Baton Rouge Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY JOHN R. DUFROCQ AND A. P. CONVERSE.

Vol. XXVI. BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANE, AUGUST 31, 1844. No. 30

SUNDRIES.

Madeira Wine of a very superior quality Old Monongahela Whiskey, Champagne Brandy, Brown Stout London Porter, Dawson's Phil. X ale (in wood and bottles.) Cordials, Claret & Muscat Wines, all of the best quality just received and for sale by.

W. MARKHAM.
43 Church Street.

GREEN & McDOUGAL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
27 COMMON STREET,
april 1 6ly. New Orleans.

MACHINERY.

On consignment, a superior gin stand 58 saws, Gentry's patent French Burr corn mills of the latest improvements, possessing many advantages over any others now in use.

Stock mills, or crushing machines, expressly designed for grinding corn in the ear, into coarse meal, for stock.

The above machinery will be sold very low for cash or exchanged for cotton, sugar or molasses. PIKE & HART.
july 29 25

TO THE LADIES.

A list of the names of the Ladies who desire to take part in the preparation of the Banner, to be presented to the Parish that shall send the largest Delegation to the Mass Convention to be held on the 7th of October, has been left at the Store of Phillips & Lanoue, where Ladies can send in their names during the coming week.

Baton Rouge, Aug. 24th, 1844.

BUFFALO ROBES.

A few bales of Large Robes, well dressed for sale at $3 00. a Robe, by
oct 21 37 PIKE & HART.

MINERAL INCORRUPTIBLE TEETH.
MOUNTED ON GOLD.

From one single tooth to complete setts.

THE subscriber has now on hand, a fine and large assortment of the above teeth, of a superior quality, and offers to insert or supply those persons who have been so unfortunate as to lose their natural teeth, and are desirous of having them replaced by a suitable and durable article, can now be accommodated on reasonable terms.

Such is the degree of perfection to which this art has arrived, that we are enabled to replace the teeth when lost, in so perfect a manner as to render them highly useful to the patient, and at the same time, so perfectly to resemble the teeth which were lost, as to completely elude detection by the closest scrutiny.

A. L. PLOUGH. Dentist.
Dec. 23 40 *Prospect Hill.*

WOOL! WOOL!! WOOL!!!

A liberal price will be paid for Wool by
PIKE & HART.
Jan 23, 1844.

THE FINEST AND CHEAPEST
ASSORTMENT IN TOWN.

The undersigned has just received by the packet steamer Helen, a part of his Spring Goods, consisting of the following articles:

20 pieces ginghams, 2 ps. Italian black silk, 2 ps. gros de Naples, 15 ps. jaconade prints, 12 ps. balzarin muslins, 35 ps, richest patterns light col'd. prints, Irish linens, 4 ps, white drilling for pants, black ginghams, linen checks, cotton cambric, 2 dozen linen pocket handkerchiefs for gents, 10 gross thread buttons, 10 do. pearl, 2 pieces oil silk, 2 gross metal buttons, 15 pieces cotton checks, 10 do. linen, 5 do. grass bar lace muslins, 10 pieces jaconet, French ginghams, damask napkins and table linen, 10 pieces grass bar muslin, 10 pieces Swiss muslin, 8 ps. Bishop lawn, Victoria skirts, cambroon cottonades, brown linen, common calicoes, furniture prints, French jaconets, and Swiss printed muslins, spring ribbons for bonnets, vest patterns, gauze flannels, black lace veils, black silk velvet, do. do. cravats, 4 dozen lad. silk cravats, figured bobbinets, Trenton mill cotton, Appleton sheeting and shirting, linen sheetings, fine open Tuscan bonnets for ladies and misses, 10 pieces straw matting, musquito netting, Dimity, Irish linens 20 pieces light colored richest patterns, Merrimack prints, French merinos, black, bed ticking, Hamilton stripes, Dimities, fine dimities, jean mistures, artificial flowers, &c., &c.,

CLOTHING.—Merino, cottonade and linen check coats, do. do. pants, gingham coats, fine summer vests, L. B. shirts, silk and cotton suspenders, hats, all sorts, shoes, and boots, gent' lasting bootees, and a general assortment of ladies shoes, besides, perfumery, combs, needles, &c., &c., &c.,

I will now continue to receive my full supply by the Helen and Rainbow every week, and can assure my friends, that they will find every week some new patters of all kinds of goods as I have a person in New Orleans, who is an excellent judge of goods and a very close buyer. As to the prices of my goods, almost every body is aware, that there is no store in Louisiana that I would suffer to undersell me. Please therefore; give us a call, examine our goods and prices, and you will undoubtedly be satisfied.

D. SANGER, Lafayette St.
mar5—ly.

JUST RECEIVED.

A general assortment of ready made clothing, hats and caps, besides a good many Ladies' fancy goods, by

D. SANGER.

P. S. All those indebted to D. Sanger, are respectfully invited to come forth and settle their accounts, otherwise they will be handed to a lawyer for collection.

NOTICE.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he continues his business of Carpentering and House joining, and that he will undertake all jobs pertaining to his line, on the most reasonable terms. He will furnish plans and drawings without charge, in all cases where he executes the work.

Refer to—J. N. Brown, R. McGavock, E. Moore, in Iberville; Dr. C W. Combs, A. Bird, and D. Barbee, in the parish of East Baton Rouge.

Address, to the undersigned at the post-office in Baton Rouge, Manchac, or Iberville.
nov. 10 40 P. McKITRICK.

NOTICE.

The undersigned tenders his thanks for passed patronage and would respectfully inform the public that he will make liberal advances on cotton sent to Mr. M. Sloan, commission merchant, New Orleans, and will keep on hand a general assortment of Groceries and Provisions.

J. W. MUSSELMAN,
Agent for G. B. WHITE.
november 4 39

William Davidson. John Parkison.
WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.
COTTON FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
81 CANAL STREET,
New Orleans.
REFER TO—N. K. Knox, A. Matta, Chas A. Hill. 35

JUST RECEIVED.

A splendid assortment of Ladies Kid Slips, Gaiter Boots, Coloured Lasting slips &c. Gentlemen's fine Cf. Skin Nullifiers, Skin Brogans, Black lasting Gaiters. &c.

C. A. HILL.

SADDLERY.

On hand a large assortment of mens, ladies, boys, and misses Saddles.

Also bridles, martingales, stirrups, leather saddle bags, saddle and blankets, coach and gig whips, sursingles and girths,

"At the Yellow Store under the HILL.
CH. A. HILL.
march 9th, 1844.

U. S. MAIL.

SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET,—*For the Coast, Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, Waterloo and Bayou Sara and Point Coupee,*

The U. S. Mail Steamer BRILLIANT, Jesse Hart Master in compliance with the instructions of the Post Master General, will commence on the 1st of March, carrying the mail twice a week and will leave New Orleans on *Sundays* & Wednesdays at 10 o'clock A. M. and Bayou Sara on Mondays and Fridays at 12 o'clock, M and arrive in New Orleans early on Tuesday and Saturday morning's.—On the Wednesdays Trip, will go on to Point Coupee as usual.

☞ For freight or passage, apply on board, or to WM H AVERY, 88 Gravier st.
Feb 7, 1844.

HATS AND CAPS.

Just received from New York, a hadsome assortment of gentlemen and boys' fashionable hats and caps snitable for the season.

PHILLIPS & LANOUE.
september 9 3

DR. R. W. FOX,

Licensed Physician of the Medical Board at New Orleans, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Manchac and public generally in the various branches of his profession, hopes by liberal patronage to render general satisfaction. Residence and office at Mr. John Bills, Bayou Manchac. 3

CHINA & GLASS.

Just received and for sale by the subscriber an assortment of French China & Cut Glass.

No. 1 WM. MARKHAM.
Church street.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, under the firm of "William Davidson & Co." for the transaction of a Cotton Factorage and Commission business, in the city of New Orleans. Office, No. 81 Canal street.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON.
JOHN PARKISON.
nov .11 40

Wanted, a good *Blacksmith* to work in the Country
PIKE & HRAT

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

The public are hereby notified that the days of departure and arrival of the Baton Rouge Packet HELEN, J. H. URE, Master will be changed on and after the 25th inst., as follows:—She will leave New Orleans every TUESDAY at 10 A. M. and returning, leaves Baton *Rouge* every FRIDAY.

Arrangements having been made with Messrs. F. S. Bissel & Schlatre, of Plaquemine, to form a direct line to Attakapas during the low water, in connexion with the steamer URILDA, Shippers may rely on their goods being carried through with despatch and at the lowest rates.

The HELEN will also receive freight for Lafourche during low water, and re-ship per steamer OLIVER—

For Freight or passage, apply on board, or to
july 6 22 PIKE & HART.

CHEAP CASH STORE.

H. LANOUE, Senr. having opened his store in Laurel street, opposite Mr. Jourdan's Apothecary's shop, offers to sell, on the lowest terms for cash the following articles:

Canvassed hams and sardines in half boxes, and mackerel in small tubs.
Soap by the box or retail, sparmaceti candles
Champaign by the basket,
Cider in boxes,
Sweet oil by basket, half do., and bottle,
Curacoa and absinthe,
Loaf sugar, Havana coffee,
Preserved fruits in brandy and sugar,
Havana sweetmeats in small boxes,
Old cognac brandy. Tuscaloosa whiskey, Kershwasser,
White wine vinegar,
Rice, vermicelli, Macaroni,
Assorted cordials and syrups,
Sifters and baskets,
Mustard, pimento, pepper, tea and Spanish chocolate,
French perfumeries, combs, hair and tooth brushes,
Cutlery and crockery ware,
Letter paper, foolscap, quills, and blank books,
Snuff, Havana segars, do, mêlées.
Painters, shoe and white-washing brushes,
French and American hair brooms,
Boston nails from 6 to 20c by the keg or at retail,
Coffin nails white and black,
Dupont's gun powder by half kegs.

FOR SALE.

A house situated in one of the prettiest parts of this town, with the buildings belonging thereto, namely: A kitchen, several rooms for servants, store-room, stable, pigeon-house, a well of excellent water, &c.

Also—a tract of land, containing about 840 superficial arpents, situated in this parish, at ten miles from town. Also several slaves of different ages and sexes.

For further information, apply to the office of this paper.

PRIVATE SALE.

Of a Plantation situated about 7 miles from Baton Rouge.

Containing about six hundred and forty arpens, about a hundred cleared, bounded east by the lands belonging to Mrs. Cobb, and west by those of Gilmore. For further information apply to Mad. B. Peyronnin, on said plantation or J. M. Brunot, Esq, Baton Rouge.
April 13. 10.

NOTICE.

Lime, sand and brick for sale by the undersigned, near the Garrison.

LOYAU BERHEL.

A L PLOUGH—SURGEON DENTIST.

☞ Residence, East of the court house, in the house formerly occupied by Charles R Tessier, Baton Rouge.
dec 10 44

THOMAS J. READ, SON & CO.
COTTON FACTORS.
NEW ORLEANS.
D. McFAYDEN, Agent.
BATON ROUGE.

SUCCESSION OF H A S MUSSENDEN.

Those persons indebted to the above succession, are informed that the accounts have been placed in the hands of H. W. Sherburne Esq, Attorney at Law, for collection.

STEPHEN HENDERSON.
august 17 28 2t. Administrator.

WANTED.

To hire by the month, or quarter, a second-hand Piano in good order. Apply to A. R. Feurtes at Mrs. Barker's.
August 24th, 1844.

FRESH SPRING
Goods For Ladies.

PHILLIPS & LANOU have just received a handsome assortment of beautiful French Balzorines, fancy organdies, plain check, and striped muslins, printed cambrics, and calicoes printed jackonets, lawns, and bareges, English striped, and French shaded ginghams, veils, handkerchiefs, musquito netting, &c., all of which are offered at very low prices.

LINEN DRILLINGS.

Brown and white linen drillings, fancy striped and plaid do. linen check, blue Arabias for coats, 3|4 and 4|4 brown linens, gambroon and Ripka cottonades, blue denims, black merinos and summer cloths, Marseilles and satin vestings at,

PHILLIPS & LANOUE.

100 *Molasses* barrels for sale by
R. BEAL.

MAYORALTY.

Be it ordained, That the law passed on the 20th of January 1826, be so amended that any person convicted of having sold spirituous liquors within the limits of the Corporation of Baton *Rouge* in a less quantity than one quart without having first obtained a licence to do so, shall be subject to pay a fine not exceeding thirty five dollars, nor less than twenty five dollars, all laws and ordinances to the contrary are hereby repealed.

Passed 6th *May*, 1844.

A true copy of the record.

SAML. SKOLFIELD, Clk.

DR. SPENCER'S
VEGETABLE PILLS

THESE Pills, wherever they have been fairly tried, have established an enviable celebrity, and are daily superceding all other preparations of medicine, in curing those diseases for which they are recommended. They are recommended by the *faculty* as the best cathartic and aperient medicine in use. In fine, the general voice of the community give them the decided preference, and from their decision there is no appeal.

The following is from Mr. Isaac M. Thomas, merchant, at Talladega Springs, Alabama.

TALLADEGA SPRINGS, TALLADEGA CO., Alabama, August 17, 1842.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted with sick headache, dyspepsia, and liver complaint and costiveness for the last eight or nine years, during which time I had taken, as well as I recollect, about sixty boxes of Beckwith's Pills, twelve boxes of Peter's Pills, and a number of boxes of Champion's and Brandreth's Pills, all of which afforded me but little or no relief. At last, I was recommended to try Dr. Spencer's Vegetable Pills, AND WELL I DID, for I never had but one attack of the sick headache after I commenced taking the Pills, (now about six months,) and I candidly confess, that I have derived more real benefit from the use of Spencer's Pills, than from all the other Medicines and Pills that I have ever taken, and I would earnestly recommend them TO ALL, as being in my opinion the best medicine in use for all lingering complaints. The Pills have done me so much good, that I would not feel willing to be without them for five dollars a box; and I cannot but feel very grateful to Dr. Spencer for having prepared such a valuable medicine, and the distribution of it is conferring a very great favor on the public, as it is a thing of the utmost importance that every family should have a supply of Dr. Spencer's truly valuable Pills constantly on hand.

ISAAC M. THOMAS.

MARION, Perry county, (Ala.) June 9, 1844

A. SPENCER, M. D.

DEAR SIR—It is about nine months since your agent left with me a quantity of your Anti-Bilious Pills; I did not believe that much could be done with them, for they were a new medicine to us and we were largely supplied with Peter's, Moffatt's and other similar Pills, which were well known here; but from the testimonials of the efficacy, of your Pills in bilious diseases, sick headache, dyspepsia, bowel complaints, &c. &c., it was not long before some were induced to make a trial of them. They were at once found TO BE just what they PROFESSED to be: and from that day to this, their popularity has been rapidly increasing. I have sold during the last few months three hundred and twenty boxes. You may calculate upon a large sale of them during the coming season. I wish you to send me six or seven hundred boxes as soon as convenient. Send them to the care of I. C. Dubose & Co., Mobile, Alabama.

Yours truly, H. F. GODDEN.

TOMPKINS' BLUFF, Sumpter County, Alabama, January 4, 1843.

Dr. A. SPENCER:

DEAR SIR—I wish you to forward me a large supply of your Pills; I dont think three hundred boxes too large a quantity to send. I sold one hundred and sixty boxes the last six months; they are the most popular Pills in this place. For bilious complaints, sick headache, dyspepsia, and such like diseases, they are considered almost an infallible remedy. I have been agent for Dr. Peter's Pills and formerly sold a large amount yearly. But I now sell three dozen of your Pills to one of his. My customers think them superior to Peter's or any other Pills.

*R*espectfully yours, O. C. KELSEY.

☞ Price 25 cents per box, with all directions.

For sale at the Drug Stores of G. Souterre and B Jourdan, and at the store of J W Musselman, agent: Baton Rouge La.

J. M. ELAM,
ATTORNY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Residence in Baton Rouge.

Will hereafter restrict his practice to the several courts of the parishes of East and West Baton Rouge, the district court of the parish of Concordia; and in the Supreme Court at New Orleans and Alexandria,

At the following terms.

1. Legal advice which may tend to prevent litigation, gratis.
2. No charge made for advice, or services rendered to the indigent and oppressed.
3. All fees not exceeding fifty dollars to be paid in advance, over fifty dollars one half in advance, the balance on the rendition of the judgment, unless otherwise agreed on.
4. In the Supreme Court, when counsel for appellant, no additional charge will be made, as counsel for appellee the charge will be regulated by agreement.
5. In no case to be security for cost, or advance for documents. april 8 9 1y.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber respectfully informs builders and others, that he is prepared to execute all kinds of brick and mason work—and that he will put up buildings and furnish all the materials necessary—such as brick, sand, lime, &c, on the most reasonable terms.

He also offers his services to sugar planters and from his long experience in setting sugar kettles and other work necessary in a sugar house he can give ample satisfaction.

Apply to LOYEAU BERHEL,
feb 4 52 at the Garrison brickyard.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

The cheapest kind of bargains can be had in the way of ready made clothing at the yellow store under the hill. Just received Merino Frock and Dress coats, gingham, gambroon, cottonade and linen check, coatees and frocks &c.

CHS. A. HILL.

DENTAL NOTICE.

Such persons as might call for my services hereafter will please leave their names, so that I may now who they are, or to leave a note at the Gazette or Post Office. Professional duties often calls me from home and while this has created some disappointments to the applicant and operator, I deem this notice necessary so as to obviate similar disappointments in future.

A. L. PLOUGH,—Dentist
Prospect-Hill, nov. 18 41.

MONTGOMERY SLOAN,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
No. 14 OLD LEVEE STREET,
New Orleans.
sept 23 33 6m.

NOTICE TO SUGAR PLANTERS.

The undersigned having purchased of Mr John P. Bryan his Patent right to the newly invented *Cane Coverer* and also of the Patent *Cane Cutter* for the Parishes of East & West Baton Rouge and the Parish of Iberville, respectfully gives notice that he will sell the right of use and furnish either or both of said machines by applying to him at Baton Rouge.

ALFRED GATES.
Dec 9th 1844.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Just received by the subscriber a complete assortment of Boots & Shoes of an excellent quality which will be sold at low prices for cash.

No 1. WM. MARKHAM.
Church street.

A CARD.

Mrs. E. J. Hall, will open a school the 1st November on church Street (in the house formerly occupied by Capt. F. M. Kent) terms made known on application.

25 (12 pound Boxes) best Sperm Candles for family use for sale by
PIKE & HART.

TO THE PUBLIC

We are now prepared to execute all kind of work in our line, viz: pamphlets, justices' Sheriff's, school and other blanks, as cheap as they can be done *honestly*. We hope by industry and attention to business to merit a portion of the public patronage.

DUFROCQ & CONVERSE.

DR. S. G. LAYCOCK.

Tenders his professional services in the practice of medicine and Sugery to the Citizens of Baton *Rouge* and vicinity.

Office on Layfayette st. in the north west end of the City Hotel, where he may be found at all times unless professionally engaged.

LEATHER PRESERVATIVE.

A superior article for Boots, Shoes & Harness for sale by

PHILLIPS & LANOUE.

Fancy and Domestic
DRY GOODS
AND
MILLINERY.

M. SCHWARTZ, late from New Orleans, respectfully informs the citizens of Baton Rouge and its vicinity, that he has opened at this place a NEW CASH STORE, of the above named articles, consisting partly of

Bonnets of all descriptions,—newest Paris and New York fashions.

A great assortment of Ribbons—latest patterns.

French and artificial flowers,
Parasols and *Marquises*,
Thread lace and edgings,
Black and white blond lace,
Cotton laces and inserting,
Black and fancy colored silk velvet,
Black satin; colored and black silks,
Gloves and mittins, of all descriptions,
Embroidered collars, capes, pellerines, cuffs, modeste, caps, etc.
A new style of summer scarfs,
Swiss muslin; swiss mull,
Jaconets; Cotton Batist; Cross-bar muslin
Table diaper; Napkins (white and colored,)
Calicos; Silk and cotton Hdkfs.,
Silk and co ton suspenders,
Brown and bleached sheeting and shirting,
Brogans, Ladies shoes and slippers, black fancy ditto.
Children shoes, Gent. brogans, Black and fancy gaiters.
Worsted; Gold, silver and steel beads,
Sewing and knitting silk: Spool thread and cotton;
Thread; Perfumery; Combs; etc,
All of which Goods, will be sold at the very cheapest rate for cash.

Mr. S. respectfully solicits a part of the public patronage, and begs that they will call and examine his goods, which are all *new and fresh.*

Mrs. S., lately arived from Europe, will attend to the Milinery department, herself, and will always have on hand the latest Paris and London fashions; and by good workmanship and low prices, hopes to satisfy all who will favor her with a call.

Please call at the NEW STORE—Lafayette street opposite Mr. Sanger's.
june 26 3m.

PARASOLS, SUN SHADES, AND UMBRELLAS.

Just received from New York a large variety of elegant Parasols and Umbrellas, of the latest Parisian styles, of entirely new patterns and exquisite workmanship, at the lowest possible prices.

PHILLIPS & LANOUE.

DR ENDERS.

Offers his professional services to the citizens of East and West Baton *Rouge*.

He will always be found, unless absent on professional business, at the office of Messrs Avery & Fowler, Baton *Rouge*,
Dec 10 44

NEW GOODS.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has again replenished his stock with a variety of desirable articles and his assortment is now complete. Call and see.

W. MARKHAM.
Church Street

MAIL ARRANGEMENT.

From New Orleans on Monday's and Thursday's.

From Bayou Sara on Monday's and Friday's

Closes for New Orleans on Monday's and Friday's at 3 o'clock P M. for Bayou Sara on Sunday's and Wednesday's at 9 o'clock P M.

H. T. WADDILL, Postmaster.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of late John McGill deceased, of this parish, will present the same duly authenticated to the undesigned Testamentary Executor, and all persons owing the said Estate will please come forward and settle without delay.

JOHN BUHLER,
Tes. Executor.
aug. 8 27 1844.

FOR SALE.

One light Family Coach in complete repair, it will be sold very low for Cash or approved paper, by W. F. TUNNARD.

(*For the Baton Rouge Gazette.*)

GIT OUT OF THE WAY YOU USED UP LOCOS.

TUNE—"Old Dan Tucker."

As I walked out de oder night,
I seed a werry 'cullar sight;
De Loco leaders in debate,
Beneat de shade of a Polk-stalk sat—
Git out of de way you used up Locos,
Clar de track and save your cocoas.

Oh! Matty Van, dat used up man,
Was dere wid all his Tariff clan;
But opposite was Johnny C.
Who swore dat all trade must be free—
Git out of de way, &c.

And from Missouri Tommy B.
Went in for a specie currency;
But George made him look rather blank,
By comin' out for a National Bank—
Git out of de way, &c.

Disunion or Texas was de cry
Of South Carolina's chivalry;
But old Missouri's stubborn steed,
He broke de traces of de creed—
Git out of de way, &c.

Wid Dallas and de party too,
De Distribution bill got troo;
But lo! when Hickory Jackson got it,
He put de bill into his pocket—
Git out of de way, &c.

Van Buren said de President
At least for eight years should be sent;
But Polk, he swore twould never do;
And den one term was all de go—
Git out of de way, &c.

But all at once dat same old coon
Lit on de stalk an' broke it down;
And de last I saw, he was skout
Of Polk & Dallas wid a long ash-pole;—
Git out de way, you used up Locos,
Git out of de way you used up Locos,
Git out of de way you used up Locos,
Clar de track and save your cocoas.

A TEAR DROP IN THE EYE.

BY LEWIS DELA.

There's a wondrous chord in the human breast,
It seems moved by a magic spell;
And it beats to the music of the heart,
But its language it may not tell:
It is not heard in the studied phrase
Of the solemn words "good bye;"
Its power is seen in the trembling hand,
And the tear drop in the eye.

When called to part from the home of love,
And the friends I hold most dear,
Oh give me the pressure of the hand,
And the silent, trembling tear;
For then I know that the heart is full—
That it does with affection swell;
Its power is felt though it is not heard,
For its language it may not tell.

When we stand by the couch of dying friends,
To gather their latest sigh,
There may be pathos in the tone
Of the parting words "good bye;"
But I'd rather the clasping of the hand,
By a dying friend, were given;
I should feel 'twere the promise of the soul
To meet me again in Heaven.

Then tell me not of the sad "farewell,"
Nor of the studied words "good bye;"
But give me the grasp of the heart-warm hand,
And the tear-drop in the eye:
Then if again no more we meet
With absent friends most dear,
Through life we never shall forget
That last, that sacred tear.

A LETTER FROM MR. FRELINGHUYSEN.

The whigs of New Jersey had a mass meeting recently, at the birth place of the Hon. Theodore Frelinghuysen, which that gentleman was invited to attend. The following beautiful letter was written by him in reply to the invitation.

NEWYORK, JULY 15th, 1844.

Thomas A. Hartwell, Chairman of the Committee, &c:

DEAR SIR.—I have duly received your favor, as chairman of the committee on the subject, inviting me to a whig mass meeting, to be held at Mill-stone, in the county of Somerset, on the 17th of August next.

In other circumstances it would afford me great pleasure to meet my fellow citizens, the neighbors and friends of my youth, in my native country. But the whig convention at Baltimore has placed my name in such relations to the subject of your meeting that I trust you will excuse my absence. I feel assured that you, gentlemen of the committee and all my whig friends at the meeting, will find in the occasion of your assemblage, satisfactory reasons for the course I have taken.

I am deeply impressed by a sense of the honor done me, in the nomination to the office of Vice President by such a convention of worth, intelligence and patriotism as made it at Baltimore. The principles of national policy, on which their proceedings and choice were based, are approved by my best reflection and judgment, and must commend themselves to all dispassionate consideration. A sound currency, a fair protection to our industry, an equitable distribution of the proceeds of the public lands among its proprietors, and a wakeful jealousy over the executive department of our government, in the power and patronage entrusted to its administration. These are whig principles; and they are sound, constitutional, American doctrines.

The spirit of every one of them may be traced up to the times when England and Holland were battling for liberty; and through all the past, whenever the claims of the great community have been asserted with any interest, it has been under some of these forms A good government, to meet the ends of its existence, must secure to the fruits of labor, whether in the field or the workshop, a reasonable and certain reward. The public lands were earned by common toils and sacrifices, and while it is remembered how largely New Jersey shared in these, her sons will certainly vindicate the policy that distributes the proceeds. And in regard to watchfulness over executive patronage, who that knows anything of the aspirings of the human heart, or, that has marked the progress of power, does not feel the importance of a constant vigilance!

Our illustrious statesman, Henry Clay, has become such by the faithful and untiring ability, wisdom and ardor, with which he has, at all times, with hand and heart maintained those principles.

Let it then animate and encourage us, gentlemen, that in the political purpose of the whig party, the peaceful and yet ardent strife is to be for these great and fundamental principles, and I cannot but cherish the hope that the hills and valleys where our fathers, under the blessings of God, successfully bled for liberty, will witness the signal triumph of her sons in the same cause.

With sentiments of sincere respect, and a grateful sense of your past kindness, I remain your friend and obedient servant,

THEO. FRELINGHUYSEN.

POKE STALKS.—A friend of ours from the country a few days ago, informed us that as he was riding along a certain road with a friend he noticed that almost all the poke stalks along the fence corners had commenced withering. The fact was noticed at the time, and they rode on, and after a while they came to one which looked uncommonly fresh and green and when they cast about for the cause, they found it was shaded by a *Hickory tree.*—*Western Weekly Review.*

THE CANADA OUTRAGES.

The Niagara Chronicle thus speaks of these disgraceful scenes:

We understand that outrages by the laborers on the Welland canal have become so frequent of late, that the inhabitants of Thorold have petitioned the Governor General for the appointment of a stipendiary magistrate.

From the accounts which reach us it would appear that the inhabitants live in constant dread of injury to their property or their persons. Parties of laborers with arms in their hands are continually prowling about, and sometimes they patrol the streets in hundreds; and they indulge in the most violent threats toward all who do not favor their proceedings. It is feared that if some steps are not taken to suppress the "antagonism" which is growing up between the laborers and all other classes residing on the line of the canal, a great deal of mischief will ensue.

Among the outrages of the past week we may mention the following:

On Tuesday last a number of canallers, armed with clubs, entered the wheat field of Mr. Peter H. Ball, of Grantham, near the village of Thorold and in the most brutal manner attacked a coloured man who was cradling wheat. Having beaten him most cruelly and left him for dead, they proceeded to another part of the field to attack another man, who was also in Mr. Ball's employ. He, however, having heard the piteous cries of his more unfortunate comrade, took warning, and being fleet of foot made good his escape. They then proceeded to Mr. Ball's house, and would have committed farther violence, had they not been deterred by Mr. Ball meeting them with a brace of loaded pistols, and informing the one most in advance that he would shoot him if he persisted in coming nearer.

At mid-day on Sunday, three canallers, armed with guns, broke into the house of an inoffensive coloured man named Vance, living near the church at Thorold. They threw out his children, broke his windows, and opened several chests. He entered the house while they were in it, but they refused to answer his inquiries. The only provocation he can imagine himself to have given them is that, a short time ago, he had lost a sow; on searching for her among the shanties he found her confined in a pen, and released her from durance without asking permission.

DEATH OF HON. A. MUHLENBERG.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TRIBUNE.

PHILADELPHIA, August 11, 1844

I have the painful duty of announcing that Hon. Henry A. Muhlenberg, the locofoco candidate for governor of this state, was struck with apoplexy last evening about 8 o'clock, immediately after entering his house, and expired previous to the departure of the cars for Philadelphia this morning. The death of Mr. Muhlenberg must be deeply lamented by all, but more particularly by the party to which he has been long connected by strong political ties. His death has caused a deep gloom among his friends in this city, suddenness and unexpected as it appears to have been. Truly, "in the midst of life we are in death."

PHILADELPHIA, August 12—P. M.

DEATH OF HON. HENRY A. MUHLENBERG.—The death of this distinguished son of Pennsylvania, which was currently reported throughout our City yesterday afternoon as having occurred in the morning, did not take place until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. He, however, remained insensible from the moment the disease struck him, and recognized no one up to the hour of his departure. His death is the subject of much regret, as it will unquestionably distract the party to which he was warmly attached. Much speculation is expressed as to his successor, but I have no doubt Francis R. Shunk will be the man. I have seldom witnessed more real sorrow at the loss of any public man than in the present instance. His funeral will take place on Wednesday—his remains to be interred in the German Lutheran Church-ground.

BENEFITS OF MATRIMONY.—I went to one neighbor and solicited a donation for public objects; he replied, I approve of your object, and would assist you—but you know I have a family, and 'Charity begins at home."

I called upon a second; he replied that such as were able ought to be liberal, and that he had every disposition to aid; 'but,' he added, 'there are stronger claims than yours, which I am bound to regard—those of my children.'

A public charity demanded that a messenger should be sent from the city to a remote country. A person was selected whose talents were well adopted to the mission. He replied that nothing could give him more pleasure, but it was absolutely impossible on account of his family. He was excused.

Two merchants, partners in business failed. At a meeting of the creditors, it was resolved that one should be forthwith released; but the other, because he was a bachelor, might yet, as was his duty, go to work and pay a dividend.

An insurance office was about to appoint a secretary. There were, as usual, twenty applicants. In the discussion of the board of directors, the talents of many were sent forth; when a member rose and said that the candidate whom he should propose was a poor mad with a family. He succeeded and holds the office still.

A mercantile friend wished me to procure a person to fill a responsible station. A gentleman came well fitted for the office. I asked him how much salary he expected. He replied smilingly, 'I am a married man,' which I understand to be fifteen hundred per annum. He has the place. No bachelor would have had over a thousand.

Two criminals were tried for forgery at the Old Bailey, and condemned to death. The King pardoned the one that was married, on account of his wife and children. The other paid the forfeit of his life, because he was a batchelor.

In short, would you avoid the trouble of many kinds, excite sympathy, procure office, or escape punishment, you have only to get married.

TEXAS AND SLAVERY.

The Augusta Age, a locofoco paper published in Maine, gives the following reasons in favor of the annexation of Texas. It demonstrates that annexation will diminish slavery, and this demonstration is as clear and conclusive to our mind as a proposition in Euclid. What do the Texas agitators in this region think of the reasoning of the Age? It says:

"The admission of Texas cannot possibly increase slavery. The British Government may have had the design of abolishing slavery there, but according to the best evidence, entertains that design no longer. And what is of more consequence, the design can never be carried out, whether entertained or not.

But in fact the admission of Texas will diminish slavery, because—

1st. The whole of it is now a slave country, and there is every prospect that it admitted into the Union, slavery will be prohibited in a large part of it, probably one half of it.

2d. If it is admitted into the Union, no slaves will be imported into it from Cuba, Africa, or any other foreign place; such importation being contrary to our laws. And although it is true that such importation is now equally against the laws of Texas herself, yet it is quite well known that those laws are not enforced, and we have no assurance that they will be very soon repealed. Pecuniary interests tempts strongly to their repeal, and already prompts to their infraction. That our own laws will remain as they are, we have a certain guarantee in the well settled public opinion of our country.

And not only will the admission of Texas diminish slavery but it opens a door to its ultimate and peaceful extinction.

If our slave population was transferred to Texas, it would drain off these fine countries, by manumission and escape, and finally disappear by diffusion.

The more this matter is considered, the more strongly it commends itself to the approbation of reflecting minds.

It may be objected that after slavery has advanced into Texas, it will still advance until it has covered Mexico itself. This objection will not bear examination. The overwhelming preponderance of the colored race in Mexico, will certainly arrest slavery at the Rio del Norte.

These enslaved Africans are our fellow beings, fashioned by the same Divine hand, and endowed with bodies and souls like our own. Our own immediate New England ancestors were concerned in bringing them here in captivity, and if we can right the wrong, we ought cheerily to do it. If we can direct the policy of our government so as to benefit them, we ought to embrace the opportunity with promptness and gladness.

Such an opportunity we now have, *and may never have again.* By annexing *Texas*, we confer incalculable benefits upon the unfortunate people, we open a door by which they, or their descendants, can safely obtain the same blessings and comforts which we ourselves enjoy. Shall we not embrace it? Does not philanthropy in this case plead loud enough to be heard even amid all the din of politics?"

HEADS OR TAILS.—James K. Polk *black*—James K. Polk *white*—right or left—orange or green, high tariff or free trade—just as his unprincipled advocates *North* or *South* please; we do not say all his friends are *unprincipled*, but we request his honest supporters to read the following:

"The Harrisburg Union, a locofoco paper, says Polk is in favor of a tariff that will afford the amplest incidental protection to American industry.

The Charleston Mercury says he (Polk) is for free trade, &c.

The Harrisburg Union says—'We happen to know that he (Polk) holds the doctrine of free trade in actual abhorrence. He has never advocated it, and he never will."

"A protective tariff," said James K. Polk, at Jackson, Tenn., in April, 1843, 'is a measure which I consider ruinous to the interests of the country."

"James K. Polk," says the Harrisburg Union, "is opposed to the disturbance of the present tariff."

"The provisions of the present tariff," says the Nashville Union, "are viewed with abhorrence by Gov. Polk and his friends."

"James K. Polk," says the Harrisburg Union, "is opposed to the disturbance of the present tariff, believing permanence in our laws to be of incalculable value."

"Mr. Polk's views on the tariff are southern to the backbone," says the Charleston Mercury—that is, he is for free trade.

"Mr. Polk holds the doctrine of free trade in actual abhorrence," says the Harrisburg Union.—*Constitutionalist.*

THE TRADE OF THE LAKES.—We are confident that like us many of our readers are far from being aware of the amount of the trade carried on upon our Northern Lakes. Startling as the fact may appear, the tonnage employed on those inland seas, is already nearly one third of the entire tonnage of the United States. A few days since there were fifty sail of vessels, mostly ships and brigs, unloading in the single port of *Buffalo*, on board of which were 60 000 bushels of wheat, and 12,000 barrels of flour, besides large quantities of other kinds of western produce. It is no uncommon thing to see sixty or seventy vessels in that port at once, and yet more than a million and a half bushels of western wheat have found a market in the different parts of Canada the present season. Buffalo has the air, appearance, and manners of a large seaport. It is but a few years since the bark canoe of the savage was the only water craft that ploughed the silent waters of our vast lakes,

SUICIDE.—On Tuesday morning last, an unfortunate being, a German, named Francis Dim, who was committed to jail in this place, on a charge of having sold spirits to negroes, was found dead in his cell. He was in a sitting posture, on the floor, a suspender with which he hung himself to a nail in the wall, having broken, no doubt after life was extinct. He was a tailor by trade, and five or six years since, when he came to this place, he was a steady industrious man, and apparently in prosperous circumstances: but he became a victim to strong drink, neglected his business, and within the last year or two his career to ruin has been rapid. He leaves a wife and two or three children, in a state of wretchedness and want.—*Planters Banner.*

MORE ROBBERY.—The locofocos, that is to say, the Polk and Dallas men, are robbing every body. First, they stole the Texas hobby from John Tyler; then they stole the "one term principle" from the whigs; since that, Mr. Polk has laid violent hands on the "protective principle," endeavoring to wrest that from the whigs; and now, as we learn from the Natchez Courier of the 15th inst., Governor Brown, of Miss., one of Mr. Polk's most ardent supporters, claims the "tariff of 1842" as a 'democratic' measure. What will the locofocos steal next? Having no principles of their own, they pay the whigs the high compliment of adopting theirs.—*Tropic.*

THE GAME.—An honorable man would be ashamed to take office on the terms on which the Loc