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21ST YEAR---No. 6,272. WASHINGTON, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 15, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

GOVERNMENTAL GOSSIP.

Events of Interest in and About the Departments.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT CHANGES.

Bond Offerings—Fourth-Class Postmasters—General and Persona.

The bond offerings to-day were as follows: registered 4 1-2s, $30,000, 107 to 107 3-8; coupon 4 1-2s, $10,000, 107.

The President has approved of the joint resolution to continue the appropriations for the support of the Government until Sept. 25.

The following have been appointed fourth class postmasters: Jonathan E. Travis, Anita, Marion County, W. Va.; Samuel S. Tracy, Myrtle, Anne Arundle County, Md.; Newton M. Talbott, Benson, Harrison County, W. Va.

The finding of the naval retiring board, that Medical Inspectors A. C. Bliss and John C. Spear, and Pay Inspector Charles Guild, should be retired from active service, has been approved by the President and Secretary Whitney. No decision has yet been reached in the case of Commander George C. Davis.

The New York Herald's Washington special says: "It is semi-officially announced that Gen. John G. Parkhurst, of Michigan, will within a few days be nominated as Minister to Brussels, to succeed Mr. Lambert Tree, who has been transferred to St. Petersburg. The appointment will be made at the instance of Postmaster-General Dickinson."

W. W. Poultney, Treasury Department, has been appointed to a $900 clerkship in the Comptroller's office. The following absolute appointments have been made: J. H. Pudney and W. B. Douglas, Ind., $1,000; S. D. Trimble, class 2, Treasurer's Office. Promotions: Mrs. Eliza Dunlop and Mrs. H. M. Jackson, Md., $840 to $3.50 per diem, Supervising Architect's Office; Mrs. Mary McNamara, N. Y., $660 to $840, Third Auditor's Office.

The following official changes have been made in the Department of the Interior: Patent Office—Appointment: Herbert P. Jarrell, of New Jersey, fourth assistant examiner at $1,200, under civil service rules. Pension Office—Appointments: Miss Priscilla L. B. Goldsborough, of Maryland, and Leon Adler, of Missouri, copyists at $900 under civil service rules. Resignations: William T. Fizer, of Missouri, $1,400; Benjamin T. Chase, of Maine, $1,400. General Land Office—Resignation: Miss Clara J. Martin, of Pennsylvania, $1,200.

DEPARTMENT PERSONALS.

Mrs. Folsom arrived in the city to-day, and will be Mrs. Cleveland's guest for some days.

John H. Barker, an assistant engineer in the Postoffice Department, has been removed, and William Mizell of Maryland appointed to the vacancy, under civil service rule.

Wm. H. Kropp of West Virginia has been appointed a laborer in the Postoffice Department.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Captain F. M. Ramsey, of the Boston, is in the city for a half dozen days.

Second Lieutenant John D. Barrette, 3d Artillery, now at Fort Niagara, N. Y., has been granted one month's leave.

Lieutenant R. E. Carmody is ordered from the Bellevue Magazine after October fifteenth and placed on waiting orders.

Lieutenant John S. Abbott is ordered to duty in charge of the Bellevue Magazine near this city on the fifteenth of next month.

Lieutenant Commander A. B. H. Lillie is ordered from the Richmond and placed on waiting orders after the fifteenth of October.

Major Hugh A. Theaker, 15th Infantry, will on the 25th instant stand relieved from further duty at Fort Randall, and proceed for station to Fort Pembrina, Dakota.

Naval Orders: Lieutenant Commander A. B. H. Lillie has been detached from the Richmond, October 1, and placed on waiting orders; Lieutenant John S. Abbott has been ordered to duty in charge of the Bellevue Magazine, near Washington, October 15; Lieutenant R. E. Carmody has been detached from duty at the Bellevue Magazine, October 18, and placed on waiting orders; Lieutenant Wm. Little from the St. Louis, and ordered to the Richmond, October 1; Carpenter Peter Ward from duty at the New York yard, and ordered to the Lancaster, per steamer of 22d instant.

Two Divorces Granted.

Judge Cox to-day granted a divorce to Annie Wright from Jason Wright, on the grounds of cruelty. They were married in Oct. 1883. She also charges that he kicked her when she was in a delicate condition, and also that he was guilty of adultery. The bill was filed July 6, 1887, with J. W. Cromwell as counsel.

Jacob Heishley obtained a divorce from Amelia M. Heishley on his petition filed March 4, 1886, with Edmund Burke as counsel. They were married October 22, 1862, at Elmira, New York. He states that some time after their marriage she evinced a most unsociable disposition towards him. First she excluded him from her apartments in their home in Alexandria, to which city they had moved. Then in February, 1882 she totally excluded him from the premises and had him arrested when he tried to break into his own house. On the mayor's decision in court that he had a right to go into his own house if he wanted to, she moved and declined to be further supported by him, continuing to deny him the pleasure of her society. He charged her with desertion.

The Rush for School Tickets.

The public schools open Monday, and to-day the various buildings were visited by parents anxious to obtain tickets admitting their children to the schools. The greatest rush is expected this afternoon, between 5 and 7 o'clock. Last year the number of new pupils enrolled was about 3,500. It is estimated that there will not be as many applications this year, as the schools closed earlier last June, and the cool weather kept a great many children in attendance, who, had the season lasted longer, would have withdrawn, and have had to obtain new tickets

It is quite likely that a large number of the half-day schools will be limited. The old pupils will report on Monday, and those holding tickets on the following day for assignment.

An Entire Square Sold.

Edward J. Hanman and Michael I. Weller trustees and as individuals, have sold to James F. Hood and Jos. F. Batchelder trustees for the Mutual Investment Co. of this city, for $27,186.22, all of Square 957, bounded by Md. Ave., D Street, and E Street, and 9th Street and 10th Street n. e.

To Examine Snelling's Sanity.

George Snelling, the printer, who smashed a plate-glass window in the business office of the Post, was in the Police Court this morning charged with destroying private property. His case was continued until Tuesday when a jury will pass upon the question of his sanity.

Coroner's Investigation Postponed.

The Coroner's investigation of the case of George Hagan, who died last night, was postponed till to-morrow. Hagan had been on a protracted spree and was very ill. Prior to his death a hypodermic injection of morphine had been administered by Dr. Stone.

The Rock Creek Railway.

The board of directors of the Rock Creek Railroad Company will hold a meeting Monday to elect officers and take steps toward the commencement of the construction of the road.

THE FLORIDA FEVER.

More Deaths Yesterday than on Any Day Heretofore Reported.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 15.—Up to 6 o'clock yesterday evening there had been forty-three new cases and twelve deaths in the previous twenty-four hours. The situation is no worse, excepting in the sense that the people generally are becoming weaker and more wearied, as their burdens increase.

Advices from Macclenny, Baker County, report twenty persons sick, four seriously, and travel and business generally suspended.

There are now about three hundred Florida refugees at Hendersonville, in the mountain country of North Carolina, and five cases of yellow fever in a mild form have been developed.

Preparations are now making for the care of three hundred refugees at Alleghany Springs, Blount County, Tennessee, thirty miles south of Knoxville.

Train Inspector Stratton reports the arrival in this city of W. N. Reamy, from Eufala, Ala., stopping in Georgetown; also of O. I. Slocum, wife and niece, Orange Park, destination, Natick, Mass.; S. C. Boynton, Palatka, for New York; Geo. H. Dyer, Point Arcadia, for Boston; F. C. Lyon, Lake County, for New York; Mrs. Proctor and D. Wilson, Orange Lake, for New York.

The wife of Professor Proctor, who died of the Yellow fever in New York, passed through the city yesterday on her way to New York City from Orange Lake, Fla.

A concert will be given at the Congregational Church on next Wednesday evening for the benefit of the relief fund. Miss Jeannie Winston and Prof. Bischoff will be among the participants. Tickets are on sale at Ellis's Music Store. One thousand dollars should be raised by this concert.

Friendship lodge No. 7 I. O. M. sent the Commissioners $5 to-day for the fund

The following telegram was received to-day by Miss Clara Barton: "I find the relief organization here to be earnest, warm-hearted workers, but needing system in their work. I have been requested to address myself to this, and meet the committee to-morrow, and the work will be a short one. Express me arm badges for nurses as soon as possible. Your associate societies can help largely by sending clothing, shoes and blankets. The fever has about destroyed all business, and there is and will be much distress. Calvin is here and assigned. Don't allow unacclimated persons to come. McClenny is well in hand. Our nurses there have acted with promptness and good judgment. Two cases and one death there since yesterday. About thirty sick on hand. Sent out doctor with car of supplies, medicine, and blankets this afternoon.

"F. R. SOUTHMAYD."

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING.

Mr. Benedict on the Alert to Increase the Facilities of the Office.

According to instructions from Public Printer Benedict, the chief clerk of the Printing Office, Mr. G. E. Benedict, and foreman of printing, Capt. Henry T. Brian, left last night for New York and other Northern States to visit the principal press and printing material establishments and examine the latest improvements and devices that are being successfully used in the business. Thus far the present Congress has made more work for the printing office than any previous Congress in the history of the Government, and according to Mr. Benedict the office has not sufficient working space to meet the demands made on it.

In view of the failure of Congress to appropriate money for the erection of an additional building, Mr. Benedict says he will endeavor to remedy the evil by placing in the press room several of the latest improved and fastest presses that can be secured.

The chairman of the House Printing Committee, Mr. Richardson, informed a Critic reporter that during the months of July and August 850 tons of printing and writing paper were used in the Government Printing Office.

CANADA'S PLAN.

Imports from England by Way of the United States to Cease.

New York, Sept. 15.—A special to the Tribune from Ottawa says: "In consequence of serious fears of retaliation being really carried into effect, preparations were last night reported complete for stopping all winter shipments of cargoes from England by way of New York, Boston and Portland and making them through Halifax and St. John. Cable dispatches received here last night by two leading importing dry-goods houses state that their arrangements are already made on the other side.

Inquiries among other houses has led to the discovery that the movement is general here and in Montreal, Hamilton, London, Toronto and Winnipeg. To-day a list of big importers who are willing to allow their names to be mentioned as having decided not to allow goods to be sent in future by way of United States ports, will be printed. Negotiations are being pushed for the immediate establishment of a third trunk line from the West to Canadian winter ports by the acquisition of a chain of railway links.

Political Notes.

The National Democratic Committee express a hope of carrying Illinois this year.

Governor Eagle's majority in Arkansas is officially returned as 14,981.

Congressmen William C. Oates of the Third Alabama, Joseph E. Washington of the Sixth Tennessee and W. Godfrey Hunter of the Third Kentucky were renominated yesterday.

The first colored Democratic club of New Jersey was organized on Monday night in Camden. The President's message and the Mills bill were indorsed. A large number of members were enrolled.

Dr. G. P. Ikert is the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Eighteenth Ohio, (Mr. Kinley's), district.

J. W. Candler, who was a member of the Forty-seventh Congress, has been renominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Ninth Massachusetts district, now represented by Mr. Burnett, Democrat.

The Democrats of the Second Wisconsin, (Mr. Guenther's), district have nominated Charles Badwig for Congress.

The Belt Line's Deed of Trust.

A deed in trust was placed on record to-day by which the Capitol, North O Street and South Washington Railroad Company transfer to S. R. Bond and C. H. Cragin all the company's real estate and franchises, to secure the payment of $50,000 in 6 per cent. bonds of $1,000 each, payable in ten years. The bond issue is for the purpose of liquidating certain debts, for laying tracks on Fourteenth and B streets, etc.

Arrested for Cutting.

George Weeks, colored, was arrested and locked up to-day. He is charged with having cut Joseph Cokey, colored, aged 19, in the abdomen during a disturbance last night near Fourteenth street and Boundary. Cokey's wound is very dangerous.

The Court Record.

Equity Court—Justice Cox.—Hall vs. Hall: appearance of absent defendant ordered. Smith vs. Smith; answer of defendant allowed to be filed. Heishley vs. Heishley, Hillyard vs. Hillyard and Wright vs. Wright; divorces granted. Queen vs. Browers; Mary V. Barr appointed guardian ad litem. Assignment; cases undisposed of.

AFFAIRS IN CONGRESS.

The Senate and House Both Taking Recreation To-day.

THE CLOSING PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY.

The Sundry Civil Bill—Adjournment Gossip—Capitol Notes.

In the Senate yesterday afternoon the regular daily set-to transpired. It was hardly to be presumed that the day could pass by without an interchange of personalities to some extent, and the presumption was an excellent one.

Mr. Hoar, in a speech a few days ago, which was at the time reported in these columns, made an allusion to the belief that existed in the public mind that the managers of the Standard Oil Company contributed largely to the Democratic campaign fund, and as a connecting link in his argument said that Oliver Payne, he supposed, was the chief manager of the Standard Company, and that Senator Payne had affirmed that said Oliver Payne was one of the Democratic managers of that company.

Senator Payne, rising to a question of personal privilege, denied the entire charge and also read a denial from Secretary Whitney as to his connection with the trust.

In conclusion Mr. Payne said: "Whether the instincts of propriety or decency will lead the honorable Senator from Massachusetts to make an apology for, or retraction of, that is for him to decide." It was this style of language that Mr. Hoar objected to and denominated it as being better suited to the bar-room or grog-shop than to the Senate.

Mr. Hoar said he had numerous personal letters relating to the intense interest the management of the Standard Oil Company were exhibiting in the present administration. He was urged to give publicity to one of these letters but his reply was: "I will not read that letter."

He had not heard of Secretary Whitney's denial until yesterday morning, but Mr. Payne, not comprehending the statement, asked, "as a matter of candor, have you not read that declaration of Mr. Whitney's this morning." This was the straw that broke the camel's back, and in a deliberate yet somewhat excited manner, Mr. Hoar denounced the Senator from Ohio as disorderly and insolent.

Mr. Farwell moved to adjourn, but Mr. Hoar had not yielded the floor, and Mr. Butler stepped in to call him to order. The chair sustained the point, and Mr. Hoar proceeded in the same path in a more orderly and dignified manner.

The Sundry Civil Bill.

Mr. Forney of Alabama, after THE CRITIC's report closed yesterday, submitted the conference report on the Sundry Civil Bill. It was the original intention to have the report acted on yesterday, but owing to the opposition of Mr. Payson and several other gentlemen the report was withdrawn. It will be brought up again on Monday. The opposition is due to the provisions for the new Library building. The following statement covers all of the items of general interest which were in dispute: The provision for the widow of Professor Baird is reduced from $50,000 to $25,000; the appropriation for the Congressional Library stands at $500,000; the provision for storage reservoirs for the arid regions is reduced to $100,000; the appropriation for educational purposes in Alaska stands at $40,000. The following provisions are stricken out entirely: Survey of Mexican boundary, $100,000; appropriation for postoffice site in Washington; that for extension of Government Printing Office and for the Zoological Park, and for the purchase of Battery Island fish station at the mouth of the Susquehanna. The provision for public printing remains as it came from the House, the Senate increase of $150,000 having been disagreed to.

To Try and Pass It Over the Veto.

A majority of a quorum of the House Committee on Invalid Pensions have decided to recommend to the House that the bill granting a pension to Theresa Herbst, widow of John Herbst, late private in company G, 140th Regiment, New York Volunteers, be passed over the President's veto. The deceased died in 1868 of heart disease. He was a soldier in the Union army until he was captured by the enemy on the 19th of August, 1864, when he joined the Confederate forces. Later he was captured by General Stoneman, while in arms against the United States Government. He explained that he deserted to the enemy to escape the hardship and starvation of prison life. He was released and mustered out of the service in October 1865. The President, in vetoing the bill, held that the disabilities of which the deceased suffered at the time of discharge were quite likely the result of exposure in the Confederate army, and he declined to take any part "in putting a name upon our pension roll which represents a Union soldier found fighting against the cause he swore he would uphold."

The Adjournment of Congress.

Speaker Carlisle is reported as saying to-day that he thought Congress would fix October 1 as the date of adjournment. He intimated that he had talked with Senator Allison upon the subject and that arrangements would soon be under way to secure an adjournment about the date mentioned.

Capitol Notes.

The Senate yesterday adjourned until Monday noon. The House at 4:34 yesterday afternoon took a recess until 8 p. m., and at the conclusion of the evening session also adjourned until Monday.

The Senate bill placing Mrs. Adeline Couzins, of St. Louis, on the pension rolls at $50 a month was passed by the House last evening. Mrs. Couzins is the mother of Miss Phoebe Couzins and was disabled at Vicksburg by a minie ball while in the sanitary service.

A bill was introduced in the House yesterday by Judge Chipman, of Michigan, for the relief of Mrs. Gen. Ward B. Burnett, by an increase of her pension. Mr. Quay will introduce a similar bill in the Senate.

LATE NEWS ABROAD.

Recent Happenings in England and on the Continent.

London, Sept. 15.—Princes Henry and Albert of Germany received the Grand Duke Nicholas upon his arrival yesterday.

The Paris socialists at a meeting to-day decided to call an international socialist congress during the exhibition of 1889.

The failure of the banking house of Samuel Von Frankfurter at Vienna caused a small panic yesterday in the bourse. The head of the firm committed suicide.

The Queen regent of Spain has conferred the decoration of the Golden Fleece upon the Duke of Edinburgh.

It is reported that the Czar and Czarina have refused to receive Queen Natalie of Servia.

Cardinal Lavigerie has formed an anti-slavery society in Paris.

A conflict occurred to-day at Pierre Buffiere in the Department of Haute Vienne, France, between a body of strikers and the military. Several strikers were wounded and numerous arrests were made.

The death is announced of Prince Johann Adolph Schwarzenberg in Bohemia.

The French Government has ordered gunboats to the west coast of Africa to pursue slavers' vessels, especially those flying the French flag.

Dr. McKone's Case.

The board of directors of the Emergency Hospital met to consider the case of Dr. McKone, but there being no quorum present they adjourned without taking any action in the matter.

ANOTHER TRAGEDY.

Mysterious Explosion at Flour Mills in Cleveland.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 15.—The large flouring mills known as the National Mills, owned by M. B. Clark & Son, on Merwin street, was totally destroyed by an explosion and fire about 3 o'clock this morning. The night gang of eighteen men were scattered over the building at their work, and every machine in the building was running, when a terrific explosion tore the roof from its fastenings, shattered the walls, twisted and overturned the heavy machinery, and blew the men from their feet, many of them landing senseless and bleeding against the walls. When the engines arrived the mill was enveloped in flames, but through the efforts of the men working in the Bee Line freight yards near by the wounded had all been removed from the building except two men—Fred Gierman, of 32 Grape street, and a man named Brandt, who were on the third floor.

A stream of water was directed to a window on this floor, as soon as the firemen arrived, and preparations made to reach the window with ladders. As the smoke cleared away, before the drenching shower, there was a cry from the crowd, and Gierman's face appeared framed in the flames. The firemen redoubled their efforts to reach him, but, before they could succeed, there was a crash, and the unfortunate man, with a cry of terror, fell back into the seething flames. The other victim was not seen at all. The damage to the mill will reach $125,000; nearly covered by insurance.

The cause of the explosion is not known, but it is generally believed that it came from the ignition of finely disseminated particles of flour.

TO DIVORCE THE JOCKEY.

Mrs. McLaughlin Said to be Preparing for a Suit Against Her Husband.

New York, Sept. 15.—Mrs. McLaughlin, the wife of the well-known jockey, James McLaughlin, will, it is reported, shortly sue her husband for limited divorce. The couple have been separated since July 7 of last year, and all attempts to reconcile them have been ineffectual. Mrs. Michael Dwyer, wife of the famous turfman, and Mrs. James Rowe, wife of the Hon. August Belmont's trainer, have done all that was possible toward bringing about a reconciliation. The constant presence on the race track of a divorced woman whom the jockey is known to have admired is the principal obstacle to the success of the effort.

Mrs. McLaughlin is now enjoying the income from $25,000 which her husband allows her. He earns $15,000 a year and Mrs. McLaughlin evidently wants one-third of it.

General Harrison's Confidence.

New York, Sept. 15.—The World's Augusta, Me., special says: General Harrison, under date of September 7, wrote a letter to Chairman Manly, of the Republican State Committee, in which he said, among things: "The fact that in 1884 Mr. Blaine was our candidate, very naturally and appropriately gave you an unusual vote and plurality which, with your usual faithful effort, you will hardly be able to repeat for one whose relations to your people are so much less near and affectionate. I do not doubt, however, that Mr. Blaine himself and his near friends would be more than willing, if it were in their power, to give to the party this time an increased plurality."

Crops In Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 15.—Reports of the State Board of Agriculture have been received from the accredited correspondents throughout the State, and the annual statement of the condition of crops is being prepared. The reports show: Wheat—total area 2,700,000 acres average per acre, 13 bushels, total produce 35,100,000. Oats—total area 900,000 acres, average yield per acre 29 bushels, total crop 26,100,000. Corn—total area 3,300,000 acres, indicated average yield 37 bushels per acre, total product 122,100,000 bushels. The crop is the finest ever grown in the State. It is now so far advanced towards maturity that no material damage can be inflicted by the frosts which have begun to appear.

A Great Four-Oared Race.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 15.—It is probable that James A. Ten Eyck, John W. Joyce, G. W. Lee and W. O'Connor or Jacob Gaudaur will accept the recent challenge of the Queen City four-oared crew, of Buffalo, N. Y., to any four professional scullers in the world. Lee has charge of the negotiations. Ten Eyck is willing to furnish part of the stakes. Should the match be made, a strong effort will be made to have the race take place on the Quinsigamond course.

A Woman Struck By Lightning.

Demoines, Iowa, Sept. 15.—Miss Lura Watson, of Algona, was struck by lightning during a shower yesterday. Her hat was burned from her head, two large holes burned through her waterproof and clothing, and her back was badly scorched. One of her shoes was torn from her foot and thrown several feet distant. She was badly shocked, but will recover.

How She Lost Her Pocketbook.

Amelia Sargoant laid her pocketbook on the counter of Hammon's drug store on F st. last evening, and while her attention was attracted elsewhere a negro rushed in and grabbed it. Three hundred dollars was the loss reported from the drug store people. While in Police headquarters the lady was much excited and finally she fell into a faint. As far as her statement is understood the loss was but sixteen dollars.

To Go Through the Rapids.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Charles Percy, who is to pass through the whirlpool rapids this afternoon, left here at 3 o'clock this morning with his boat loaded on a dray, which will convey it to the falls. It was expected to reach there at noon, and the trip is arranged for 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. Scott Positively Declines.

New York, Sept. 15.—A special from Erie, Pa., to the Sun says: The Democratic Conferees in this Congressional District to-day received a final and positive declination from the Hon. W. L. Scott, of the renomination tendered him a week ago by acclamation.

Going in Search of Stanley.

Brussels, Sept. 15.—Captain Brenker will start for the Congo on Sunday. It is his intention to explore the Northern and Eastern regions of the Congo State, with 200 men. It is hoped that he may learn something about Stanley.

A French Liquor Dealer Assigns.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 15.—Reuna Mueller made an assignment Thursday night of her wholesale liquor stock. Liabilities $31,000, assets $18,000.

Cincinnati firms are the heaviest losers.

Charged with Bigamy.

William Hall, a colored barber, was brought into the Police Court to-day on the charge of bigamy. He married Ella Story November 21, 1887, but Ella discovered through some letters that she came across that there was another William Hall in Watkins, N. Y. The case was continued, bond being fixed at $500.

Harvey, National Capital Restaurateur.

This long established and popular caterer is now receiving his fall supply as usual of excellent oysters. Mr. Harvey says (and he is good authority) that the bivalves this season are unusually fat and fine flavored.

WAXEM IN A ROW.

Evil Communications Corrupt Good Manners.

THE EFFECT OF BAD EXAMPLE.

Senatorial Courtesy Strikes the Member from Wayback.

There are various important and interesting occurrences coming to pass in the two wings of the Capitol which, by some inadvertence on the part of the able editor, or by reason of the neglect of the ubiquitous reporter of our esteemed contemporary, the Congressional Record, do not appear in the enterprising columns of that valuable journal, and it is quite certain that subscribers are being lost by such management, and that advertisers are kicking and threatening to organize a company and start another paper in opposition. Within the past few weeks these omissions have become more than ordinarily common, until what the reader finds in the Record is anything but a record of the proceedings in the halls of legislation. Passing in dignified and sorrowful silence all others the Critic will present in full the latest Russianized item of the House, and let the people know the particulars which the Record is so careful to conceal.

The House in Committee of the Whole was discussing the Chinese treaty and Judge Waxem, the Member from Wayback, had the floor:

"Mr. Cheerman," he said, in the course of his remarks, "I want to say before my time is up that I am agin the Chinee as an imported article for domestic or gener'l use in this great and glorious Republic of ours. We don't want the time to never come in this broad land of freedom when the Chinyman can go 'round hangin' his clothes line from the loftiest peaks of the Alleghanies to the snow-clad summits of the Rocky Mountains, washin' his dirty duds in the roarin' caturack of Niagry and dryin' them on the sunkissed plains of the illimitable West, and crackin' his pigtail over American citizens like a Texas cowboy cracks his black snake whip over the backs of a herd of cattle."

Mr. Bryce, of New York: "I desire to inquire if the gentleman from Wayback has reference to me in his remarks?"

Judge Waxem: "I think I seen the gentleman from New York sneerin' durin' my peroration. Am I uncorrect in my conclusion?"

Mr. Bryce: "The gentleman from Wayback fails to reply to my interrogation."

Judge Waxem: "Does the gentleman mean to impugn my honesty?"

Mr. Bryce: "That is not the question. The gentleman looked over at me when he used the term 'Cowboy,' and I desire to know if he referred to me when he did so?"

Judge Waxem: "Mr. Speaker, I decline to be interrupted."

The Chair: "The gentleman declines to be interrupted."

Mr. Bryce: "I refuse to accept his decline, and repeat my interrogation."

Judge Waxem: "Ef the Member from New York don't like my remarks, he can ajourn to the cloak-room till I'm done. Is he ashamed of the cowboys of our glorious land?"

Mr. Bryce: "No, sir; he is not half as ashamed of them as he is of the language of Members on this floor who compare one of our typical institutions with a product of a Pagan nation."

Judge Waxem: "Is the gentleman referrin' to me in his uncalled-for and low-down remarks?"

Mr. Bryce: "That is about the proportion of my observation to the person calling it forth."

Judge Waxem: "I hurl the foul aspersion back into the throat from whence it come from, and——"

Mr. Phelps: "Mr. Chairman, I rise to a question of——"

Judge Waxem: "Set down. 'Tain't none of your mix. I've got the floor, and I'm runnin' this circus. Ef the gentleman from New York thinks he is goin' to throttle the voice of freemen, and put a muzzle on the mouth of Liberty, I want to tell him right here now that the halls of Congress ain't no cattle pen, and he can't brand a Member's statements like he brands a drove of steers. The gentleman is gittin' out of his bailiwick, when he tries to lead my languidge 'round by the nose, and I'll have him understand that Wayback ain't afeerd of the entire State of New York, nor any man that comes from thar."

Cries of "order," "order."

The Chair: "The gentleman from Wayback will come to order."

Mr. Bryce: "Does the gentleman from Wayback intend his elegant and classic remarks as a threat?"

Judge Waxem: "The gentleman from Wayback is responsible for any language he uses, either on this floor or elsewhere, and ef the gent from New York don't know my address he can find it in the Congressional Directory. I'm not wastin' any of my ingraved social stationery on persons jist now er I'd give him my card."

At this point of the discussion the gentleman from New York reached into his pocket for his handkerchief and the Judge stepped out into the aisle.

"Ef the gentleman wants to pull his weepins on me," he continued, "let him pull. I am unarmed, but I aint afeerd to serve my country, even in the cannon's mouth, and what I said before I say now, and repeat agin. No tiranical oppresser of free speech from New York or any other State is goin' to put his iron heel on my neck, and through me on to the free and enlightened neck of the citizens of Wayback that I am proud to represent on this floor. Is the gent from New York willin' to meet me outside? Mr. Cheerman, I pause for a reply."

Mr. Bryce: "By—"

But Mr. Bryce's remarks were lost in the storm of confuston which had arisen all over the House, and the chairman gavelled the desk in vain. The friends of both statesmen rushed between them, and as there was plenty of space in that locality the crowd was large, and an open outbreak was thwarted. The sergeant-at-arms had gone for the police, but on his return peace had been restored, and several Members who had crawled under their desks resumed their places, the others settled back and Judge Waxem, with still five minutes of his time left, continued his remarks:

"As I was sayin' when I was interrupted, Mr. Cheerman, this country don't want to be overrun with heathens that can't vote. Voters is what we want here er we don't want nobody. The gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. Phelps) has stated that—"

Mr. Phelps: "I beg the gentleman's pardon, I have made no statement."

Judge Waxem: "Does the gentleman mean to impugn my honesty?"

Mr. Phelps: "I beg the gentleman's pardon. I merely desired to correct him."

Judge Waxem: "When the gentleman from Wayback, sir, is hard up for correction, by Zucks, sir, he will not go to New Jersey to git it. If New Jersey has got any correctin' to do she had better begin at home. As betwixt China and New Jersey, Mr. Chairman, I am in favor——"

Mr. Phelps: "The gentleman from Wayback is, I think, going a little farther than courtesy permits, and I would ask him to restrain himself, and not draw me into any unseemly and disgraceful——"

Judge Waxem: "Does the gentleman mean to insinuate that I am tryin' to raise a disturbance on this floor? He has already hinted that I am a liar, and now does he want to make me out to be a drunk and disorderly disturber of the peace. I am able to take keer of myself, sir, and I hurl the foul aspersion——"

The Chair: "The gentleman from Wayback is out of order, and will take his seat."

Judge Waxem: "Mr. Chairman, I——"

The Chair: "The gentleman is out of order."

Cries of "order," "order," "sit down," "bully for Waxem," etc., during which Mr. Phelps stood calmly at his desk with his hand on a paper weight, and the Member from Wayback tramped up and down the aisle and finally sat down.

The business of the House once more proceeded, and in an hour or so the Judge rose to a question of personal privilege.

"Mr. Cheerman," he said "I aint no coward and I aint afeerd of no man livin', but I'm liable to make mistakes like everything humun is, and I reckon I've made a mistake to-day. Congress has hung on here by the teeth till my patience is plumb worn out, and it's more'n likely I went off half cocked awhile ago in my remarks. Ef I said anything to hurt the feelin's of the gentleman from New York I'm sorry fer it and I apologize to him fer my remarks. To the gentleman from New Jersey I also extend my apology and I hope they will be accepted in the spirit which promp's them. I want to see brotherly love continuin' all over this broad and happy land, and I am goin' to do all I can to perpetuate it. I also ask the pardon of the Cheer and of the House, but I want to say in the kindest sperrit that I don't 'low to have no man treadin' on my coat tails here ner elsewhere."

Mr. Bryce: "As far as I am concerned the gentleman's apology is accepted. And in accepting it I also ask his pardon for remarks I made to him, but there's a limit and I do not desire that any man go beyond it in remarks concerning myself or my State."

Mr. Phelps: "The gentleman's apology is accepted. I harbor no ill will."

Judge Waxem: "Mr. Cheerman, I move you the proceedin's, as fer as they apply to the recent disagreeableness existin', but now peacefully settled, be expunged from the Record."

Mr. Martin, of Texas: "I second that motion for the sake of harmony."

It was ordered that the matter referred to be excluded from the columns of the Record.

When the House adjourned at five o'clock Judge Waxem shook hands with Mr. Phelps and Mr. Bryce, and a half hour later the Judge was seated at the head of a table in the House restaurant with Mr. Phelps and Mr. Bryce on either hand, and Mr. Kilgore, Gen. Spinola, and Senators Mitchell, Morgan, Spooner, Butler, Ingalls and Voorhees arranged about the board in the most charming and delightful manner.

KEEPING THEM AT BAY.

How an Illinois Criminal Defied a Constable and His Posse.

Quincy, Ill., Sept. 15.—Game Warden Pipino and Constable Sacre attempted to arrest a fisherman named Rodenbaur Thursday for violating the fish laws, but after a desperate fight he escaped. Yesterday he was in the city with a double-barreled shotgun. After riding about the streets for awhile he went to his home in the northeast part of the town.

Shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon four officers went out to arrest him and were ordered off the premises. After some parleying firing was begun and Detective Purcell was wounded in the leg. The officers then retired and Rodenbaur barricaded himself in his house. He is said to be armed with a Winchester and two shot guns. The house last night was surrounded by police but up to 10 o'clock Rodenbaur had not surrendered.

Mrs. Proctor Reaches New York.

New York, Sept. 15.—Mrs. Proctor, wife of Prof. Proctor, who lately died in this city from yellow fever, arrived here this morning. It is probable that before night communication will be opened between her and the Health Officers with reference to the final disposal of her husband's remains yet unburied. Mrs. Proctor is staying with friends but the Health authorities refuse to reveal her address.

Failure of a New York Broker.

New York, Sept. 15.—The failure of C. M. Ward, broker, has just been announced on the Stock Exchange. He had no outstanding contracts in the Exchange, and the failure excites but little interest. The failure of Mr. Ward is attributed to heavy losses by the recent heavy decline of St. Paul.

Heavy Frost In Iowa.

Mason City, Iowa, Sept. 15.—The heavy frosts of the last two nights have seriously damaged the corn crop. It will reduce the average yield twelve bushels per acre. Grass was killed and herds will soon have to be housed.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Stock and Money Market.

New York, Sept. 15.—Money opened at 1, and closed same rate. Exchange closed steady; posted rates, 485@489; actual rates, 484@484½ for sixty days, 489@489½ for demand.

Governments closed steady; currency 6s, 121 bid; 4½s coupon, 106½ bid; 4s, do., 12½ bid.

Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts, 114 to 116; do, land grants, 103 to 106; do, sinking funds, 120 to 123; Centrals, 114 to 116.

The stock market was feverish and irregular this morning, and closed at noon in an unsettled state. The feature of the dealings was a heavy pressure to sell the granger stocks, particularly St. Paul. Outside of the grangers there was little or no trading. The stocks named went steadily down under the selling movement, and at the close were off 1½ to 3½ per cent. The declines in the others were within the range of ½ to 1 per cent.

Closing prices—W. U., 83; C. C. C. & I., 58; N. Y. C., 108½; N. J. C., 88½; Ills. C., 117; N. Pac., 27½; Can. Pac., 35; U. Pac., 59; Tex. Pac., 24½; Can. So., 51; Can. Pac., 56; D. & H., 118; D. L. & W., 141; Denver, 19½; Erie, 28½; do. pfd., 64½; L. S., 91½; L. E. & W., 17½; Pac. M., 35½; Reading, 51½; R. I., 106½; St. P., 61½; do. pfd., 102; Wab., 14½; do. pfd., 26½; B. & Q., 110½.

The Chicago Market.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Opening 9:30 a. m.—Wheat—Sept., 91; Oct., 90½; Dec., 91½; May, 95½. Corn—Sept., 44½; Oct., 43¾; May, 38¾. Oats—Sept., 24¾; Oct., 24¾; May, 28¼. Pork—Oct., $14.25. Lard—Sept., $10.00; Oct., $10.00. Short Ribs, $8.75.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Miscellaneous Bonds—W. and G. R. R. Co., 100; Masonic Hall Ass'n, 100¾; Wash. Market Co., 114½; Wash. Lt. Infantry, 1st, 89; Wash. Gaslight Co., 123.

National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washington, 290; Bank of Republic, 158; Metropolitan, 195; Central, 200; Second, 124; Farmers and Mechanics, 161½; Citizens', 125; Columbia, 110.

Railroad Stocks.—W. and G. R. R., 210; Metropolitan, 103½; Columbia, 33; Capitol & North O street, 34.

Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 35; Franklin, 38½; Metropolitan, 71½; National Union, 19; Arlington, 157½; Corcoran, 38; Columbia, 11½; German-American, 150; Potomac, 62; Riggs, 7½.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, 41½; Georgetown, 44; U. S. Electric Light, 55.

Telephone Stocks.—Pennsylvania, 32; Chesapeake and Potomac, 78.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Washington Market Co., 12½; Washington Brick Co., 180; Great Falls Ice Co., 125; Real Estate Title Ins. Co., 116; Columbia Title Ins. Co., 4½.

Weather Indications.

Fair; followed by light rains; slightly warmer; easterly to southerly winds.

Temperatures, as given by Dr. Draper's Self-Recording Thermometer, D. T. Kidder, agent, 511 Seventh street: 9 a. m., 71°; 12, 76°; 3 p. m., 73°.

THE LIBRARY SCANDAL.

Mr. Stahlnecker's Alleged Connection with the Contracts for Material.

TESTIMONY OF ARCHITECT SMITHMEYER

Tuckahoe Marble as a Factor in the Building Negotiations.

Promptly at eleven o'clock this morning the special committee appointed to investigate the charges against Congressman Stahlnecker preferred by Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, was called to order by Chairman Rice, in the Rivers and Harbors Committee room. In his bill of charges Judge Kelley says that on —— day Mr. Stahlnecker informed Mr. Smithmeyer that there was a quarry of marble in his Congressional District, known as Tuckahoe marble, and was of a superior quality. He would like very much to have the marble used in the construction of the new Library building. At the time Mr. Stahlnecker made the request he or his relatives were interested in the said quarry. The charges further assert that