THE LOUISIANA DEMOCRAT.

E. W. HALSEY - - - - - - EDITOR.

ALEXANDRIA:

Wednesday, February...15, 1860.

The subscriber, having exclusive charge of the business department of the DEMOCRAT, *requests persons who have advertisements to insert or payments to make to call at his Law office.*

MERCER CANFIELD.

Notice to Advertisers.

As we go to Press TUESDAYS at noon, advertisements, to ensure insertion, should be handed in on MONDAYS.

At a Meeting of the Democratic STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, held on Monday the 23d instant, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That it is hereby recommended to the Democrats of the several Parishes of the State to elect delegates to a State Convention to be held at Baton Rouge, on Monday the 5th March next, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the National Democratic Convention, to be held at Charleston, on the 23d of April next.

Resolved, That the delegates be elected on a basis of one delegate for every one hundred votes, and one for each fraction of fifty votes and upwards cast at the last general election for Governor.

J. B. COTTON, President.

H. L. HUNLEY, Secretary

CALL FOR A PARISH CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of the several Precincts are requested to hold Primary Meetings on

Saturday, 18th inst.,

and send up Delegates to the Parish Convention to be held in Alexandria on the following

Saturday, 25th February,

for the purpose of sending Delegates to represent the Parish of Rapides in the State Convention at Baton Rouge on

Monday, 5th of March next.

Rapides polled 892 votes for Governor, and is consequently entitled to nine Delegates in the State Convention.

Each Precinct is entitled in the Parish Convention to one Delegate for every 20 Democratic votes cast for Governor in the last election, and one additional for every fraction of ten and over; as follows:

Precincts.	Votes.	Delegates.
Latanier	11	1
Ana-Coco	26	1
Neal's	87	4
Whiskachita	38	2
Burton's	14	1
Stanley's	69	3
Calcasieu	58	3
Comrade	34	2
Bayou Rapides	21	1
Cheneyville	29	1
Lamourie	42	2
Lecomte	13	1
Spring Hill	24	1
Cotile	66	3
Sandy Creek	13	1
Little River	4	1
Plaisance	15	1
Union	16	1
Saddle Bayou	18	1
Simms'	6	1
Wiley's	43	2
Lacroix's	24	1
Goree's	20	1
Pineville	45	2
Alexandria	156	8

By order of the Parish Executive Committee.

Alexandria, February 1st, 1860.

See Third and Fourth pages for reading matter.

Remember that next Saturday 18th inst., is the day for the

Precinct Meetings.

Every Democrat who feels an interest in the Presidential nomination—every Democrat who feels an interest in the action of the Charleston Convention, ought to look carefully after his Ward Meeting. Drops make up the Ocean.

Gas Lights in Alexandria have become "fixed facts," nor is it the enterprise of a company, but of a single individual.

Mr. H. TERRELL BURGES has purchased of the representatives of W. P. GROVES, dec'd., his interest in the stock of ST. JOHN & GROVES; and the business will hereafter be conducted under the style of ST. JOHN & BURGES. We recommend them as altogether worthy of public confidence. See their card.

The Sheriff's "Notice to State Tax Payers" is a document worthy of the attention of Rapidians.

Persons wanting Ox wagons, Horse wagons or carts, will notice the advertisement of Messrs. H. ROBERTSON & Co.

Thanks to the officers of the Telegram for late city papers in advance of the mail.

Our advertising column shows the late Blacksmithing firm of RIDGE & MURPHY to be changed—Mr. JOHN D. FERGUSON having purchased Mr. RIDGE's interest. The business will hereafter be carried on in the name of FERGUSON & MURPHY.

A few days since we called upon Mr. Woolley, Photograpic Artist, at the Masonic Hall, where he has been for several weeks. A visit to his Gallery effectually removes the impression of his being only an Ambrotypist. There are to be seen several life size Photographs of citizens of this place, colored in oil to life by Mr. Bushby, of Boston, whom several New England papers have noticed quite favorably as an artist of much merit, and devoted to his profession.

Mr. Woolley proposes leaving after 1st March—and in the meantime extends a general invitation to all to come and inspect his work, even though they should not wish any done for themselves.

THE HON. MILES TAYLOR'S LETTER.

On our first page will be found the letter addressed by Miles Taylor, the Hon. Representative in Congress from the Second District of Louisiana, to a gentleman of the Attakapas country—ostensibly on certain resolutions before the Legislature but really on the Presidential nomination—ostensibly for the information of the Hon. Louis Bush but really for side influence in favor of Douglas, the True Delta and the rank and file of the bob-tail party generally. It will be seen that Mr. Taylor advocates the nomination of Stephen A. Douglas by the Charleston Convention and the selection of such delegates by the approaching Democratic Convention of our State as will vote for and sustain that distinguished politician. Mr. Taylor knows (and no one knows it better than he) that his views are not the views of the Democracy of Louisiana. No one knows better that no leading paper in the State, Know Nothing, Whig or Independent, will second his suggestions. He knows that the Squatter Sovereignty tenets of the Senator from Illinois, although bearing upon what some call a mere abstraction, are distasteful, nay, odious to nineteen-twentieths of our population. He knows that the only paper in the State that will endorse his suggestions is the True Delta, and that only for the purpose of producing discord in the ranks of Democracy.

We think we have a key to the motives of Mr. Taylor in writing this singular letter at this particular juncture. The adherents and sustainers of Douglas in the Northwest, especially in Illinois and Indiana, are quite numerous and their hopes of having him for their Presidential nominee are quite sanguine; but they are aware that no slaveholding State will send a delegation to Charleston favorable to him. This latter fact has become palpable to the Democrats of the Northeast—hence Douglas is losing much of the strength calculated upon from that quarter—and hence, too, the wish to make it appear that Douglas has at least one Southern State in his favor. Now, Taylor's letter is not intended to produce effect in Louisiana, but to enable his adherents in the North to point to the thousands of copies of the True Delta which will be industriously circulated and say: "Here is a Louisiana member of Congress, a Democrat, (for so he is classed abroad,) out for Douglas, and his advice is copied, lauded, endorsed and vehemently advocated by a Democratic journal, (for so it is classed by strangers to parties in this State,) the True Delta of New Orleans." This will have its effect, more or less, upon the Douglas movement, and it is for this effect that Taylor writes—for New England Buncombe.

We have neither the space to accommodate nor the inclination to copy the many and justly severe strictures upon the Hon. Miles Taylor which we find in our Democratic exchanges. The letter itself is sufficient to satisfy the Democracy of the Old Guard that Taylor has ceased to be, if indeed he has ever been, an exponent of Louisiana Democracy. Whatever may be the ailments of the federal body politic we apprehended that he is not the Doctor to effect a cure.

The pretence that the Democratic party has but one savior, Douglas, is puerile and absurd. Whenever the time comes that the success of the Democratic party hangs upon any cord so rotten as a single man's reputation and influence, it will be time for a dissolution of party ties and for such new formations as will be based on principles instead of men.

We learn from the Claiborne Advocate of 8th inst., that on Saturday 4th, the Democracy of Claiborne held a meeting and appointed delegates to the Baton Rouge Convention. "A resolution was offered by A. M. Presley, Esq., to invite persons of all political parties to participate in the proceedings of the meeting, which was ruled out after much discussion." The names of the delegates not given.

It is said that figures do not lie; but we must call the attention of B. R. Advocate to the fact that its figures do not correspond.

In its list of Parish votes, and the number of delegates to which each is entitled in the State Convention, the Parish of Carroll is put down as having cast 532 votes for Mr. Moore, and entitled to 6 delegates. Either the votes or the delegates are wrong.

Mr. Hunsicker, the Shreveport Postmaster, has had a young man named John E. Henderson arrested on a charge of robbing the mail. He acknowledges having taken at sundry times, about $400. Henderson, it seems, has been in the office for several months.

We suppose two sets of delegates from Bienville will claim seats on the floor of the State Convention.

There was a meeting on 4th inst., and delegates appointed—there is a call for another Convention on 18th inst., for same purpose. The "bob tails" aided by K. N's obtained control of the first meeting.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

MONDAY, Feb. 6th.

SENATE—Mr. Moore of St. Martin introduced:

An act relative to the recusation of Judges;

An act relative to "days of rest."

An act relat ve to sequestration, injunction, attachment and arrest.

Acts to amend Art. 676, code of Practice and Article 2610 Civil code, referred to Judiciary Committee.

The President of the Senate presented:

A report from the Jackson Monument Association of New Orleans; referred to Committee on Finance.

A report from the New York Chamber of Commerce, in relation to the fraudulent packing of cotton.

Mr. Salomon introduced a bill to amend the law relative to the establishment of a Normal School in New Orleans; referred to Committee on Education.

Mr. Goode presented an act relative to Attorney's at law; referred to Committee on Judiciary.

HOUSE.—Mr. Haynes presented the following memorials, to-wit:

Memorial of Sister Regis of the Orphan Asylum of New Orleans; memorial of Sister Michaella of St. Vincent's Infant Asylum; memorial of Sister Alphonso of the Industrial School, under the Sisters of the Holy Cross.

These memorials were referred to the Committee on Charitable Institutions.

Mr. Haynes introduced a resolution, granting the use of the Hall of Representatives to the ladies of the Episcopal Church, of this place, for the purpose of giving a musical concert. Passed.

The following acts were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Ranney—An act to incorporate the New Orleans and Boston Steam Packet Company; referred to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. Drouett—An act in regard to the departure from the State, of certain free colored persons of African descent; referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Levy—An act to confer certain powers on the Recorder and Notaries Public of Caddo; an act to authorize the appointment of John C. Griggs, as trustee for his wife; both referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Miller—An act authorizing the transfer of the property of the Internal Improvement Department to the Swamp Land department; referred to Committee on Internal Improvement; an act increasing and defining the duties of the Superintendent of Public Education; referred to the Appropriate Committee.

By Mr. Gantt—An act to reclaim swamp lands on the Bayou Waksha, in St. Landry; an act to complete improvements commenced on the Bayou Courtableau; both referred to the Committee on Lands and Levees.

By Mr. Cotton—An act to create a parish prison keeper for the parish of Orleans, and to define his duties. He moved its reference to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Beggs objected. Desired the reference to be made to the delegation of the City of New Orleans, and moved to lay the proceeding motion on the table; lost.

Ayes 25, nays 29. So the reference to the Judiciary Committee was made.

Mr. Cotton also introduced the following acts, to-wit:

An act regulating the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace of New Orleans in certain cases; an act prescribing the oath or affimation to be taken by military officers; an act to amend an act in regard to judicial sales, etc., in the parish of Orleans; an act to create six sheriffs for the parish of Orleans, and to define their duties; all referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The following were introduced by Mr. Davidson, to-wit:

An act to amend article 243 of the Code of Practice; an act to revise the probate terms of court in the parish of Sabine; referred to the Judiciary Committee. An act for the relief of Alanson Barr, Jr., Sheriff of Sabine; to the Committee on Claims.

The same gentleman also introduced a joint resolution providing for the appointment of a Committee of five members of the House and—members of the Senate to examine the laws relative to to the public printing; passed.

By Mr. Haynes—An act to create and re-establish the community of acquets and gains; referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Allen—An act providing for a geological survey of the State, etc.; referred to the Committee on Agriculture, and 200 copies ordered to be printed.

By Mr. Drouett—An act in regard to the present laws relative to the registry of births and deaths in the parish of Orleans; referred to Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Wise—An act to create an additional Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Rapides; to the Committee on Parochial Affairs.

By Mr. Drouett—An act to provide for the selection of a second domicil, by certain persons, in any parish of the State; to Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Drouett—An act requiring the registry of acts providing for separation of property between husband and wife; an act providing for the registry of all acts of marriage executed in the parish of Orleans; both referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Bartlett—An act authorizing parish Recorders to appoint deputies; a like reference.

The following messages from the Senate were then taken up:

Resolution appointing a joint committee, three of the Senate and——of the House, to examine the affairs of the State Land Office, and empowering said committee to send for persons and papers.

The blank was filled with five and the resolution concurred in.

Messages were also received from the Senate concurring in the following House resolutions, to-wit:

Resolution asking information through the Board of Public Works, in regard to a dam across Old River, through which Red River passes into the Atchafalaya; resolution asking information in regard to the preservation of the navigation of Red River; resolution providing for an examination of works at the mouth of the Atchafalaya.

Mr. Miller called up a resolution, previously introduced by him, in regard to a Governor's mansion, and the same was passed.

TUESDAY, Feb. 7th.

SENATE.—Mr. Smith presented the reports of the Board of Trustees and Board of Supervisors of the Seminary at Alexandria, and a thousand copies of the latter were ordered to be presented; referred to Committee on Education.

Mr. Tucker presented an act, providing for an interchange of the District Judges, and allowing them when an interchange is made, $250 for it; referred to Committee on Judiciary. Also a bill providing that the State shall pay $5 per copy, for several hundred copies of a work on the Criminal Jurisprudence of Louisiana, to be gotten up by Mr. Justice Albert Voorhies.

Mr. Buffington introduced a resolution to buy a lot of ground in Baton Rouge, to build a Governor's Mansion upon; made the special order of the day for to-morrow.

Mr. Laidlaw introduced a bill to increase the salary of the District Judges, in New Orleans to $5,000 per anum; referred to Committee on Finance.

Mr. Phillips—An act to provide for procuring law books for the use of the Supreme Court; referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Also an act to allow parish recorders to have deputies;

Also to provide for the organization of a Superior Court; referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Shadburne introduced an act to allow parish surveyors to employ deputies.

The Senate then went into executive session and thereafter adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Speaker announced the following committees, under resolutions previously passed;

Joint Committee, on the part of the House, to examine the affairs of the Land Office at Baton Rouge: Messrs. Tarleton, White, Gantt, Breithaupt and Ewing.

The committee heretofore appointed, on the part of the Senate, consists of Messrs. Pearce, Gardere, and Newell.

Joint Committee, on the part of the House, to examine the laws relative to the Public Printing: Messrs. Davidson, Levy, Beggs, W. L. Knox, and Marks.

Mr. Miller, chairman of the Committees on Lands and Levees, reported on the following bills, etc.:

Joint resolution instructing the Board of Public Works to make certain examinations; reported favorably. An act to cause Bayou Manchac to be reopened; reported unfavorably.

The following bills were presented and referred, to-wit:

By Mr. Beggs—An act to authorize the State Librarian to procure 600 copies of the Civil Code and Code of Practice for distribution; to the Committee on the Library.

By Mr. Jaquess—An act to repeal Article 113 of the State Constitution; to the Committee on Amendments to the Constitution.

By Mr. Kilbourne—An act relative to attachments; an act for the recovery of slaves by *habeas corpus*; an act to provide for the trial of recused cases in the Sixth and Seventh Judicial Districts, all of which were referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Cotton—An act to amend an act regulating and defining costs and fees generally for the parish of Orleans. He moved its reference to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Ranney introduced a resolution instructing said Committee, when reporting on the bill just referred, to report a general bill for the State; passed.

Under a resolution, by Mr. Allen, rule 43 of the House, requiring notice of bills, was rescinded.

The following were then introduced and referred;

By Mr. Breithaupt—An act to prevent negro slaves from hiring their time from their masters referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Drouett—An act to repeal an act entitled an act to provide a Homestead for the widow's and children of deceased persons; referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Davidson—An act repealing and amending an act relative to elections in the parish of Orleans, approved March 19th, 1857; referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Wise—An act to change the name of Wm. H. Orr to W. H. Lineceum; referred to the Committee on Parochial affairs. An act to authorize Lyebediah Johns to adopt A. B. B. Johns; taken up and passed.

The following bills at second reading were laid on the table, subject to call:

An act repealing an act requiring all water crafts to have on board a free white captain:

An act in regard to the inheritance of surviving spouses from each other;

An act relative to reopening Bayou Manchac.

By leave obtained, Levy, introduced an act to amend the act incorporating the town of Natchitoches, etc.; referred to the Judiciary Committee.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 8.

SENATE—Mr. Hunt presented a memorial from Chas. Genois, administrator, praying to be allowed to emancipate a certain faithful and meritorious slave belonging to the succession he held; referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Hunt, from the Committee on Elections, presented a report from his Committee on the claim, with the accompanying papers, of W. D. Brigham, of Morehouse, contesting the seat now held by Mr. Jas. H. Stevens. The report unanimously rejected the contestant's claim.

On motion of Mr. Hunt, Mr. Brigham was allowed to be heard in behalf of his cause.

The claimant made a lengthy argument in vindicating his position. Upon its conclusion, Mr. Stevens rose and made a brief reply, which was followed up by Mr. Hunt on the same side.

Mr. Laidlaw moved the adoption of a substitute, to the effect that the question be referred back to the people of Union, Jackson, Morehouse and Ouachita parish, which motion was lost by a vote of 6 to 17. And then the report of the Committee was adopted—21 yeas, 2 nays.

HOUSE.—Journal of yesterday read and corrected.

Messrs. Tarleton, Voorhies, of St. Martin; Cage, Imboden, Lindsay, Lane, of Orleans; Harper, Kilbourne and Breithaupt, presented memorials of the citizens of their several parishes, praying for a geological survey of the State. Mr. Coleman also presented a memorial to the same effect from the citizens of Ouachita; these memorials were referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A message was received from the Senate informing the House of the concurrence of the Senate in House bill, entitled an act to incorporate the Hebrew Benevolent Society of Ascension.

Mr. Bradley offered a joint resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee members of the House, and members of the Senate, to examine the affairs of the office of the late State Engineer, and that said committee shall report upon the same as soon as practicable. The blank in the resolution, so far as concerns the House, was filled with the number 5, and the resolution was adopted.

THURSDAY, Feb. 9.

SENATE.—The Senate met this morning, at 11 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, the Hon. H. M. Hyams, Lieut. Governor and President of the Senate, in the chair.

Mr. Taylor, of St. Charles, introduced a bill, appropriating the sum of $10,000 for the improvement and repair of levees in the parish of West Baton Rouge.

Mr. Flournoy, of Caddo introduced a bill for the relief of Sheriff Battle, of Caddo parish, which was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Goode, of Terrebonne, reported back the bill amending articles 81 and 72 of the constitution, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Phillips, of Pointe Coupee, introduced a bill of general character, providing for the adoption of children, not conflicting with the rights of forced heirs, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also a bill amending the 16th section of the act relative to District Courts, which was likewise referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

HOUSE.—The House met this morning at 11 o'clock, seventy-two members present, and Hon. C. H. Morrison, Speaker, in the chair.

Mr. McLelland, of Orleans, offered a resolution instructing the Committee on the Militia to inquire into the expediency of granting pensions to the surviving vetrans of 1814 and 1815, and their widows, now residing in Louisiana, and to report a bill making provision for the same; which was adopted.

Mr. Bush, of Lafourche, offered joint resolutions of invitation for a convention of the slave holding States to take in consideration the present crisis of our national affairs; which was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

Mr. Herron, from the Committee on the Judiciary made the following report:

A bill repealing articles 969 and 1,199 of the Civil Code and article 243 of the Code of Practice.

Mr. Austin, of Orleans from the Committee on Finance, reported favorably on the bill exempting blind and valueless negroes from taxation.

FRIDAY, Feb. 10th.

Mr. Delony offered joint resolutions relative to the "irrepressible conflict" and to federal relations which were similar to others on the same subject, already presented.

Mr. Shadburne, from the Committee on Public Works, reported back the remonstrance from the Police Jury of the parish of Pointe Coupee, against the proposed closing of Bayou Plaquemines, by order of the Legislature.

A message from the House was received, announcing concurrence in the Senate resolution to close the State Land Office at Baton Rouge, and to give time to the committee, appointed for the purpose, to examine into the affairs of the office. Adopted.

Mr. Mailhot, from the Committee on Commerce, reported favorably on an act relative to the encouragement of ship building in Louisiana.

Messrs. W. E. Starke and T. L. McCauley were appointed directors, on the part of the State, of the Citizens' Bank.

HOUSE.—Mr. McFee introduced a resolution to elect a reporter for the House. Laid over.

Mr. Wise from the Committee on Claims, reported favorably on certain claims, and unfavorably on a plan for a model farm, at the expense of the State, by Coffin & Co.

Mr. Ranney presented an act relative to ship building in Louisiana. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Voorhies introduced an act relative to the expense attending the trial of criminal cases Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Lewis presented an act to prevent colored persons, who have been set free, from having white persons arrested. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The following acts were also presented:

By Mr. Drouett—Relative to free persons of color coming here from other States.

By Mr. Coleman—Relative to the sale of swamp lands and the construction of levees; and a resolution accompanying, withdrawing swamp lands from sale, and providing for their sale to the highest bidder.

Adjourned.

Geo. D. Shaburne's Letter.

BATON ROUGE, Feb. 3, 1860.

Eds. Advocate—It is a rare occurence for me to appear before the public in the columns of a newspaper to explain my position; still rarer for me to draw upon editorial courtesy for the purpose of claiming exemption from responsibility attaching to any of my political acts. While I do not here claim that exemption, I consider it due to myself and to the constituents whom I represent in the State Senate, to explain the circumstances which led me to place my name to a document copied into the columns of the Advocate on Friday morning from the New Orleans Crescent, calling for a "State Presidential Convention" to appoint delegates to Charleston for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Presidency.

It has for years been an honest desire of my heart to see the people of the South firmly and cordially united to resist the encroachments of those at the North who seem ambitious of overriding every barrier of the Constitution, that they may the more safely attack in detail the institution of slavery in the Southern States. In looking to and hoping for that Union, the Democratic party has seemed to me the only political organization around whish we could safely rally to attain that end. My lifetime association with that party, and my devotion to its pure principles, are sufficient gurantees of my fidelity to its organization. With that party I desire to see the South united, and under its banner the great impending issue decided.

In signing the paper under consideration, I did so with the sole view of putting into practical shape this cherished idea. I was informed that such was the object of the call, and that it would be presented to all my Democratic brethren for their signatures, without distinction and without regard to any divisions that might exist on minor issues in our ranks. The call as published is not the call, *in spirit*, to which I placed my name, and I feel satisfied that its *objects* are *not* such as were represented to me by the authors, and which prevailed upon me me to sign it.

In conclusion, permit me to say that I now and ever will put my face against any and every movement having in view the disintegration and destruction of that party to which I have always turned as a guide for my political course. I would build it up in its old majesty and revitalize it with its old life; if others seek to pull down and destroy it, my countenance and support shall not aid in the desecrating work GEO. D. SHADBURNE.

The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger says that James Gordon Bennett, Jr., will call Mr. Pryor, of Virginia, to account for the bitter personal attack made in Congress upon the character of his father and mother.

After a spirited contest in the California Legislature, Milton S. Latham was elected U. S. Senator, successor of Mr. Broderick.

He was to leave on the 5th inst., for Washington.

THE "BONE OF CONTENTION" IN THE HOUSE.—Jaw-bone.

Gov. Houston recently vetoed the pre-emption bill, when it was passed over his head by the *unanimous* vote of the Senate, and in the House by 59 yeas to 24 nays. [Texas Republican, 4th inst.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WAGON AND PLOW

MANUFACTORY,

—BY—

J. FERGUSON & T. MURPHY,

MESSRS. FERGUSON & MURPHY

WOULD respectfully inform planters and citizens generally that they still carry on the **Blacksmithing and Wheelwright** Business at the

OLD STAND

in the rear of the Odd Fellows' Hall, where they will be found at all times. They have now on hand, a large stock of timber suitable for

Wagons and Plows,

of all kinds.

They will keep constantly on hand and make to order the Ball Plow and Sweeps, Harrows, Solid Sweeps, Wagons, Horse-Carts, Drays and Hacks. Also, Carriages and Buggies repaired at the shortest notice.

HORSE-SHOEING,

Executed in a workmanlike manner.

J. FERGUSON,
T. MURPHY.

Feb. 15, 1860–1y

WAGONS FOR SALE.

WE have received faom the Manufactory of F. AESCHLEMAN—

6 Ox Wagons;
6 4 Horse Wagons;
6 2 Horse Wagons;
6 Bagasse Carts;
6 Light Horse Carts;

For sale low, by

feb15–1m H. ROBERTSON & CO.

State of Louisiana,
Parish of Rapides.

Taylor, Hadden & Co., vs. Walter Bailey. } No. 6424.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *fi. fa.*, issued out of the District Court in and for the Parish and State aforesaid, and directed to the Sheriff thereof, (said writ issuing in the above recited cause,) will be exposed at public sale in the town of Cheneyville, on

SATURDAY,

the 3d day of March, 1860, between the hours prescribed by law, all the right, title and interest of the defendent, Walter Bailey, in and to the following described property, to wit:

ONE FRAME STORE HOUSE,

in the town of Cheneyville, being the same occupied by Walter Bailey as a Store House, together with its contents, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Seized in the above cause to satisfy said writ.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH, with the benefit of appraisement.

Sheriff's Office, Alexandria, Feb. 14th, 1860.

WM. J. NEAL, Sheriff.

feb15–ptr's fee $8

State Presidential Convention.

Whereas, In view of the imminent dangers which are now threatening the Southern States from an "irrepressible conflict" of sectional fanaticism, waged against their domestic institutions, and in utter disregard of the rights secured to them under the Constitution:

And whereas, There exists no State or Federal issues, of a political character, to distract and divide the people of Louisiana in the face of the impending Presidential crisis, in which the continuance of the Union is involved;

And whereas, It is earnestly desired that the whole people of the South shall stand together as a unit in the great and patriotic struggle to uphold and preserve the Constitution and the Union, or, if need be, to protest and defend their separate independence, we, the undersigned Democratic members of the Legislature and citizens of the State, do earnestly recommend to the people of the respective parishes, irrespective of former political differences, to meet together in cordial determination to support the nominee of the Charleston Convention, and appoint their delegates to meet in the Democratic State Convention at Baton Rouge for the purpose of appointing delegates to represent Louisiana in the approaching National Convention at Charleston, South Carolina.

Baton Rouge, January 25, 1860.

Ed. Delony,	Senate.	Thos. Cottman,
H. R. Lott,	"	W. F. Wagner,
G. D. Shadburne,	"	B. B. Lindsy,
A. S. Herron,	House.	John Gryder,
Henry Gray,	"	E. Ferry,
W. C. Martin,	"	E. B. Towne,
O. S. Lane,	"	T. J. Bird,
Wm. L. Knox,	"	B. E. Chaney,
N. D. Coleman,	"	R. F. Gray,
R. L. Knox,	"	H. M. Pierce,
J. L. Walker,	"	Lafeyette Caldwell,
G. W. Lewis,	"	G. M. Pierce,
A. Duplantier,		Jas. H. Brigham,
E. D. Woods,		Jas. A. Morgan,
T. B. R. Hatch,		E. F. Morehead,
George W. Munday,		Edw'n L. Jewell,
J. A. Norwood,		R. J. Herring,
E. W. Robertson,		

RUNAWAY committed to the Jail of Rapides Parish on 30th January, 1860, a certain negro boy, black, 4 feet 10 inches high, 28 or 30 years old, small and lightly built weighing about 125 or 130 pounds; wears a very small ring on his finger. He says his name is BILL, that he belongs to Joshua Jenkins, on the Mississippi River about 100 miles above New Orleans; that he Ran away about the middle of the Sugar grinding season. Said boy had in his possession when taken up free papers, and told different stories.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

Feb 1–tf. ISRAEL GOREE, Jailor.

Notice to Payers of State Taxes and Licenses.

THE undersigned having qualified as Collector of State Taxes Assessed for the year 1859, and State Licenses for the present year 1860, is now prepared to receipt for Taxes and to issue Licenses to all those who have not received them.

Traders and Pedlers might find it to their interest to call at my office and arrange their dues at once. In default of Licenses being procured I shall in every instance seize and sell property to satisfy the fine.

ALL persons indebted for State Taxes are requested to hold themselves in readiness to pay the amounts due, to my Deputies or myself—otherwise property will be seized and sold to pay and satisfy the same, without exception.

WM. J. NEAL, Sheriff and State Collector.

feb8–tf

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder, in the town of Cheneyville, on the

First Saturday

in March next, the House and Lot, known as the "SHADES." The house contains one large Billiad Room and three small Rooms for private parties, and two fire places. Also will be sold with the house, the fixtures consisting of two Billiard Tables and Bar Fixtures.

TERMS—One half Cash, the balance on twelve months from day of sale, with vendors lien retained.

J. G. DRINKARD,
Cheneyville, La.

feb1–5t*

"Wake up and Morning Call."

I have just received a new article of DRINK, put in fine packages of the above name, for sale by

S. W. HENARIE.

feb8–tf