THE EVENING POST.

WASHINGTON, FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 30, 1888.

LATE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

GENERAL UPSHAW RESIGNS.—A. B. Upshaw, Assistant Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Interior Department, has resigned.

INTEREST ON BONDS.—U. S. Treasurer Hyatt to-day mailed 9,416 checks, aggregating $1,802,517, to cover quarterly interest on 4½ per cent. registered bonds due December 1.

HAYTI PAYS AN INDEMNITY.—Mr. Thompson, the United States Minister at Port au Prince, Hayti, has informed the Department of State that the schooner William Jones of Boston, captured on October 20, has been released, and $10,000 indemnity paid.

AN IMPORTANT CASE.—A case involving about 350,000 acres of land in Michigan, the larger part of the railroad lands in the upper Peninsula, is on hearing before Secretary Vilas. The point in question is that the lands were erroneously marked on the books of the Land Office, and that they belonged to the State as swamp lands.

WHERE IS THE WILL?

A Controversy Over Peter Pitchlyn's Estate—An Important Paper Missing.

A petition was filed in the Orphan's Court to-day asking that the will of Peter Pitchlyn, who died some seven years ago, be brought in for probate. The petitioners, Thomas O'Hildebrant, Robert Morrison and several others, state that they are creditors of Thomas Pitchlyn, who, they are informed, is named as a devisee under the will for a share of property and effects, "present and prospective," his wife being named as executrix.

Peter Pitchlyn was in this city as a representative of the Choctaw Nation, with reference to their interest in "the Choctaw Claim" that has caused so much litigation. The petitioners in this case state that there has been a large sum paid to the executrix to be distributed and they express a belief that she has secreted the will.

What purports to be a copy of the will is appended. It leaves one-third of his property to his wife and the remainder for the benefit of his children and grandchildren in the Choctaw Nation. It is dated January 1, 1881, and was witnessed by J. B. Luce, H. E. McKee, S. C. M. Pitchlyn, Caroline M. Pitchlyn, Kate Guetner and Mary V. Guetner.

A NEW POLICE LIEUTENANT.

Sergeant Teeple to Have Charge of the New Precinct.

The Commissioners to-day promoted Sergeant Dewitt H. Teeple of the police force to the rank of lieutenant, the appointment to take effect to-morrow. Lieutenant Teeple will have charge of the new precinct to be established in Northeast Washington.

He is one of the oldest members of the force and has a good record. For more than five years he has been sanitary officer of the force and being stationed in headquarters, his superiors have had an opportunity from the nature of his duties to note his qualifications for the position of commander of a precinct. Besides being well thought of by Major Moore, his executive and other abilities were admired by previous superintendents of police.

The new lieutenant was born August 15, 1839, in Plymouth, Mich. He was appointed on the force November 4, 1864; promoted to the rank of sergeant December 9, 1869; reduced on account of ill health August 31, 1873, to the ranks, and again promoted to be acting sergeant December 1, 1880. He resigned this rank and accepted the position of sanitary officer April 20, 1883.

THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

Johnson Brothers have been denied the privilege of establishing a wood and coal yard of greater capacity than a sample yard on the west side of Ninth street, between L and M streets. Their attorneys, Messrs. Shellabarger and Wilson, applied on Wednesday to have the case reopened, but the Commissioners declined and stated that their action in the matter was final.

WASHINGTON PEOPLE.

Miss Nannie Waters of Montgomery County, Md., and Mr. William P. Savage of Georgia were married at Goshen Church, Maryland, Wednesday afternoon. They will make their future home in Savannah, Ga.

Miss Edith Wall and Mr. Alonzo Tweedale were married at Hamline M. E. Church last night. The church was thronged with friends, who afterward attended a reception at the house of the bride.

Mr. James R. Walter and Miss Holtzman, daughter of Mr. J. T. S. Holtzman, were married last night at the Congress street M. E. Church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Bates, after which the young couple left for an extended tour.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Emily P. Borie and Mr. Arthur Ryerson of Chicago.

Mrs. Daniel Manning and Miss Manning and Mrs. John Rodgers and the Misses Rodgers, all of this city, are registered in Paris.

Secretary and Mrs. Whitney will entertain Hon. Michael Herbert and his bride at dinner upon their arrival in this city.

Mr. Pierce E. Walters and Miss Ellen T. Harris of Germantown, Md., were married in this city Thursday at the residence of Rev. J. L. French, 36 F street.

Mrs. S. P. Moore of Richmond and her daughter, Mrs. Bayne, are visiting her sister, Mrs. Stewart Van Vliet.

Mr. John H. Tatspaugh and Miss Mary E. Corcoran were quietly married last Wednesday at the residence of Mr. M. P. Corcoran, on First street southeast. The young couple left for a Northern tour immediately after the service.

Mr. Charles S. Fletcher, son of Mr. Edward T. Fletcher, the well-known cashier of The Post Publishing Company, and Miss Blanche E. Seitz, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Seitz, were united in marriage on Wednesday evening at St. Patrick's by Father Walter. Mr. Harvey Given officiated as best man, and Miss Hortense Stewart was the bridesmaid. The young couple are residing temporarily in apartments on Thirteenth street. They have been the recipients of many handsome presents. Mr. Fletcher has been a valued attache of THE POST business office for five years, and his wife is a very popular young lady.

Taken by the Sneak Thief.

The sneak thief is about and unless one looks well after his door fastenings he is likely to loose some of his valuables. Herdic-driver Charles Lusby's cash box was stolen last night as he was going to the stable. There was some ten dollars in it. Albert Guntekundt reports the theft of a pair of shoes, a nightgown and three chemises from his house at 1324 Fourteenth street. Ephriam Randall's overcoat was stolen from his house at 1100 Virginia avenue.

Shot by Justice Clarke.

Justice of the Peace John I. C. Clarke put two bullets into a colored man named Thomas Jordan last night.

Jordan was intoxicated and was ejected from Justice Clark's house where he was employed. He returned, and when he was discovered he was crawling through the opening.

Sale of Mr. Belmont's Effects.

The sale of the household effects of Hon. Perry Belmont, the newly-appointed Minister to Spain, took place to-day. The crowd was small but select, and the goods sold readily at a fair price.

A Great Scheme.
Boston Beacon.

Frank—Won't you play for me, Alice, that favorite Chopin waltz?

Alice—Awfully sorry, Frank, but pa's tenant next door made a condition in the lease that I am not to touch the piano until the double windows are on.

COMING BACK IN CROWDS.

Senators and Representatives Who Have Returned to the City.

MR. OATES ON DISFRANCHISEMENT.

Mr. Chandler States the Probable Republican Programme.

On Monday the second session of the Fifty-first Congress will be called to order at 12 m. by Speaker Carlisle. Already the Members and Senators have begun to put in an appearance, and at the present rate nearly every Member and Senator will be here by Monday.

At the Capitol this morning the clerks in the House postoffice were kept very busy assorting the Members' mail. Every now and then a Member would call and leave his address.

The Senators are coming to town slowly. The following have notified the Senate postmaster that their mail can be sent to their old addresses:

SENATORS IN THE CITY.

Senators Allison, Berry, Call, Cockerill, Dolph, Edmunds, Eustice, Faulkner, Gorman, Hawley, Harris, Ingalls, Jones of Arkansas, Pugh, Platt, Quay, Sherman, Spooner, Vance, Vest and Walthall.

The following is a list of Members now in the city:

WHEREABOUTS OF REPRESENTATIVES.

G. E. Adams of Illinois, Arlington; C. H. Allen of Massachusetts, Portland Flats; J. M. Allen of Mississippi, 1629 Massachusetts avenue; John A. Anderson of Kansas, 1333 G street; H. Bacon of New York, 1100 New York avenue; F. G. Barry of Mississippi, Ebbitt House; T. M. Bayne of Pittsburg, 1629 Massachusetts avenue; N. C. Blanchard of Louisiana, 202 Delaware avenue; A. M. Bliss of New York, Arlington; C. R. Breckinridge of Arkansas, 218 North Capitol street; W. C. P. Breckinridge of Kentucky, 1451 N street; J. M. Beaver of North Carolina, Ebbitt House; T. M. Browne of Indiana, 1332 I street; J. Buchanan of New Jersey, 941 M street; J. E Campbell of Ohio, 1011 Connecticut avenue; J. G. Cannon of Illinois, Willard's Hotel; T. C. Catchings, 2209 Pennsylvania avenue; J. L. Chipman of Michigan, National Hotel; J. C. Clements of Georgia, Metropolitan Hotel; S. S. Cox of New York, 1408 New Hampshire avenue; W. H. Crain of Texas, 125 B street southeast; C. M. Cutcheon of Michigan, 4 B street southeast; H. F. Finley of Kentucky, 721 Twelfth street; John B. Gear of Iowa, Ebbitt; O. S. Gifford of Dakota Territory, 814 Twelfth street; J. M. Glover of Missouri, 230 New York avenue; N. Goff of West Virginia, 1701 Massachusetts avenue; J. T. Heard of Missouri, 814 New Jersey avenue; D. B. Henderson of Iowa, Willard's Hotel; B. Herman, Oregon; 717 Tenth street; R. R. Hitt of Illinois, 1507 K street; A. P. Hovey of Indiana, 215 East Capitol street; O. L. Jackson of Pennsylvania, 613 Thirteenth street; J. H. Ketcham of New York, 1329 K street; S. W. T. Lanham of Texas, 931½ New York avenue; Frank Lawler of Illinois, Congressional Hotel; H. Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, 1211 Connecticut avenue; C. C. Matson of Indiana, 238 North Capitol street; William McAdoo of New Jersey, 1920 I street; T. C. McRae of Ark., 912 M street; J. Nichols of North Carolina, Ebbitt House; N. W. Nutting of New York, Hamilton House; W. C. Oates of Alabama, Metropolitan; S. R. Peters of Kansas, National; James Phelan of Tennessee, 1610 Nineteenth street; P. S. Post of Illinois, 1236 Fourteenth street; E. Rice of Minnesota, 2 Iowa Circle; J. D. Richardson of Tennessee, 517 H street; J. D. Sayers of Texas, 945 K street; N. L. Scott of Pennsylvania, 800 Seventeenth street; W. M. Springer of Illinois, 43 B street southeast; C. A. Russell of Connecticut, Hamilton; W. P. Taulbee of Kentucky, 329 A street northeast; G. D. Tillman, 412 Sixth street; J. R. Toole of Montana, 1329 G street; E. J. Turner of Kentucky, 1523 K street; C. S. Voorhees of Washington Territory, 1717 Twenty-first street; J. E. Washington of Tennessee, 210 North Capitol street; J. R. Whiting of Michigan, 1902 H street; Beriah Wilkins of Ohio, 1760 Massachusetts avenue; W. L. Wilson of West Virginia, 1008 N street; George D. Wise of Virginia, 1323 G street; W. Woodburn of Nevada, 816 Thirteenth street; S. S. Yoder of Ohio, 24 Third street northeast; T. R. Hudd of Wisconsin, 1005 Thirteenth street; M. M. Boothman of Ohio, Metropolitan.

A number of Members have arrived, but have not yet given their address to Major Dalton of the House Postoffice. The following is a list of the Members: Benton McMillin of Tennessee, L. E. McComas of Maryland, Thomas Ryan of Kansas, Charles T. O'Ferrall of Virginia, B. Butterworth of Ohio, M. H. Ford and Mr. Hiestands of Pennsylvania, and J. C. Burrows of Michigan.

DISFRANCHISING NEGROES.

Congressman Oates Comes Out with a Bold Declaration.

Congressman Oates has come out in favor of disfranchising the colored man. The following from a New York *World* interview shows where he stands on this subject:

"Whichever course General Harrison takes, whether conservative or radical, he can never make any policy successful in breaking up the solid South so long as the negro constitutes nine-tenths of the Republican voters therein."

"Then you do not believe that the solid South will ever divide?"

"There is but one way to break it, and the Republican party will not be convinced of that before the end of Harrison's administration. That way is to completely eliminate the negro from politics."

"How could that be done?"

"By an amendment to the Federal Constitution limiting the suffrage to white men 21 years old and upward."

"Do you regard such a thing as practicable?"

"If it were to originate with the Republicans and any considerable number of the States North should favor it, it would be perfectly practicable, for I am certain every Southern State would ratify such an amendment. There white people know by years of experience that negro suffrage is a failure and an element of eternal discord, corruption and degradation. They would willingly surrender their increased representation to get rid of this continued menace to their civilization."

"Do you favor the disfranchisement of the colored race?"

"If it were a question before my State I certainly would, because I believe it will be advantageous to both races. White men in the South differ in their views on many questions, but the presence of the eternal negro menacing their common interests forces them into one party. With the negro out, they can think for themselves and divide on questions of politics without loss of self-respect or the respect and confidence of their neighbors. When the negro is eliminated from politics the people of the South can think and vote according to their convictions, and then there can be a Republican party in the South. The Democratic party in the South is composed of Old Whigs and Democrats, and if the negro were disfranchised they will again divide. The enfranchisement of the negro has been no practical benefit to them, but is a sort of irritation to the white people. If they were disfranchised, better and friendlier relations would exist between them and the whites. I have been raised among negroes and have been well acquainted with them all my life. I would like to see them prosperous and happy, and from my lifelong acquaintance and close observation and study of their situation and characteristics, I fully believe their disfranchisement, which would remove all friction between them and the whites, would contribute more to their material, intellectual and moral progress than any one thing that could be done for them. I am quite assured that it would be a good thing for the entire country.

"You do not, then, regard the ballot as necessary to protect the negroes in their rights of person and property?"

"I do not. The women, and minors, and aliens in this country are as fully protected in every State of the South, in person, reputation and property, as any of the voters. Suffrage is not an actual right, but a conventional right conferred by law.

REPUBLICAN PLANS.

They Will Organize the House and Will Admit Four Territories.

Senator W. E. Chandler of New Hampshire was in New York yesterday and talked as follows to a *Sun* reporter: "We shall organize the House with five Republican majority, you mark my words. We are not going to let the Democrats steal anything from us; of that you can also be positively assured. We propose to admit North and South Dakota, Montana and Washington Territories," and the Senator looked over his glasses to see how that would suit Mr. Platt, who was standing a few feet off, and appeared to be quite cheerful over the statement.

"The next Cabinet?" resumed the "Hero of '76." "Well, I'm pretty positive that no present Senator will accept a place in the Cabinet. All the newspaper talk about the Cabinet, and especially the importance given to the Big Four, is more talk than anything else. I am firmly convinced that General Harrison is a man who accepts everything he can, but that he will not give anything away until March 4. He is that kind of a man."

The delicate subject of civil service reform was mentioned, and that seemed to interest the Senator mightily. "Civil service reform is all right in its way," he remarked, "but it only applies to clerks, those fellows who write with pens, but outside of them all the offices are political, and this will be made apparent. There will be no hurry in meddling with the clerks, but in time they will have to go, too, and Republicans will be put in. But, as I said, there is no hurry, for we are in for another twenty-four years, and what is the sense of rushing things?"

The Speakership was brought up. "Oh, Tom Reed will get it," said the Senator; "he's from New England, you know, and that is sufficient. Of course, there will be a little natural struggle between McKinley, Butterworth and Cannon, but it will wind up with Tom Reed in the chair. But I'd like to say before leaving that subject that four brainier men than Reed, McKinley, Cannon and Butterworth do not live in this country; that's my opinion of them. To be polite I shall correct that to 'in the Republican party.' Who is the smartest Democrat in the country? Well, there are no smart Democrats outside of New York, and Tim Campbell is the smartest of the New York Democrats. When Tim comes to the Senate, does he sit with the Democrats? No, sir; he comes over and sits down with the Republicans, and he can get any bill passed he wants. I am a personal friend of Tim's, and I know him like a book."

Democratic Treachery, Says Mr. Mills.

Congressman Roger Q. Mills, the author of the Mills tariff bill, when asked this morning if he thought the tariff was the cause of Cleveland's defeat, said: "No, it was not the tariff issue, it was Democratic treachery in New York and the excessive use of money. The Mills bill strengthened our party everywhere. There is no good reason why we should abandon any clauses of the bill. The country does not disapprove it and will not." Mr. Mills takes a cheery view of the situation, and says the era of tariff reform has just begun.

Eliminate the Negroes.

In a recent interview Representative Oates of Alabama expressed himself as favoring the entire disfranchisement of the negroes. He believes this action would result beneficially to both whites and blacks, and be best for the South and for the country at large. The only way to break the "Solid South," he thinks, is to completely eliminate the negro from politics.

Republican by Five.

A list of the Members-elect has been compiled by the Republican Congressional Committee, showing that the House will be Republican by five, certain majority, and possibly seven, and if the claims of contestants can be sustained the Republican majority will be increased to fifteen or twenty.

John C. New in the City.

Mr. John C. New arrived in Washington from Indianapolis late on Wednesday night and passed Thanksgiving with General Geo. G. Williams at his home on Rhode Island avenue. Mr. New will go to New York to-night and will return to Washington to attend the meeting of the Republican National Committee next week.

Says He Will Be Governor.

Congressman Goff of West Virginia, who arrived in Washington last night, says that there is not the slightest doubt of his election as Governor. The vote in all the counties except one has been counted. He also asserts that three Republican Congressmen have been elected in West Virginia.

Working on the District Bill.

The District Sub-committee of the House Appropriations Committee were in session all day to-day on the District bill. It will probably be finished by the middle of next week.

Was This a Presentiment?
Dispatch to the N. Y. World.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The Washington *High School Review* of this city publishes under date of November 27, and with heading "Was It a Presentiment?" the following communication from President Cleveland to that paper:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30, 1888.

Manager of the Review:

DEAR SIR: I hereby subscribe to one copy of the *Review*. Address (after March 4), Buffalo, N. Y. GROVER CLEVELAND.

It appears from this short but significant note that Mr. Cleveland predicted his own defeat a week before it occurred, by assuming that after March 4, 1889, his residence would be at Buffalo.

Getting Ready.
Epoch.

Mrs. Ethereal Brown (languidly)—I begin the rest cure treatment next week, you know, my dear.

Mr. Ethereal Brown—Yes, I remember you were saying something about it.

Mrs. Ethereal Brown—And none too soon, as Dr. Aristarchus says. Why, the mere exertion to-day of being fitted for the ten tea gowns I shall need has completely exhausted me.

Paradoxical.
Lowell Citizen.

Dawdle—What's the matter with Jake Kilrain?

Tuff—He's troubled with a big head.

Dawdle—That's too bad. Somebody been licking him?

Tuff (scornfully)—No; he's just licked somebody.

CORYELL CONTRADICTED.

Major Lydecker Denies That Derelict Inspectors Were Reported.

HE DETAILS HIS WORK ON THE TUNNEL

He Believes That Carelessness Was the Cause of the Trouble.

When the Military Court of Investigation met at the War Department this morning the taking of testimony was resumed. The first witness was Major Lydecker. He took the stand in full uniform and was sworn by the Recorder. He testified that his duties as engineer officer on the tunnel construction began in August, 1882, and continued to the present time.

His duties in connection with the increase of the water supply of Washington embraced the erection of a dam at Great Falls; the erection of certain fishways there; the construction of the reservoir at Howard University and the extension of the tunnel.

In addition to these duties he was Engineer Commissioner of the District until May, 1886.

Either of these two branches of his duty were enough to have demanded his whole attention.

Going into details of his work, he said the first contract upon the work commenced in October, 1883. In response to his request to the Chief of Engineers, Captain Symons was detailed as his assistant upon the work. No orders were given in writing. Such orders were the result of conversations with his assistants. After Captain Symons was relieved, Mr. Coryell, a civil engineer, was his assistant for about a year, until Lieutenant Townsend came on. He also put on a supervising inspector of masonry.

Witness had no recollection of complaint of bad work having been made during Capt. Symon's time. Witness said that Mr. Coryell had never reported to him that the inspectors were not doing their duty or that he had not enough assistance. Witness had his first knowledge of bad work in June last, when it was reported to him by Lieut. Townsend that dry packing had been put in. A section about 40 feet long was found and torn out and rebuilt.

Witness testified as to the duties in detail of the supervising inspectors and sub-inspectors. No complaints were made as to any inefficiency of working parties of the contractors. No men were recommended for discharge by Mr. Coryell.

The Court reverted to the testimony of Engineer Coryell, where he states that sundry written reports and recommendations were made to Major Lydecker, and which received no reply. Major Lydecker testified that he had no recollection of such instances. It was possible they may have been written and a verbal reply given.

When questioned as to the frequency with which he visited the tunnel witness replied that his inspections were frequent, but he had no record of how frequently or at what time they were made. He could not have inspected very frequently without neglecting his duties.

"How do you account for the bad work done?" asked Colonel Craighill.

"I am at loss to account for it or arrive at any conclusion satifactory to myself. It was evidently negligence on the part of the inspectors, and, in some cases, worse than negligence. If the work had been done by day's labor instead of by contract it would have been done better, I think."

He thought that the time of sub-inspectors belonged entirely to the Government, and they should have done nothing else. He believed that it was possible for bad work to have been done to a small extent even when the inspectors may have had a determination to superintend the work carefully. The nature of the work and surroundings, and the fact that the workmen were sometimes scattered over a space, which prevented simultaneous inspection, rendered this possible, but it could not have been done to any large extent.

He had heard of the bad work done on the New York aqueduct and that made him a little apprehensive. He went over to New York and visited the aqueduct authorities there. About the time the Kendall Brothers' affidavits came out witness received a letter from New York informing him that Brennan, one of the faulty workmen there, was coming here to work, and warning him to look out for him.

During the examination of Major Lydecker, the fact was brought out that he knew nothing at all of sub-contracts being let on the tunnel, until this fact was brought out in the recent investigation.

When Major Lydecker concluded his testimony the Court resumed the reading of the record. At to-morrow's session General Duane, formerly Chief of Engineers, will be examined.

Turf Results at Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—The Bay District track was heavy to-day and weather fine.

Seven-eights of a mile. Not Able won, Heliotrope second, Kildare third. Time, 1:31¼.

Three-quarters of a mile dash. Edelweis won, Al Farrow second, Grisette third. Time, 1:17.

One and three-quarters miles. Love Knot won, Cannie Scott second, Coloma third. Time, 3:12¼.

One mile. Don Jose won, Sorrento second, Floodtide third. Time, 1:45½.

One mile and seventy yards. Al. Farrow won, Kildare second, Extract third. Time, 1:50.

Regard for Appearances.
Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Bliffers—An agent for a new burglar alarm was here to-day, and I told him to call again when you were at home.

Mr. Bliffers—Huh! Burglar alarms! There is nothing in this house to steal.

"No, but when the neighbors hear we have fitted up our house with burglar alarms they will think we have something to steal, my dear."

Leading a Fast Life.
Jeweler's Weekly.

"My sould and body!" said old Mrs. Evergreen, as she looked intently at the indicator in the car, just as the conductor rang up two fares. "I declare if 'taint 2 o'clock, an' it wan't mor'n a minit after I got on that it struck 1! These here city people do live terrible fast."

A Curious Accident.
Chicago Times.

An owl killed itself and a whole greenhouse full of costly foliage plants one night by falling into the stovepipe, thus shutting off the draft and causing the escape in the room of coal gas which is fatal to vegetation as well as to animal life.

Why Not?
Terre Haute Express.

Brigg—"Well: Jenkes is gone at last. Poor old b—e was his own worst enemy."

Brad—"Nothing strange about that. He knew himself better than any one else did."

A RADICAL REPUBLICAN.

Representative Oates Thinks General Harrison Anything but Conservative.

Congressman Oates of Alabama arrived yesterday morning, and is staying for a few days at the Metropolitan. He is looking very well, and not a bit cast down over the result of the election. In response to an inquiry, Colonel Oates said he had promised not to filibuster against the Direct Tax bill when it came up for discussion next month. When asked what about the next House, he said: "It's Republican, and they will organize it."

"Colonel, do you think the administration of General Harrison will effect the South?"

"Yes, the effect is perceptible already. Since the election the negroes have become almost intolerant; their impudence is supreme."

"Will General Harrison be conservative?"

"Conservative! why, he's anything but conservative. I'd like to know where that idea orignated. I am sure no one ever obtained such an impression from his speeches. General Harrison conservative! I will not be dissapointed with his administration. He is a blue stocking Presbyterian and believes with a blindness for which they are noted. Did his speech to the colored people that called on him at Indianapolis during the campaign sound conservative?"

"Were any of his speeches conservative?"

"General Harrison is just as strong a Republican as I am a Democrat, and you know what that is. I am of the opinion that General Harrison will not strike out on any new line, but will stick to the old ones. The negro in the South this time will want and demand the offices. They will not be contented to be led, but want to lead themselves. The time is past when they will quietly follow; they want to be followed. General Harrison is a strong Republican and his administration will be anything but conservative; that is what I look for."

QUARTERS FOR SOLDIERS.

Probability of Assigning Them to the Corridors of Public Buildings.

Colonel H.L. Swords, who has accepted the position of corresponding secretary of the inaugural Committee, will arrive in Washington this evening.

General Ordway was in consultation with Chairman Britton this morning trying to make arangements for the large bodies of troops which are expected here. The conference dealt chiefly with the Pennsylvania and Ohio militia.

General Ordway suggests that the troops be quartered in the corridors of the various department buildings, and it is probable that this arrangement will be made.

The following subscriptions were handed in to Captain Lemon to-day: Geo. L. Dunlop, $100; Wilmarth & Edmonson, $25; Cash, $25; Hotel Richmond, $25; Dr. G. T. Sowers, $25; Dr. C. B. Purvis, $20; Robert A. Phillips, $28; James L. Norris, $100; C. M. Matthews, $50. A total of $41,233.

No applications from organizations have been received by the committee to-day.

The marshalship of the Inauguration Day parade has been offered to Governor Beaver of Pennsylvania. Chairman Britten had not received the Governor's acceptance to-day, but a refusal is not expected.

Colonel M. M. Parker, vice-chairman of the Inatgural Committee, left last night for Richmond. He will probably return to-morrow.

The Star Tragedian's Relations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Mr. Lawrence Barrett denies the report that there had been any rupture in the friendly relations existing between himself and Edwin Booth. Mr. Barrett says that they contemplate adding to their repertoire several popular plays, such as "Richelieu," in which Mr. Booth will play the leading parts, Mr. Barrett acting as manager of the company. Later in the season the two tragedians wil again appear together.

The Switchmen's Strike a Failure.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 30.—While the striking switchmen are still endeavoring to induce the operatives in other departments of the railway service to strike, they are meeting with but little encouragement except from a few local engineers and firemen. Business in the yards has been done with no serious molestation, and to-morrow there will be a complete resumption of work in moving trains as well as through freight.

Registered Letters Missing.

OTTAWA, ONT., Nov. 30.—It has just leaked out that a large number of registered letters from Western Canada and the United States are missing and that there has been a wholesale robbery of mails coming in by the Grand Trunk Railway. It is stated that a large amount of money has been stolen. The postoffice authorities give no explanation, but are investigating the case.

A Grave Digger Assaulted.

WABASH, IND., Nov. 30.—George Myers, a grave digger, was "held up" by two crooks Wednesday night while engaged in digging a grave at Falls Cemetery. Myers was told to deliver his money, but instead ran for the gate to the grounds. He was closely followed by the burglars, who pelted him with rocks. Myers finally escaped, though badly bruised.

A Postmaster Missing.

TOPEKA, KAN., Nov. 30.—P. Hinton, late postmaster at White Church, is missing. His accounts with the Government are so badly mixed, it is said, that his bondsmen fear they will be called upon to make a deficiency. Several suits against Hinton were begun Wednesday by men who had indorsed his notes.

More Fraud Alleged.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Another indictment was returned this morning against ex-Cashier Tallman of the Traders' Bank. This indictment, like the first, charges Tallman with embezzlement, and the complaining witnesses are parts, who deposited money in the bank October 1, three days before the appointment of a receiver.

Mounted Broad-Sword Contest.

NEW HAVEN CONN., Nov. 30.—The Lynn-Orlski mounted broad-sword contest, which was stopped by the police of New Haven some weeks ago, after Lynn had scored 9 and Orlski 5 points, was finished at Berlin yesterday. Lynn quickly increased his score to 16, winning the stakes and gate money.

The New York Walk.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Walking match, 12 m.: Littlewood, 490; Herty, 461; Moore, 451; Cartright, 441; Howarth, 427; Golden, 409; Mason, 412; Connor, 416; Noremac, 435; Hart, 523; Campana, 359; Elson, 343; Vint, 397; Taylor, 344; C. Smith, 147; Peach, 208.

Mr. Blaine Going Home.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Mr. James G. Blaine accompanied the Sherman family to the Jersey City depot yesterday and saw the funeral party aboard their train. He then returned to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. He will leave for home to-day.

Imprisoned in a Burning Mine.

DETROIT, MICH., Nov. 30.—A special to the *News* from Calumet, Mich, says: Calumet No. 3 shaft caught fire last night at the sixth level and is still burning. Eight men are missing.

WHAT IS GOING ON ABROAD.

Happenings in the Old World of Interest to Dwellers in the New.

THE PARNELL COMMISSION SITTING.

The Walpole Scandal—A Bloodless Duel Fought in France.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says: "A personal friend of Madame Boulanger assures me that that lady has not applied for and refused to consent to a divorce, and that she has retired to a convent with a younger daughter."

A QUARREL WITH BISMARCK.

A quarrel has arisen between Prince Bismarck and Stettin merchants who unanimously refused to comply with the order of the Minister to begin to alter the conditions of the delivery of corn in accordance with the regulations which Prince Bismarck issued in September.

A RECENT MURDER IN BERLIN.

A man named Danth was arrested at Carlsruhe on Wednesday, in Berlin, for the murder of Herr Huelseberg of the Hamburg American Packet Company, whose body was found in a trunk in the Baaken dock. Danth had 3,000 marks in his possession, confessed the murder and tried to commit suicide. He was taken to Hamburg, where Huelseberg was buried yesterday. Much public sympathy was shown for Herr Huelseberg's family.

THE BAUDIN DEMONSTRATION.

It is expected that 300,000 persons will take part in the Baudin demonstration. Dr. Baudin, a cousin of the revolutionist, refuses to participate. A grand nephew has been found who will act as chief mourner, and other relatives are likely to attend. Gen. Boulanger intends to hang a wrath on Baudins tomb, but he will go as an individual deputy with a few friends. Boulangist committee have decided to send wreaths, but without courting attention, in order to avoid riots. Communists will be out in force.

The opportunist members of the chamber of deputies have decided to place a wreath on the tomb of Baudin prior to the demonstration, but they will take no part in the procession.

THE WALPOLE SCANDAL.

Valery Weideman, the German governess who sued Mr. Horace Walpole, the heir presumptive to the earldom of Oxford for breach of promise and libel, and whose case was heard yesterday, states that she did not know when she declined to answer certain questions put to her that the result would be a nonsuit. She intends to apply for a new trial.

A FRENCH DUEL WITH USUAL RESULTS.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—The duel between M. Paul Derouleede and M. Reinach, editor of the *Republique Francaise*, took place this morning. Pistols were used. Four shots were exchanged, but neither combatant was hurt.

THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

At the sitting of the Parnell Commission to-day, Sir Charles Russell, counsel for the Parnellites, asked the opinion of the bench regarding a placard convening a meeting to hear addresses by Mitchell and Norah Fitzmaurice, two of the witnesses for the *Times*. Presiding Justice Hannen said that the placard was unjustifiable and he would serve a notice upon the publisher of it. A land agent by the name of Hussey was called. He deposed that Irish tenants paid their rents secretly or did not pay at all, owing to the fear of being shot by the intimidators.

LATE FOREIGN NOTES.

At a meeting yesterday in Berlin of the East African Plantation Company it was announced that the insurgents in Zanzibar had destroyed and plundered property of the company at Leva, being instigated by Bushiri. The company resolved to send a force to recover possession of Usambara.

It is stated in Vienna that the title of prince will shortly be conferred upon Prime Minister Count von Taafe.

The London *News* states that a landowner in Meath has used the Ashbourne act to dispose of a portion of his property, which has been purchased by his two sons.

Thirty-five foreign Jews have been arrested at Kieff for not leaving the town when ordered.

The election in the Holborn district of London yesterday resulted in the choice of Mr. Bruce, Conservative, by a vote of 4,398 against 3,433 for Lord Crompton, the Gladstonian. In the election two years ago Colonel Duncan, Conservative, whose death last week left that seat in Parliament vacant, had a majority of 1,700 out of a total vote of 5,600.

The Boulangist committees advise their adherents not to take part in the Baudin demonstration, on the ground that it is a Government trap to provoke a bloody collision.

The English and German admirals in Zanzibar have proclaimed in the name of the Sultan of Zanzibar a blockade of the coast, beginning at noon Sunday. The vessels Sophis and Carola were fired at from the shore yesterday and thereupon bombarded the coast. Upon landing afterward two Arabs were found to have been killed. One German was wounded.

Mr. Bright maintains his strength.

The land commission has reduced the rents on the Kenmare estates at Killarney fifty per cent.

The boat race between Cambridge and Yale Universities has been fixed approximately for April 15.

Mr. E. Walsh, proprietor of *The People*, a paper published at Wexford, has been sentenced to five weeks' imprisonment for making speeches intended to intimidate the people.

M. Paul Derouleede and M. Reinach, editor of the *Republique Francaise*, fight a duel to-day. The trouble was caused by an article in the paper attacking M. Derouelde's guidance of the the Patriotic League.

An Appeal to the Socialists.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—The socialist members of the Reichstag have published an appeal to their supporters to continue their agitation, and to collect funds for defraying the expenses of the next election which is expected to take place in the autumn of 1889.

Scotland Becoming Unionist.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Lord Salisbury in a speech to-day at Edinburgh, after returning thanks for a resolution of confidence in the Government, said he believed that Scotland was beginning to realize the dangers of Gladstonian and was becoming Unionist.

Rents Reduced Fifty Per Cent.

DUBLIN, Nov. 30.—The Land Commission has reduced the rents on the Kenmare estates at Killarney fifty per cent.

HARRISON AND THE SOUTH.

He Denies That He Wishes to Oppress That Section.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Nov. 30.—General Chalmers of Mississippi called upon General Harrison yesterday. In the course of their interview General Harrison made the following statement:

"It is fallacy to recognize such a thing as a Southern question. While I am President, I shall only demand that the people of the whole country shall obey the laws of the Nation, without reference to the section in which they may live. It is an insult to me for the Southern people to intimate that it is my desire to deal harshly with them. It would also be an insult to them for me to anticipate that they do not expect to obey the laws as they do and shall exist."

General Chalmers says he is entirely satisfied that the President-elect will deal fairly and justly with the Southern people.

WAR ON THE TRAMPS.

An Olean, N. Y., Militia Company Ordered to Suppress Roughs.

OLEAN, N. Y., Nov. 30.—The members of the Forty-third Separate Company Wednesday night received orders to report at the armory armed for service at 5 o'clock yesterday morning. Seventy-five men assembled at that time and received ten rounds of cartridges each and marched to a special train at the depot. For some time past a large gang of tramps, numbering from twenty-five to fifty men, desperate and insolent, have congregated in the woods about two miles from town between here and Allegheny.

They have committed all kinds of depredations upon the people in this vicinity and many recent robberies have been traced to them. The company and a posse of police and constables skirmished through the woods for several miles but failed to capture a tramp. They had been warned and fled. Traces of their camping ground and the rude huts where they had slept were found but no tramps, and the company marched back to town at eight o'clock.

POLITICS IN THE PULPIT.

A Buffalo Minister Condemns Bribery in Strong Terms.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Nov. 29.—The Rt. Rev. A. Cleveland Coxe, of Buffalo, preached yesterday at Grace Church. His sermon was a political one, and as such he struck out strong from the shoulder.

He condemned bribery in politics and said that when parties had to buy up whole States with money, the political honor of a country was indeed degraded. He spoke highly of Mr. Cleveland, welcomed Mr. Harrison, and said that Mr. Morton was a former parishioner of his and a dear friend.

Guests of the Atlanta Business Men.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 29.—John H. Inman, president of the Richmond Terminal, President Smith, of the New York Chamber of Commerce, and other members of their party, arrived in this city to-night, coming from Columbus. They are guests of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce. To-morrow they will be shown the city and in the evening will be tendered a reception and will return to New York on Saturday.

Walls of a Coal Mine Cave In.

OLNEY, ILLS., Nov. 30.—A serious accident occurred in Alban's coal mine near this city yesterday afternoon, killing August Linke and John Albin. Only meager reports are obtainable, but it is understood that the walls of the mine caved in, crushing the men.

A Cabbage Trust Fails.

FINDLAY, O., Nov. 30.—Last fall the cabbage growers north of this city formed a trust and refused to sell any of their product less than 5 cents a load in the field, but buyers refused to purchase at these figures and the trust failed.

Her Relatives Will Comfort Her.

OMAHA, NEB., Nov 30.—William Belchler, brother of the woman who shot Henry W. King, Jr., arrived here yesterday to remain until after the trial of his sister. Mrs. Belchler, the mother, will also attend the trial.

Banquet to Minister Parkhurst.

COLDWATER, Mich., Nov. 30.—The citizens of Coldwater on Tuesday night tendered a banquet to Gen. J. G. Parkhurst, Minister to Belgium. A large number attended and the banquet was a brilliant affair.

Serious Fire at Durant, Miss.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 30.—At Durant, Miss., a fire started at 1