BATON ROUGE.

SATURDAY, November 29 h, 1845.

The Gazette—Our Terms—From and after this date we shall invariably charge as follows

For one years subscription if paid previous to expiration of term,	$5 00
If paid after, and the trouble of running after it	6 00
Advertising and sub. by the year,	20 00
Cards of Doctors, Lawyers, &c. per year,	12 00
Advertising per square 10 lines to constitute a square, one insertion,	1 00
Every subsequent insertion,	50c.
Announcing a candidate for public office, (if a subscriber,)	$3 00
Announcing do. (non-subscriber,)	$5 00

WHIG TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEN. WM. DEBUYS,

of the parish of Orleans.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

EDWARD SPARROW,

of the parish of Concordia.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

DANIEL D. AVERY.

To Represent the Parish of West Baton Rouge.

VALMONT HEBERT

We are authorized to announce Joseph W. Fowler, Esq., as candidate for clerk of the 3d district court, under the new Constitution.

We are authorized to announce Samuel Skolfield Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of the 3d district Court under the new Constitution.

We are authorized to announce John Reid Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of the 3d district court under the new Constitution.

You are authorised to announce Alfred Gates, Esq., as candidate for clerk of the 3d district court, under the new constitution.

Many voters.

We are authorized to announce Manuel Moreno, Esq., as candidate for clerk of the 3d district court, under the new Constitution.

You are authorised to announce AMASA READ, Esq., as a candidate to represent the parish of East Baton Rouge in the next Legislature.

Please announce Mr. Archibald Stuart, as candidate for coroner for the parish of East Baton Rouge, under the new Constitution.

Vox populi.

You are authorised to announce P. MILLETTE, Esq., as candidate for the office of coroner, under the new constitution.

Un grand nombre de votans.

WEST BATON ROUGE.

Mr. Editor—You are authorized to announce *Mr. Hilaire Bergeron* of West Baton Rouge, as candidate for sheriff, under the new constitution.

Many voters.

You are authorized to announce Mr Adonis Hebert, as candidate for Clerk of the fourth district court, for the parish of West Baton Rouge, under the new constitution.

Many voters

You are authorized to announce Mr. J. V. Duraide, as candidate for the place of Clerk of the 4th district court, for the parish of West Baton Rouge, under the new constitution.

Pro bono publico.

Please announce Mr. Labauve, as candidate for clerk of the fourth district court, subject to the decision of no convention, for if he be elected, he intends to be the servant of the whole people without distinction of party.

Et ultima cuando sera el primero recisido.

You are authorised to announce VILLENEUVE BLANCHARD, Esq. as candidate for sheriff, for the parish of West Baton Rouge, under the new constitution.

Please to announce Mr. Louis Ladion as candidate for Coroner for the parish of West Baton Rouge, under the new constitution

MESSRS EDITORS:—Please announce *Mr.* Valmont Hebert, as candidate to represent the parish of West Baton Rouge, in the lower branch of the legislature.

Subject however, to a decision of a parish convention, if one deemed necessary.

THE PEOPLE.

Our thanks are due to the obliging officers of the *Rainbow*, Majestic and Charlotte, for city papers.

The Grand Jury have found a true bill against Thos. M. Wadsworth accused of the murder of Captain Carson.

Eugène Lasere, Esq., has been appointed clerk of the Supreme Court, in the place of Chas L. Dérocher, Esq., deceased.

FLORIDA.—The doubts existing on the election of a member of Congress for this new state are at length dispelled and Cabell the whig candidate is triumphantly elected and gone to take his seat.

THE MAILS.—It will be perceived by an advertisement in another column that we have now four mails per week. It is an advantage that might be enhanced if a more judicious selection were made of the days of transportation. No mail reaches us from Monday to Thursday. We would urge on the contractors if they desire to consult the wishes of their patrons to remedy the evil, otherwise it will look rather selfish.

DERBIGNY & SPARROW.—We receive cheering accounts of the prospect of these candidates. If the whigs are true to themselves they will succeed. Already many of those who were inclined to join nativeism, seeing the utter hopelessness of succeeding in their views, and that the support of *Mr.* Derbigny would only effect the defeat of the whig candidate, have given up, though reluctantly, their candidate, "not that they loved Derbigny less, but Louisiana more." We are glad of it—for if the native american doctrine is not altogether proscriptive in its course, it will succeed at no late period, but at present it would only plunge us deeper in the abyss of Locofocoism. Let every whig act to his profession. On important questions you always find a locofoco true to his creed, imitate then their union and perseverance, and a triumphant success awaits you.

Papa, one of my school fellows says his brother wears mustachios: what are they? "Mustachios, my son, are bunches of hair worn on the lip by certain dandies as a substitute for brains." "Well, papa, are those who wear mustachos what are called hair brained coxcombs?"

We have heard a great deal about the rich lands of the West and of Texas, but in our opinion the Parish of East Baton Rouge can vie advantageously with either. Only few years ago, the idea of raising sugar cane on the Highlands, was deemed chimerical, now the experiment has been successfully tried, and the cane on the Highlands thrives better and furnishes more juice than that of Mississippi bottoms. And as for corn, cotton, potatoes, &c., our parish beats creation. We received some days ago two potatoes grown by R H Burnet, Esq., on *Manchac*, one weighing 5½ lbs., the other 4lbs. He assures us that he has about 50 bushels nearly the size of the latter. Come on settlers, nothing but industry is required—there is plenty land in this parish, and any honest, frugal and industrious farmer can thrive.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.—The question is drawing from the editors at Donaldsonville and Plaquemine the most modest encomiums of their respective villages. According to the former, Donaldsonville is a perfect Vienne and bayou Lafourche, a stream of chrystal waters, unequalled in ancient or modern history. The latter portrays Plaquemine and its environs in such glorious colors that we are led to believe it has been struck by the wand of magic since we were there last. A correspondent above the signature H., in the last *Planters Gazette*, talks of the convenience of its landing, the number of steamboats landing daily, &c., &c. All this would be very well, if to attain their object they did not slander Baton Rouge. H. calls it *unhealthy*, when every man, woman or child, who know any thing of the place, will pronounce it the most beautiful, eligible and healthy spot not only in Louisiana, but in the southern country, high above water mark, safe from inundation without levees, and where safe and easy landing can be found in the *same place* year after year. Those who have not visited Plaquemine for four or five years would be puzzled to recognize the place, and in our opinion would puzzle H. if they inquired for numerous acquaintances whose faces were familiar to them, and who have gone to that *bourne* from whence no traveller returns"—for the former landing now sunk more than two hundred feet in the river—for the front street that used to extend the length of the village and curb round the bayou—what could he H's answer?—all, all, have disappeared!! our unhealthy region has killed your acquaintances, your landing and the levee and front street to the mouth of the bayou suddenly disappeared in the month of July 1840, and since then our town has gradually sunk on the upper and lower side. We are now afraid that the next high water will force us to evacuate entirely or live in float, log residences.' Talk of Plaquemine as the seat of government. We would indeed compare our legislators to the man who built his on the sand, doomed to certain decay. We would caution H. not to slander Baton Rouge in future. Its advantages of situation are too well established to be easily depreciated by such means.

BURGLARY.—An attempt at Burglary was made at Mr. Donsean's Store on Wednesday night last. The shutter was bored in several places, but the noise waked up the inmates, and the burglars footed it.

The house of Mr. Brannagan was also visited some days ago, but the indefatigable rogues could not succeed. Our police should be on the alert.

ATTENTION BUYERS.—Beware of small weights and measures. If an inspector was appointed for the corporation he could seize enough false weights and measures in this town to pay the expenses of the corporation for one year. Who suffers? the poor, who mostly buy by retail.

☞ We are glad to see the feeling evinced in the following communications, and hope that those public spirited citizens, one of them a creole lady, will arouse the latent feeling of our population on that important question:

MR EDITOR—I have read in your last number the reproach you make to the citizens of this town relative to the question of the seat of government. I hope they will promptly answer your call. For my part, although not rich, I offer to the Legislature four lots in the most eligible part of this town. They are situated as to command a view of the river for miles up or down, and with six other lots, form a square. Those six lots might be purchased by the liberality of those, who like me, feel an interest in the welfare of our town and state, for a building that would be an honor to Louisiana.

A CREOLE.

MR EDITOR.—Being convinced, as well as you are, that Baton Rouge is the most eligible spot, under all circumstances, for the seat of government, as well as for a college, I request you to state, in your valuable paper, that I will give to the Legislature, one square of ground in this town, for the purpose of erecting a building, for the seat of government.

A CITIZEN
of West Baton Rouge.

For further information, apply at the *Gazette* office.

MASONIC FUNERAL RITES.—The Masonic funeral rites to the memory of GEN. ANDREW JACKSON, and the deceased Grand Masters of the Grand Lodge of the State of Louisiana, in the Methodist Church, Poydras street, last evening, were grand, solemn, and imposing. The rich and dazzling paraphernalia of the Masons, the numbers of beautiful women that thronged the galleries, and the mourning drapery in which the church was hung, formed a rich picture of accordant contrasts. One felt himself a witness of a scene partaking somewhat of the unearthly, and the inscribed cenotaph which rested on a platform covered with flowers—the sonorous, swelling notes of the orchestra—seemed to increase rather than dispel the illusion. We have not space to give a detail of the proceedings. An oration was delivered in French by Mons. Moulaire, and Mr. Fenley, President of the Masonic College, Kentucky, delivered one in English, in which he reviewed the life and eulogized the actions of GENERAL JACKSON, and defended Freemasonry from the objections urged against it, contending that it was a great moral institution, founded on the Bible; having for its object, the inculcation of faith, hope and charity, and the beneficent exercise of the virtues, justice, temperance, fortitude and mercy.

The exercises were prolonged till ten o'clock.

We noticed among the auditory—having no masonic symbols—the Governor of the State, the Attorney General, the United States District Attorney, the Mayor, Recorder Baldwin, and the Naval Officer of the Port.—*Delta.*

Niggar, "I want to ax you a *columnibus*,"
"Propel li den."
"Why am a PRINTER like a fashionable LADY."
"I don gub it up afore you ax me."
"Kase dey make a debil of a BUSTLE making up their FORMS."

☞ 'You're always in a bustle, Lizzy,' said an old lady to her daughter. 'It's the fashion ma.'

☞ We copy the following very appropriate and just remarks from the *Minerva*, published at Thibodaux, they are as applicable to our parish as to Lafourche:

TO THE VOTERS OF LAFOURCHE:

The *Tropic* of the 8th inst., contains very important documents on the agricultural productions of Louisiana. It is the answers of *E. J. Forstall* merchant of New Orleans to the questions propounded by the Sec. of the Treasury (*R. J. Walker*) concerning our agricultural productions, Cotton and Sugar:

We have given this able document our most attentive perusal, and cannot refrain from saying, that it is a masterly production, and one that should be read by all classes of the community.

This gentleman, although the time given, to him was but brief to prepare his answers still he has done it in a very satisfactory and comprehensive manner; and all who are not blinded by party spirit, will see at once the folly, and subsequent misery that would be attendant on any interference with the present Tariff. We would respectfully appeal to the working men and mechanical portion of the community, to give this all important document their attentive perusal; and then answer the following interrogatories. To whom do you owe your subsistence? Do you not see at once, that Sugar interests of the South provides you with a livelihood? Do you not see that culture of this commodity supplies the whole Southern Louisiana with work, for thousands of mechanics, of all the various branches, such as mechanists, Carpenters, Masons, Coopers, Laborers &c. &c. &c.? if such then be the facts, which are incontrovertable how can you go against your own interest, in voting for men who are diametrically opposed to your own welfare, by creating the only means by which you gain livelihood? Do you wish to strike a dead blow at your own happiness in following the dictators, and espousing the doctrine of the Locofoco party? If so then adieu to your own prosperity, to every thing that is calculated to make man an independent being; and welcome those dependent on misery, penury, and degradation. We appeal to your own judgment, your interest, your happiness and your future prosperity, and in fact to all that is sacred to man, to look well before you doom you country to ruin, by giving your support to Locofocoism or measures, which are the antipodes of prosperity, contentment, Freedom and independence. We would also appeal to the mercantile community of our young and flourishing town, to give your attention; let your judgment have an open field to exercise its reason, unbiased by party prejudices, and Minerva-like it will expouse the doctrines of the Whig party—for it is to that party, and to its influence alone, that we owe the passage of the Tariff of '42, and to that tariff, owes the "Paradise of Louisiana" her present and prosperous condition. To trace causes to effects it is the mighty influence of that great national measure, that has restored domestic peace and prosperity to the whole Union. Can you then, Merchants of Thibodaux, wish to prostrate yourselves, your friends, and your beloved country, by giving countenance to the doctrines of your enemies? those who wish to open our ports to the whole world, those who wish our yet vacant lands to remain in idleness by repealing the tariff of '42, and making us dependent on Foreign governments for our supplies, thereby producing agricultural depreciation, and the final downfall of our government—for it is from this cause that the once proud Mistress of the world owes her present degraded condition; where the Agricultural interest was destroyed by excessive foreign importations, which finally doomed that once mighty Nation into insignificancy.

A bold peasantry' their country's pride,
Once destroy'd can never be supplied.

EXECUTION OF COL. DAVENPORT'S MURDERER.—Aaron Young and two brothers named Long, were executed at Rock Island, Illinois, on the 4th inst., for the murder of Col. Davenport. They were all hung on one gallows and on letting the drop fall, the rope to which Aaron Long was suspended broke, and he fell, striking his back on the beam below, and laid insensible from the effects of the rope on his neck. Soon, however, the officers descended and lifted him up, when he recovered his senses, and was again led upon the gallows, suffering intensely, raising his hands and crying out—"The Lord have mercy on me! You are hanging an innocent man, and (pointing to his brother) there hangs my brother."

The scene is represented to have been horrible indeed, and when he was about to be suspended the second time there was considerable murmuring among the crowd, and a general rush, but the officers performed their duty, and he was soon lauched into eternity.

THE POTATO.—The London Spectator says "that 300 years ago, the potato was absolutely unknown in Europe. At the end of Elizabeth's, and beginning of James' reign, they were enumerated among luxuries, and thought to possess stimulating properties. The eighteenth century was considerably advanced before they were cultivated in the southwestern provinces of Scotland, and then they were carried on horseback to supply the Edinburgh market. Now, they are a world-wide necessary. In Europe they are even more important than bread. The idea of a general failure of the potato crop fills Christendom with alarm. No wonder, that the terrible disease which has attacked this year's crop in England, France, Belgium, New Brunswick, and the United States is a subject of so much anxious speculation.

A PORTRAIT OF THE ASSISTANT EDITOR.—It chanced during the late Summer, that a country Editor fell ill of a fever. The fact was announced to his readers, along with the notice, to the effect, that during his indisposition the editorial management would be confided to an Assistant. Well, it turned out that the Assistant contrived to please the readers of the Journal better than the Chief himself, and they demanded his name—The convalescent editor informed them it would be impossible for him to divulge the name of his aid-de-camp, but that he would, in the next number of the "Squatter's Thunderbolt and Settler's Family Guide," present his patrons with a correct portrait of the Assistant. Expectation balanced itself on tiptoe for a week, and when the anxiously looked for guide appeared at last, lo! and behold! at the head of the editorial column appeared a full-length engraving of a portly pair of *Scissors*! Underneath were printed, in staring capitals—"*Korrect Portrait of the 'Sistant Editor—From Life.*"

An eccentric ballot was deposited at the recent New York election, in the last ward. It ran as follows:

For the amendment of the Constitution in relation to the removal of judicial officers.

For the removal of *all* officers, and the appointment of new ones from the body of the people every six months.

For the division of property every Saturday night—oftener if required.

For making the dealing out of wine behind the counter a legal tender for the banks, instead of specie—particularly "for the Dutch."

For the establishment of Stated Preaching, and he Bible in the Schools, at all places this side of Sandy Hill.

If negroes shall be allowed to vote, I am for straightening their hair and white-washing their black faces.

An intelligent writer estimates the falling off in the receipts of the Post Office Department, under the reduced rates of postage, at $1,500,000, and the saving in the new contracts at $1,000,000, thus leaving only half a million to be provided for from the general treasury. This we deem a gratifying result of the great experiment in favor of cheap postage. In a few years, when the whole people have become habitually accustomed to cheap postage, the revenues of the Department will exceed its expenses.

"POR-THE-QUESTION" bonnets are all the rage in the eastern cities. It is only requesite for a young man to see one of these bonnets on a young lady, to know that she is in the market.

SWINDLING.—On Friday last, a person stored a hogshead, supposed to contain sugar, and two puncheons also, supposed to contain gin, at the store of Messrs. Lavillebeuvre in common street, where he soon after brought a party whose object was to purchase. Samples of the sugar and gin were shown, a price fixed, and a hundred dollars paid in advance on the goods, the balance to be paid "on delivery." However the gentleman who stored the merchandize not appearing to settle the matter, suspicion was aroused, and on opening the hogshead it was discovered to contain *sand*, and the puncheons supposed to have nothing but gin in them, were found with hardly any thing in them but water, there being two small tin cases fixed in the bunge having about a pint of gin in each. The defrauter has absquatulated to parts unknown. The police are on his track, however.—*Tropic.*

JOHN R. DUFROCQ:

SIR.—On a visit to the parish of Iberville last week, I stepped into the new sugar-house of *Richard A Stuart*, found it in full blast; operating on the old fashion process under his own superintendance.

I send you herewith a sample of *Mr.* Stuart's sugar. Those who intend to compete for the first premium at the next Agricultural and Mechanics' fair, should be on the alert; for I doubt not, but the specimen of Sugar which Mr. Stuart will produce on that occasion will equal, if it does not excel, that exhibited by him in January 1844—made at the sugar house of Mr. *LeBlanc*, and for which was awarded a silver cup. J. M. B.

The sample of sugar came duly to hand, and is of a most beautiful quality. *Mr.* Stuart is one of those planters who is never satisfied of doing well, but makes all his endeavors to bring to perfection, whatever branch of agriculture he may be engaged in. If we had more such men in the state, our agricultural faire would be more prosperous.

ARREST FOR FORGERY.—The Charleston Courier of the 14th says:—We learn that a requisition was received by Gov. Aikin, on Wednesday evening last, from the Governor of Alabama, for the arrest of John H. Peters, Esq., formerly a practising lawyer in that State, but recently residing in this city, (whence he had emigrated,) to answer a bill of indictment found against him for forgery. *We* understand that *Mr. Peters* was executor of the will of Wm. Bryant, *Esq.*, of Talladega county, Ala., deceased; and that the alleged forgery has some connexion with the testator's will, or a note given for purchases at the sale given of his estate, [or both,] involving an embezzlement of the estate's money. The accused was arrested yesterday, by Deputy Sheriff Solomon Moses, and delivered to Messrs. Jno. M Pierson, and Needham Bryant, [the alleration of whose note is said, to be part of the offence charged] the agents of the Governor of Ala.—who leave with their prisoner for Ala., this morning.

THE WHEAT CROP of the present year give promise that the embarassed States of the West will soon be able to pay all their obligations. The whole crop of the country is estimated at 125,000,000 of bushels. The wheat crop of 1842, which was the largest ever previously raised in the United States, was 103,000,000. The increase of 22,000,000 shows not less the large additional amount of land brought under cultivation than the genial character of the last summer. The crop of *Michigan* is comparatively larger than that of any other *State* in the *Union*. With a population of not over 400,000, she raised this year at least 700,000 bushels of wheat. It is estimated that Illinois has this year a surplus of 6,000,000 bushels. An advance of 10 cents per bushel would more than pay the interest of the State debt, and the price has already advanced more than 20 cents since the harvest.

SQUARING ACCOUNTS.—A short time since one of the beadles of N——took a quantity of butter from a countryman because it was deficient in weight; and meeting him a few days after in a public house, said to him, "You're the man *I* took the 20 pounds of butter from the other day." *No*, I beau't," replied Hodge. *I* am sure you are says the beadle. "I tell you I bean't," replied the countryman, "and if you likes I'll lay the a guinea on't." "Done," replied the beadle, and the money was quickly posted. "Now," says the countryman, "thou did take 20 *lumps* of butter from me, but if they had been 20 *pounds*, you'd have no right to take'em; and this," continued he, very coolly pocketing the money, "will just pay me for the loss of the butter."

SUGAR STATISTICS.—Mr. Champonier has an interesting communication in yesterday's Bee. He corrects some errors in relation to his last statement, of the sugar crop of Louisiana. In 17 parishes, he says there are 1850 plantations, with 737 old, and 367 new Sugar mills, making 1104 in all. From this, it appears that 367 cotton plantations have been changed into sugar estates. But this does not show the full number, as many small estates are not reckoned among the new plantations. In the Parishes of Vermillion, Lafayette and St. Landry, where there was 25 old plantations, he thinks there must be 25 or 30 new ones, *Rapides*, Avoyelle, Calcasieu, Catahoula and Concordia, says Mr C. "arrangements were being made for more than 200 new Sugar plantations but the most part of them have been suspended and cotton will be mostly cultivated on them, for another season, until the action of Congress respecting the Tariff is ascertained. Still, there are, however, 70 to 80 that are actually opened, and going into operation in those five parishes, and all those who suspended the change of their culture, are fully provided already, even at great cost, with seed cane for planting.

Of the above mentioned new plantations, but a certain number will produce more cane than they will respectively require for replanting this season, and add but little to the present crop. But a very large number will be in full operation for the next crop of 1846, 7, and all of them for the crop of 1847-'8.

Seventy-two engines for Sugar mills have been introduced in the State this year, coming from the manufactories of Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Louisville, New York, Philadelphia and Richmond. Some very costly ones from New York and Philadelphia.

There will not less than 130 put up this next season—by Pittsburg, 25; Cincinnati, 72; Louisville, 10; Richmond, I know of none; New Orleans, 15."

We stated in our Saturday number that Sugar mills were being erected in Attakapas from the Tredegar Iron Works, Richmond. *Tropic.*

Married and Unmarried.—The number of unmarried females in New York city, between the ages of 16 and 45, is 51,666—the number of those married of the same age is 54,207; the number unmarried under sixteen years of age is 62,020.—The number of persons married during the past year was 5,555 and the number of births during the same period was 14,014—of which 7,519 were males, and 6,495 females.

Colored Population.—The number of colored persons living in the city of New York is 11,936—of which number 11,576 are not taxee, 255 are taxed, and 108 are entitled to vote under the property qualification.—*Delta.*

New Constitution of Louisiana.—Mr. Morgan, of the Literary Depot, is about to publish the new Constitution of this State, with a copious index, and a comparison between its provisions and those of the old one. It will be prepared by A. F. Glenn, *Esq.* Such a work is much wanted, and Mr. Morgan is doing the public a great service in bringing it out thus early. From the ability of the gentleman engaged upon it, we may expect full justice will be done to the subject.—*Tropic.*

RIVER NEWS.—At Pittsburg, on the 14th inst., 5 feet 9 inches. At Wheeling, same date, 7 feet 4 inches and falling. The Van Buren, Ark., Whig of the 11th inst., reports the Arkansas river too low for navigable purposes.—The river was rising slowly at cincinatti on the 16th. At Louisville, on the 17th, 5 feet 10 inches in the canal. At Nashville, on the 15th, only 2 1-2 foot on the shoals. The Missouri and Illinois were very low and falling at last dates.

The mail arrived yesterday and brought us—nothing. The papers of Thursday ought to have reached us.

DR. F. M. HENSFORD;

SIR,—Feeling the importance, under present circumstance of having our parish ably represented in the next legislature, and having full confidence in your liberality and abilities, respectfully request you to be an independent candidate for a seat in the lower house. Your acquiescence will enlist the warm support of many voters of both parties.

PARISHIONERS.

MARRIED.

On Thursday the 27th, instant by the Rev. Joseph N. Brogard, Mr. Phillip Fitzsimons to Mrs. Mary Mahon, all of this parish.

On Thursday the 27th, inst., by the Rev. J. N. Brogard, Mr. Henry Ernest Hebert, of W. Baton Rouge to Miss Mary Dertilde Hebert, of said parish.

DIED:

At Thompson, Conn., on the 26th of Oct., JONATHAN CONVERSE, Esq., at the advanced age of 86.

On Friday, the 21st inst., Julius Isaac, infant son of D. Sanger, aged 20 months and 15 days.

DR. CLAGETT,
DENTAL SURGEON.

Respectfully tenders his acknowledgement to the citizens of Baton Rouge and vicinity, for the liberal patronage extended to him during his sojourn among them last winter, and would inform them that he has returned and taken rooms on Lafayette street, nearly opposite the Louisiana bank, where he is prepared to attend to all the duties appertaining to his profession. As his engagements will only permit him to spend a part of his time in Baton Rouge, he would invite those disposed to avail themselves of his services to make early application.

Nov. 29 no 43 1845.

FOR SALE.

On account of departure, on advantageous terms.

A drug-store well stocked apply to Dr. Souterre, who takes this opportunity of requesting *all* those who are indebted to him, to settle without delay. No 29——38

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

BATON ROUGE, LA., NOVEMBER 24, 1845.

THE U. S. MAILS will arrive from New Orleans on Sunday, Monday, Thursday and Friday. Closes for New Orleans, on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Arrives from Bayou Sara on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday. Closes for Bayou Sara, on Sunday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock P. M.

☞ The office will be kept open on Sunday till 10 o'clock.

The Greensburg mail arrives every Monday, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and departs the same day, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

H. T. WADDILL, P. M

STATE OF LOUISIANA,

Probate Court—Parish of East Baton Rouge.

In the matter of the succession of Jane Montgomery, deceased.

William D. Lea, testamentary executor of the last will and testament of Jane Montgomery deceased, having filed in the probate court, an account of his administration in the estate of said deceased. Notice is hereby given to all whom interested to show cause within ten days, why said account should not be approved and homologated, and made the judgement of the court, and the said Executor discharged from any further responsibility resulting from said trust.

Nov 22 43 CH. TESSIER, P. J.

FOR SALE.

In the Parish of West Baton Rouge.

A piece of ground containing three arpens and six feet front on the river, by forty in depth between parallel lines, with all the improvements thereto belonging. Said land is well timbered and well known, being the property belonging to the succession of Francois Lejeune.

The conditions to be made in three equal payments, the first payable in the month of March 1846, the second in March 1847, and the third in March 1848, in well endorsed bills to the satisfaction of the heirs, bearing eight per cent interest from time due, and mortgage reserved with confession of judgement, till final payment. If said land is not sold at private sale previous to the 20th December next, it will on that day be exposed at public sale by the undersigned judge and *ex officio* auctioneer.

L. FAVROT, P. J.

Nov 22 42 1845

CHANGE OF DEPARTURE. U. S. MAIL BOATS. Brilliant, Capt. Hart—Clinton, Capt. Baird. For Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, Bayou Sara, Tunica, Fort Adams and the intermediate Landings.—Owing to a change in the transpotation of the mail on this route, the above boats have changed their days of departure, and will henceforth observe the following, commencing this day, the 23d November.

The steamboat Brilliant will leave New Orleans on Sunday and Thursday mornings of each week, 10 o'clock, for Tunica, and all the intermediate landings; returning, will leave Bayou Sara on Tuesday and Friday, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The steamboat Clinton will leave New Orleans on Wednesday and Saturday mornings of each week, at 10 o'clock, for Fort Adams and all intermediate laudings; returning, will leave Bayou Sara every Monday and Thursday morning, at 11 o'clock.

—REDUCTION OF FARE—

Price of Passage—below Donaldsonville,	$2
Above Donaldsonville to Baton Rouge and Bayou Sara	3

The public may rely on the above packets remaining the whole season. Their accommodations and speed are not surpassed, and they consequently solicit from their friends and the public a liberal share of business. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

nov. 29 WM. H. AVERY, Gra'er St.

STRAYED.

From the residence of Henry Carle, about 12 miles from Baton Rouge, on Sunday 23d instant, two large grey match horses, no brand or mark, one about 8 and the other about 6 years old; no shoes on. Whoever will return said horses to *Mr.* Henry Carle will be suitably rewarded.

Nov 29 no 42 1845

WANTED.

Ten or twelve good field hands to hire by the year, to whom fair wages will be given, apply at this office.

Nov 29 43.

OIL.

Sperm, Whale, Linseed, and Castor Oils for sale by,

Wm. Markham Church Street.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.—Warranted growth of 1844, garden Sage and Hoarhound, for sale by

Wm. Markham, Church street.

CEDAR LOGS for sale by

PIKE & HART.

New Hulled Buckwheat, for sale by
nov 15 *William Markham.*

Family Hams, for sale by
nov. 15 *William Markham.*

Smoked Beef, for sale by
nov 15 *William Markham.*

NOTICE.

MR. & MRS. FUERTES desirous of permanently locating themselves in this city, respectfully inform their friends patrons and the public in general that they have leased the property of Mr. T. G. Morgan, formerly occupied as the "Land Office," for the purpose of opening a Boarding and day school for young ladies. This location is one of the most desirable for an institution of this kind; being very retired and the pupils can enjoy the benefits of physical exercise without exposure.

The school room is large and pleasant, the dormitory convenient and airy. The playgrounds spacious and shady. This place is unrivalled as a school.

The department in English and in French, will be conducted by *Mrs.* M. V. Fuertes, and the branches will be taught in either language.

Mrs. Rosa Fuertes will take charge of the domestic affairs.

The instruction in vocal and instrumental music (*Piano,*) Spanish, Italian and Latin, instructed by Mr. A. R. Fuertes. Guitar by Mr. or Mrs Fuertes.

The teachers will spare no pains to give satisfaction to those who will honor them with their confidence. The discipline will be that of judicious parents towards their children. Every means will be made use of, to render the exercises pleasant and profitable, particular attention will be paid to the moral, intellectual and physical education of pupils. The school room will be made as pleasant as possible, consistent with duty.

The subscribers avail themselves of this opportunity to tender their grateful thanks to their patrons, and are truly sensible of the obligations received, they pledge themselves to continue their efforts and hope by infatigable exertions, to merit a share of patronage.

The institution will be opened for the reception of pupils on the 1st Monday in September.

A committee of eight gentlemen appointed to visit the school at any hour, during the recitations.

The exercises will compose the following orders:

PRIMARY CLASSES.—Spelling, reading Arithmetic and writing.

INTERMEDIATE CLASSES.—Arithmetic, geography, orthography, Grammar, History U. S. and composition.

HIGHER CLASSES.—Arithmetic, Geography with the use of the globes. Natural history, Composition, Modern and ancient history, botany, rhetoric, mythology, chemistry and astronomy.

TERMS.

Boarding and tuition per annum payable in advance, quarterly. $150 per quarter.

Day scholars from	6 to 10
French,	6 to 9
Spanish, Italian, Latin each,	9
Piano,	16
Guitar,	15
Extra charge for washing per month,	2
For bed and bedding,	1
Vocal music free of charge.	

Every fourth Saturday of each month, there will be held in the school room, an examination of *Mr.* F's pupils, in the vocal and instrumental music, to which parents and guardians of the pupils will be invited to attend and of which due notice will be given them.

REFERENCES.—Rev. *W Scott*, Rev. W M Curtis, Rev. J Twitchell, Hon. Judge Canonge, Hon. M White, Hon J Baldwin, Dr. T W Picton, L Mathews, *Esq.*, S J Peters, Esq., Charles Emerson, Esq., G Boyer, Esq., J Maybin, *Esq., New Orleans.* Rev. P Dieffenweirth, Hon Judge Tessier, L Sheppers, J Phillips, Esqrs., Capt. F D *Newcomb*, D D Avery, A Matts, A Adams, J J Burke, J Buhler, L Bonecaze, J *M* Brunot Esqrs., *Baton Rouge.*

aug. 2nd

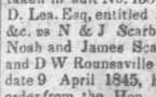
MRS. SHAW,

Would say to her old customers and the ladies in general, that she has just returned from New York, and has now on hand a very fine assortment of fancy goods, consisting of silks of the latest styles, mousline de laines, cashmiers' polkas &c., also a large and well selected assort. of flounce braid, and all descriptions of straw bonnets of the latest French styles. She can sell lower than can be had elsewhere, together with a very superior assortment of laces, insertions, ribbons, gloves &c., all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. Call and examine—store nearly opposite the city bank.

nov 8 no 40 1845

MOLASSES.—in whole and half barrels for sale by Nov. 25

Stephen Henderson,



Taken up on Mrs. Dewey's plantation, a stray steer, pale red, about 5 years old, split and underbit in each year, the two hind legs white to the knees, no brand. The owner is requested to take him away by conforming to the law.

J. R. DUFROCQ, Ranger.

RICHARD LOUCKS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office in Madame Sherburne's new brick house, *on Laurel street.*

Baton Rouge.

REPUBLICATION OF MARTIN'S REPORTS.

The undersigned proposes to publish a new edition of the first and second series of MARTIN'S REPORTS of the decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana.

These reports are now out of print, and it is presumed that a new eddition is required by the profession. In order to enhance the value of the work each case will be accompanied by *marginal notes*, refering to subsequent decisions on the same points, and also to such articles of the Louisiana code, and acts of the Legislature as may have changed or modified the law as settled by the court.

These notes will be compiled by Thomas Gibbs Morgan, Esq.

It is not intended to omit any of the cases contained in the reports, the whole however will be comprised in *seven volumes* printed with the same type and of the same size as Robinson's reports.

The price to *subscribers* will be five dollars per volume, payable on delivery of each volume, and when two hundred subscribers are obtained, the price will be advanced to six dollars and fifty cents per volume, being thirty five dollars for the work complete to subscribers and forty five to non-subscribers.

It is contemplated that the first volume will be ready for delivery early in February next, and the succeeding volumes every two months after.

Gentlemen desirous of subscribing will confer a favor by forwarding their names to

SAMUEL M STEWART,
LAW BOOK SELLER AND STATIONER.
No. 50, Camp Street, *New Orleans*

NOTICE.

The public are cautioned not to trade for a certain twelve months' Bond for the sum of fifty four dollars, 88 cents, with interest, taken in suit No. 158; on the docket of W D. Lea. Esq, entitled John M. Morris tutor &c. vs N & J Scarborough, and drawn by Noah and James Scarborough as principals and D W Rounsaville as security and bearing date 9 April 1845, having a Judgment or order from the Hon. Probate Court in and for the Parish of St. Helena or an off-set to the said Bond, I will not pay or settle the same with any other person but the said John M. Morris, tutor. 8th Nov. 1845.

NOAH SCARBOROUGH

STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE.

A 25 horse power steam engine, having a 15 inch cylinder and 5 feet stroke, for sale. Said engine is in good order, and would answer the purpose for a sugar-mill, having two sets of kettles; for further particulars inquire of Capt. Samuel E Lawes, Indian Village, where it may be seen, or to P O Hébert, state engineer, Bayou Goula.

Oct 25 39 1845

CORN IN SACKS.

Just received and for sale by
oct 25 STEPHEN HENDERSON

SARDINES.—à vendre par
11 oct—36. STEPHEN HENDERSON

MOLASSES BARRELS.

THIRTEEN HUNDRED Cypress Molasses Barrels and Half Barrels,—for sale by
Nov. 1 39 PIKE & HART.

GOSHEN BUTTER.

Just received and for sale by
WM. MARKHAM, Church st.

PICKETS—The undersigned desires to purchase a quantity of pickets, deliverable at his pantation 2½ miles below Baton Rouge
aug 201 STEPHEN HENDESONK

FOR SALE,

Several yoke of work-oxken, broken or which can be easily broken, raised on my plantation in West Baton Rouge, where they may be seen. I will also sell about twenty milch cows with their calves. Apply on the plantation or to me at Baton Rouge.

Oct. 4th——35. J. P. MICHEL

TO PLANTERS AND LAND HOLDERS.

Surveying, Levelling &c.

The subscribers, residents of Baton Rouge, will attend to calls in any part of Louisiana, for surveying or subdividing land, laying out city or town lots, levelling for canals or ditches on plantations, give estimates of the number of cubic yards of excavation for canals or ditches, or the quantity of Embankment for levees, and the necessary cost for constructing the same.

Having had many years practical experience as Civil Engineers on various public works and Surveys, in Canada, New York, Pennsylvania and Virginia, besides having been engaged for the last three and a half and one and a half years respectively as clerks in the Surveyor General's office of this State, they feel confident of their ability to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with calls.

HENRY & WILLIAM G. WALLER.
Surveyors & Civil Engineers.
References, { Col. P. Hicky, *B. Rouge.* Hon. T. Gibbs Morgan, *N.O.* Hon. Judge Dutton, Iberville.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,

Parish of East Baton Rouge—Third District Court,

Brown & Demmick
vs
Woodruff & Hughes.

Woodruff & Hughes
vs
Their Creditors.

In answer to the suit of Brown and Demmick *et al*, Creditors of Woodruff and Hughes J M Elam files herewith a statement, shewing the amount of effects of the insolvent, which ever came into his hands and the disposition thereof, and on his met on it is ordered that public notice be duly given in the Baton Rouge Gazette, for the creditors of Woodruff and Hughes, to show cause why said statement should not be approved, and that the claims of the conditions of Woodruff and Hughes, be established and paid agreeably to their respective rights, and that Joseph W Fowler, *Esq*, be appointed curator, *ad hoc*, to represent the absent creditors and be served with a copy of the rule and answer.

I certify the foregoing to be a true extract from the minutes of the court.

JOHN REID, Dep. Clk.

Oct. 25 38 1845