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ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL DULUTH, MINN.

SABRIE G. AKIN, Editor and Publisher.

Letters and articles relating to the social problem are solicited.

Entered at the Postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second class matter.

A great deal has been said in a certain part of the press lately about Anna Gould, wife of the no-Count Cast—something, it is so long since we hobnobbed with the nobility of Europe that we can't recall the name, for the active part she took in the royalist attack on President Loubet. It is also stated that the Gould millions are being used to overthrow the republic of France by inducing the army to revolt and establish a monarchy that Anna may shine in royal robes. That the Duke of Orleans, pretender to the throne, has been in hiding in Paris. That he has promised the no-Count and his Countess that in the event of his winning the throne he will load them with honors in return for the use of the Gould millions. The Count will become Duke of Provence and his wife a Duchess. She will also receive the office of Grand Mistress of the Court, which will give her a leading place in all state functions. She will wear a cornet and robes decorated with orders from the King of France and the grateful monarchs of all Europe. Thus the profit taken from "free" Americans is used to establish kings on thrones. How many millions do you suppose Anna Gould and her clans would have had if the railroads had been operated by the public as they should have been? How many millionaires do you hear made by the postal system, bad as it is managed? Not Anna Gould nor her father, is at fault, the ravings of the milk-and-water reform press, to the contrary notwithstanding. It lies back of that—lies in the stupidity of the people for their belief in private property in the means of production and distribution—in a system of profits instead of service. Each American who supports this system is using his citizenship to help furnish an Anna Gould with millions out of the masses to help establish kings. And people who know no better are fit only for subjects of a king and will be so ruled, unless wiser and self-sacrificing men and women shall save them against their will.

That blooming patriot and embalmed philanthropist, Russel A. Alger, secretary of war by the grace of Wm. McKinley, has appeared in a new role. He declares himself the enemy of trusts. Not only of trusts but of monopoly generally. He says: "I do not believe in the concentration of wealth. Monopoly forces the middleman out of commercial existence, and the result is disastrous to the masses of the people"—and more, on similar lines. The idea of Alger being opposed to the concentration of wealth is liable to be treated as a huge joke, yet there is a sense in which it is true. He is opposed to concentration in the hands of other people. Wealth concentrated in the hands of Alger is all right—just the thing, in fact—and that is why he has concentrated it to the extent of making himself a multi-millionaire. He is the head and front of the great lumber trust, which has a cinch on millions of acres of valuable timber lands in this state, Michigan and in Pacific coast states. And General Alger has accumulated his millions by and through the monopolization of natural resources. Yes, private monopoly is disastrous to the people. So is Alger.

The state auditor of Idaho, Sinclair is his name, has issued an edict that no flowers shall be placed on the graves of Union miners on July 11th, as has been customary, and any one—man or woman—who disregards the edict will be placed in the "bull pen" which is nothing more nor less than a corral for cattle—for workingmen, or rather for men who want work. Fellow citizens, what do you think of all this in the "land of the free and home of the brave?" This fellow Sinclair is no better than Lord Kitchener, of England, who was rewarded by parliament for cutting off the Mahdi's head; nor than Dr. Jamieson, who, for his pleasure, bought a slave girl for cannibals to devour.

The state attorney-general of Idaho announces that if hostile Criticism of his acts by wives of miners do not cease, there will be some women prisoners in the bull-pen. Great is free speech in this great free country.

Job Burns, one of the "six hundred," lauded by Tennyson in connection with the Crimean war, back in the fifties, now 85 years old, has been sentenced in a London court to three months' imprisonment for begging.

In the democratic state convention of Kentucky there have been "wild disorders," continued deadlocks, fights, etc., so that the police had to be called in, yet martial law has not been proclaimed.

WHITE MEN MUST LEAVE

SECRETARY HITCHCOCK WILL NOT SUSPEND HIS ORDER.

Directing Removal of Whites From the Leech Lake Reservation in 30 Days.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Secretary Hitchcock announced finally today that there will be neither a suspension nor a modification of the order of June 22 directing the removal of all trespassers or intruders, on the lands of the Leech Lake Indian reservation in Minnesota within 30 days therefrom.

NEXT TO RETURN.

Thirteenth Minnesota Leaves Manilla the Last of July.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 6.—The Thirteenth Minnesota volunteer regiment, now doing service in the Philippines, is to start for home before the end of July—probably July 22 or 23. The men will come on the transports Zelandia and Sheridan, which will reach Manilla July 20 and 21 respectively. This information was received yesterday afternoon in the following telegram from Adjt. Gen. Corbin, Washington, to Congressman Loren Fletcher:

Washington, July 5.—Hon. Loren Fletcher, Minneapolis, Minn.: Your telegram received. The Thirteenth Minnesota will be the next regiment to return from the Philippines. There is no available transport at Manila at this date upon which the regiment can return, but the Zelandia and the Sheridan will arrive at Manilla about July 20 and 21 respectively, and the Thirteenth Minnesota will be returned on one of these two transports. The matter of sending home troops is one left wholly to Gen. Otis, under general instructions from this office to return the regiments in the order in which they arrived at Manilla.

H. C. CORBIN,
Adjutant General.

FREIGHT MEN MEET.

Officers of the Central Association Confer in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Presidents and executive officers of the Central Freight association roads gathered here in force today to discuss ways and means for improving the present demoralized freight rate situation. Beyond appointing two committees to deal with grain rates, the meeting accomplished little.

One committee was appointed to consider the rates on all commodities except grain, which was referred to another committee of line leading out of Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis.

The general meeting of the freight and traffic men was in session all day, and it was agreed by all the lines that rates ought to be put on a higher basis as soon as possible. The question will probably be left to the president's committee. The whole matter will be settled at tomorrow's meeting.

EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION.

Subjects of Commissions and Libel Laws Discussed.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 6.—The National Editorial association today received reports from committees appointed yesterday. The committee on reports of officers endorses the opinion expressed by President eCabe on the subject of advertising agents and recommends that no commission be allowed but that agents be required to collect from advertisers.

W. L. Eaton, of Rockford, Ill., read a paper on "Libel Laws," urging that they should be made uniform in the various states. S. N. Cragen, of Indiana, presented a paper on "Union Job Printing as a Source of Revenue."

MRS. SEWALL PRESIDENT

Of the U. S. Council of the Woman's Congress.

LONDON, July 6.—Mrs. May Wright Sewall, president of the United States Council of the Women's International Congress, has been elected to succeed the Countess of Aberdeen as president of the congress which will hold its next meeting in Berlin.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.
PURE, SWEET, NUTRITIOUS.
THE FAVORITE OF THE FAMILY.

COLUMBIA THE WINNER

Yacht Defender Defeated in 30 Mile Race

MADE GLAD THE HEART OF TARS

CONTEST WITNESSED BY LARGE AND DELIGHTED CROWD.

Race Was Sailed Under Poor Conditions of Shifting Winds and a Lumpy Sea—Opinion of Experts That Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock Will Return Home Without the Silver Mug Trophy.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Over a triangular course of 30 miles in comparatively light winds, the new Iselin-Morgan yacht Columbia today vanquished the Vanderbilt yacht Defender and convinced the yachtsmen who saw the royal struggle that she was worthy of defending the precious trophy which Sir Thomas Lipton and his merry tars hope to take back with them in the Shamrock next fall. The Columbia's forestaysail and club topsail are anything but perfect and in a general way she will need a good deal of tuning up. Yet, based on the showing she made as a better boat than the Defender under adverse conditions the nautical sharps are strongely convinced that Sir Thomas will sail home without the silver mug, the possession of which has given us the yachting supremacy of the world since 1851.

But today's race was an unsatisfactory one. Shifting, baffling winds and a bad, lumpy sea with dirty rain squalls made the conditions anything but ideal for yachting. The billows of mist which enshrouded the Jersey shore prevented the crew on the highlands of Navesing and Sandy Hook from seeing the race but the enveloping haze only added picturesqueness to the contest for those who went outside in fancy craft to see it. For them the world was blotted out and over the dim, gray sea under the dull sky, the yachts raced with nothing but themselves and the attendant train of following boats to witness the contest.

In windward work the Columbia with sails drawing badly, demonstrated her superiority and in a long reach with sheets eased, she outfooted the Vanderbilt boat. The sudden shifting of the wind prevented a trial at running with spinnakers. In light weather, close hauled, therefore, it can be said that she is undoubtedly the Defender's superior but what she can do in a piping breeze remains to be seen.

A thick haze hung over the harbor this morning when the two superb yachts left their anchorages off Tompkinsville astern of two proudly puffing tugs for the arena of today's battle. As the Columbia passed out she was saluted by every steam craft in the lower bay. So gentle were the pulsations of the waves in the harbor that many craft of many kinds ventured out.

The large fleet included side wheelers, swift steam pleasure yachts, snub nosed tug boats and sailing craft of all descriptions. They led, followed and accompanied the racers. Small stickers, sloops and schooners there were in profusion. Fortunately most of them kept their distance and few of them bothered the racers with wash or swell.

There was considerable delay at the start. The breeze had freshened as the yachts got outside and what the old salts term a lumpsy sea was hunning. After Commodore Morgan's flagship, the corsair, with ommodore Morgan, Chester Grixwold, ex-Commodore Nicholson Kane, Rear Admiral Francis Higginson, Irving Grinnell and a large party of guests aboard, had signalled the course and the racers had cast off their lines, a sharp rain squall killed the breeze. But the squall was brief and a half hour later a steady 12 knot breeze was blowing from the southwest.

The Corsair signalled the first leg to windward, down the Jersey coast and the yachts began to jockey for positions. Captain Barr had the tiller of the Columbia and aboard with him were C. Oliver Iselin, Mrs. Iselin, Newbery Thorne, William E. Iselin, Herbert W. Leeds and Woodbury Kane. Captain Rhodes had the helm of the Defender. William Butler and John G. Beresford were abroad or her.

As the warning gun was fired, the Columbia, without waiting for the starting gun, rounded Sandy Hook light ship and hadd across the line. Either it was a bad blunder on the part of Captain Barr or it was designedly done to give the Defender a start equal to her time allowance, which is figured at about two minutes. Just as the starting gun boomed, the Defender crossed on the port track. Meantime, the Columbia jibed and, returning, came about and headed for the line, crossing it exactly two minutes after the Defender. Both yachts carried four staysails, jibs, baby jib topsails and club topsails.

The beat to windward made a beautiful race. The interest was intense for the first few minutes as the big racers, with everything close hauled, entered upon their test of speed. The Defender had the weather guage by a hundred yards and was several lengths ahead.

At first the Columbia seemed to outfoot her rival, and there seemed to be no perceptible difference in their ability to hug the wind. Nautical experts were jubilant. Then both yachts went over on the starboard tack for a long leg. They heeled until yards of their bronze bodies were exposed.

The Columbia seemed more tender than the Defender—more tender but perhaps more stately as she lay down to her work. She heeled enough to let the sees swirl and bubble along her lee rail, and sometimes when she smashed a big wave into tatters, she shipped some water forward. Minature cataracts poured from her glistening decks when the water spurted 20 feet high from her bows, but as she lifted beautifully she looked like a huge gull rising from the water. Then the talent began to get nervous.

Gradually but surely the Defender was drawing ahead, and it was also apparent that she was pointing higher than the Columbia. It did not take the yachtsmen long to discover the cause. The Defender's sails fit to perfection and every inch of canvass drew. The club topsail of the Columbia, on the other hand, was loose and cracked in the wind. The forestay sail did not draw. By this time the breeze was blowing about 10 knots an hour and while it continued at that clip, the Defender continued to gain very slowly, but also very surely.

Half an hour later the wind sank to about five knots an immediately the sails of the Columbia began to draw and she began to gain upon her adversary. Both skippers were now straining for the mastery. Both pinched until their headsails trembled as they strove for the weather guage. The Columbia continued to gain on every tack, and a few minutes before the first mark was reached she crossed the Defender's bow on the starboard tack. Then the nautical sharps breathed easier. She rounded the stake exactly one minute ahead of the Defender. As she eased her sheets and turned the mark all the steam crafts screamed their congratulations. But here also trouble with her headsails was conspicuous. Both yachts had stowed their baby jibs and had sent up their big jib topsails in steps as they approached the stake; but Defender, although the last around, broke out her big jib fully a minute before the Columbia loosed hers. And then the latter's had to be taken down and re-set.

On the long reach for the second mark, with the wind abeam, the Columbia gained 58 seconds. About half way down a black squall which had been threatening to the southward, broke sharply and completely swallowed up the big yachts and their trains. It was only a question of how much the Columbia would beat the Defender now, and many of the steamers and tugs headed back for the finish.

When the rainfall ceased the wind hauled to the west and instead of running home before the wind with spinnakers set, the yachts made the last leg with the wind on the port bow. This was a grave disappointment to the spectators. The wind gradually died down and when the yachts were within about a fourth of a mile of the finish the fleet gathered about the lightship and Commodore Morgan's flagship. Gracefully and noiselessly the Columbia swept over the invisible line between them and as she crossed she received a royal salute. Whistles shrieked and sirens walled. For several minutes the din continued. The Columbia made no response to this thunderous demonstration. As the Defender crossed the line she also was greeted with a demonstration quite as enthusiastic and prolonged.

Earthquake Shock on Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—An earthquake shock was felt here this afternoon and reports received from other sections of the state show that the vibrations were general. No damage has been reported. The vibrations were from east to west.

TRADE MARK PURE NOURISHING COTTAGE

MOOSE BRAND BEER

is pure, brilliant and keepable. There is considerably more QUALITY in it than in ordinary brews. Order a sample case at once.

MOOSE BRAND MALT EXTRACT for those who need a blood, flesh and bone tonic, can be had of all druggists.

DULUTH BREWING COMPANY, DULUTH, MINN.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default havng been made in the payment of the sum of Five Hundred and Twenty-four ($524.00) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and which is due, at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Daniel Duggan, mortgagor, to Moses Stewart, Jr., mortgagee, bearing date the fourteenth (14) day of December, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the Register of Deeds office in and for the county of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, on the third (3) day of January, 1890, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., in Book twenty-eight (28) of Mortgages on page one hundred and ninety-four (194) thereof, which mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said Moses Stewart, Jr., to Jennie L. Decker formerly Jennie L. Robinson by an instrument dated the ninth (9) day of January, 1890, and recorded in said Register of Deeds office on the twenty-fifth (25) day of January, 1890, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in Book thirty-four (34) of mortgages on page five hundred and sixty (560) thereof, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots one (1) and two (2) in block sixteen (16) Stewarts Addition to West Duluth according to the certified plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds within and for said County and State. Said real estate situated lying and being in the City of Duluth, St. Louis County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said County and State, on the 14th day of August, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Five Hundred and Twenty-four dollars ($524.00) and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars attorney's fee as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated, April 15th, 1899.

JENNIE L. DECKER,
Formerly Jennie L. Robinson,
Assignee of Mortgage.

AUSTIN N. McGINDLEY,
Attorney for said Assignee of Mortgage.
505-506 Providence Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
June 24—July 1-8-15-22-29

FALL PROVED FATAL.

Robert Hill Crushed to Death Under a Wagon.

TOLEDO, O., July 6.—Robert Hill, head of the Glassworkers union and superintendent of Ball Bros. Glass factory at Muncie, Ind., was killed last night near Tiffin by falling from a wagon and being crushed to death by the wheels. He was soon to sail for Paris to arrange for an exhibition at the exposition.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
—of the—
DULUTH PRINTING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

We, whose names are hereunto subscribed, do hereby associate ourselves together for the purpose of becoming a manufacturing corporation under and pursuant to the provisions of Chapter Thirty-four (34), Title two (2), Section one (1), General Statutes of the State of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereto, and for that purpose do hereby adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be the "Duluth Printing and Manufacturing Company," and the principal place for transacting its business shall be in the city of Duluth, in the State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be that of manufacturing envelopes, paper boxes and other articles and materials manufactured from paper and straw board, or that may be incidental thereto, and printing the same, and the carrying on of a general printing, book binding and lithographing business.

ARTICLE III.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the tenth day of July, A. D. 1899, and shall continue twenty-five (25) years.

ARTICLE IV.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation is ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, divided into one thousand (1,000) shares of ten (10) dollars each, and shall be paid in at such time and in such amounts as the by-laws of this corporation shall provide.

ARTICLE V.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the persons forming this association for incorporation are: John Christie, J. J. Le Tourneau, J. L. Thwing, Charles H. Thornton, and F. H. Lounsberry.

ARTICLE VII.

The government of this corporation and the general management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of directors of not less than five (5) nor more than nine (9) directors, who shall be elected by and from the stock-holders at their annual meeting, which shall be held on the second Monday in October in each year, and shall hold office for one year and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. The executive officers of this corporation shall be a president, a vice president, a secretary, a treasurer, and a general manager, who shall be elected by the board of directors at their first meeting after the annual election in each year, and shall hold their office until successors are elected and qualified.

The names of the persons forming the first board of directors are: John Christie, J. J. Le Tourneau, J. L. Thwing, Charles H. Thornton and F. H. Lounsberry.

Who shall hold their office until their successors are elected and qualified.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 28th day of June, A. D. 1899.

JOHN CHRISTIE, (Seal)
J. J. LE TOURNEAU, (Seal)
J. L. THWING, (Seal)
CHARLES H. THORNTON, (Seal)
F. H. LOUNSBERRY, (Seal)

In presence of,
A. L. Hudson,
W. B. Brewster.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

On this 28th day of June, 1899, personally came before me John Christie, J. J. Le Tourneau, J. L. Thwing, Charles H. Thornton, and F. H. Lounsberry, to me known to be the persons described in, and who executed the foregoing instrument, and who acknowledged that they executed the same as their own free act and deed.

A. L. HUDSON,
(Notarial Seal) Notary Public,
St. Louis County, Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTment of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1899, at 5 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book V 2 of Incorporations.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record July 6, 1899, at 9 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book M of miscellaneous, page 428.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds,
By A. Hagberg.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Joseph Lafave and Isabelle Lafave his wife, mortgagors, to Neil Mack, mortgagee, dated the 17th day of April, 1897, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded at thirty minutes past eight o'clock in the forenoon, on the 20th day of April, 1897, in Book 161 of Mortgages on page 12, of the records in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota.

The premises covered by said mortgage, and thereby mortgaged, are situated in St. Louis county, Minnesota, and are described as follows: The northwest quarter of section ten in township fifty-one north of range sixteen west of the fourth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the government survey thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Said default consists in the non-payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage, which principal sum became due and payable on the 17th day of April, 1899, and in the non-payment of interest upon said principal sum which became due and payable upon the 17th day of April, 1899.

There is therefore claimed to be due, and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, in principal and interest, the sum of one hundred and eight dollars and ninety-nine cents, ($108.99), and that no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the same, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, which has become operative by reason of the default aforesaid, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises above described, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the County Court House in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 17th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due on said mortgage, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 3rd, 1899.

NEIL MACK,
Mortgagee.

Baldwin & Baldwin,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
301-303 First National Bank Bldg,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Labor World, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8.

C. W. ERICSON,
..The Clothier..

Is the place to find a full assortment of

UNION LABEL SUITS

Dark Cassimere Suit—ask to see our Union made—for $8.00
Fine Black Suit—Union mode—for..... $10.00
Pretty Plaid Suit—Union made..... $12.00
Elegant Dressy Suit—Union Made..... $15.00 and upwards.
Overcoats—Blue and Black Beave Union labels—..... $10.00
Better ones— $12, $15, $18 Up

Latest Up-to-Date UNION LABEL HATS—from the best to the cheapest.

C. W. ERICSON,
219 West Superior Street,
DULUTH, MINN.

—SMOKE—
"Double Eagle"
CUT PLUG.
"Sweet Tip-Top"
KENTUCKY LONG CUT.
THEY BEAR THE UNION LABEL.

IF YOU WISH A— DELICIOUS, WHOLESOME, PALATABLE Beverage
CALL ON
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO.,
"STAR" Milwaukee Beer.

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad. out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 150 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS' TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Cabinet, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

$15.50

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns who copy our advertisements, offering unknown machines under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are RELIABLE AND WHO ARE NOT.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. MADE BY THE BEST MAKER IN AMERICA, FROM THE BEST MATERIAL

$15.50

MONEY CAN BUY SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, PIANO POLISHED, one illustration shows machine closed, (head dropping from sight) to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing, 4 fancy drawers, latest 1899 skeleton frame, carved, paneled, embossed and decorated cabinet finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on 4 castors, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent dress guard, head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully NICKEL TRIMMED. GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-YEARS' BINDING GUARANTEE is sent with every machine. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced you are saving $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50, WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

This shows the machine closed to be used as a center table, stand or desk.

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

$2,000 FOR A WOMAN'S FACE

We propose spending above sum in presents to advertise our Magazine. Look sharply at the moon to-night and you will see this picture is an exact reproduction. Can you find a Woman's Face in it? If so, mark it out and send it to us. If correct, you will receive $100 in money. If more than one sends correct reply we will divide the amount equally. The balance of the advertising appropriation ($1,900) will be divided in lesser prizes in value of $2.00 to $25.00, so that each one will receive a present. Everyone must enclose 25 cents with answer for subscription to our Magazine, which will be refunded if dissatisfied. This is no chance scheme. As every person sending will receive a present. We now have 100,000 readers secured by honesty, liberality and novel advertising. Presents sent immediately. Address,

HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL PUB. CO., 356 Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED ACME QUEEN PARLOR ORGAN, by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, equal to organs that retail at $75.00 to $100.00, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at 4 times money, pay the freight agent our special 90 days offer price, $31.75, less the $1, or $30.75 and freight charges.

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