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## Around ...the World...

The Cigarmakers' union of Indianapolis has purchased white cups for the newsboys of Indianapolis, bearing the cigarmakers' blue label on the front.

In the Presbyterian national convention in Milwaukee a few days ago, preacher declared that he was in favor of "civilized warfare," and was loudly applauded.

Max S. Hays, the well-known Cleveland Socialist writer and editor of the Cleveland Citizen, is touring the state of Ohio in a wagon and speaking very night for the Socialist labor party.

Every building trades union in Birmingham, Ala., from the man who digs the cellar to the mechanic who puts the finishing touches to a structure, now work the nine-hour day. Two years ago there were only five small unions.

The conference between the union coal miners and the "friendly" operators at Pittsburg, Kan., has resulted in a complete recognition of the union and an adjustment of all the differences.

The Indiana goblet and tumbler factory at Greentown, Ind., is a co-operative concern, which began nine years ago in a modest way, and by careful management has built up a most prosperous business. Every stockholder is an employee, and in the division of profits the men average yearly far more than craftsmen employed under the wage system.

A settlement has been reached in the strike on the Akron & Cuyahoga Falls Rapid-Transit company's lines. Ten hours are to constitute a day, foremen and conductors receive an advance of 2 cents, and other employees 2 1/2 cents per hour. Future disputes are to be arbitrated.

The Springfield Federation of Labor has recently organized the brewery workers of the Reich brewery of that city. Hours of labor were reduced from 14 to 10, and wages increased from \$8 to \$14 per week. This was good work, and the Springfield federation has a right to put a feather in its cap.

There is a movement on foot to transfer the official headquarters of all the international unions to Washington.

A new automatic weaving loom is being introduced in German textile centers, of which the Neue Freie Presse says: This machine enables the production of 400 yards of cloth in the same time in which the looms at present in general use to produce 75 yards. It saves the waste of many pieces of cloth which are now rendered useless and thrown away. In addition to several other technical advantages the new loom is a labor-saving contrivance whereby manufacturers can employ one workman to supervise from 15 to 20 machines at the same time, instead of three or four, as at present.

Strike on at the potato governor's factory in Detroit. New machinery operated by children and discarding of the union stamp caused the trouble.

Western Federation of Miners has called national union labor convention to meet July 17 at Chicago, for the purpose of protesting against the usurpation of power by military authorities in Idaho.

Freight handlers strike at Buffalo declared off. The saloon boss system has been abolished. Seals that were brought on from New York to break the strike returned to that burg.

The bricklayers' strike in Berlin has affected about 9,000 men. Allied trades are also being drawn into the controversy.

The social democratic labor party of Bulgaria has achieved a great success, electing six of its candidates.

A \$40,000,000 cattle ranch trust is being organized by New York capitalists.

Union bricklayers of Buffalo out on strike for 45 cents an hour.

3,000 building trades workers at Scranton, Pa., are out on strike for the eight-hour day. Woodworkers' union was expelled from the building

trades council for refusing to come out in support of the carpenters.

Pennsylvania judge knocked out the law protecting workmen in their right to form, join, or belong to labor organizations.

Treasurer Snyder, of the Mason, Ga., Boiler Makers' union, absconded with the funds of the organization, about \$60. Now some noddle-head will again come forth with the claim that unions are no good.

Much dissatisfaction exists among the iron workers at Homestead. Strike said to be brewing.

In 1898 129 employees of railways in the United Kingdom engaged in shunting operations were killed and 2,164 injured.

The Iron Workers' Union of Tokio, Japan, has purchased a building to be occupied as headquarters for the organization.

Kansas coal miners and operators have amicably adjusted their differences—till the next dispute arises.

Washington delegates to I. T. U. convention will try to have headquarters removed to that city.

Boston bricklayers voted against affiliating their international body with the A. F. of L.

Brewery engineers and firemen of Buffalo enforced new wage scale.

Chicago electrotypers have decided to go it alone. Left the I. T. U.

The Chicago Federalist has been launched in the Windy City.

A paste board trust was just organized with a capital of 100,000 yen.

Enamel workers of Baltimore have organized.

Plumbers of Providence, R. I., organized.

Freight handlers at Buffalo organized.

S. P. L. issued charter to Pana, Ill. Galesburg, Ill., bakers organized.

Japanese workers are federating.

September 4, Labor Day, has been declared a legal holiday in the Philippine Islands.

According to the Cigar Makers' Official Journal "but few members of the unions are idle, and the organization has practically lost no ground, from a wage standpoint, during the long depression. The trade disputes in which a reduction of wages was involved were remarkably few; in fact not more than accrue during normal trade conditions. Aside from that, all other favorable conditions (hours of labor, etc.) obtained by trade union effort, have been maintained, hence we have nothing to recover except to recuperate our funds, which suffered enormously during the long seige. Fully three times as many members have gained an increase in wages this year than were involved in all the lost strikes we had during the long depression. This argues well for the future and is a genuine cause for congratulation. While we at no time during the dark days had the slightest doubt as to the final outcome and our ability to successfully weather the storm, still the fact that we came through and are in such magnificent shape today is sufficient occasion for all trade unionists to feel a justifiable pride and a sense of security in the International Union."

The street car strike at London, Ontario, is assuming a very serious attitude and there is every indication that there will be serious trouble. The militia has been called to quell the riots and the town is practically under martial law. So far the union men have prevented the operation of cars by non-union men and it is understood that the public is behind the union men and are giving them every aid. There is hardly a street car system in the country where the general managers association has not forced the men to strike.

St. Louis boss brewers conceded the nine-hour day.

Boilermakers in Honolulu, Hawaii, are organized.

Textile workers of Atlanta are organizing.

Tinsmiths of Haverhill organized.

Winnipeg bakers organized.

Wm. H. Sage, the able secretary of the American district of the Amalg. Society of Engineers, located at New York, has resigned his office on account of ill health and left for England. A handsome testimonial was presented to him by the American branches before sailing. C. McEwen has been elected as his successor. The

American branches will shortly elect an organizer for the U. S. and Canada. Candidates mentioned so far are C. Hawksworth of New York, and Isaac Gowen of Cleveland.

The workmen of Victor, Col., own a daily paper, the Daily Press. It advocates, as might be expected from wage slaves with the experience of our Colorado brethren collective ownership of the machinery of production, in a word, socialism. It claims to be the only daily paper in the world owned by organized workmen.

Bridgeport, Conn., molders adopted resolution passed in Cleveland Central Labor union some time ago, denouncing General Merriam and advocating support of the Socialist Labor party.

Another colonization scheme is brewing. Land has been selected near Toledo, and \$6,000 are pledged to carry on the colony on a co-operative basis. Mayor Jones is one of the promoters. More disappointment in store for the poor deluded.

Kaiser Wilhelm's bill to kill off trades unions in the German empire may be considered dead. In a debate lasting four days, prominent in which was the socialist war horse Bebel, who riddled the measure with his hot shot, the Reichstag decided not to consider the measure in committee. This is said to be equal to burying the question, a two-thirds of the house appear to be antagonistic to Willie's pet scheme.

The supreme court of Michigan has declared the law unconstitutional under which Detroit was to municipalize its street railways.

The strike of the textile workers in Brunn, Austria, has been compromised. 12,000 people were engaged in this strike.

Michigan cigarette manufacturers have organized a trust, capitalized at \$15,000,000.

Miss C. Lingham, one of the brightest socialist workers of London, is dead.

The Socialist Labor party of Kentucky has nominated a full state ticket.

Bricklayers of Jersey City now work eight hours at 45 cents per hour.

Carpenters of Jersey City and Hoboken secured the eight-hour day.

New Jersey state federation meets August 21 at Orange, N. J.

Woodworkers and mill hands at Buffalo have organized.

Atlanta pressmen have established an out-of-work benefit.

Photo-engravers of Chicago secured their demands.

Reports from A. F. of L. organizers show a very encouraging growth of the trade union movement. During the month of June 39 charters were issued apart from those granted by national unions.

In response to an appeal to aid the Danish lock-out workers the London Trades Council sent a first instalment of \$500. Wonder whether the A. F. of L. executive knows there's a war on, and will expend five cents for postage on a resolution of sympathy!

In Finland women work at various trades and enjoy the right of suffrage. In this country women suffer because men don't know enough to vote for their class interests.

The bricklayers' strike in Berlin is ended in a satisfactory manner to both sides. Arbitration will be resorted to when disputes are threatened.

Horrible! Marshalltown, Ia., ministers struck against a reduction of wages for preaching at the Soldiers' Home. Order out the troops at once.

The employers of Denmark, who locked out 40,000 workers on account of a demand for better wages on behalf of the joiners in Jutland, now threaten to storm the unionists' fort by locking out another 40,000, thus placing in idleness the entire organized labor force of the country. The bosses are said to have an agreement with the employers of other European countries, whereby they are pledged not to give work to any of the victimized men. Denmark is stagnated by the high-handed conduct of the capitalist exploiters.

After a contest of a few days Big 6 of New York won a strike in a large job printing plant, securing not only the scale asked for, but also the eight-hour workday.

Patternmakers' strike for shorter workday at New York is terminating successfully. Four-fifths of the men are now working under the new rule.

Congress of Italian socialist unions in Switzerland convened in Bern. 38 organizations were represented.

# -EXTRAORDINARY-

## Foresters' Announcement!

### CAPT. BOB COOK'S



## "Battle of San Juan Hill."

At Fair Grounds 8:30 p. m. Saturday, July 22 to 26,

INCLUSIVE; EXCEPT SUNDAY.

200 men representing the Cuban and Spanish armies in deadly conflict. Two companies of Minnesota militia, representing the United States forces. 1,000 feet of special scenery representing the city of San Juan, its fortifications, breast works, intrenchments, etc. Cuban villages, block houses and tropical vegetation portrayed as near lifelike as possible. Thousands of shots exchanged during the engagements—forts blown up—city besieged and captured—block houses burned—so complete, in fact, that you imagine you can see the valor of death on the faces of the fallen, as they are tenderly borne from the field of battle by the Red Cross Society. Battle to be preceded by a strong vaudeville show, composed of such artists as

## MISS MINNIE RENWOOD,

### The Queen of the Fire Dance,

Secured by special arrangement from Koster & Bial's, New York City, the only single act that commands a salary of \$500 PER WEEK. The famous La Moynes Bros., grotesque acrobats, and numerous others.

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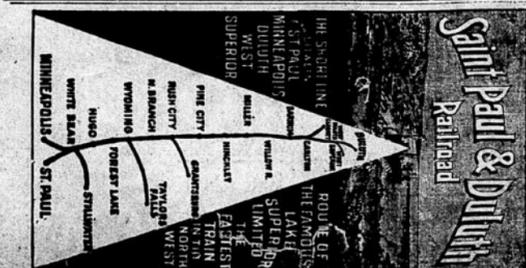
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## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK,

Duluth, Minnesota, At the Close of Business on the 30th Day of June, 1900.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and discounts.....	\$2,805,046 80	Capital stock.....	\$500,000 00
Overdrafts.....	716 30	Undivided profits.....	85,282 00
Other bonds, stocks and securities.....	82,000 00	Dividends unpaid.....	12,500 00
Other real estate.....	150,213 39	Deposits subject to check.....	\$2,184,458 01
Revenue stamps.....	537 80	Demand certifi- cates.....	25,781 24
Checks and drafts in transit.....	45,294 96	Certified checks.....	25,850 91
Due from banks.....	\$198,592 32	Cashier's checks.....	45,797 92
Checks and cash items.....	3,740 39	Due banks.....	672,172 15
Exchanges for clearing house.....	1,730 66	Total immediate liabilities.....	\$2,863,530 92
Currency.....	\$107,184 40	Time certificates.....	625,000 00
Gold.....	155,825 00		
Silver.....	19,000 00	Total deposits.....	\$3,379,265 69
Fractional.....	276 26		
Total.....	\$3,232,285 26		
	\$3,927,330 78		

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