THE LOUISIANA DEMOCRAT.

E. W. HALSEY.....EDITOR.

ALEXANDRIA:

Wednesday, February....8, 1860.

☞ *The subscriber, having exclusive charge of the business department of the* DEMOCRAT, *requests persons who have advertisements to insert or payments to make to call at his Law office.*

MERCER CANFIELD.

☞ Notice to Advertisers. ☜

As we go to Press TUESDAYS at noon, advertisements, to ensure insertion, should be handed in on MONDAYS.

CALL FOR A PARISH CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of the several Precincts are requested to hold Primary Meetings on

Saturday, 18th inst.,

and send up Delegates to the Parish Convention to be held in Alexandria on the following

Saturday, 25th February,

for the purpose of sending Delegates to represent the Parish of Rapides in the State Convention at Baton Rouge on

Monday, 5th of March next.

Rapides polled 892 votes for Governor, and is consequently entitled to nine Delegates in the State Convention.

Each Precinct is entitled in the Parish Convention to one Delegate for every 20 Democratic votes cast for Governor in the last election, and one additional for every fraction of ten and over; as follows:

Precincts.	Votes.	Delegates.
Latannier	11	1
Ana-Coco	26	1
Neal's	87	4
Whiskachita	38	2
Burton's	14	1
Stanley's	69	3
Calcasieu	58	3
Comrade	34	2
Bayou Rapides	21	1
Cheneyville	29	1
Lamourie	42	2
Lecomte	13	1
Spring Hill	24	1
Cotile	66	3
Sandy Creek	13	1
Little River	4	1
Plaisance	15	1
Union	16	1
Saddle Bayou	18	1
Simms'	6	1
Wiley's	43	2
Lacroix's	24	1
Goree's	20	1
Pineville	45	2
Alexandria	156	8

By order of the Parish Executive Committee.

Alexandria, February 1st, 1860.

☞ **See Third and Fourth pages for reading matter.**

☞ See Mr. HENARIE's advertisement. The "Wake up and Morning Call" is the latest agony.

BANJO.—We direct attention to the advertisement of this well-known steamer that annually makes a trip up Red River. It will be here on 11th inst.

☞ See Dr. LEE's "Dental Notice."

☞ Messrs. WINEHILL & BRO.'s advertisement will be found in its appropriate column. Therefrom it will be perceived that in order to make room for a Spring Stock, they will be selling off at cost during the month of February.

☞ Mr. HINES, our District Attorney returned a few days since, from Avoyelles, having attended to the prosecution of the slaves charged with the murder of their master, Mr. Normand. Two of these were sentenced to be hung on last Saturday—the other one not being involved in the murder was sentenced to a milder punishment for assisting to secretly bury the deceased.

☞ The Legislature after an adjournment of a week to permit the traveling committees to make their reports—reassembled on Monday 6th inst.

☞ During the past week much rain has fallen, and Red river is rising rapidly.

NEW PAPER.—The first number of a weekly political paper entitled the "State Rights Louisianian," was issued in New Orleans, Jan. 28. It is published and edited by JEROME BAYON, Esq., a veteran journalist. It puts forth as its candidate for the Presidency Stephen A. Douglas. There appears to us to be no particular consistency between the title of the new journal, "State Rights" and the tenets of its candidate which are put forth in the resolutions of the Illinois and Indiana State Conventions. That the people of any State have the right to settle in any territory with their slaves, to remain there with them and to be protected in their possession so long as it remains a territory and the common property of the people of all the States, in spite of any majority of the territorial inhabitants however hostile, is a proposition which few Southern people and no Southern Democrats are inclined to dispute. Squatter Sovereignty is in direct antagonism with State Rights.

☞ In the recent election for District Judge in the parishes of Caddo and DeSoto, the candidates were Judge Roland Jones, of Caddo, and Mr Elam, of DeSoto. Mr. Jones' majority in his parish was 327—Mr. Elam's majority in his parish was 319—Jones elected therefore by 8 majority to fill the unexpired term of Judge Creswell resigned.

The people exhibited little interest in the election, and the vote was small.

Democracy in the Northwest.

Elsewhere in our present issue will be found the resolutions adopted by the State Democratic Conventions of Illinois and Indiana, at both of which Mr. Douglas was recommended as the choice of the Democracy for the Charleston nomination. The enunciation of opinion in these documents is so distinct and was made with the concurrence of so large a part of those bodies that we are at liberty to assume the platforms as expressive of the views entertained by Douglas There is even a strong probability that he is either the author of the resolutions or that they were prepared by those who have his entire confidence or who exactly coincide with him in political tenets.

It will be perceived that the Illinois and Indiana resolutions take decided ground in favor of the assumed right of the people of a territory to govern themselves, without any other limitation to this power or reservation in favor of a territorial minority than an expressed willingness to abide by and uphold all decisions of the U. S. Supreme Court. They declare, in equivalent terms at least, that the inhabitants of a territory may govern themselves as completely as those of a State, intending that within these assumed powers that of prohibiting the importation of slaves by a territorial law should be included; yet if the Supreme Court shall hereafter declare such prohibitory law a nullity, they will assent to and sustain that as well as all other decrees of that tribunal. They appear to have overlooked the fact the legislation which they assume as being within the province of territorial power is of the very kind, and bearing upon the very subject, with that which this Court has declared to be unconstitutional and null in the Dred Scott decision. Had not the so-called Missouri Compromise line been obliterated by the bill for organizing Kansas and Nebraska, it is conceded by all Democrats that the Dred Scott decision would have effaced it forever.

Nor can we applaud the candor of those who drew up the Illinois resolutions in quoting an isolated sentence from the letter of acceptance of Mr. Buchanan, instead of quoting from the more elaborate and more explicit declaration concerning territorial powers as contained in that Statesman's late able and profound annual message. When he delivered his inaugural address he deferred any lengthy comments upon territorial matters, barely stating that in his opinion the appropriate time for the people of a territory to decide for themselves upon the matter of slavery was when forming a Constitution which when ratified by Congress would constitute the territory a member of the confederacy of sovereign States. It will be remembered that he referred to the case of Dred Scott then before the Supreme Court and anticipated from the decision to be rendered therein a final and authoritative settlement of the extent and scope of the powers of the inhabitants of a territory. In his recent message he has set the Democrats of Illinois and Indiana an example worthy of their imitation by adopting the principle of that decision as worthy of being inscribed on the Democratic platform. They would do far better to welcome an enunciation of Constitutional rights from the great national tribunal than attempt to incorporate a Red Republican feature into their platform and bolster it up with sophistry. The principle established in that memorable case will be embodied into the Charleston Platform, even if no other step in advance is taken, and it will hereafter be cherished as one of the most valued, safest and most stedfast of Democratic tenets.

We are pleased to see that the Democrats of Indiana have recorded their determination to maintain the nominee of the Charleston Convention; they might with equal propriety have declared themselves ready to adopt and sustain the Charleston Platform.

Mississippi Legislature.-----Commercial Non-Intercourse.

In the Senate, on the 27th ult., Mr. Mimms introduced the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the slaveholding States of this Union, should resort to the most rigid system of commercial non-intercourse with all communities, cities, and States, who continue to offend against their constitutional rights. For this purpose we invite the Legislature of any Southern State to unite with us in this recommendation, and that in every State and country, town and neighborhood, resolutions may be adopted not to purchase or use, as far as practicable, any article whatsoever known to have been purchased or manufactured in such community, city or State, or to have been imported into the same for sale. In further aid of this object we earnestly recommend to the Southern States and their people that they encourage, by all means in their power, their own mechanics, merchants, manufacturers and institutions of learning, and the employment of their own citizens only in their public institutions of any character, and especially discourage the employment of teachers and preachers in their midst, from such offending community, city or State, thus contributing to the safety and prosperity, as well as the development of the unequalled resources and independence of the South.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the Governors of each of the States of the Union, and to our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

STATE CONVENTION.

Delegates to the Charleston Democratic Convention.

The annexed resolutions emanate from the Louisiana State Central Democratic Committee and it is important that Democrats throughout the State should take due notice of them.

We learn that insidious, laborious, constant efforts have been made for some time past to get a majority of the State Democratic Convention favorable to that Squatter Sovereignty heresy which nine-tenths of the masses of the party condemn and repudiate, and favorable to instructing the Charleston delegates to vote for the candidate who represents that odious doctrine.

We hope that due and seasonable care will be taken by the Democrats of our own tried and trusty Parish to send nine such delegates to the Baton Rouge Convention on the 5th of March as will not misrepresent them nor take such a course as will invite insulting dictation from any quarter. Let it be borne in mind that the Charleston Convention of next April will be the most important political assemblage ever convened on this Western continent. On the prudence of its course depends the integrity of the Democratic party and on the wisdom of its selection will depend the success of the party, the preservation of our confederate system and the avoidance of civil war. We hope the wisest, firmest and most influential men of the Democratic party of Louisiana will be there as delegates. We hope the schemes of sore-headed and time-serving aspirants will not cause the mischief they seem now to threaten. We hope that all persons who have attempted to dictate tenets for the party will be rebuked,—that all insolent factions which send bogus delegates will be rebuked by having their representatives promptly and incontinently kicked out,—that all who claim the universal Democracy as subject to their dictation will go away from it with fleas in their ears and a little more sense in their heads than they took there.

The faithful Democracy of Rapides will support the Charleston nominees beyond all doubt or skeleton of a doubt; but it becomes them to have their due share in the selection of members of the body which is to nominate him.

The resolutions of the Central State Committee are as follows:

Resolved, That it is hereby recommended to the Democrats of the several Parishes of the State to elect delegates to a State Convention to be held at Baton Rouge, on Monday the 5th March next, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the National Democratic Convention, to be held at Charleston, on the 23d of April next.

Resolved, That the delegates be elected on a basis of one delegate for every one hundred votes, and one for each fraction of fifty votes and upwards cast at the last general election for Governor.

J. B. COTTON, President.

H. L. HUNLEY, Secretary

HOW TO SAVE THE UNION.

A Voice from the Tomb of a Patriot Statesman.

In the course of a speech delivered in the U. S. Senate, on the 4th of March, 1850, by JOHN C. CALHOUN, occurs the following passage, which is as appropriate to the present time as to the crisis ten years ago:

"Having now, Senators, explained what it is that endangers the Union, and traced it to its cause, and explained its nature and character, the question again recurs—How can the Union be saved? To this I answer, there is but one way by which it can be—and that is—by adopting such measures as will satisfy the States belonging to the Southern section, that they can remain in the Union consistently with their honor and their safety. Their is, again, only one way by which this can be effected, and that is—by removing the causes by which this belief has been produced. Do *this*, and discontent will cease—harmony and kind feelings between the sections be restored—and every apprehension of danger to the Union removed. The question, then, is—How can this be done? But, before I undertake to answer this question, I propose to show by what the Union cannot be saved.

It cannot, then, be saved by eulogies on the Union, however splendid or numerous. The cry of "Union, Union—the glorious Union!" can no more prevent disunion than the cry of "Health, health—glorious health!" on the part of the physician, can save a patient lying dangerously ill. So long as the Union, instead of being regarded as a protector, is regarded in the opposite character, by not much less than a majority of the States, it will be in vain to attempt to conciliate them by pronouncing eulogies on it.

Besides this cry of Union comes commonly from those whom we cannot believe to be sincere. It usually comes from our assailants. But we cannot believe them to be sincere; for, if they loved the Union, they would necessarily be devoted to the Constitution. It made the Union,—and to destroy the Constitution would be to destroy the Union. But the only reliable and certain evidence of devotion to the Constitution is, to abstain, on the one hand, from violating it, and to repel, on the other all attempts to violate it. It is only by faithfully performing these high duties that the Constitution can be preserved, and with it the Union."

ANOTHER VETO.—Gov. Stewart, of Missouri, has refused to sign the bill passed by its Legislature for the exclusion of the free colored population from that State. It appears that Gov. Perry, of Florida has also declined to sign a bill of a like character, excluding the same class of persons from Florida.

☞ Jetur R. Riggs, whose vote elected Pennington, is from the largely Democratic 4th Congressional District of New Jersey. In '56 it gave Buchanan a majority over Fremont of 3429—and a majority over both Fremont and Filmore of 1081.

☞ Pennington, the Speaker, it seems is not the "American Republican" who was in Congress when Mr. Banks was elected Speaker.

That was A. M. C. Pennington brother of the Speaker, Mr. William Pennington.

A New Bob-Tail Jumble.

We find in the New Orleans Crescent's advertising columns on Feb. 1st, the following singular document:

State Presidential Convention.

Whereas, In view of the imminent dangers which are now threatening the Southern States from an "irrepressible conflict" of sectional fanaticism, waged against their domestic institutions, and in utter disregard of the rights secured to them under the Constitution:

And whereas, There exists no State or Federal issues, of a political character, to distract and divide the people of Louisiana in the face of the impending Presidential crisis, in which the continuance of the Union is involved;

And whereas, It is earnestly desired that the whole people of the South shall stand together as a unit in the great and patriotic struggle to uphold and preserve the Constitution and the Union, or, if need be, to protest and defend their separate independence, we, the undersigned Democratic members of the Legislature and citizens of the State, do earnestly recommend to the people of the respective parishes, irrespective of former political differences, to meet together in cordial determination to support the nominee of the Charleston Convention, and appoint their delegates to meet in the Democratic State Convention at Baton Rouge for the purpose of appointing delegates to represent Louisiana in the approaching National Convention at Charleston, South Carolina.

Baton Rouge, January 25, 1860.

Ed. Delony,	Senate.	Thos. Cottman,
H. R. Lott,	"	W. F. Wagner,
G. D. Shadburne,	"	B. B. Lindsy,
A. S. Herron,	House.	John Gryder,
Henry Gray,	"	E. Ferry,
W. C. Martin,	"	E. B. Towne,
O. S. Lane,	"	T. J. Bird,
Wm. L. Knox,	"	B. E. Chaney,
N. D. Coleman,	"	R. F. Gray,
R. L. Knox,	"	H. M. Pierce,
J. L. Walker,	"	Lafeyette Caldwell,
G. W. Lewis,	"	G. M. Pierce,
A. Duplantier,		Jas. H. Brigham,
E. D. Woods,		Jas. A. Morgan,
T. B. R. Hatch,		E. F. Morehead,
George W. Munday,		Edwin L. Jewell,
J. A. Norwood,		R. J. Herring.
E. W. Robertson,		

The design of the foregoing will be obvious to every faithful supporter of the Democratic party, its tenets, its organization and its usages. It is to obliterate the distinction which exists between Democrats and their opponents, to take from the hands of the Democratic party the power to control their own Convention, to send disorganizers and factionists to claim seats in that body and if admitted to send delegates of the same stripe to Charleston. It is intended to carry out the scheme for some time advocated by the Crescent to allow the Democratic State Convention to be constituted by all the voters of Louisiana without distinction as to parties. It is a sheer attempt, a lame and futile one, to disorganize our party, originating from disappointment and stimulated by the hope that in the process of destruction and re-combination certain small men will have another chance to rise above their proper level.

The advertisement and its signers open an inviting field for comment, but we prefer to give the space which our own remarks would occupy to the subjoined communications from Messrs. Robertson and Shadburne* which appeared successively in the Baton Rouge Advocate of the 3d and 4th inst. Similar cards may be expected from other signers, after they have had time to reflect upon the practical workings of the plan they propose. It is clear that we shall be obliged to class all those who have signed and who do not repudiate this advertisement, as no longer pertaining to the Democratic household:

BATON ROUGE, Feb, 2d, 1860.

Messrs. Editors—In the N. O. Crescent of yesterday, I find a call or recommendation, which bears my signature among others, for the people irrespective of former political differences to meet in their respective parishes to send delegates to the Democratic State Convention to assemble at this place, for the purpose of sending delegates to the Charleston Convention. It is not for me to question the motives of others who have signed this call. As for myself, I do not hesitate to say that I was in error, and I believe so far from its having a tendency to unite, the call will create divisions and disorganization in that party to which I owe allegiance. From the circumstances attending its circulation for signatures and its publication, I believe it to be a "trojan horse," calculated to destroy the very existence of that organization for which I have battled "through evil as well as good report." Permit me here to say that we have already, in this State, elements of discord in the party which it would be better for us to endeavor *first* to heal and to harmonize before calling in our opponents to create further discord.

While I fully endorse the sentiment that the South should be united, in the coming Presidential contest, irrespective of former political differences, in order successfully to con.at the enemies of the Constitution and the Union, patriotism alone should dictate the course to be pursued by those who have heretofore opposed the Democratic party, without an invitation to that effect. Besides, the Democracy of each parish having a right to organize in their own way, and to send whom they please to represent them, as was the case in the last Democratic State Convention, I believe the action taken in this call to be unnecessary. I have no excuse or apology to offer for signing my name to that document. I took the responsibility of signing it deliberately or otherwise, I now claim the right to have it erased, and do not desire it to remain for the mere sake of consistency.

Very respectfully, yours,

E. W. ROBERTSON.

* Mr. Shadburne's letter will appear in our next.

THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.—The Mississippi river is now rising very rapidly along its whole line. In the lower valley, the river begins to excite serious apprehensions. At Point Coupie, for several days, it has been rising at the rate of twelve inches in twenty four hours. The rise has been quite as great just above this city.

At the present moment, the river opposite New Orleans presents an angry, turbid, tumultuous aspect. The waves sweep along with great power. The surface of the stream, broken into great whirls or eddies, tosses about the heavy drift wood as feathers are driven by the breeze.

We do not yet anticipate a great flood, but there is enough of warning for all to prepare to resist serious danger. We will continue to live under more or less of apprehension until we shall have adopted a levee system that fully meets the necessities of the case. [Picayune Jan. 31.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. ST. JOHN & H. T. BURGES,

Druggists and Apothecarists,

FRONT STREET,

ALEXANDRIA, LOUISIANA.

1860 Latest from Washington! 1860

Good News for the South!!

CONGRESS ORGANIZED!!!

A Southern Democrat

Elected Speaker!

Good News for Rapides!!

GREAT BARGAINS!

Great Annual Clearing Out Sale

—AT THE—

CASH STORE!!

IMMENSE REDUCTION

THE ENTIRE STOCK

SOLD AT FIRST COST!!

☞ We offer our well selected stock of—

Dry Goods;
Clothing;
Boots;
Shoes;
Hats;
Shirts, &c.

Until the 1st of March

AT FIRST COST.

The entire Stock

—MUST—

be sold, to make room for—

Spring Goods!

N. B.—Ladies and Gentlemen may rely on the foregoing announcement, and are most respectfully invited to call and examine the Goods.

M. A. WINEHILL & BRO.,

feb8, 1860-tf. Cash Store, Front Street.

The World Star Band!

OF ETHIOPIAN

MINSTRELSY

ON BOARD SPALDING & ROGERS'

Steamer BANJO.

EXCELSIOR TROUPE OF THE WORLD! UNPARALLELED ARRAY OF TALENT!!

MESSRS. CARDELLA & LONG

Respectfully announce to the citizens of this city and vicinity, that they have chartered the splendid Concert Steamer DANJO, of Mes-rs. Spalding & Rogers, and have Culled, Selected, and Secured from the Minstrel Bands in New York, Philadelphia and New Orleans, a perfect

PHALANX OF STARS!

Prominent among this Troupe of Stars, will be found the well known names of

B. A. COTTON,	J. ADAMS,
NICK FOSTER,	GEO. W. HILL,
J. WAMBOLE,	W. CHADDUCK,
SAM. GARDNER,	EPH. STEPHENS,
E. YOUNG,	F. CARDELLA.

This extraordinary entertainment will be given at ALEXANDRIA, on

SATURDAY, February 11th, 1860,

commencing at 2 and 7 P. M.

ADMISSION.....50 cents
Children and Servants.....25 "

Alexandria, Feb. 8, 1860-1t

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. P. M. LEE, DENTIST, has removed to Front Street, just below the Fulton House, Alexandria, La., where he will pleased to receive his old friends and others desiring his professional services.

Alexandria, feb 8, 1860-1y

Fresh Arrival.

THE undersigned has just received a large and cheap lot of—

Pocket and Pen Knives;
Knives and Forks;
Fine Dinner Knives and Silver Forks—sold separate;
A good article of Tea, Dessert and Table Spoons;
Mustard and Salt Spoons;
Sugar Tongs;
Butter Knives;
Ely's Gun Wads—all sizes;
Ely's and Cox's Percussion Caps;
A few Pairs Genuine Deringer Pistols—all of which will be sold at reduced prices.

feb8-tf S. W. HENARIE.

"Wake up and Morning Call."

I have just received a new article of DRINK, put in fine packages of the above name, for sale by

feb8-tf S. W. HENARIE.

Plows! Plows!! Plows!!!

100 No. 1 Ball Plows, price.....$6 00
100 No. 2 " " " 6 50
80 McClanahan Plows, " 7 00

☞ Fifty Cents off for cash.

feb8-tf S. W. HENARIE.

Notice to Payers of State Taxes and Licenses.

THE undersigned having qualified as Collector of State Taxes Assessed for the year 1859, and State Licenses for the present year 1860, is now prepared to receipt for Taxes and to issue Licenses to all those who have not received them.

Traders and Pedlers might find it to their interest to call at my office and arrange their dues at once. In default of Licenses being procured I shall in every instance seize and sell property to satisfy the fine.

ALL persons indebted for State Taxes are requested to hold themselves in readiness to pay the amounts due, to my Deputies or myself—otherwise property will be seized and sold to pay and satisfy the same, without exception.

WM. J. NEAL, Sheriff and State Collector.

feb8-tf

LANGUAGES,

FRENCH, SPANISH, ITALIAN AND GERMAN.

Professor MATHEO

(*Having taken up his residence in Alexandria,*)

WILL guarantee to the student a considerable fluency in either of the above languages after a few lessons by his MNEMONIC METHOD.

☞ Also the Guitar and Singing taught.

Office Second street, below Court House Square—up stairs.

feb1-tf

1860 NEW GOODS! 1860

THE UNDERSIGNED has just received a splendid lot of good

BRANDIES

worth from $4 to $12 per gallon—also a lot of good

Monongahela and Old Bourbon Whisky,

(*all pure articles.*) A large lot of Cut Tobacco, price 15 cents per pound. Pigs Feet in Kegs and Half Barrels; also a very large assortment of Shot in ¼, ½ and whole bags—in short, I keep every thing to

Eat, Drink and to Wear,

and all sold at low prices—one price for *CASH*, and another price on **Credit**, and if you wish to save time (for time is money,) bring in your memorandum and fill it at one place.

☞ Call and examine my extensive Stock. Lot of BALL PLOWS.

feb1-tf S. W. HENARIE.

SEWING MACHINE DEPOT!

90.....CANAL STREET.....90

I now offer to the public all the late Improved

Patent Sewing Machines,

amongst which are SLOAT & CO.'S

Eliptic Sewing Machine!

This is a great and decided improvement

OVER ALL OTHERS!

and where it is introduced it has entirely superceded the WHEELER & WILSON complicated Leather Pad Machine. It makes the stitch alike on both sides; it will

RUN, HEM, GATHER, FELL and QUILT,

it is perfectly simple and the management easily acquired. With these advantages, I offer them to the public as the

Best Family Sewing Machine in Use!

☞ Agents wanted with small capital.

☞ Sales Rooms 90 Canal Street,

NEW ORLEANS,

feb1-2m M. S. HEDRICK.

LIGHT! LIGHT!! LIGHT!!!

THE best and cheapest *LIGHT* in use, is made from "*COAL OIL*," or by some called

"Kerosine Oil,"

as it burns twice as long as any other, and the price of which has been reduced. The undersigned has a large assortment of

COAL OIL or *KEROSINE LAMPS*,

in every variety of style—also,

Chandeliers,
Hall Lamps,
Lard Oil,
Camphene,
Fluid, and
Solar Lamps,

with all the articles required to be used with them. Always on hand a good supply of the best quality of Refined and Bleached or White Coal Oil, or Kerosine, Spirit Gas, Camphene, and the Southern Oil Company's Superior Lubricating Oil, now in general use, for sale by the barrel or gallon.

The subscriber is agent for the sale of

Fuller's Patent Faucet,

which will last three times as long as any other without leaking; the Patent

Scissors Sharpner,

very convenient and useful; the Patent

Stopper,

for Decanters and Bottles, a good improvement; Musgrave's Patent Portable

GAS STOVE,

very convenient and useful where Gas is in use. The public is respectfully invited to call.

ARTEMON HILL,

No. 6 CHARTRES STREET,

feb1-3m New Orleans.

Succession of Hugh Lynch, Deceased, No. 6718.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, DISTRICT COURT, PARISH OF RAPIDES.—Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause, within ten days from the date hereof, why the First Annual Account presented by the Executor should not be approved and homologated.

Clerk's Office, Alexandria, the 13th day of January, 1860.

By order of the Court.

Feb 1-2t G. LABAT, Clerk.

$25 REWARD.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, residing on Red River, a short time since, a boy by the name of

HILLORY.

He is about 25 years of age, weighs about 165 pounds, black complexion, 6 feet high, has very bad teeth, and rather down countenance when spoken to.

I will give the above reward for the delivery to me, or for the lodgment in the Rapides Jail at Alexandria, so that I can get him.

feb1-tf J. W. McKINNEY.

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder, in the town of Cheneyville, on the

First Saturday

in March next, the House and Lot, known as the "SHADES." The house contains one large Billiard Room and three small Rooms for private parties, and two fire places. Also will be sold with the house, the fixtures consisting of two Billiard Tables and Bar Fixtures.

TERMS—One half Cash, the balance on twelve months from day of sale, with vendors' lien retained.

J. G. DRINKARD,

feb1-5t* Cheneyville, La.

RUNAWAY committed to the Jail of Rapides Parish on 30th January, 1860, a certain negro man of dark complexion, six feet high, thirty-five years old, rather good looking stout able bodied man, slight blemish or scar on the check-bone under his left eye. He says his name is LITTLETON, that he belongs to Robert Leatherman who resides near Woodville, Miss., but that at the time he ranaway Thursday 26th January, he was working on Mrs. Emily King's Plantation in Catahoula Parish, on Black River about seven miles below Trinity.

The owner is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

Feb 1-tf ISRAEL GOREE, Jailor.

RUNAWAY committed to the Jail of Rapides Parish on 30th January, 1860, a certain negro boy, black, 4 feet 10 inches high, 28 or 30 years old, small and lightly built weighing about 125 or 130 pounds; wears a very small ring on his finger. He says his name is BILL, that he belongs to Joshua Jenkins, on the Mississippi River about 100 miles above New Orleans; that he Ranaway about the middle of the Sugar grinding season. Said boy had in his possession when taken up free papers, and told different stories.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

Feb 1-tf. ISRAEL GOREE, Jailor.

INDIAN RUBBER BANDS from 3 to 12 inches wide for sale at S. W. HENARIE'S.