maryland are now thoroughly organized in every important city and town in the state except Frederick.

The advertisement for letting the city printing of Rochester, N. Y., restricted the bids to newspapers bearing the union label.

Colorado state federation of labor convened in Denver June 5.

Labor organizations throughout the country are sending financial aid and words of comfort to the miners of the Cour d'Alene region, Idaho, who refuse to yield to military dictatorship.

BLAND CANNOT LIVE.

Physicians Say Famous Missourian's Case Is Hopeless.

LEBANON, Mo., June 8.—At 10 p. m. Congressman Bland appeared somewhat better, and will probably live through the night. He has been speechless for 24 hours. The physicians regard the case as hopeless, and have so informed the family.

Four Burned.

LINZ, Austria, June 8.—The market town of Ottensheim, about five miles west of Linz, on the Danube, has been totally destroyed by fire. Four women perished in the flames, and a number of people were injured.

Literary Notes

Women as Travelers.

As the world grows smaller the number of women travelers grows great. This is merely another form of saying that the greater security, economy and rapidity of travel have opened new opportunities for ambitious women. At the present time there are the traveling companion, the courier, the war correspondent, the foreign correspondent, the commercial traveler, the missionary, and the student, who, paradoxically enough, is usually a teacher. I would leave out of consideration the traveling companion, because she is an annex or attachment to the traveler proper and is not a traveler par se. I might also add the women explorer, because in the past ten years Mrs. Alice Le Plongeon and Miss Kingsley have won name and fame in this field of activity.

Women are both fitted and unfitted for travel. They have less strength and daring than men, on the other hand, they have more tact and a greater regard for the rights of others. In many parts of the far East small mobs of criminals are apt to attack the stranger within their gates. When this occurs, the male traveler usually gets off better than the female. On the other hand a far greater source of trouble springs from the wanton or ignorant violation of native customs and religious laws. Here men sin 50 times where women do once.

Travel brings out the deep ethical difference between the two sexes. In London I have often noticed that the average American gentleman makes a beeline for the famous inns, pubs and music halls, while the average American woman goes to Westminster, St. Pauls and the Tower of London. In Paris the former patronizes the cafe chantant and the Moulin Rouge, and the latter the Louvre, Notre Dame, the Madeleine and the Hotel des Invalides.

To be a successful traveler demands nothing more than the small virtues—forethought, common sense, patience and, it may be, a little resignation.—Margherita Arlina Hamm, in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for June.

Feud Revives.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., June 8.—Abe Lee, of the Lee-Taylor feud, which raged in Harlan county 10 years ago, was killed last night from ambush. It is thought the Taylors did the deed, and the Lee faction is arming. The old feud is reviving.

Two Drowned.

RENVILLE, Minn., June 8.—Leonard Mason, a young business man, and William Anderson, who just graduated with honors at the Renville high school, were drowned while bathing in the Minnesota river today.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the District Court of the State of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and County of St. Louis, on the 22nd day of April, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said Court and County in an action therein, wherein Louis Henry Hugh Clifford, was plaintiff, and William F. Marvin, defendant in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of Twenty-Seven and 50-100 Dollars, which said Execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at Public Auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County of St. Louis, on Monday, the 19th day of June, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 29th day of December, 1893, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

Lots Three Hundred Twenty-nine (329) Three Hundred Thirty-one (331) Minnesota Avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

The above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., 28th April, 1899.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

J. W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.
May 6-13-20-27. June 3-13.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. District Court, 11th Judicial District.

Hiram Graves, Plaintiff, vs Sarah F. Graves, Defendent. | SUMMONS

STATE OF MINNESOTA TO ABOVE NAMED DEFENDENT:—

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the above named court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscribers at their offices in rooms numbered 301, 302 and 303 in the First National Bank Building in the City of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated May 5, 1899.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for the plaintiff, 301-303 First Nat. Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn. Residence No. 11 East Third street.
Labor World, May 13-20-27, June 3-10-17.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Joseph Lafave and Isabelle Lafave his wife, mortgagors, to Neil Mack, mortgagee, dated the 17th day of April, 1897, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded at thirty minutes past eight o'clock in the forenoon, on the 20th day of April, 1897, in Book 161 of Mortgages on page 12, of the records in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota.

The premises covered by said mortgage, and thereby mortgaged, are situated in St. Louis county, Minnesota, and are described as follows: The northwest quarter of section ten in township fifty-one north of range sixteen west of the fourth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the government survey thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Said default consists in the non-payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage, which principal sum became due and payable on the 17th day of April, 1899, and in the non-payment of interest upon said principal sum which became due and payable upon the 17th day of April, 1899.

There is therefore claimed to be due, and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, in principal and interest, the sum of one hundred and eight dollars and ninety-nine cents, ($108.99), and that no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the same, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, which has become operative by reason of the default aforesaid, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises above described, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the County Court House in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 17th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due on said mortgage, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 3rd, 1899.

NEIL MACK,
Mortgagee.

Baldwin & Baldwin,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
301-303 First National Bank Bldg,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Labor World, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred nine and 65-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward I. Thorn and E. Thorn, his wife, mortgagors, to Tina Bolstad, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of September, 1896, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 26th day of October, 1896, at 3:40 o'clock P. M., in Book 141 of Mortgages, on page 60; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said motrigage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: That tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. Five in Block No. Twenty-four, Zenith Park Division according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and apurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 17th day of July, 1899, at 10 o' clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $309.65 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and ten dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subect to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1899.

TINA BOLSTAD,
Mortgagee.

Jno. Jenswold, Jr.,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
307 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
June-3-10-17-23-30-July-7.

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA—County of St. Louis—ss.—In Probate Court, Special Term, May 25th, 1899.

In the matter of the estate of James L. Lewis, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Fred E. Lewis, administrator, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; tthe amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of lot 386 in Block 113, in Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, and it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate;

It is therefore ordered, That all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court on Monday, the 19th day of June, 1899, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Court House in the City of Duluth in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell so much of the real estatet of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And It Is Further Ordered, That this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Labor World, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
(Seal.) Judge of Probate.
Labor World May 27-June 3-10.

CONTEST NOTICE—DEPARTMENT OF the Interior, United States Land Office, Duluth, Minn., May 3rd, 1899.

A sufficient affidavit haveing been filed in this office by Thomas J. Flynn, contestant, against homestead entry No. 9941, made Sept. 27th, 1895, for the s½,nw¼ ne¼ sw¼ and Lot 1, Section 17, Township 66, Range 15, by Erik Berglund, Contestee, in which it is alledged that said Erik Berglund has abandoned said land for more than six months since making said entry and next prior to the date herein that he has never established actual residence thereon or made any improvements thereon whatever; that said abandonment was not due to services in the United States army or navy, said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on June 24, 1899, before the Register and receiver at the United States Land Office in Duluth, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed May 12th, 1899, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

WM. E. CULKIN,
Register.

B. N. JOHNSON,
Attorney for the Contestant.
May 13-20-27, June 3-10.