Baton Rouge Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY JOHN R. DUFROCQ AND A. P. CONVERSE.

Vol. XXVIII. BATON ROUGE LOUISIANA, MARCH 7, 1846. No. 5

THOMAS BARRETT,
COMMISSION MERCHNT
NO. 11, OLD LEVEE STREET,
New Orleans

LEE, WYNNE & BAILEY, Commission Merchants and general agents.
26 Poydras street, *New Orleans.*
JOHN L. LEE. WM. I. WYNNE. JOHN B. BAILEY

B. JOHNS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 110, *Poydras Street,*
New Orleans.
Refers to L Bonecaze, Baton Rouge, La

B. F. SMITH,
DENTAL SURGEON.
Corner of St Charles & Lafayette Square
NEW ORLEANS.
References.—Dr W Stone, Dr. Jones, Dr. Campbell, Dr Harrison, Rev V A Scott, Rev. W R Nicholson, Col. Harney, U. S. A. Capt. Grayson, U. S. A.
References in Baton Rouge.
He intends to visit two or three times each summer.
Col, N Stuart, Capt. Gates, J W Fowler, D Conrad, E Lanoue, W D Philips.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
The subscriber respectfully informs builders and others, that he is prepared to execute all kinds of brick and mason work—and that he will put up buildings and furnish all the materials necessary—such as brick, sand lime, &c, on the most reasonable terms.
He also offers his services to sugar planters and from his long experience in setting sugar kettles and other work necessary in a sugar house he can give ample satisfaction.
Apply to LOYEAS BERHEL,
feb 4 52 at the Garrison brickyard.

GREEN & McDOUGAL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
278 COMMON STREET,
april 1 1y. *New Orleans.*

GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS.
The subscribers have just received from Philadelphia, an assortment of Gentlemen's fine calf boots suitable for summer wear.
PHILLIPS & LANOUE.

COTTON GINS FOR SALE.
The undersigned offers for sale, *two cotton ginsns*, at a very low price.
STEPHEN HENDERSON
August 23d corner of Levee & Church stree

JUVENILE SINGING SCHOOL.
Mr. & Mrs. Fuerties, respectfully inform their patrons, friends, and public in general, that the instruction in the rudiments of Vocal music, will constitute one of the branches taught in their school. Lessons will be given three times per week, *free of charge.*
The singing school will be included in the examination of the scholars, on the piano, to which parents and guardians will receive invitations.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
81 CANAL STREET,
New Orleans.
Sugar and Molasses consigned to us, will, at all times receive the most prompt attention.
REFER TO—N. K. Knox A. Matta, Chas A. Hill. 35

PORT WINE.
WE have a good article of Port Wine also Madeira.
PIKE & HART.

VEGETABLE & GARDEN SEEDS
CROP OF 1845.
A large assortment just received from the UNION GARDEN, near Pittsburg, and for sale by A. MONTAN.
nov. 15 no 41 1845

JOHN L. PULLEN,
Having been appointed by the Governor PARISH AUCTIONEER, offers his services to the public generally. Any business confided to his care will be promptly attended to.
Apply to him at his residence, next door above *R.* Beal's store.
nov 15 no 41 1845

A. M. DUNN, H. B. WHITE.
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS,
At Judge Morgan's old Stand.
Lafayette str, Baton Rouge.

CHINA & GLASS.
Just received and for sale by the subscriber an assortment of French China & Cut Glass.
No. 1 WM. MARKHAM.
Church street.

CERTAIN CURE FOR FEVER
and ague and other fevers.
Those persons who may be afflicted with this annoying complaint, or other fevers of that nature, can obtain a cheap and sure remedy by applying to Mr. Douche, corner of Church and Third streets. Testimony of its efficacy and virtue can at any time be obtained.
may 31—17.

EMBROIDERIES.
We have just opened, a large assortment of French embroidered collars, chemisettes mazourkas &c.
dec 6 *Phillips & Lanoue.*

RICH DRESS GOODS.
Now opening, a splendid assortment of rich dress goods; consisting of Paris printed cashmere d'Ecosse, repp de laine, mousline de laine
The ladies will please call and examine some entire new styles; they cannot find elsewhere; and selling cheap by
dec 6 *Phillips & Lanoue,*

FALL FASHIONS, HATS & CAPS.
Just received from New York few cases, of the latest and most improved styles.
Dec 6 *Phillips & Lanoue.*

RICH FALL STYLE DRESS GOODS.
20 pieces in dress patterns, latest styles.
PHILLIPS & LANOUE.

HAY. A first rate article of Western hay, for sale by PIKE & HART

SPERM CANDLES.—4 & 6s, of best. New Bedford brand for sale by
dec 27 *Alfred Gates.*

OATS—50 sacks for sale by
BEAL & SON.

PAINTS, LINSEED, OIL AND SPTS TURPENTINE, for sale by
Sept. 20 STEPHEN HENDERSON.

MACHINERY.
WE have a lot of Machinery, consisting of Corn Mills, (of the most approved kinds. Corn Crushers.
Horse powers.—Which will be sold very low by
Nov. 1 36 PIKE & HART.

MOLASSES.—in whole and half barrels for sale by Nov. 25
Stephen Henderson,

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.—Warranted growth of 1845, garden Sage and Hoarhound, for sale by
Wm. Markham, Church street.

LATE ARRIVALS.
PHILLIPS & LANOUE,
HAVE RECEIVED per late arrivals, a large and complete assortment of fall and winter goods, of the latest and most fashionable styles, to which they call the attention of the public.

DRY GOODS.
Black and col. french and English broad cloths, plain and fancy cassimeres plain and plaid sattinets, plain tweeds, Ky. Jeans, cashmerettes, french and American cottonades, white and red flannels, brown and bleached domestics, tickings, drills and osnaburgs, fancy cashmere and blk. satin vestings, rich printed cashmere d'Ecasse, Pompadour de Laine, Paris printed mousseline de laine, blk. and col. silk warp alpaca, printed barreges, blk. bombazines and merinos, blk. and green bombazette, blk. gros de Naples and gros de swiss, rich pekin silks, double mallon Gros de Afrique for ladies dresses, a sorted Florences, Embr. swiss robes for ball dresses, blk worsted and silk serges, green barrege, white jaconets and cambrics, plain and figur'd swiss muslins, french embr'd lace, collars, needle work chemesettes and collarettes, blk. and white nett laces, silk woolen and damask shawls, corded, marseilles, and grass cloth skirts, corsets and corset lacets. Irish linen, linen lawns, embro'd, hemstich and plain L C hdkfs, silk cotton and madrass do., polka gimps and cords, thread and cotton edgings and insertings, ladies and gents. gloves and hosiery, blk. and fancy silk and satin scarfs and cravats, various styles of fall and winter shawls, silk and cotton velvet, bonnet, cap and color'ed taffeta and satin ribbons &c., with a general assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept in this line of business.

CLOTHING.
Fine black and color'd dress and frock cloth coats, color'ed tweed and cassimere paltots, blk' and color'd cassimere sacks, blk. paltots, youths and boys tweed and cloth frock coats, fancy cassimere and blk. cloth pants, fancy cashmere and blk satin vests, linen shirts, drawers, under shirts &c.

HATS & CAPS.
Gents blk satin, moleskin, and cassimere hats, boys fashionable do. do., youths blk. and pearl bell crown do., gents' boys and youths blk. and fancy cloth caps, of the most recent styles.

BOOTS & SHOES.
Gents. fine calf stiched boots, do., fine calf and prunella brogans, ladies calf and morocco brogans, do., black and bronze kid slips, do., white kid slips, youths and boys pegged and sewed brogans, misses calf sewed do., childs blk. and color'd do.

SADDLERY.
Men's English, Spanish and Columbian saddles, boys do., do., ladies plain and quilted side saddles, saddle bags, blind bridles, cart saddles and briching, fillings, martingales girths and surcingles.

NEW FLOUR.
50 barrels, a superior article of St. Louis brand, just received by
oct 21 37 PIKE & HART.

BLACKSMITHING.
The undersigned having established himself in the shop, formally occupied by A. G. Mangrum, is prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line. He hopes by his punctuality and attention to business, to merit public patronage.
JAS LANGTON.

SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET STEAMER RAINBOW, S. S. SELLECK, master.—*For the Coast Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Port Hudson and Bayou Sara.*—Will leave New Orleans every SUNDAY and WEDNESDAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and Bayou Sara every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock A. M., For freight or passage, apply on board.
Passage as high as Donaldsonville, $2
" above Donaldsonville $
aug 30 no 30 1845.

THOMAS GIBBES MORGAN.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
No. 17, *Royal street, New Orleans.*
Having for many years devoted much of his time to the examination of land titles, tenders his professional services to those whose interests are affected under the late act of Congress, providing for the adjustment of land titles in Louisiana and Arkansas
July 20, 24 6m.

TO THE PUBLIC.
We are now prepared to execute all kind of work in our line, viz: pamphlets, justices' Sheriff's, school and other blanks, as cheap as they can be done *honestly.* We hope by industry and attention to business to merit a portion of the public patronage.
DUFROCQ & CONVERSE.

DR. F. M. HEREFORD,
Tenders his professional services to the public.—Office in Lafayette st.
February 10th, 1844.

CASTOR OIL.— In cans to suit Planters. Also in Bottles, Pints and Quarts.
For sale by
june 14—19. STEPHEN HENDERSON.

W. Laughlin. C. J Searles. E. C. Laughlin
WM. LAUGHLIN & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
No 96, Gravier Street.
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

LUGHLIN, SEARLES & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Levee Street,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
REFERENCE.—Dr. W. B. SCOTT, STEPHEN HENDERSON, Esq., D. SEARLES. Baton Rouge La.

NOTICE.
The undersigned would respectfully request those indebted to him to make payment to Tomlinson & Babin.
Dec 6 D. FRANCIS.

JUST RECEIVED.
A choice lot of Woolen Carpets & Chimney Ruggs, which will be sold at a very small advance on manufacturers' prices.
D. SANGER'S *Cheap Store.*
Lafayette Street.

CRYSTALLINE CANDLES.
Just received and for sale by the subscriber, a superior article of candles of the above description, put up in small boxes suitable for the use of families.
W. MARKHAM, Church St.

NOTICE.
The partnership heretofore existing between G. S. Lacey and R. Loucks has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Baton Ronge, October 16, 1845.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.
Casimere Silk and wool hats, fur caps, Mud and Kip Boots, Mens' Calf Skal and Kip brogans. Ladies Calf Brogans, Misses brogans, Boys Calf and Kip Brogans, Youth and Childrens' Brogans, Ladies fine Kip Shoes, 4 cases superior Russet Brogans, Boys do, for sale by.
Tomlinson & Babin.

Just received, a lot of no. 1 mackerel in half Bbls., quarter Bbls. and Kits, for sale by
jan 24 ALFRED GATES.

JUST RECEIVED.
A superior article of Canvassed Hams, Sugar cured and spiced, put up by *P G.* Yeatman Cincinnati, for sale by
Dec. 26 1845. ALFRED GATES.

EXTRA TEAS, for sale by
WILLIAM MARKHAM, Church St.

FANCY DRY GOODS SELLING OFF CHEAP.
As we are desirous of reducing our stock as much as possible, to make room for our spring goods, we will sell the balance of dress goods at very low prices, together with all the rest of our winter goods.
Phillips & Lanoue.

ROBERT G. BEALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Baton Rouge, Louisiana.
REFERENCES.—James M. Elam, Esq. Baton Rouge, Hon. Thos. Gibbs Morgan, New Orleans, John L. Lobdell, Esq. West Baton Rouge, Hon. Isaac Johnson, West Feliciana

PHILADELPHIA SADDLERY.
The Undersigned have received per las arrivals from Philadelphia, a handsome assortment of Saddlery, consistin of *Men' English Spanish* and Columbian saddles Boys Ditto Ditto, Ladies plain and quilted side saddles, saddle Bags, Bridle fillings and Bits, Riding whips &c. all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.
PHILLIPS & LANOUE.

SAW MILL.
The proprietor informs his friends and the public in general, that he has finished his repairs to the mill, and that he is prepared to execute all orders which may be confided to his care with despatch. Lumber of all description and boards constantly on hand. For sale cheap, *for cash only.*
may 10 FREDERIC ARBOUR.

J. COLSON,
Dealer in
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER OF PARIS!
PLASTERING HAIR AND FIRE BRICK.
No 4 MARIGNY'S BLOCK, OLD LEVEE,
Near the Pontchartrain Rail Road Depot,
NEW ORLEANS.
FINISHING LIME *Constantly on hand.*
Orders from the Country promptly Attended to.

CALICOES.
200 pieces English & American calicoes, cashmere patterns, very cheap.
dec 6 *Phillips & Lanoue.*

RICHARD LOUCKS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Office in Madame Sherburne's new brick house, *on Laurel street.*
Baton Rouge.

DRY GOODS.
Consisting in part of calicos, bleached and brown cotton shirting, brown cotton sheeting, plain and twilled Lowell cotton, kersey and linseys, plain linseys, white, blue and green blankets, white, red and yellow flannel, Sattenets and cottonades; also an assortment of hosiery, gloves &c. for sale by
6 *Tomlinson & Babin.*

CROCKERY & GLASS WARE.
A general assortment of crockery & glass ware, for sale by
Tomlinson & Babin.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.
A General assortment of hard ware and cutlery, of superior qualities, by
Tomlinson & Babin.

Just received 25 boxes of Geo. Mills superior hulled Buck Wheat, and for sale by
jan. 24 ALFRED GATES

HAARLEM FLOWER ROOTS!!
Fine assortment of the most different and exquisite sort of Haarlem Flower Roots; consisting of double and single Jonquilles, Iris, Crocus early duc von Tholl's, &c., &c..
Just received and for sale by
Dec 31 tf G. M. HEROMAN,
Opposite the Methodist Church.

CYPRESS BARRELS.—280 cypress barrels for sale low by *Tomlinson & Babin.*

GARDEN SEEDS.—A good assortment of garden seeds, warranted the growth of 1845, for sale by TOMLINSON AND BABIN.

GROCERIES.
Sperm candles per box and half box Christalline candles, put up for family use in 20 pound boxes, brown, loaf and crushed sugar, teas of all qualities, Western butter, claret wine per box, gallon or bottles, cordial, olive oil, castor do., sperm and bleached lamp oil, and avariety of other articles for sale by
Tomlinson & Babin.

ADVANCES.
We are prepared to make CASH advances on consignments of Sugar and Molasses, to our friends in New York, Philadelphia, St Louis, Louisville, Nashville, Madison, Ia. and New Orleans, *Nov.* 1 39 PIKE & HART

Molases—In barrels and half barrels by BEAL & SON

J. T. BEAUREGARD, surgeon-dentis, pupil of the celebrated Dr. Knapp, having settled for some time in this town, offers his services in the various branches of his profession to the inhabitants of East and West Baton Rouge.
He holds his office at the house occupied by *Dr.* Vasquez, opposite Mr. Mayer.

Sugar—10 hogshead plantation sugar of a prime article, by *Beal & Son.*

NOTICE.
The undersigned takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has moved into his new stable in the lot immediately East of the city hotel. Fully thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended, the undersigned in soliciting a continuance of the same, begs leave to say that no pains or expense has been spared to make his Livery Stable what it should be in the way of good horses and carriages.
j10 JORDAN HOLT.

SARDINES.
A supply of these delicious fish just received
STEPHEN HENDERSON.
Oct. 11 no 36 1845.

SACHAROMETERS.
To weigh cane juice, for sale by
STEPHEN HENDERSON.
Oct. 14 no 36 1845

GENT'S SATIN SCARFS.
Just received from New York a supply of gentleman's blk and colored satin scarfs and cravats of the last fashion and the best quality.
PHILLIPS AND LANOUE.

VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS.
A large and fresh assortment of the above just received and for sale by,
A. MONTAN.
Nov 16 41.

FOR SALE.
Packing yarn, gasket paper and Sal Ammoniac.
STEPHEN HENDERSON.
Oct. 11 no 36 1845

CARPETS! CARPETS!!
Just received, a few pieces all wool, figures to match. Printed cotton carpets, printed floor cloths, hearth rugs, &c.
dec 6 *Phillips & Lanoue.*

PITTSBURG COAL.
500 barrels for sale in lots to suit purchasers
W. P. TUNNARD.

GREAT BARGAIN.
A four-seat barouche in good repair and two horses for sale for four-hundred dollars, Apply at this office.
dec. 6 1845

GOSHEN BUTTER.
Just received and for sale by
WM. MARKHAM, Church st.

ALMONDS, RAISINS, CURRANTS, *figs, citrons, cranberries, malaga grapes and assorted preserves,* also, an assortment of preserved and pickled salmon, shad, clams, lobsters and codfish for sale by
WILLIAM MARKHAM, Church St.

OIL.
Sperm, Whale, Linseed, and Castor. Oils for sale by,
Wm. *Markham* Church Street.

JUST RECEIVED.
A lot of the red Cary Plows, from Nos. 1 & 4, by
dec 27 *Alfred Gates.*

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.
BATON ROUGE, LA., NOVEMBER 24, 1845.
THE U. S. MAILS will arrive from New Orleans on Sunday, Monday, Thursday and Friday. Closes for New Orleans, on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 3 o'clock. P. M.
Arrives from Bayou ara on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday. Closes for Bayou Sara, on Sunday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock P. M.
☞ The office will be kept open on Sunday till 10 o'clock.
The Greensburg mail arrives every Monday, at 11 o'clock, A. *M.* and departs the same day, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
H. T. WADDILL, P. M

BOOKS! BOOKS!!
Burton's Anatomy of Melancholy;
John Horne Tooke's Diversions of Parley,
Mott's Travels in Europe and the East;
Starkhouse's History of the Bible,
United States Drawing Book,
Calliot's Musical Grammar,
Thomson's Materia Medica and Anatomy,
Dunglison's Practice of Medicine,
Dunglison's Therapeutics and Materia Medica,
Wilson's Human Anatomy,
Graham's Elements of Chemistry,
Druite Modern Surgery,
La Place's Mécanique Céleste,
The Select works of Mrs. Ellis,
Anan's Difficulties of Armenian Methodism,
Russel's Sermons,
Just received and for sale by
GEO. M. HEROMAN,
24 Opposite the Methodist Church.

Louisiana Penitentiary,
Messrs. McHatton, Pratt, & Co., Lessee o the Louisiana Penitentiary would inform the citizens of Louisiana and the South generally, that they are manufacturing and will have constantly on hand *Bagging* and *Bale* rope, coarse negro shirtings and drillings, linseys, colored and white, the best coarse negro shoes, &c. &c. They also continue the foundry business:
N. B. They will purchase delivered at the Penitentiary, large or small lots of *Wool*, clean or in the bur, for which they will exchange manufactured articles or pay cash.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Conducted by
MRS. FISHER & MISS WOODRUFF.
The 33d session of this institution commenced on the first Monday in October. The teachers would not fail to express their gratitude, for the patronage with which they have been favored since the establishment of this school in Baton *Rouge*, and hope that their untiring exertions for the improvement of their pupils, will secure a continuance of the same in future.
The central and spacious building on Church Street, has been purchased by a friend of education for the use of the school.
The study and recitation rooms are large and well arranged. Instead of a common dormitory, the young ladies will be provided with airy and pleasant rooms, intended to accommodate four each. The grounds are shady and commodious. Particular attention will be paid to the physical, as well as to the moral and intellectual education of the pupils.
It is the wish of the teachers to unite in their institution the comforts and advantages of a home education, with thorough schoolroom discipline.
Friday of each week is devoted to reviews pupils are then questioned promiscuously upon the lessons they have learned during the week either by the teacher or others who may be present. The friends and patrons of the school are invited to attend on that day or at any hour during school exercises.
The department in music, vocal and instrumental, is under the charge of Dr. Gruneberg. His talents as a performer and instructor are of too high an order to need commendation. The course of studies will be as follows;
PRIMARY CLASS.—Reading, spelling, writing, Geography and Arithmetic.
HIGHER CLASSES,—Geography with the use of globes. History, Ancient and modern, practical and mental arithmetic, natural and moral philosophy, grammar and composition, astronomy, chemistry, rhetoric, Ethics, Algebra and Euclid.

TERMS.

Board and tuition per annum,	$ 150
Day scholars per quarter,	6 to 10
French,	6 to 6
Extra charges for wasing per month,	1
For bed and bedding,	1
Ornamental needle-work free of charge.	
Music on the piano per quarter	$ 18

St. Louis Flour.
WE are constantly receiving, fresh St Louis Flour, of the best brands.
Nov. 1 39 PIKE HART.

I THINK OF THEE."

I think of thee—'twere vain to tell
How soft I think of thee;
Since blest with every thought of mine
Is thy loved memory.

I gaze on the face of night,
Upon her star-gem'd brow,
And thoughts of thee, and banish'd bliss,
O'er my lonely spirit flow.

I love o'er scenes which Nature's hand
Hath decked, all brightly fair;
Her loveliness is blent with thine,
I trace thy presence there.

I pierce the haunts of solitude,
The wild wood's shadowy glen;
I am not lonely—thoughts of thee
Gladden my wanderings then.

I listen to soft thrilling tones,
To music's sweetest sigh,
And still thy voice breathes o'er my ear
Its gentle harmony.

I look upon the world of flowers,
In autumn hues arrayed;
Thine are the fair hands which twines them oft
In many a gld wing braid.

And oft upon the starry heaven
Of cloudless blue I gaze;
And picture there the light which dwells
Within thy beauty's rays.

In vain I know that thou art lost—
My heart will fondly cling
To thee, with all the yearning love
Which knows no withering.

Fair lady—though every hour of life,
My thoughts will turn to thee—
No change can shake, nor time can dim.
My heart's deep constancy.

THE QUAKER'S DAUGHTER.

A TALE OF OLD SALEM.

The annals of the year 1648 will ever present a bolt on the historical pages af New England, for the period discloses a fury of religious intolerance, and a violence of persecution, which darkly stains the character of those who, in other respects, merit our highest ecomiums.

It was during the popular fury in New England against the Quakers, that the occurrence which I am about to relate took place.

Before a small, unpainted house in Salem on a beautiful summer evening, sat an old man and a fair girl his daughter. Their faces but illy concealed the anxiety of their hearts and a listener might easily have seen that their fearful forebodings were not unfounded,

"Verily," said the old man, after a pause in conversation, during which he had appeared to be engaged in inward prayer, "verily the hand of persecution is upon us. Surely it it was the fear of the tender mercies of the wicked in this place that caused my own wife Rebecca, to go down to the grave, ere yet the grass-hopper had become a burden to her as it has to me. And now, poor William, what will become of him! Twice he has suffered the cruel sentences of an unrighteous law for visiting thee, my daughter, I pray God he may not have the temerity to return,

"Amen," with blanched cheek, and earful eyes, ejaculated the maiden. Her anxious attitude—her clasped hands all told a tale, of deep affliction. To William Horsely had her youthful faith been plighted, while yet she was in her native England, and the extent of his affection may be imagined when it is remembered that twice, as the reader has already been informed, had he been publicly whipped for venturing within the precincts of that town from which he had been banished. The penalty for the third offence was death, and yet, in spite of the danger he had dared, week after week to visit her whom he loved; and her affectionate remonstrances only served to to heighten his passion for one who, in her love for another, thought not of herself.

Lone and anxious did the daughter and father converse on their future prospects. They could not suppose that, known as they were to be Quakers, they could long live unmolested—but there was in the breast of each a carefully nourished hope that their perfectly quiet life might, at least for a time, avert the storm which they felt to be gathering.

But these hopes were vain. As the two arose to retreat to their dwelling from the night air and dew, their attention was arrested by loud voices, and the tread of heavy feet. Soon a party of rough, ill-favored men stopped at the door of their humble cottage, freely entered and seated themselves within, and began to pass their usual rough jests, which the presence of unprotected beauty will always excite in the minds of the brutal and unfeeling.

This visit filled the beautiful Quakeress with undisguised alarm. She, wholly unprotected—for her father appeared stupified with this before unheard-of liberty with his property, and said not a word—but by the occasional flash of his eye at some new outrage, it was easy to see that in his younger days a much smaller insult would have called forth something besides angry looks.

"The town can't afford you, old fellow," said the leader of the gang, "to cumber this ground any longer. So stir your stumps and be off. If you're here at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning, by the whiskers of the Virgin, you shan't have a roof to cover you."

"I obey," said the old man meekly.

"But as for this little sparrow," continued the ruffian, "if she can fancy me, she shall go home and live with me. What say you, my dear!"

"Ah I know how the wide lies. I have seen that Horsley around here before now; but, hark ye! you know his fate as well as I do, if he ventures into those parts again So, warn him, I am on the look out."

The distress and alarm depicted on the girl's countenance was so evident that the fellow stopped and after reiterating his injunctions to the old man, the band took a welcom leave.

A short time was consumed in making preparations for their departure, but ere their arrangement could be completed, the old man was stricken down with a burning fever. The unusual excitement had been too much for him, and hastened a disease, the symptoms of which he had felt for two or three days.

For some minutes after the truth broke upon the mind of the daughter, she remained stupified, not knowing whither to turn. All their Quaker friends (and they had no others) had deserted the place.—Her lover she knew would fly to her assistance, if he could be made acquainted with her setuation, but his presence would but increase her anxiety; and in any case, she did not know where to find him.

But her strong mind soon discovered the only course in her almost hopeless situation The house she was aware, would be sacked in the morning, and if she was discovered, nothing could save her from public disgrace. Food and medicine, too, must be obtained for her father, and the only way to get it was to leave him; returning at night.

To a little ruined out house, at some distance from their dwelling, she carried a bed, and having rendered the place as comfortable as as possible, she carried the old man thithir, and having nursed him until morning, she she early left him, not without fearful forebodings. Nor were her fears entirely groundless. In the morning the house was ransacked and stripped of every valuable. But the hovel, from its mean appearance was not visited, and the ensuing day having that day wandered twenty miles for food and medicine, as she dared not inquire for it nearer, she returned to her father, who although dangerously ill, appeared to be sleeping quietly.

For more that a week the devoted waiden watched by night the sick bed of her father and had already begun to look forward to the time when he could rise from it and seek with her and one other whose name she was too modest to breathe, a far off spot where they might dwell in peace, when one dark night when she was hastening along the road to the Quaker's bedside, she felt herself clasp'd around the waist by no very gentle hands, and at the time a voice, not altogether unknown to her ears, cried out "Hillo! My darling sparrow, I thought as much from seeing the track of a pretty foot around the old place this morning. Going to get what we've left, eh! You slighted me the other day," continued he, in a louder tone, as she commenced a faint struggle, and by the bones of my mother you shall now smart for it.

Completely exhausted with fatigue and terror, the little Quakeress was dragged along by the men until she was brought to a prison, into which, after some delay, in examining the prisoner, she was thrust, receiving as she went the gratuitous intelligence that every thing was prepared to give her a public whipping in the morning.

It was not until the key was turned upon the poor girl in the lonely cell, that the full horror of her situation struck her. Shame and disgrace she felt she could bear, when in the way of her duty; but to be publicly whipped—it was too much for her. Her sensitive nature shrunk from the pain and exposure. The old Quaker, too, what would become of him! The forsaken girl fell on her knees and earnestly did she pray for deliverance for herself and health for her father.

And deliverance was not far off. As she rose from her knees, a light tap at the window arrested her attention. A voice that she well knew, pronounced her name. She flew to the spot, and a joyous kiss through the iron bars showed that she well knew who was there. But her happiness vanished when she thought of their mutual danger.—She gently reproached he lover for exposing himself, but William Horsely would listen to no such counsel. Having heard of their situation, he had hastened to their assistance, and arriving near the house, was a witness to the capture of his betrothed. He delayed only long enough to provide himself with some necessary implement, and appeared, as we have seen, at the window of the prison, determined to rescue his beloved from her perilous situation, or perish in the attempt.

Animated by love, he worked with a zeal to which the presence of the Quakeress added not a little. And in two hours, their united efforts had removed enough of the bars to enabled William to draw her through the opening. It is needless to say that the hopes of the blood thirsty villains who had imprisoned her were disappointed; and the lovers escaped free.

They found the old Quaker so far recovered that with great exertions, they were enabled to remove him to a place of comparative safety, about three miles distant, whence, a short time after, they removed to one of the extreme frontier towns in N. Hampshire, where the usual consummation to such romances took place; and one of their descendants, from whom last summer, I obtained the facts of this true story, is now living on the banks of the Winnipiscogee.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS.

So numerous and diverse have been the various propositions made to both branches of Congress for the settlement of the Oregon controversy, that it is no easy matter to keep the run of them. That our readers may be well advised of the exact state of the question in the senate, to which the question is now transferred, we subjoin the resolutions under discussion in that body.

1st The Joint Resolutions presented by Mr. Allen, as Chairman of the committee on foreign relations, and which runs thus:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the U. States, in Congress assembled, That in virtue of the second article of the convention of the 6th of August eight ee hundred and twenty-seven, between the United States of America and Great Britain, relative to the country westward of the stony or Rocky Mountains, the United States of America do now think it fit to annul and abrogate that convention, and the said convention is now entirely annulled and abrogated: Provided, That this resolution shall take effect after the expiration of twelve months from the day on which due notice shall have been given to Great Britain of the passage of this resolution. And the President is hereby authorized and required to give such notice, and also, at the expiration of said convention, to issue his proclamation setting forth that fact.

2nd. The substitute offered by Mr. Crittended, which, after reciting the provisions of the Convention of 1827, continues as follows:

And whereas it has now become desirable that the respective claims of the U. States and Great Britain should be definitely settled, and that said territory may no longer than need be, remain subject to the evil consequences of the divided allegiance of its American and British population, and of the confusion and conflict of national jurisdictions, dangerous to the cherished peace and good understanding of the two countries.

With a view, therefore, that steps be taken for the abrogation of said convention of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, in the mode prescribed in its second article, and that the attention of the government of both countries may be the more earnestly and immediately directed to renewed efforts for the settlement of all their differences and disputes in respect to said territory.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the U. States in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized, at his discretion, to give to the British Government the notice required by its said second article for the abrogation of the said convention of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and twenty seven: Provided, however, That in order to afford ample time and opportunity for the amicable adjustment of all their differences and disputes in respect to said territory, said notice ought not to be given till after the close of the present session of Congress.

3d. The resolutions of Mr. Mangum, which are identical with those of *Mr.* King, submitted in the House. These resolutions recommend arbitration, but as that mode of settlement has been peremptorily and unconditionally declined by the Executive, the senate will not probably be pressed to a vote on Mr. Mangum's proposition.

4th. The House Resolutions, which are, of course, familiar to our readers.

The first of these resolutions is a naked proposition to give the notice provided for by the convention of 1827. It confers no discretionary power whatever on the President, devolves no responsibility upon him, treats him as the mere instrument of the will of Congress, and is bold, brief and abrupt in character. It embodies the views of the ultra members of the senate. We think that it cannot pass. Arrayed against it will be found the entire whig phalanx, Mr. Calhoun, Mr. McDuffie, Mr. Colquitt and probably Messrs Haywood, Benton and Westcott.

Mr. Crittenden's resolutions are milder, more conciliatory and may be considered a *juste milieu* between the unconditional propositional proposition of the committee and the opinions of that small fraction of members who are invincibly opposed to giving the notice. These resolutions defer the notice until after the session of Congress, and do not specify any time for its promulgation, thus vesting in the President a wide authority and an unlimited discretion. A powerful effort will be made to obtain their adoption, and we should not be surprised either at their passage in their present from, or at the incorporation of their leading principles in the House Resolutions. From the sentiments already expressed by one or two Southern Senators—friends of the administration—it my be reasonably expected that some such course will be pursued.

The debate being still in full progress, and nearly every Senator intending to develope his opinions on the subject, the final vote is not likely to be taken before the end of March or beginning of april.

FROM EUROPE.

The Cambria has arrived at Boston after a shorter passage than could have been expected at this season of the year. Her advices are most important. Though not a little exertion, and by having horses at the lake end of the Railroad, we are enabled to lay a synopsis of the important news before our readers this morning, although it was in the neighborhood of 4 o'clock when the mail boat Creole arrived.

And first of all Parliament had met and Sir Robert Peel announced the most sweeping changes in the commercial policy of Great Britain. He urges that the corn laws should be absolutely repealed after February 1849, and in the meantime a new sliding scale is proposed, which looks very complicated and which we have not time to read through—but it's a mere sop to the landlords, and so considered.

The Minister next proposes an immediate change in the British tariff, which will admit Indian corn at once at a mere nominal rate of duty. Bacon, beef and pork are to be admitted free. The duty on cheese, hams, rice tallow and other articles of American produce have to come down to a very low rate, if Sir Robert succeeds in carrying out his policy. It is indeed a great triumph for Free Trade, for which he warns all interests to prepare.

Nothing about Oregon, except that people wish the difficulty out of the way. The popular voice is, for free trade, and this occupies every body.

The news is altogether pacific in its character. The English are too much taken up with the crisis in their own affairs, and the great changes which are proposed to benefit the poor, to mind much about America.

The Queen's speech upon the opening of Parliament alludes to the differences with the United States, and speaks of them as a subject of regret, which she will endeavor to remove by every effort consistent with national honor. She also speaks of her effects, in conjunction with the King of the French to effect a pacification of the States of the Rio de la Platte.

Cotton has fallen somewhat, but in common with other commodities, in consequence of the increased value of money. The tightness of money is said to be excessive, and is attributed to the uneasiness consequent upon the changes of ministry and the difficulties in the way of Sir Robert Peel. Willmer & Smith's paper thinks he will succeed, but we have not time to say more on this head. Cobden and other members of the League insist upon a total abolition of the Corn Laws.

In France Mr. King has undertaken the defence of our President against Guizot's attacks and some newspapers. Willmer & Smith of course think Mr. King gets the worst of it. We have not seen the correspondence, but presume Mr. King sustained Mr. Polk in his message like a man.

Algeria.—The French have undergone some reverses in Algiers. We pity the soldiers, but don't grieve for the success of the Arabs.

Spain——In Spain affairs again look squally, in consequence of a protest by some of the opposition Deputies to the marriage of the Queen with the Count Trapani.

There is nothing of political interest in Italy.

Ireland remains in its usual distracted state, outrages continuing in several provinces.—*Delta.*

ELECTRICAL PHENOMENON.—An account of human electricity was given in a number of Silliman's Journal, some time ago, which might, if carried out, lead to some important conclusions in respect to human phenomena heretofore unexplained: The subject became so electric that sparks were drawn from and even spontaneously issued from the ends of her fingers. During this time an intense Aurora Borealis showed itself These phenomena contined for several months, the sparks being readily given out whenever the lady approached any conductor of electricity. She could touch nothing metallic, without emitting an electrical spark, which was an annoying circumstance to her. These appearances were proportionably heightened when the air was warm, and the lady was in good spirits. During cold weather, and when she was in a melancholy mood, these phenomena were suspended. When sitting at a stove with her feet upon the metal edge, the sparks were drawn out at intervals of a few seconds, from three to six sparks per minute. The lady was about 30 years of age, of sedentary habits, and rather sickly: she had suffered from rheumatic and neuralgic affection about two years prior to this time

REMEDY FOR GIDDINESS.—"When you stand on a precipice with a lady," says somebody, "always remember and put your arm around her waist, to prevent her becoming dizzy. Ladies who have tried it, say there is no antidote in the world at all comparable with it. Indeed a lady of our acquaintance says that under such circumstances she could look down Niagara for hours, and not experience the least disagreable sensation. Queer—isn't it!"

CHOCTAW EMIGRATION.—A party of Choctaws, about 300 "Bogue Chittos," are encamped near the plantation of Col. Hebron, about nine miles from this city, where they were met by Gen. Armstrong, preparatory to to the delivery of their scrip and land patents. Another party, 600. "Six Towns," crossed the Big Black on Saturday. This party has requested Gen. Armstrong to deliver their scrip and patents to them near the plantation of Gen. Dunlap, about eight miles from this city, in Louisiana. A third party, about 150 "Yoko Noodies," are on the road, near Canton, and will reach the main emigration before it leaves this vicinity. The Indians are in excellent health, and are anxious to reach their homes in the West.

These Indians are under the charge of Col. H. N. Barstow, Contractor for the Emigration, and Col. Geo. W. Clarke, U. S. Agent. These gentlemen entertain sanguine hopes that the remainder of this tribe will emigrate during the present year.

Vicksburg Intelligencer.