The Baton Rouge Gazette.

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THE BATON ROUGE GAZETTE,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY

CHARROTTE & GAYLE,

Office on Florida Street.

Terms.

The BATON ROUGE GAZETTE is published every SATURDAY morning, at $3,00 per annum, payable in advance, or $5,00 at the expiration of six months.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square for the first insertion, and half that price for every subsequent insertion—ten lines, or less, constituting a square.

YEARLY ADVERTISING.—Merchants, Traders, and others, will be contracted with on the most liberal terms.

All POLITICAL ADDRESSES, for the exclusive benefit of individuals, will be charged as advertisements.

All ADVERTISEMENTS of a PERSONAL NATURE (whenever admitted) will be charged at the rate of two dollars per square, and payment required invariably in advance.

All Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions will be published till forbid, or at the option of the publisher.

PROFESSIONAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

For ten lines or less, not alterable, 3 months $ 5.
Do do do do do 6 do 10.
Do do do do do 1 year 15.

THOMAS GIBBES MORGAN, | PHILIP RICKY MORGAN,

T. G. & P. H. MORGAN,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

BATON ROUGE, LA.

WILL practice in the Courts of the Parishes of East and West Feliciana, East and West Baton Rouge, and Iberville—and in the Supreme Court of the State, and Circuit Court of the United States, New Orleans. dec 21-tf.

DANL. D AVERY,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

AND AGENT & ATTORNEY OF THE

BANK OF LOUISIANA,

BATON ROUGE.

[aug 3 1y.] *Office at the Bank of Louisiana.*

JAMES M. ELAM,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

OFFICE NEAR THE COURT HOUSE,

june 8, 1y. *Baton Rouge, La.*

J. W. SEYMOUR,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Office on Laurel Street,

dec14 Baton Rouge, La.

RICHARD LOUCKS.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

AND

Register State Land Office.

OFFICE, FIRST STORY STATE HOUSE,

30, 1y. *Baton Rouge.*

H. M. FAVROT.

Atty. and Counsellor at Law,

OFFICE AT THE COURT HOUSE,

June 8, 1y. *West Baton Rouge, La.*

Branch Louisiana State Bank,

BATON ROUGE,

In the building recently occupied by the City Bank

Office hours, from 9 A. M. to 2 P.M.

DISCOUNT DAY, EVERY MONDAY.

aug 2, 1y.

JAMES S. HALL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE, NO. 45, CAMP ST.,

aug. 3, tf. *NEW ORLEANS.*

THEO. A. JAMES. | CHAS. T. ESTLIN

THEO. A. JAMES & CO.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

AND

Gent'l's. Furnishing Establishment.

No. 82 Common Street,

(One door from Camp-street.)

NEW ORLEANS.

DRESS COATS, Frock Coats, Cloaks and Sacks, Pants and Vests, of all qualities styles colors and sizes; Shirts, superior quality; Morning Wrappers, Under-shirts, Drawers, and all articles pertaining to a Gentleman's Dress. Nov. 23 tf.

H. MURRAY. L. JENNINGS.

MURRAY & JENNINGS,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES & LIQUORS,

No. 17 Canal Street Row,

NEW ORLEANS.

Particular attention paid to putting up Bar Stores and country Orders. [Nov. 23 tf.

NOTICE.

EDWARD McKITRICK.

IS PREPARED to take all contracts in his line, and executed with neatness and dispatch, all kinds of Jobbing attended to.

N. B.—Plans and specifications given when required, gratis. jan 4, y.

H. C. CARSTENS,

Builder and Architect.

IS now prepared to take all contracts in his line of business, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ *Shop, near the Garrison, East of Lafayette Street.* june 8, 1y.

I. O. O. F.

DESOTO LODGE, NO. 7, Regular Stated Meetings, every Thursday Evening. MAGNOLIA ENCAMPMENT, NO. 4. Regular Stated Meetings, the second and fourth Saturday Evenings in each month. june 8.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

THE regular meetings of *CAPITOL DIVISION* No. 29. S. of T., are held on every *Monday Evening*, at 7 o'clock, precisely—in Odd Fellow's Hall, Lafayette st. By order of the W. P.

june 8, R. S. STUART *R. S.*

CHARLES G. SLOCUM.

HAS RECEIVED A SPLENDID LOT OF

Paper Hangings

OF THE LATEST PATERNS FRENCH & American.

JUST received and for sale at very low prices, at the shop of the undersigned, on Florida Street, opposite the Mayor's Office.

He has engaged competent workmen, and will be ready at all times to attend to all orders in that line, and pledges himself that all work entrusted to his care will be done in a workmanlike and satisfactory manner.

☞ House and Sign Painting, GRAINING GRAINING and Gilding, imitation of Wood and Marble executed in the best style. Also, a lot of fire screens, window curtains, &c., all of which he offers on the most liberal terms.

Jan. 4, y. CHAS. G. SLOCUM.

Shop opposite Mayor's Office.

Painting & Glazing.

THE subscriber would inform his friends and the public in general, that he is now prepared to undertake all kinds of

House and Sign Painting,

Glazing, Paper Hanging, &c., &c.

Shops can be found at all times at his shop in the rear of Messrs. Dubuisson & Young's store on Lafayette st. Best of references given.

dec 21, 1849. LEVI KELLUM.

COHN & OPPENHEIM.

Sign of the Golden Bee-Hive,

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the public to their advertisement in another column, and having just received in addition to their large selected stock, a further supply of choice and fashionable goods, selected with care for this market. They have on hand a splendid stock of

Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,

Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Perfumery, which in style, quality and cheapness, not surpassed in any establishment in the South.

☞ Call and judge for yourselves at the *Bee Hive* Store.

Corner of Lafayette and Laurel streets formerly E. Lanoue's. june 8 1y.

CHARLES SIMON. JOSEPH SIMON.

C. SIMON & BROTHER,

HEREBY respectfully inform the citizens of this town, and of the Parishes of East and West Baton Rouge, that they have formed a co-partnership, under the above name, and that they have on hand, at the old stand of Jos. Simon, a large and well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

consisting of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, of all descriptions, DRESSES, LINSEYS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c., and all articles comprising a complete stock in their line, too numerous to specify.

They hope by close attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

CHARLES SIMON,
sept. 14, tf. JOSEPH SIMON.

HARDWARE.

THE undersigned would inform their friends and the public in general that they are now opening at their store, corner of *Lafayette and Florida streets*, a complete assortment of

Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, Window Glass &c., &c.,

all of which was bought with great care in the Eastern markets. We invite such persons as are in want of any thing in our line, to call and examine our stock, before making their purchases.

oct. 5 tf. LARGUIER & LA NOUE.

Prepare Yourselves for Cold Weather.

C. A. ILON, still continues to offer great inducements to the purchasers of *READY MADE CLOTHING*, of all grades and qualities, no one should buy what they want in the shape of Clothing without first calling on C. A. ILON, for there is no store in Baton Rouge where they have as large, well cut and made stocks; the goods are all fresh and warranted in every respect which is something that other houses dare not do. Also boys Clothing of all kinds, those in want of good Goods should repair for the outfit. [oct. 5tf.

Waters.

25 LBS. superfine Red Waters, 5 gross Boxes transparent do. 12 doz Street's motto waters assorted. *JOHN C. LA NOUE.*

oct 19. Post office room.

To the Public.

THE undersigned respectfully tenders his thanks to the citizens of Baton Rouge, and the public in general, for their liberal patronage, and having now on hand an assortment of fancy articles, such as gold and silver lever watches, ladies broaches, finger rings, ear rings a la Jenny Lind, perfumes a la Jenny Lind, Music, Musical Instruments, flower vases, and many other articles too numerous to mention, all of which can be seen by calling at his old stand, Harney House Row, church st.

oct 26. *R. G. DELARDERIE.*

A. MATTA.

BEGS leave to inform the public that he has again established himself at his *old stand* on GROCERIES Church Street, where he offers for sale a general assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and HARDWARE. Low for Cash or on accomodating terms, and takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to his former customers, and flatters himself that his prices and quality of Groceries and Provisions will induce them to extend to him a portion of their former patronage.

CARRIAGES, WAGONS, CART, Ploughs &c.

THE subscriber hereby returns his thanks to his customers for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he will continue his business in all its branches at his establishment, corner of Church and Main streets.

CARRIAGES of every description made to order or repaired in the neatest manner. Plantation and Road Wagons, Carts, Drays, &c., made and repaired as usual. Also, wrought-iron Ploughs made to order and kept on hand for sale, and all kinds of Plantation Smith and Job work attended to promptly.

THE Subscriber has also taken the agency for the sale of all kinds of Wheelright and Wagon work, including Wheel and Dirt Barrows, Iron Axles, Wagon and Cart Harness, &c., from the celebrated manufactory of Messrs. Bushy & Little, of Wheeling, Va.; and will also keep an assortment of Flat, Round and Square Iron for Smiths and Planters use.

The attention of Planters and those wishing to purchase is called to his stock, and all orders for the coming season will be faithfully attended to, and all work ordered or purchased from the subscriber fully guaranteed. The freight on carriages sent to any part of the Coast will always be paid.

june 8, 1y. W. F. TUNNARD.

Selling at Reduced Prices!

THE remainder of my large and well-assorted stock of SUMMER GOODS. Persons desiring bargains would do well to call immediately. Bargains can be had, and no mistake.

aug. 3. C. A. ILON Lafayette St.

J. C. LANOUE,

Dealer in Stationery and Fancy Articles.

CORNER OF LAFAYETTE AND FLORIDA STS.

june 8, 1y. *Louisiana.*

M. B. WOLFF, Auctioneer.

LIBERAL advances made on all Goods intended for sale at Auction. june 8, 1y.

STAGG & SHAW'S Sugar cured Hams, for sale

aug 24. A. MATTA.

To Sportsmen!

THE attention of Sportsmen is called to the almost Numerous ARTICLES of the most approved kind, such as—SHANKY CAPS, Safety top Powder FLASKS, Game BAGS, Shot Pouches, &c., &c., sold by C. A. ILON, Lafayette St.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are hereby notified to come and make immediate settlement, as it is his desire to close his business in this place.

R. G. DELARODERIE.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the old firm of COHN & OPPENHEIM will please call and settle their accounts without further notice, as the same have to be settled by the 1st of January, 1850. [dec 7] M. OPPENHEIM.

BEE HIVE STORE.

CLOTHING!! CLOTHING!!

WE have just received from The North a fine assortment of Clothing, of all of all descriptions. Also a fine assortment of Dry Goods.

COHN & OPPENHEIM.

Cloaks, Mantillas and Shawls.

A FINE assortment of Cloaks, Mantillas and Shawls, just received and for sale by

sept 12 *COHN & OPPENHEIM.*

JUST RECEIVED, a fine assortment of Hats, Bonnets, &c.

[jan 5, 1851.] A. MATTA.

Police Jury of West Baton Rouge.

At a regular session of the Police Jury of the Parish of West Baton Rouge, held at the Court house on Monday the 6th day of January 1851, the following members were present, viz:

Jean B. LaBauve, W. J. Lyle, Chs. L. Petit, Jos. T. Landry, Paul Babin, Charles Smith—absent, Messrs. Lafaton, Lobdell and LeBlanc.

The Clerk being absent N. W. Pope was appointed to serve in that capacity pro tem. On motion the reading of the minutes of the last meeting was dispensed with.

Messrs. Lyle, Hebert and Landry being appointed on a committee to examine the bond offered by the Sheriff as Tax collector reported favorably thereon, which report was upon motion adopted and said bond received.

A communication was received from the State Engineer and another from the Police Jury of the Parish of Iberville, which having been read to the Jury, it was upon motion of W. J. Lyle, *Resolved*, That in view of the heavy amount of Taxes already imposed for the construction of Levees in this Parish, it is inexpedient at present to raise a further amount for the construction of the Grand Levee in the Parish of Pointe Coupée.

It was *Resolved*, That the Inspector of Roads and Levees in the upper Ward of this Parish, be authorized to have a levee and road made on the land fronting on False River and lying in this Parish, so as to connect the levee made on lands fronting on the Mississippi river with the new levee across False River.

A communication from H. Bergeron having been read, it was *Resolved*, That the Inspector of roads and levees in Ward No. 2, be authorized to contract for the making of the road and levee fronting on the Cut-off road in the Parishes of West Baton Rouge and Iberville, at the rate 12½ cents per cubic yard; and when said work is completed the President of the Police Jury is hereby authorized to draw on the Treasury for the cost thereof. On motion it was

Resolved That the Parish Attorney be ordered to take an appeal to the Supreme Court in the suit of Julian Gondeau vs. the Police Jury being the suit No. 1108 on the docket of the District Court.

It was, Resolved, That a fine of ten dollars be imposed on the Clerk of the Police Jury for non-attendance and neglect of duty in not recording the proceedings of the Police Jury—yes 5, nays 1.

The following accounts were then presented and allowed: To J. V. Duralde Sheriff in criminal matters, - - - - - - - - - - - - - - $11 80
for Elections, - - - - - - - - - - - - 30 75
J. T. Nolan, Justice for inquests - - - - 25 00
Chs. L. Petit, for criminal matter - - - 7 25½
" for Inquest, - - - - - - - - - - 25 36
N. W. Pope for services as pro tem, - - 10 00

which having been done and there appearing no more business the Jury adjourned *sine die*

J. B. LABAUVE, *Pres't* (Signed.)
N. W. POPE, *Clerk pro tem.*

Juri de Police d'Ouest-Baton Rouge.

A une assemblée regulière de Juri de Police de la Paroisse d'Ouest Baton Rouge, tenue à la maison de Cour de la dite Paroisse, Lundi, le 6me jour de Janvier, A. D., 1851, l'appel ayant été fait, il a paru que Messieurs Jean Bte. LaBauve, Président, W. J. Lyle, Charles L. Petit, Valmont Hébert, James W. Pipes, Joseph T. Landry, Paul Babin, Charles Smith, étant présens, et Messieurs Louis Lafiton, Magloire LeBlanc et John L. Lobdell, absents.

Le greffier du Juri étant absent, N. W. Pope, fut nommé greffier *pro. tempore*.

Sur motion, il fut dispensé de la lecture des délibérations de la dernière réunion.

Messieurs Hébert, Lyle et Landry ayant été nommés d'un comité pour examiner les cautionnement offert par le Shérif, comme Collecteur des Taxes, fait un rapport favorable, et le Juri, sur motion faite, approuvé le dit bond.

Lecture ayant été faite au juri de deux communications l'une de l'Engenieure de l'Etat et l'autre du Juri de Police de la Paroisse d'Iberville. Il fut résolu, Sur motion de W. J. Lyle, que vu l'enormité des taxes déja imposées pour la construction des levées de cette Paroisse, le Juri ne peut se résoudre de prelever une taxe additionnelle pour la construction de la Grande Levée de la Pointe Coupée.

Il fut resolu, Que l'Inspecteur des chemins et levées pour le district supérieur de la Paroisse, soit autorisé a faire construire une levée et un chemin le long du chenal de la Fausse Rivière, sur les terres de cette Paroisse, afin de les joindre aux levées et chemins faits sur le bord du Mississippi, à l'endroit de la nouvelle digue construite sur la Fausse Rivière.

Lecture faite d'une communication d'Hilaire Bergeron, il a été résolu, Que l'Inspecteur des chemins et levées pour l'arrondissement No 2, soit autorisé de contracter pour la construction du chemin et de la levée, en face du Racourci de Plaquemine, au taux de 12½ cents la yarde, cube, et le Président du Juri, est et demeure autorisé a tirer sur le trésor pour le coût du dit travail.

Sur motion, Resolu, Que l'avocat de la Paroisse soit requis d'en appeler à la Cour Suprême de la décision dans l'affaire de Julien Goudeau vs. le Juri de Police étant le No 1108, sur le docket de la Cour de District.

Résolu qu'un amende de dix piastres soit imposée au greffier du Juri de Police, a cause de son absence à cette séance, et la négligence à enrégistrer les déliberations de la dernière assemblée. l'appel nominal sur la dite résolution a donné 5 oui, on non.

Résolu, Que les comptes suivants soient alloués:

A J. V. Duralde, Shérif, pour services dans les causes criminelles $11 80, pour frais d'election, - - - - - - - - - - $ 30 00
A J. T. Nolan, J. P. pour enquête - - $ 25
A C. L. Petit, pour affaire criminelle, $ 7 25½
" " " " enquête, - - $ 25 36
A N. W. Pope, comme greffier, - - $ 10

Le Juri s'est alors ajourné *sine die*.

JEAN BTE. LABAUVE, *Président.*
N. W. POPE, Greffier pro. tem.

HUGUET & PIKE,

INVITE the attention of Planters, Mechanics and the public generally, to their large and well assorted stock of HARDWARE CUTLERY, &c, which they have constantly in store and now receiving direct from New York and eastern manufacturers, viz:

Carpenter's, Cooper's Wheelright & Smith's tools of every description,
100 Coils Manilla Cordage (assorted,)
20 Coils Jute packing, 10 do Kentucky do,
120 Boxes glass (assorted)
125 Kegs white lead pure and No 1,
1000 Pounds putty in bladders,
125 Kegs Nails (assorted,) 20 do Spikes, do
20 Bags wrought nails,
12 Dozen "Ames" short handle spades,
12 " " " " shovels,
30 " Rowlands & Carr's shovels and spades,
50 Pair Andirons (assorted)
75 " shovels and tongs, 3 Dozen Coal hods,
25 Dozen cane knives, plain and hook,
50 " brushes assorted, 25 do "Collins" Axes,
10 " "Simmons" axes,
21 Gross common table knives and forks,
35 Dozen Rodger's table and dessert do,
60 Pair table carvers, assorted,
50 Doz. pocket knives, 25 do scissors assorted,
150 " Pad locks,
50 " assorted brass and iron, Cupboard, chest, box, and trunk locks,
3 Casks strap hinges assorted,
Ox Log and trace chains, Hilling hoes and horse Collars, Wood, Tin and Willow ware, Cross cut, Mill and pit Saws,
40 English Keel twist, Patent Britch, Double Barrel Shot GUNS. Together with every variety of goods usually found in a Hardware store.

sept. 14, tf.

Garden Seeds.

RAISED and put up by the Society of Shakers Pleasant Hill Ky. Just received and for sale by [jan 7.] *JOHN C. LANOUE.*

Sugar and Cotton.

WE ARE prepared to buy, or make advances on shipments of Sugar and Cotton in our hands in New Orleans.

sept 28. W. D. PHILLIPS & BRO.

Residence for Sale.

WILL be sold on favorable terms a [illegible] Residence, pleasantly situated [illegible] Carondelet Canal and [illegible] Col. Mark Vinton. [illegible] 15

The Right of State Secessionist.

The following little piece of history, taken from a secessionist article in the National Intelligencer, cannot but be interesting just at this time:

With regard to the right of secession, which, as a State Rights' doctrine, presented a bold front *a year ago* in the capital of Virginia, planting itself upon its derivation from the resolutions of 1798–99, and Mr. Madison's report of that day—the error of which was then exposed and exploded by producing the authority of Mr. Madison himself, directly against it—we never expect to hear of it again as a doctrine of the State Rights school, after the evidence which has been just brought to light, that in the opinion of the head and oracle of the school, Spencer Roane and his political associates, expressed more than forty years ago "*secession*" *is* "*treason.*" The occasion which called forth *this* denunciation of a doctrine which last year found many supporters in Virginia was doubtless the threat of "secession" thrown out from New England about that time, when suffering under the excruciating pressure of an unlimited embargo. A like menace, as some of our readers may remember, was subsequently reiterated on the floor of the House of Representatives, by a distinguished gentleman who then represented the city of Boston in Congress (who yet lives—and has lived long enough to regard as a dream the scenes in which he in his younger days bore a part) who declared with studied precision of language that a certain bill (that for the admission of Louisiana into the Union) "would free the States from moral obligation, and, as it would be the right of all, it would be the duty of some to prepare for a seperation, peacably if they could, *violently if they must.*"—Whatever the occasion which extorted it, the sentiment of the Virginia patriarch, repeated in substance and unanswersably enforced by Mr. Madison more than twenty years afterwards, is true; the violent secession of a State from the Union, as it cannot be effected without levying war, against the United States, *is* treason, and nothing less. When it comes to be understood by persons of the present generation, under whatever party banner they may have heretofore ranged themselves, that the doctrine of the right of secession originated with the Essex Junto, was arraigned and condemned, as soon as promulgated, by the conscript fathers of the Ancient Dominion, and is, as now revived but a sickly sprout from the root of nullification, we shall hear no more, be assured, from any respectable quarter of State secession, whether, as has been figured in the flowers of oratory, as "a graceful retirement" from the Union, or in the form more consistent with reality of a fearful and fatal avulsion of one of its limbs from the body of the Republic.

Census in the United States.

In 1790 the Union consisted of seventeen States, with a population of 4,929,827, and 451,121 square miles of land, or 9 persons to a square mile.

In 1800 there were twenty States, with a population of 5,305,040, and an area of 782,544 square miles, or 8 persons to a square mile.

In 1810 there were twenty-four States, with a population of 7,239,414 and an area 819,314 square miles or 9 persons to a square mile.

In 1820 there were twenty-seven States, with a population of 8,738,191, and an area of 849,314 square miles, or 10 persons to a square mile.

In 1830 there were twenty-seven States with a population of 12,866,020 and an area of 819,514 square miles, or 13 persons to a square mile.

In 1840 there were twenty-nine States, with a population of 17,068,666, and an area of 117,344, square miles, or 14 persons to a square mile.

We have now 31 States, containing a population (by estimate) of 21,686,000, and an area of 1,913,125 square miles, or 12 persons to the square mile.—*Louisville Journal.*

SCARCITY OF SILVER.—In the House of Representatives, on the 13th inst., a resolution offered by Mr. Chandler, of Philadelphia, was passed in the following form:

Resolved, That the Committe on Commerce be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reducing the value of the silver coin of the United States by diminishing their weight, or of increasing the proportion of alloy in the same, or both, so as to prevent their exportation; and that they have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

☞ "Prisoner, stand up! are you guilty or not guilty?"

"Faith, do you think I'de be doing the work of the jury for 'em when they're paid for it! Let 'em find it out."

THE UPPER REGIONS OF THE ATMOSPHERE.—Mr. J. Wise, the aeronaut, has recently published a work entitled "History and Practice of aeronautics, "from which the Philadelphia Inquirer derives the following interesting facts:

In one place he makes us acquainted with the still quiet of the heavens, thus:

A bee was let off at 8000 feet, which flew away making a humming noise. At the altitude of 11,000 feet, a great linnet was liberated, which flew away directly, but soon feeling itself abandoned in the midst of an unknown ocean, it returned and settled on the toys of the balloon; then mustering fresh courage, it took a second flight and dashed downwards to the earth describing a tortuous and perpendicular track. A pigeon let off under similar circumstances afforded a more curious spectacle. Placed on the edge of the car, it rested while measureing, as it were, the breadth of that azure colored sea which it designed to traverse now descending into the abyss, fluttered irregularly, and seemed at first to try its wings on the thin element, till after a few strokes it gained more confidence, and whirling in large circles or spirals, like the bird of prey, it precipitated itself into the mass of extended green land and was soon lost from sight. In one of his ascensions he held a distant conversation with Mr. Faraday, who succeeded with another balloon about the same time.

From the Thibodaux Minerva.

Death of Hernon De Soto.

BY G. W. P.

It was a warm sultry morning in Spring and the rising Sun threw his beams over the dark face of the waters, that great monarch stream—the pride of the Western World. Onward rolled that turbid flood in sullen grandeur with all it tributes titles like some great bannered king that goes to conquer distant shores. Slowly the mists arose from his brow-like cave to face the smile of hope in the early beams of the morning. But it was a dark and dreary waste and wilderness through which his marshalled hosts poured their tides. Here was the wild and wary Indian fleet as the wind, or skimming the waves with his light canoe. Here was the thrilling cry of horror as the hurtled arrow flew unerring to its mark; the victim's groan, the buzzing fly, the serpent's sting, all were here and reigned with silence on her ancient throne.

But lo! a thousand years have passed away—a golden banner, emblazoned with the arms of Spain—displaying its gorgeous folds as the fitful breezes rise and fall, is seen amid a strange encampment on the bluff of that great father of waters—This was the first whiteman's dwelling ever reared in the boundless solitude. In the rear of this tent a warlike host is seen, and at times the deep tramp of the charger, and the blood-hound's distant bay might be heard. Before each tent stood the spears adorned with pisencel and bound with rich pennon, while the sentinel-warrior gleaming in mail—with guilded spur and belted brand paced his accustomed round. By all these tokens they seem of the knightly throng that guard that romantic land of song and chivalry—and such they were. But how changed—thro' that encampment no sound of mirth, no hum of social converse, no voice of music disturbs the silence of the scene. The noble charger drops his head, with his warrior-front struck down—and the fierce sagacious blood-hound slumbers upon the ground in careless neglect or with slouching crest drags his meager and emaciated form after his master. The toilworn soldier with an humbled mien and gloomy brow—care-worn and dejected paces to and fro reckless of life—that has little else of misfortune to bestow. Gaunt famine is around them like a vulture by day and by night and perches upon their sallow cheeks and sunken eyes. Through the dark pine forests—along the deep morass, the wing of the angel of death was heard at times to pass, and the pestilence was abroad over the waveless waters and dwelling in the breezeless air.

Oh! how often did they visit in fancy their own silver Guadalquiver and the vany streams of the Xeres the cool-sloped Alpuxarras and rove amid the fields of waving palm and orange groves of their native land. How oft amid that burning Sun did her clim again the snow-crobbled Sims—with friends and kindred of other and happier days, they may never behold again. Where were those gallant forms, those bold comrades, those thunderbolts of war that leaped with them upon the enameled glades of Florida. What a splendid troop!—with glittering helms and waving plume and clad in polished steel, while over them waved the banners of Castile gallant in silken fold. High in confidence and hope they press on, subdue nations and tribes, and the deep sound of the trumpet and the roll of the battle drum heralded their approach through the wilderness, and over conquered realms. These Andalusian coursers mark how fleet they move, with eyes wild flashing and floating manes. How they sheen afar off, and in the harness of war, in purple and steel, they paw the trembling ground as they come and with inflated nostril snuff the war blood.

The startled savage flies aghast, what war-like deeds are done, and Fame enrolls them on her page, imperishable as the annals of heroes. On they come, those children of the Sun over the mountain barriers of the Appalachee, over the plains and rivers of Alabama, where never before the sound of christian voice, or the trumpets brazen blare or the red-flaming volly shook the wild beast in its lair.—Disease, war and pestilence have thined their splendid files. Their graves are scattered where they fell, silent and unknown. The wrongs of the Indian are half avenged. Mavineto's foes have felt his wrath and droop and perish by degrees, and of all that gallant host how few shall ever return to hail their native land or press the homes of their youth.

There in a lonely tent struck down by disease where the waters of the Red River, blended their tribute in the bosom of the Mississippi, there lay the great Conqueror of the Western World, the haughty spirit, the noble heart, the enthusiastic mind.—There perishing by inches the pride of knightly lence the flower of love and chivalry, the hero of Romance; whose name had resounded wherever the banners of Spain had flown, the terror of the Infidel, the scourge of Bizaro the joint conqueror of Peru. Yes, there lay Hernan De Soto, his fiercy spirit more than the burning fever consuming his mortal frame. His eagle eye, that flashed the brighter in peril's darkest hour, was dim and restless and wandering in film like the last hues of twilight and the damp clammy dews of death were on his brow. Where were all his hopes, his dreams of ambition, of fame, of dominion? gone! like the leaves of Autumn when the winds of Winter are abroad. Far from the smiles of his young bride, the beauty of Bovadilla, far from his native land surrounded by perfidious savages, who should he wish to live? To behold the Inter Sacy treason and treachery of the Ferdinands and conquered? The cities of Mexico and Cuzco? Shadow these events to the mortal eye? Instead of golden realms, the fever has grasped him all that Cortez or Pizarro had achieved—what had he met, instead but the deep forest, the lone trees the forest the naked savage. Where were all those faithful followers that had come in quest has fortune? Alas! he could but return his wounds and state those brilliant hopes that had been formed from the past quest.

[illegible] Alas! how changed [illegible]

care, and hunger. They spoke not many words but bitter were the tears that coursed adown their sun-browned cheeks as ever and anon the heavy sob-like breathings struggled from the dying chief. There too stood the crowled priests with holy rite and prayer, watching with breathless anxiety the spirit's parting sigh.

Taking a ring from his finger he give it to Muscoso his friend of better days and named him his successor. Anon as a cool rush of wind swept his brow, he raised his languid head and essayed to speak but fell back in the instant into a dreamless slumber with the words, *union and perseverance* on his lips. His stormy life was over, nor war nor the sound of the trumpet shall ever wake him more.

With his death, closed also the type of man's eventful life, the day. By the time the funeral rites were prepared with the due solemnity of the occasion, it was midnight. No sound was heard, save the surging of the waters as they broke upon the shores. A thousand stars studed overhead and the night was calm and beautiful. Slowly and mornfully the truth of cowled priests advance with rosary, and bearing aloft the steaming censer and crucifix, followed by five hundred torches. Setting off from shore, they chant the mournful Miserere whose solemn notes died away in the distant, and echoed along the vaulted wood. They reach the mid way river the destined place of his future repose. Then burst forth the stormy music of the drum and the trumpet's wailing notes mingled with the thrilling battle cry. "*St. Jago De Soto and for Spain!*" The roar of the volleying arquibusses boom over the waters whose thunder sound started the prying savages that lurked around to mark the white-man's tomb.

A pause—a silence deep, profound, a splash, a plunge, and he whose eye first beheld with christian awe that great montrich river the discoverer of the Mississippi like a child slept in its bosom. He had sought the Western World for gold and found nothing so remarkable as his burrial place.

LOCOFOCO NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR AND LIEUT. GOV.—It will be seen by our telegraphic dispatch from Frankfort that the Democratic convention has nominated Lazarus W. Powell, Esq., for Governor and Robert. W. Wickliffe, Esq., (Greasy Bob) for Lieut. Governor, probably a stronger nomination for Governor could not have been made by that body.—*Louisville Journal.*

SCUDDING UNDER BARE POLES.—The Port Gibson herald, in noticing the refusal of the Mississippi Legislature, to allow the U. S. flag to be unfurled over the State House during its session says:

"As we looked upon the naked flagstaffs of the Capitol, and reviewed the scenes which were then being enacted within its walls, we thought that a noble ship with a reckless crew, scudding under *bare poles* before the breath of the hurricane, and driving headlong among the breakers on a rock-bound coast, would be a fit emblem of that 'Ship of State' whose helm is in the reckless and unskillful hands of John Anthony Quitman."

A monster of the deep.

In some parts of the ocean there are enormous sea animals, called Sepiha' which are a kind of polypi. They have very long legs, and are said sometimes to seize upon the coral divers along the coast of Italy. Mr. Beal tells the following adventure with a creature of this sort:

While upon the Bouin Islands, searching for shells upon the rocks, which had just been left by the receding tide, I was much astonished at seeing at my feet a most extraordinary looking creature, crawling towards the retreating surf. I had never seen one like it before. It was creeping on its eight legs, which from their soft and flexible nature, bent considerably under the weight of its body, so that it was lifted by the efforts of its tentacula only a small distance from the rocks.

It appeared much alarmed on seeing me and made every attempt to escape while I was not much in the humor to endeavor to capture so ugly a customer whose appearance excited a feeling of disgust unmixed with fear. I, however, endeavored to prevent its escape, by pressing on one of his legs with my foot; but although I used considerable force for that purpose its strenght was so great that it several times quickly liberated its member, in spite of all the effort I could employ in this way on wet, slippery rocks. I now laid hold of one of the tentacles with my hand and held it firmly, so that the limb appeared as it would be torn asunder by our united strenght. I gave a powerful jerk wishing to disengage it from the rocks to which it clung so forcibly by its suckers, which it effectually resisted; but the moment after the enraged animal lifted its head, with its large eyes projecting from the middle of its body, and letting go its hold from the rocks, suddenly sprang upon my arm, which I had previously bared to my shoulder, for the purpose of thrusting it into holes in the rocks to discover shells, and clung, with its suckers, to it with great power, endeavoring to get its beak, which I could now see between the roots of its arms in position to bite.

A sensation of horror pervaded my whole frame, when I found this monstrous animal, for it was about four feet long, fixed so firmly to my arm. Its cold slimy grasp was extremely sickening, and I immediately called aloud to the captain, who was also searching for shell at some distance, to come and release me from the disgusting assailant. He quickly arrived, and taking me down to the boat during which time I was employed in keeping the beast away from my hand, quickly released me by destroying my aggressor with the boat knife which I then gave it by permanent seizure. The animal was that species of Sepia which is called by naturalists "octopus." Thus ends the [illegible]

Booth and the Fat Girl.

The veteran, tragedian, Mr. Booth, while playing a recent engagement in this city, received a horrible shock, which might possibly have resulted fatally, but happily, was productive of a much more ludicrous than serious result.

The renowned fat girl, Miss Anna Crouse, was exhibiting herself at the museum at the time of the engagement—Mr. Booth was to appear on Monday evening as Richard. He was in an exceedingly nervous, irritable, and unhappy state, from some unaccountable cause, all that day. Every thing seemed wrong, and by one mishap and another he was worked up to a frenzy. The time for the performance arrived; Booth grew calmer, and commenced his work.

The delectable fat girl, urged by an insurmountable desire to see the great Booth in Richard, her experience in the drama being limited, gathered herself together, and with some difficulty succeeded in gaining the rear of the stage. Panting with the exertion necessary to get all of herself through the contracted entrances, she found the narrow stairway by which Booth would leave the stage, and composedly adjusted herself in a manner capable of obtaining all the comfort which a stair a foot wide was competent to afford. Her bulk being enormous, when sitting, (the fat having full license to spread itself in all directions,), she completely choked up the passage, and found herself securely wedged between some substantial bannisters, on one side, and on the other a firm brick wall. Though somewhat alarmed as to her ability to free herself from this situation, should an emergency occur, she sat patiently waiting for the grand burst of Booth in the last act, as the stricken king. It came—the death scene was executed in a most effective manner, and received the liberal plaudits of the vast assembly in the front.

As we have stated, Booth was in a frenzy previous to the opening, and his efforts during the evening made him still worse. He was distracted; his nervous system was wofully overtaxed. At the conclusion of the play he rushed from the stage to seek his dressing-room, thinking to gain there quiet and relief. Reaching the staircase, his glance at once met Anna's delighted and admiring gaze. There she sat quietly and calmly while Booth waiting to make the passage, his mind being temporarily disordered, could not comprehend this singular obstruction.

She began, however, to be quite alarmed at the tragedian's terrific look. Booth was astounded at the sight of her. (He had not chanced to see the fat girl, and knew not that such a person existed.) He imagined his vision was obscured, and that Anna was a blind fancy of the brain—or else his sight had *doubled*—and yet there certainly was a human form peering at him. He looked and looked. He assured himself that he must be mistaken in taking so large a hill for a human being. Determined to satisfy himself, he unsheathed his dress sword merely to prove with its point the existence of this strange phantasy.—The fear occasioned by this act was soon apparent. Poor Anna imagined herself slaughtered, and her struggles to escape were tremendous; those horrible eyes of Booth's driving into her could not be borne. Again and again she tried to edge away, but all was of no avail; the bannisters were too [illegible] stout, and the brick wall [illegible] resisted her.

[illegible] sword was drawn her o'er [illegible] left her—one loud long [illegible] and she swayed to and [illegible] wind, and finally her head, [illegible] on her breast, she seemed dead, the treacherous but yet friendly brick wall and bannisters alone preventing her from falling. Booth, by this time, was perfectly insane. He drove his sword fiercely towards her, exclaiming, "Out of my way, [illegible]—hell's tortures be thy doom-way, [illegible] Paul I'll cleave thy ruffian's [illegible] stand, I say—defend thyself, or flies [illegible] thou giv'st me way. I care not." [illegible] with rage, he violently thrust at [illegible] luckily the thick folds of her dress, [illegible] wavering hand that held the weapon [illegible] caused aught but a mere scratch.—[illegible] scratch, however, sufficed—"Murder, Murder, Murder, Murder," reechoed through the building, coming from the revived Anna—"Help, Murder, oh, help, help!" Then what a scene ensued. [illegible], supernumeraries, carpenters, and [illegible] mysterious beings that dwell, invisible, behind the scenes, rushed toward the spot from whence the continued thrilling sounds proceed.

There stood Booth, calm, but pale—his eyes flashing, lips compressed, and his upright mien betokening his dauntless spirit—and there, shrinking and trembling like an overgrown lily or sunflower, sat the Fat Girl—her features confused with fear, and her agitated, substantial frame, heaving with spasmodic jerks. On her fine forehead stood big drops of perspiration, and her flesh swayed to and fro like the waves of the troubled ocean.

"Save me—save me"—she shrieked.

"Sorbanus—have at thee," furiously cried Booth; "I'll drive my point full at thee if