THE EVENING POST.

WASHINGTON, SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 8, 1888.

LATE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

THE TRENTON AT PANAMA.—The Navy Department is informed of the arrival of the U. S. steamer Trenton at Panama.

BOND OFFERINGS TO DAY.—Bonds were offered up to 12 o'clock as follows: 4s, c., $30,000 at 128½; 4½s, r., $20,000 at 108¼; r., 45,000 at 108

NO SPECIAL MESSAGE.—The report that the President intends to send to Congress a special message on civil service reform is denied at the White House.

THE CHEROKEE STRIP.—The Interior Department has notified the Cherokees that the Cherokee strip is the property of the United States and the Indians have no right to lease it.

LIEUTENANT TAUNT'S APPOINTMENT.—The President has appointed Emory H. Taunt, formerly lieutenant in the Navy, as consul to the Congo River Free State with headquarters at Bome.

THE COURT OF INQUIRY.—The Court of Inquiry appointed to investigate the Aqueduct scandal finished the reading of the record to-day. By direction of the President the Court will adjourn until the 8th of next January.

EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY. — Executive clemency has been extended to Richard Bremon of Texas; W. C. Jordan, South Carolina; Noah Westmoreland; Charles Slater, Virginia; Frederick Miller, Richard Halliger; J. H. Gibler and F. C. Boyer.

THE PRESIDENT'S CALLERS.—Among the President's callers to-day were Senators Voorhees, Blackburn, Turpie; Congressmen Herbert, Holman, Springer, Ford and Outhwaite; Representative McCreary of Kentucky, with Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Hocker, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. and Miss Vandever, and Judge MacArthur.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT CHANGES.—The following official changes have been made in the Department of the Interior:

General Land Office—Transfers: Mrs. Marie F. Sylvester of Massachusetts and Mrs. Garvin of New Hampshire, to Pension Office as copyists at $900.

Office of Indian Affairs—Transfer: Dawson A. Blanchard of Louisiana, clerk at $1,000, to Pension Office.

A large number of promotions in the Pension Office.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT CHANGES.—The following named persons have received appointments under Civil Service Rules, viz:

Milton Alles of Ohio, to a clerkship of the $1,000 class, in the office of the Secretary; D. M. Hildrath of New Hampshire, a draughtsman, at $900 per annum; P. M. Jackson of North Carolina, a draughtsman, at $50 per month, and James Page of Maryland, computer at $50 per month, in the office of the superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Promotions: Mrs. M. L. De Sanssure of South Carolina, from $720 to the $900 class, and Miss Alice Tyler of Maryland, from $900 to the $1,000 class in the office of the Treasurer of the United States; Miss Eugenie Laskey of the District of Columbia, from $660 to the $900 class in the office of Internal Revenue; Miss M. F. Hall of Pennsylvania, from $840 to $1,000 class in the office of the Sixth Auditor; Mrs. H. R. Doolittle of New York, from $660 to $840; Thomas H. Ellis of Virginia, from $840 to the $1,000 class, and Charles P. Freeman of Georgia, from class 3 to class 4 in the office of the Secretary; Miss M. A. Robbins of Georgia, from $2.50 to $3 per day in the office of the Supervising Architect; Miss E. A. McDonald of New York, from $620 to the $900 class in the office of the Third Auditor; Miss E. T. Wood of New York, from the $900 class to class 1 in the office of the First Auditor, and Nathaniel Roberts of Pennsylvania, from $5.50 to $6 per day in the office of the Supervising Architect.

THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

W. W. Metcalf of 1531 Vermont avenue has notified the Commissioners that a serious violation of the building regulations has taken place on the lot adjoining his residence. He charges that a permit was granted to repair a shed and the result is that the roof has been raised, windows put in and transformed into a third-rate second-hand furniture store. He claims that in case of fire he would loose his insurance because the companies take the risks on a brick house only on condition that no frame house is allowed to be erected against it.

Wm. T. Digney has been appointed a private in the Fire Department.

The question of lighting the Avenue on the night of March 4 was discussed in the Commissioners' office. The Schultz Gas Fixture Company submitted plans for lighting the Avenue by placing a pole in the centre. This was not approved, as the full width of the Avenue will be needed in the parade. The question of arches was discussed, but nothing definite was settled upon.

A building permit has been granted to Charles Gessford to erect four dwelling houses, 1156 to 1162 Fifth street northeast, to cost $8,800.

Commissioner Wheatley states that he is going to give his attention to the bill for the tunneling of Rock Creek and the Free Water bill. The Commissioners are all opposed to the use of the District surplus for paying the water debt which they say has already been provided for by law.

AFTER THEIR BADGES.

A Couple of Hundred Children Who Join the Christmas Club.

A couple of hundred charitably-inclined and happy children gathered at the Franklin School building this afternoon to renew their memberships in and join the Children's Christmas Club. Each child brought ten cents, the initiation fee, and received the badge which gives them membership to the club.

Mr. R. Ross Perry addressed the children, explaining the object of the club and what each child should try to do to contribute toward the success of the Christmas dinner for the poor children. Mrs. R. Ross Perry, Miss Solomons, Miss Strong and Mrs. Tolson were the ladies of the club present to-day.

Real Estate Transfers.

Mary Keane to Michael J. Keane, $10, part lot 3, reservation 10.

Eliza D. Herrell to Henry W. Herrell, $5, sublots 72 and 73, square 1003.

Louis Behrens to Washington O. Bury, $4 800, parts lots 8 and 9, square 401.

Harvey Spalding to Philip Hutchinson, $100, lot 2, square 1001.

Aylett F. Holtzman to Jos. A. Settle, $8,179.50, lot 3, square 72.

Horace F. Page to Wm. Wall, $22,000, lot 6, square 217.

Francesca Morrison to Francis R. Ebert, $5, part lot 1, square 1052.

Hattie C. Sleppy to Wm. H. Chew, $2,250, part lot 3, block "Barry Farm."

Alexander Humes to Martha O. Nash, $2,500, lot 11, block 6, "Whitney Close."

Oliver Cox to Walter Spangler, $2,200, lots 115 and 116, square 856.

An Unregistered Drug Clerk.

Adrian M. Klonzewsky was arrested this afternoon by Detective Raff for violating the pharmacy law. It appears that the accused has a young man in his employ, named Edward Taylor, who is not a registered pharmacist, who has been compounding prescriptions, which is prohibited by law.

The B. & P. Sued For $1,000.

Andrew H. Stickman, with E. H. Newman as counsel, to-day entered suit against the B. & P. R. R. Co. for $1,000 damages for the loss of goods in transportation from this city to Rock Springs, Fla., on May 18, 1888.

HE HAS A LITTLE LIST.

THE MEN WHOM MAJOR MOORE WILL PROSECUTE.

The Saloonkeepers Who Have Been Refused a Renewal of Their Liquor Licenses—Their Names Sent to the Police—What Will Probably Be the Result—A Trust Proposed.

Major of Police Moore got his little list from the Commissioners this morning.

To-day Chief Clerk Sylvestes is classifying the list of the victims according to the police precincts in which their various saloons are located.

His list will be divided into eight smaller lists and each of the police lieutenants will be given one of these lists when he goes to Police Headquarters Monday morning. When he looks at his list Monday morning each of the lieutenants will find the names of from a-half dozen to two or three score saloonists whom he has to arrest if their saloons are open Tuesday.

Little dialogues like this will be taking place all over the city:

Enter policeman.

"Mr. Nolicense, you haven't got any license."

"Nine."

"Don't you know that you have no right to keep your place open?"

"Well."

"Well, I'll just have to take you to the station-house."

The victim goes to the station-house and leaves $105 collateral for his appearance in the Police Court, and the fight between the saloonists and the Commissioners, which promises to be a long and a hard one, is begun.

What the saloonists are going to do about it is problematical. They can do a great many things

WHAT WILL BE DONE.

For instance, the practice of the Police Court is to allow the defendant in a case before it two continuances. An arrested saloonist may in this way succeed in having his first trial postponed perhaps as long as two weeks, and the chances are that his saloon would be wide open all that time.

Of course he could be arrested again each day, but the prosecuting attorney is not likely to have this done—or at least he has not done so in similar cases in the past.

One time, though, a saloonist appealed from a conviction in the Police Court and kept his place open pending the trial in the upper court, and was arrested fifteen times on as many different charges of the same offense. When the fifteen cases came up in the Criminal Court the fifteen informations were all tried at once, and all fifteen of them thrown out of court because the then Prosecuting Attorney had signed the informations with a stamp instead of writing his name on them.

Then if our determined saloonist is convicted in the Police Court after his two continuances he can appeal to the upper court. Then there is another chance for a long delay pending the trial in the Criminal Court, and all this time the saloonist can continue to sell without a license, and so long as the first case is undecided it is hardly probable that the Government would arrest him and make new cases against him.

A POOL TALKED OF.

There is a good deal of talk among the saloon men of forming a pool and taking a test case to the Supreme Court of the United States. Some of them think the law which gives the Commissioners such unlimited power can be overthrown. There, again, is a chance for long delays, because so long as the validity of the law is in question the Government will hesitate to bring new cases under it.

Really there is prospect of a very pretty fight.

Schemes to evade this law are also being hatched. In a couple of weeks it may not be unusual for a well-dressed man to stand up before a bank of glittering glasses ranged in front of a plate glass mirror and pay 15 cents for a single cracker, which he will wash down with a glass of whisky, which the barkeeper gives him for nothing.

But Major Moore is determined to do his part in the matter. He is going to have his men arrest every saloonist he has on his little list if they don't close up their saloons next week.

THE MAJOR'S LITTLE LIST.

Major Moore's list is classified by police precincts, but for convenience sake here it is divided according to the section of the city in which the unfortunates are located. Partial lists have been printed in THE EVENING POST from time to time as the individual cases were acted upon, but this list embraces all of the saloonists who have got to close their doors or be arrested.

There are about forty of them in the northwestern part of the city. They are Michael Clarke, of 1100 Twenty-first street; John Cull, 2041 K; James D. Daly, 2805 M; P. B. Dunn, 1123 Q; Henry Ewald, 1227½ Eighteenth; McGill Grove, 2603 M; D. P. Hannan, 950 Twenty-seventh; Wash Y. Johnson, 2429½ M; Lorenzo A. Lucas, 2155 Pensylvania avenue; Edward Murphy, 1155 Fifteenth; Patrick Phillips, 126 B; Jacob Stinzing, 911 D; Robert W. Wade, Second, G and North Capitol; Daniel Giesler, 1701 Eighth; E. L. Johnson, 419 Thirteenth; Louis Keese, 901 Twenty-fifth; E. C. Knight, 1160 Nineteenth; N. G. Cullen, 705 H; Henry Edwards, 1855 Seventh; John L. Keith, 321 Thirteenth; Thomas J. McGuire, 735 Twenty-fourth; Godfrey & Holden, 413 Thirteenth; Michael Lawler, 3256 M; L. & J. M. Eshleman, 239 C; Louis G. Ymelin, 1310 E; George Schaeffer, 3611 M; Henry Young, 311 Thirteen-and-a-half; Stephen J. Meenan, 3214 M; O. G. Staples, Willard's Hotel; Timothy A. Sullivan, 1305 E; Stephen R. Wall, 1535 Eleventh; Patrick White, 630 G; J. M. Perreard, 508 Fourteenth; C. A. Barnes, 105 H; George Hoffman, 1204 Twentieth; Herman Edel, 708 E; C. Horrigan, 744 New Jersey avenue; E. Solari, 1409 Pennsylvania avenue, and Richard J. Corcorran, 1102 Fifteenth.

Beside these there are ten wholesale dealers in the northwestern part of the city who have been "turned down." They are: W. B. Arundel, 2140 Ninth; Joseph Campbell, 1607 Twentieth; L. G. Milovich, 615 D; P. J. McIntyre, 2713 M; A. Hennhaefer, 1423 L; Mary Halloran, 2021 I; James Hinklefin, 2215 E; Frank H. Hoof, 1300 Fifth; Robert Murray, 1202 Twentieth; Thomas Connor, 1508 Tenth.

In South Washington James F. Connors of 200 Four-and-a-half, H. M. DeAtley, 701½ Ninth; William Lanahan, 801 Second; Charles F. McLaughlin, 701 F; James Ozmon, 639 D; Christopher Poggensee, 920 Eighth; Otto Slatter, 335 Maryland avenue; Daniel D. Twomey, 1101 Third; Carl Fleigger, 482 K; Dennis Driscoll, 1001 Third; Chris F. Bartlemus, 719 Four-and-a-half; William A. Ehrmantrout, 525 Ninth; Louis F. Bridwell, 621 Seventh, and John J. Leonard, 600 Third, were the victims.

The Southeastern saloonists got off easily, W. H. Brooker of 1223 D street being the only one "turned down." Three wholesale dealers will have to look out, though. They are Christina Schoepp of 510 Eighth street, Ellen Crimmins of 600 B street and Lawrence Edelin of 131 Sixth street.

John J. Bender of No. 1 Eleventh street northeast, G. E. Ward of 1222 Maryland avenue and Jane Foley of 900 Delaware avenue represent the northeast on Major Moore's list.

In the county saloonists Frederick Rose of Lincoln avenue, and wholesale dealers Emin G. Brochl, Brightwood avenue; Eliza Callahan, Howardtown; John O'Brien, Champlain avenue and Boundary; Frederick Rick, Canal Road; Michael Garvey, Seventh street road, Michael Liston, also Seventh street road, will have to look out.

TO GO TO HAYTI.

The Fleet that Will Demand Satisfaction from the Little Republic.

In accordance with the orders issued by Secretary Whitney, as mentioned yesterday, the ships at the Brooklyn Navy-Yard are being prepared for sea, the objective point being Hayti. All the afternoon the work of loading supplies on the Galena went on rapidly. Among other things put aboard were 300 tons of powder and a large number of shells. The Galena is 1700 tons displacement, and carries one sixty-pounder and six nine-inch guns. Her crew is made up of 200 men and 24 officers. She is commanded by Captain G. W. Sumner. She is said to have her orders to leave on Monday for Port-au-Prince, where the other vessels will join her as soon as they can be got ready The Richmond is commanded by Captain Allen P. Reed, and the Yantic by Captain Oscar F. Haverman.

The officers of the Galena under Captain Sumner's command are Lieutenants W. O. Sharrer, A. B. Speyes and T. D. Griffin, Ensigns T. C. Fenton and J. W. Oman, Cadets H. L. Peckam, M. R. Piggott and H. K. Benham, Chief Engineer D. P. McCartney, Surgeon J. E. Ayres, Paymaster Martin, Lieutenant of Marines B. K. Russell, Passed Assistant Engineer W. N. Little, Assistant Engineer W. S. Smith, Assistant Surgeon R. P. Crandall and Pay Clerk H. M. Worts.

The complement of the Richmond is 356, all told, but yesterday she had only 255, officers and crew. There is no probability, therefore, that she can get to sea before the Galena reaches Hayti. The Richmond is a slow ship of ten knots maximum speed, which in stormy weather is reduced to two knots.

Her official list is as follows: Captain Allan V. Reed, Lieutenant Commander Louis Kingsley, Lieutenants William Barnette, J. H. C. Coffin, W. H. Crosby and J. O. Nicholson, Naval Cadets A. L. Norton, D. L. Beach, F. B. B. Bassett and T. P. Kane, Chief Engineer H. B. Nones, Pay Inspector James Hoyt, Medical Inspector W. S. Oberly, Chaplain W. S. Isaacs, Passed Assistant Surgeon S. H. Dickson, Passed Assistant Engineer W. B. Reeves, Assistant Engineer J. W. Annan, Assistant Surgeon William Keeney, Pay Clerk L. L. Brigham and Ship's Writer C. W. Myers. The Richmond carries two rifled guns and twelve smooth bore.

The Yantic's battery comprises one 8-inch muzale loading rifle, one 60-pound breech loading rifle, two 9-inch smoothbore guns, one 3-inch breech loading howitzer and one Gatling. Her battery is superior to that of the Richmond, but not equal to the Galena's. Her officers are as follows: Captain, O. F. Heyerman; Executive Officer, E. H. Gheen; Navigator, Lieutenant Mentz; Watch Officer, Lieutenant Tyler; Ensigns, Kellogg and Ashmore; Paymaster, R. M. T. Ball; Chief Engineer, Brown; Medical Officer, Dr. McCarthy and Naval Cadets, Bristol and Swanstrom.

The Ossipee at Norfolk is also preparing for sea.

Nothing further is known at the Navy Department about the Hayti trouble. The Galena, Richmond and Yantic are expected to be ready for sea by Thurday.

INAUGURATION MATTERS.

Notes from the Rooms of the Committee's Headquarters.

The names of C. C. Mothershead and O. E. Browning have been added to the Committee on Floor and Promenade.

Captain Cavana of the Oneida (N. Y.) Republican Battery has written that it will arrive here two days before the Inauguration and take part in the parade.

Passenger Agent Bishop of the Chesapeak & Ohio Railroad has written that half rate excursion tickets to the Inauguration will be sold on March 1, 2, 3 and 4, good returning until the 7th, inclusive. Mr. Bishop's name has been added to the Transportation Committee. Marshal Beaver has appointed Adjutant-General Hastings his chief of staff.

The Committee on Badges met and organized last night with Hon. Simon Wolff president and H. C. Morton secretary. A. S. Solomons, F. T. Rawlins, W. Friederich, J. L. Blout and H. C. Morton were appointed a subcommittee to devise designs and report Wednesday.

The following contributions were made to-day: Dr. R. A. Neale, $25; D. J. W. Joyce, $25; Elihu Root of New York, $250; John R. Dos Passos of New York, $100; A. W. Hancock, j$25; James Y. Davis' Sons, $100; Pettitt, Dripps & Robbins, $100; James Wormley's Sons, $100; H. A. Seligson, $50. Total to 3 o'clock, $47,848.

MRS. MARKLAND'S FUNERAL.

Services Conducted at St. John's Church This Afternoon by Dr. Leonard.

The funeral ceremonies over the remains of Mrs. A. H. Markland, were pronounced this afternoon at 2 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Leonard.

Many friends of the deceased assembled at the church and accompanied the remains to Oak Hill Cemetery, where they were laid beside her husband, who died about seven months ago. The pallbearers were Surgeon-General Moore, Colonel Alfred B. Taylor, Admiral J. H. Russell, Admiral F. A. Rowe, General Allan Rutherford, General A. R. Boteler, Mr. Henry A. Willard and General H. V. Boynton.

Personal Mention.

W. A. Moore, jr., Representative of Clarke and Warren counties in the Virginia Legislature, is in the city, with Mr. William D. Cabell, 1407 Massachusetts avenue northwest.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Fletcher have issued cards for a formal at-home next Tuesday. Mrs. Fletcher thereafter during the season will receive her friends on that day.

The National Rifles will give full dress card receptions on January 10 and February 14.

The London *Chronicle's* Rome correspondent says that M. Iswolsky yesterday gave to the Pope a letter from the Czar, accepting the Vatican's proposals and promising to restore diplomatic relations between the Russian Government and the Vatican at an early date. The Vatican and the French Government have agreed that the Archbishops of Lyons and Rouen shall be created cardinals instead of the Archbishop of Paris.

DENIALS ALL AROUND.

WHO STARTED THE GOSSIP ABOUT THE CLEVELANDS?

Mrs. Whitney in Just Indignation Denounces the Slanders that Have Circulated—Mr. Depew Says He Did Not Spread Them—Senator Ingalls Declares He Attacked Only the President's Official Character.

To-day's New York *Tribune's* special gives an interview by Mrs. Secretary Whitney with a correspondent at Washington. Mrs. Whitney was asked for the true inwardness of the stories circulated by enemies of Mr. Cleveland in regard to his domestic relations. Mrs. Whitney, who is an intimate friend of Mrs. Cleveland, said she was glad of an opportunity to be queried on this subject. She had found it hard to keep still, on account of her indignation, but, in deference to Mr. Whitney's advice, she had refrained from saying anything.

She would not now speak, were it not that a man so eminent as Chauncey M. Depew had not longer than two weeks ago, at a dinner party in New York, amused the guests by repeating many of the vile stories about the President's conduct. Mrs. Whitney did not believe Mr. Depew would personally undertake the responsibility for the truth of these stories, yet he told them and so added to their circulation. Mrs. Whitney characterized this as shameful. When a man of Mr. Depew's eminence spread such stories about the Chief Magistrate of the Nation, it was time for some one competent to speak to publicly deny everyone of the stories as utterly false and baseless.

"No one knew exactly where the stories originated," said Mrs. Whitney, "but we always understood that many of them had their origin 'on the Hill.' I shouldn't wish to say that Mr. Ingalls has knowingly set in circulation a false story, but he has been bitter and vindictive against the President."

Mrs. Whitney then proceeded to a charming picture of the life of the President, showing that the home at the White House and at Oak View is that of as loving and devoted a couple as can be found in the land.

WHAT MR. DEPEW SAYS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—Mr. Depew, when told of Mrs. Whitney's remarks about him to the Chicago *Tribune* correspondent, said:

"The circumstances have been grossly misrepresented. The facts are that at the dinner in question, after the ladies had left the room, conversation drifted to the various stories in circulation, and I repeated the story about Mr. Watterson taking Mrs. Cleveland to the theatre. I repeated it as one generally spoken of, and, indeed, it has been given me from various sources.

"I could not and did not give my personal sanction to it. In fact, I don't believe the story. I was told that Mr. Watterson himself had related the circumstances. I have since been informed by one of the six gentlemen present at the dinner that he has received Mr. Watterson's denial. The story as told to Mrs. Whitney is a lie. I have never believed any of the reports about Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland and have never spoken about the many other stories referred to by Mrs. Whitney."

The Watterson story referred to is that Mr. Watterson, after accompanying Mrs. Cleveland home from the theatre, witnessed abusive treatment on the part of the President toward his wife. Mr. Watterson has denied the story, and has stated that after the return home there was a pleasant chat between the President, Mrs. Cleveland and himself, and the President thanked him for his courtesy in escorting Mrs. Cleveland. The President had wished to go, but was too busy to get away.

What Senator Ingalls Says.

Senator Ingalls was shown this afternoon, by a representative of THE EVENING POST, an interview with Mrs. Whitney, in which she is quoted as saying that the stories of domestic infelicity at the White House were circulated by Mr. Ingalls. The Senator said: "This statement is utterly false. I have never said an unkind word of the President personally, or of Mrs. Cleveland. All of my criticisms of the President have been directed at him as a public officer and not as a private individual or in his private capacity."

NOTHING FOR SIDEWALKS.

The Commissioners' Efforts Defeated by the Appropriations Committee.

The action of the House Committee on Appropriations in cutting down the Commissioners' estimates for the "permit fund" from $200,000 to $100,000, has absolutely defeated the Commissioners' effort toward securing a better class of sidewalks.

When the Commissioners made this estimate they said it was their intention of using $100,000 for sidewalks. Under the permit system the property owners pay half the cost and this would make the amount expended in sidewalks $200,000. The Commissioners thought this would greatly improve the miserable sidewalks about which so much complaint has been made.

Congressional Notes.

It is expected that the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill will be reported to the House before Christmas.

The House Immigration Investigating Committee will not go to San Francisco, but a sub-committee consisting of Messrs. Ford, Guenther and Oates, will proceed to Providence, R. I. and Pittsburg, and take evidence.

In the House yesterday afternoon, a determined effort was made to defeat the Nicarraguan Canal bill, and after some filibustering, the House at 4:30 took a recess. The bill will come up as unfinished business next Friday.

Gen. D. B. Henderson of Iowa, is in the field as candidate for speaker of the fifty-first Congress. The Iowa delegation in Congress are working hard for him and his chances of success are considered fair.

The House was not in session to-day.

The only House committee in session to-day was that of Rivers and Harbor. The committee does not intend to give personal hearings, but by consultations with Members when in doubt as to the propriety of appropriations for certain objects will determine what course to pursue.

An effort was made to-day to secure a meeting of the Committee on Private Land Claims, but without success, and a special meeting was called for Tuesday next at 2 p. m.

Even the most sanguine Democrats do not place the Democratic majority above one. The apparent Republican majority now is three.

Information has been received at the House from Congressman Bacon himself that he places no reliance on the rumor that he will be given a certificate of election from the fifteenth New York district.

The Graham Case Dropped.

The District Attorney to-day entered a nolle pros in the case of James H. Graham, charged by Congressman Glover with housebreaking.

A BIG TIME IN AUGUSTA.

Fifty Thousand People Witness the Great Trade Carnival.

AUGUSTA, GA., Dec. 8.—Fifty thousand people were on the streets last night to witness the grand trade carnival. Five thousand persons were in line and the procession, representatives of the business and trades of Augusta and neighboring towns, was one hour passing a given point. Business houses and stores were illuminated, fire-works were conspicuous and the greastest enthusiasm prevailed. This grand display was gotton up in forty-eight hours notice and the people are elated over the grand success. The Augusta National Exposition continues to draw great crowds to the city. Next Monday week has been set apart as colored peoples' day and the exposition turned over to them. Indications point to the largest and most thoroughly representative gathering of colored men ever congregated in the State.

REVOLUTION IN INDIANA.

A New Supreme Court to Convene in January.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Dec. 8.—The Supreme Court of Indiana convenes next Tuesday, it being the last term of the present Court, which is Democratic. On January 7 three recently elected Republican Judges, Berkshire, Coffey and Olds, ascend the bench to succed the veterans Niblack, Howk and Zollars. The significant feature of the change is the fact that after January 7 the Supreme Court is Republican by one majority. This will be the second time since the admisson of Indiana into the Union that her Supreme Court has been anything other than Democratic in complexion. The first Republican Court was from 1864 to 1870.

Battle With Oystermen.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—A dispatch to the *Tribune* from Baltimore says that another battle has been fought by the police and oystermen, and as usual the police were routed. The Choptank River oyster police sloop Eliza Hayward, Captain Bridges' commander, was defeated Thursday afternoon in a battle with dredgers off Cook's Point, in the Choptank River, and beat a retreat to Oxford, where she now lies with forty-six rifle ball holes through her mainsail and jib. Captain Bridges says the pirates fought desperately, and with their fourteen boats unsuccessfully tried to surround and capture the Hayward.

Officers of the Forestry Congress.

ATLANTA, GA., Dec. 8.—The American Forestry Congress has elected officers as follows: President, Governor J. A. Beaver of Pennsylvania; Vice-Presidents, H. G. Joly of Quebec, J. Y. W. French of Boston, Charles Moore of Mobile, Hubert Welsh of Philadelphia, and George H. Parsons of Denver; Secretaries, J. B. Hudson of New Hampshire, and N. H. Eggleston of Washington. The Congress then adjourned sine die. The next meeting will probably be held in Philadelphia.

The Coming Kentucky Horse Sale.

LEXINGTON, KY., Dec. 8.—Turf men from all parts of the country are arriving to attend the great horse sales which will begin next Tuesday by the Melbourne stables. This sale has catalogued some of the best strains including such as Gallifet, The Lioness, Once Again. Twenty-three coming two year olds will be offered comprising the best lot ever placed on sale in this country. There is considerable excitement as to the prices they will bring. The sales of the next three weeks will foot up half a million dollars.

The Princeton Bric-a-Brac.

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 8.—The class of '91 yesterday elected editors for next years *Bric-a-Brac* as follows: James Barnes and Frank Kerkeley, Smith, New York; H. S. Davis, Delaware; Thomas F. McNair and Robert B. Wallace, Pennsylvania; and Charles F. Howell, New Jersey. The class elected P. C. James of Pennsylvania, orator, and A. P. Denis, debator to represent them in the annual exercises on the anniversary of Washington's birthday. The freshmen elected C. E. Bixler of Pennsylvania, orator, and B. Phinizy of Georgia, debator for the same occasion.

Seven Candidates for Each Office.

PITTSBURG, PA., Dec. 8.—The *Times* reports from correspondents in twenty-four Western Counties in Pennsylvania, giving the number of Republicans who will become candidates for Postoffices under President Harrison. A total of 1,386 candidates are reported by 200 correspondents, being an average of seven for each postoffice.

The Interstate Commission in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—Chairman Thomas M. Cooley, Colonel W. R. Morrison and Secretary Lindsey of the Interstate Commerce Commission are at the Palmer House. They are here to investigate the railroad troubles of the Southwest and Northwest, and will probably be taking evidence in this city for four or five days.

The Jury Disagreed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The suit of George B. Ellery against Henry R. Casel, the inventor of an electric chemical process of extracting gold from ore, to recover $100,000 in commissions on the sale in Glascow, England, of the patent, has resulted in a disagreement of the jury in the Supreme Court.

The Coming Centennial Celebration.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The Rev. Dr. John Hall and Dr. Lyman Abbott have written letters to the committee regarding services to be held at 9 a. m. on the morning of April 30 next, the occasion of the Washington inauguration anniversary. Both are heartily in favor of the idea.

An Election Bettor Disappears.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 8.—Alexander McPherson, formerly general booker of the Merchants' Bank, has been missing for some time. His accounts were found to be all right but badly mixed. His disappearance is said to be the result of heavy betting on the Presidential election and a fondness for cards.

Sale of the "Cosmopolitan Magazine."

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The *Cosmopolitan Magazine* was sold yesterday to Mr. John Brisben Walker of Denver, Col. Mr. Walker is the wealthy Denver capitalist who recently sold the Berkeley farm. He now resides at Irvington. Mr. E. D. Walker will remain in control of the *Cosmopolitan*.

Oyster Pirates Still at Work.

BALTIMORE, MD., Dec. 7.—Officers of steamboats arriving here report that a large number of the oyster pirates are still dredging on forbidden territory all over the bay, and that no opposition is offered by any vessel belonging to the State navy.

A Fatal Explosion of Chemical.

FALL RIVER, MASS., Dec. 8.—Henry Murphy, a drug clerk, was burned to death by the explosion of some chemicals which he was mixing. The store was set on fire and slightly damaged.

William H. Tenney's Will.

The will of William H. Tenney was filed with the Register to-day. He leaves to his son, William M., a farm in Walton County, Ga.; to Robert B. Tenney, business interests, and to William M. Tenney, Annie Lindsay and Louise Tenney the house and lot on West st.; also, two mills, one on Water Street and one west of Aqueduct Bridge, to be ruled by his son Robert as long as he may desire. Robert B. Tenney is named as executor. He leaves his church pew to the trustees of the Presbyterian congregation in Georgetown.

Cashmere or serge is combined with silk or velvet in some of the newest black costumes.

Some of the newest gauze fans are a true oval shape, and bordered with colored lace.

PASSENGERS IN A PANIC.

THE TRANSFER BOAT MARYLAND BURNED AT NEW YORK.

The People Awakened From Sleep Barely Succeed in Escaping With Their Lives—Thrilling Scenes of the Occasion—The Total Loss Estimated at $100,000.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The transfer steamer Maryland was burned to the water's edge at midnight on the Harlem River. Two sleeping cars, one coach and baggage car of the Boston express train were on board and were completely destroyed. Twenty-four passengers on board barely escaped with their lives. The total loss is nearly $400,000.

The Maryland was bound for the depot of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Road, transferring the Pennsylvania Boston express, which left Washington yesterday afternoon. When the boat arrived at her docks at One-Hundred-and-Thirty-second street and the Harlem, flames were discovered on the port side forward. The passengers were awakened, but were told to stay in the cars, as there was no danger. A burst of flame came a second later and the passengers were hurriedly called out from the cars.

A TERRIBLE SCENE OF PANIC.

A terrible scene of panic followed. The people tumbled, climbed and trampled over each other in their efforts to escape. Many were only half clothed, and carried their clothes in their hands. Mrs. Jennings of New Orleans was fast asleep in the sleeping-car. A deck hand dragged her from her berth, and she escaped in a night dress and cloak. A tugboat steamed out to the burning boat and took the panic-stricken crowd aboard.

BARELY ESCAPED WITH THEIR LIVES.

The people barely had time to step from the boat when the flames burst from every part, roaring like a volcano. The passengers were taken to the Mott-Haven depot and put in a room. No one was allowed to see them.

Despite all efforts of the firemen, the Maryland burned to the water's edge and sank. The baggage car with all the baggage and the coach sank with the boat. The two sleeping-cars were run off on the dock and burned up there. The flames did not extend beyond the boat itself.

The passengers lost all but the clothing they had on at the time. Mrs. Jennings, the New Orleans lady, was taken charge of by Record Clerk Francis A. Mitchell, provided with clothes and taken to the Brunswick in a cab. She says she was asleep at the time of the fire and was awakened by the deckhand barely in time to save her life.

Colonel Conger said the scene was indescribable and the panic terrible. He was in the sleeping-car and with difficulty made his escape. The men prayed and swore alternately and climbed over each other, scrambling like wild beasts in their efforts to get out. The roaring flames advanced so rapidly that they scorched the passengers as they jumped to the transfer boat and tug.

At 3 o'clock this morning a new train was made up to take the passengers on their way to Boston.

The Maryland was the largest transfer boat in the world, her length being 220 feet and width 50. It was double-tracked and could carry fourteen cars. The boat was valued at $250,000.

BLAINE STOCK IN INDIANA.

Editor New of the Indianapolis "Journal" Declares That It is Low.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—A special to the *World* from Indianapolis says: "People here have read the Indianapolis *News* tonight and concluded that John C. New's paper, the *Journal*, is not the only one that speaks by card in matters appertaining to General Harrison and his intentions. The *News* is not a party paper, but its editor, John H. Holliday, has often been quoted as a strong personal friend of General Harrison.

"Though an acknowledged advocate of tariff reform, he lent his paper's support to Harrison, and that for reasons of personal regard, as he was advocating the election at the same time of a dozen Democratic candidates.

"This is the bold, blunt editorial that appeared in Mr. Holliday's paper tonight. Is it inspired?

"Blaine bluster—the narrowness of the Maine Yankee has rarely been more strikingly displayed than in the interviews concerning Mr. Blaine which were reported of several of the Maine Congressmen and Senators in yesterday's *News*. As to the fact, if Mr. Blaine bore the brunt of the battle, few who watched the campaign with unprejudiced eyes are aware of it. The Blaineites intended that he should. With their cut-and-dried reception and their ignoring of Harrison, these gentry intended to give Mr. Blaine a 'send-off' that should carry him through the campaign as the central figure.

"They succeeded to that extent that the Republicans were handicapped, and it was the growing weight of the conviction of Harrison's strength and masterfulness, as he impressed himself upon the country as the campaign progressed, that counteracted the mischief of the Blaine impression and brought victory to the Republicans.

"Where was his strength? Not here. He failed to carry Indiana four years ago and his mere presence here this year was a damper that only Harrison's steady popularity overcame. Blaine is thoroughly distrusted and feared as a corrupt and unsafe man by one-half the people of this country, and he has lost the confidence and consideration of the thinking element of his own party."

National Medical Institute in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 8 (via. Galveston.)—A bill has been approved by Congress for the establishment of a national medical institute. The object is to unite the Mexican and Aztec pharmacopoeta with the modern remedies in practice. A study of the plants, minerals and waters of Mexico has already been made under the auspices of the secretary of public works, General Pacheco.

AT THE HOTELS.

John P. Penny, Norman M. Smith of Pittsburg, C. E. Cleveland of New York and A. E. La Vigne of New York are at the Riggs House.

C. H. Livingston of San Francisco, R. A. Pryor, jr., of New York and Hon. Peter P. Mahoney and wife of Brooklyn are at the Arlington.

Nelson Roberts, manager of Kate Claxton; Colonel Charles Gould, Fypyt; George C. Lagrange, New York; Captain Henry Harlinson, Brooklyn; Lawyer Charles Stoddard, Nevada, are at the Harris House.

C. W. Robinson of Buffalo, H. C. Comegy of New York, and ex-Governor W. L. Davis are at Willard's.

R. J. Norman of Boston, George Clark of Philadelphia, Charles Truax of Chicago and J. J. Carty of New York are registered at the Ebbitt House.

Hon. Leopold Morse of Boston arrived last night. He is at Welcker's.

B. Cory Martin of New York and William F. Schaffer of New York are at Welcker's.

H. M. Sewall of Maine is at Wormley's.

THE GREAT TRADES' SCHOOL.

Mr. Williamson, the Philadelphia Philanthropist, Publishes His Plan.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 8.—Mr. J. V. Williamson, the aged philanthropist, has made public the deed and plan of the Williamson Free School of Mechanical Trades, the benevolent institution he has founded for the practical education of boys. The fiscal trustees selected by Mr. Williamson is the Pennsylvania Company for insurance on lives and granting annuities, and to this company Mr. Williamson has turned over, for the purpose of carrying out the trust, securities amounting to $1,596,000.

He directs that out of the money received from the principal of the building fund the trustees shall purchase a body of land not exceeding 300 acres, situate in some part of the city of Philadelphia, or either of the counties of Bucks, Delaware or Montgomery, in the State of Pennsylvania, and erect thereon suitable buildings, board, teach and instruct as many scholars as, in the opinion of the trustees, the revenue of the endowment fund and other sources of income will provide for, and furnish the school with everything necessary for the boys to learn a trade for which he is best qualified. The ages between which boys may attend is between 12 and 18 years, and they must be indentured as apprentices to the trustees for a term of not less than three years.

LONGING FOR STATEHOOD.

The People in Dakota to Take Further Action Next Week.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Dec. 8.—The longing for Statehood in Dakota becomes more intense every day. While the conservative, but emphatic action of the Jamestown Convention, earlier in the week, has been generally approved, many want a more speedy means of attaining their end. However, all wish to have two States admitted and to have it done according to the letter of the law, and they concl