

The National Whig

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1847.

I go for the country, the whole country—and it is my earnest and sincere wish to see the individual placed at the head of the nation, who, by a strict observance of the constitution (be he who he may), can make us most prosperous at home, as well as most respected abroad."

FOR PRESIDENT, IN 1848, MAJOR GENERAL ZACHARY TAYLOR, OF LOUISIANA, THE HERO OF PALO ALTO, RESACA DE LA PALMA, MONTEREY, And Buena Vista. Subject to the decision of the Whig National Convention.

WHIG NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND, WILLIAM T. GOLDSBOROUGH, OF DORCHESTER COUNTY.

The following sentiments from the Philadelphia North American and Gazette, now the leading Whig paper in Pennsylvania, are so thoroughly Whig and so well stated, that we cheerfully adopt them as our own. The reader will notice that the Editor endorses Gen. Taylor's Whiggery unconditionally—So do we.

"The Locofocos have proclaimed their determination to meet the coming conflict with a candidate nominated by a National Convention, and representing the principles of the party—such as they are. We doubt not that the Whigs will be found equally ardent in their attachment to the principles of their party, and firm in their support of them. National gratitude has pointed to an illustrious national benefactor as the object of their choice. The Whigs of the nation know that the object of their partiality is entirely and altogether, in reference to every public question, a Henry Clay Whig. The Whig National Convention will speak, upon this mere question, not the mere voice of a party, though true in all things to that party, and the Whig nomination will be that of the people. We await that voice. Be its nomination what it may, we know that it will be guided by the most cautious wisdom, and based upon the most unequivocal evidences in favor of the candidate, that he is a sincere, devoted and thorough-going Whig. To the grave action of that High Court of the Whig party, we look with patient confidence. We know that its candidate will be worthy our support, and the support of the Whig party; and we hesitate not to state that we will sustain him."

Gen. Taylor's Whiggism.—The editor of the Columbia (Tenn.) Observer, who recently asserted that Gen. Pillow, while in that place a few weeks ago, declared Gen. Taylor to be a Whig, now reiterates the assertion still more strongly. He says:

"We now again state, that Gen. Pillow, while here, said (asserted), if that better suits the Beacon) that Gen. Taylor is a Whig, and is well known to be so in the army. He said it to many, and we are authorized by some of Gen. Pillow's nearest relatives to prove that he said it, by the use of their names, if it should become necessary."

Mr. Grund, in his Baltimore Sun letter of yesterday, hints that Gen. Scott has got himself into trouble by not submitting to Mr. Chief Clerk Trist, and that if peace is not made, Scott will have to bear the blame.

Many of the Whigs of Philadelphia celebrated Independence Day by a dinner in the Chinese Museum. Charles Gilpin presided. Need we say that the following toast elicited the most uproarious applause! It was given and drank by Whigs who know Gen. Taylor to be a Whig, and who know he will be the next President.

7. Gen. Zachary Taylor.—The impersonation of heroism and humanity. Modest, energetic and brave—in him the gentler and the sterner virtues are admirably united. Truly invincible, ever victorious—the Nation's highest honors await him.

The steamer Star Spangled Banner struck one of Mr. Polk's well-beloved snags, ten miles above Baton Rouge on the 29th ult., and soon went down. Five lives were lost. The rest of the passengers floated down the river some miles on the cabin and landed in safety.

Singular Fact. All the strong political articles that now appear relative to General Taylor, are to be found in neutral papers. N. O. National. If the strength of their articles is to be estimated by the odor of their misrepresentations of the old Hero's politics, you are right.

Four and a half million dollars of wheat and Indian corn flour have been received at N. Orleans, from November 1846 to July 1847—all by the way of the great Mississippi river, and yet Mr. Polk has the insufferable impudence to deny that the navigation of this river can be constitutionally improved!!

A young man was killed at Richmond on the 5th instant, by a ball from a gun which was fired by some of the military in honor of the occasion.

We read recently the following in a newspaper, "Ran away—a hired man named John, his nose turned up five feet eight inches and had on a pair of corduroy pants much worn."

The Cleveland Democrat says that, the rights, which the Constitution was made to defend, are dearer than the Constitution itself, and yet the Democrat in the face of this maxim, would destroy the Constitution to protect those rights! Is not such a process very much like killing the goose that laid the golden eggs?

When Mr. Polk was in New York he was initiated into the mysteries of the Tammany Society.—One of the ceremonies of this Democratic Club is for the candidate to ride a goat three round the town. Mr. Polk, it is said, went through the ceremony with great composure. If it is designed by them to make the side the scape-goat of the sins of the Democratic party, old Tammany succeeded in getting a capital victim on this occasion!

It was the opinion of Phrenologists that Chalmers had a very large brain, but it only weighed 53 ounces. Quite heavy enough to account for his proclivities!

GENERAL SCOTT'S PROGRESS.

A perusal of the Picayune correspondence from Puebla is not calculated to relieve the mind from apprehensions of another battle, if no worse. That close observer, Mr. Kendall, evidently looks forward to further and desperate resistance, and blames the administration with great severity for sending General Scott into the midst of the enemy's country with a handful of men, and his rear almost cut off. Mr. K. scouts the idea of peace with Mexico. He boldly predicts continued war, and says, that there is no other way for the United States to pursue but to take possession of the country and to govern it. His reasoning in support of this conclusion is based upon a close intimacy with Mexican character, and upon facts of which we, at this distance from the scene of action, cannot be aware. The conduct of Santa Anna, and his power over the Mexican people, are set forth with great clearness by Mr. Kendall; and every event, from the 1st of June to the 14th of that month, (our last date from Puebla,) goes to show that a severe conflict was in reserve for General Scott.

That General Scott anticipated such a contingency is evident, from his delay in moving forward until his reinforcements should arrive. We are of opinion, from Mr. Kendall's letters, that the enemy will give us battle at several points on or off the road to the capital; that, if defeated at one point, he will fall back to another. It is plain, also, that the Mexicans are well provided with heavy artillery. That they will be beaten by the invaders no man doubts; but the danger to us is, that we may not be able to avail ourselves of our victories, by reason of the smallness of our forces, which will necessarily be weakened by the battles which shall lead to those victories. However, we hope for the best. We trust that success may continue to be with our arms, and that Scott may be able to maintain himself in safety. As to peace—we have not the slightest hope of even its possibility; neither do we believe the administration has any.

The New York Courier and Enquirer says, that the "Signal" Taylor letter expresses the sentiments General Taylor is known to entertain. We deny this assertion, in toto, and leave to the future to prove who is right, the Courier or the National Whig. We deny that General Taylor is a sub-Treasury man, that the "Signal" letter makes him to be. We deny that he has ever avowed himself to be a Wilmot-proviso man, which the "Signal" letter makes him to be.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Camp near Monterey, May 29, 1847.

Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter accompanying a copy of the Resolutions of the "Rough and Ready Association," of Boston, expressing its approval of the conduct of the Army in the War with Mexico.

It is with pleasure and a high sense of the rich reward thus bestowed by our fellow citizens of the City of Boston, that, as the organ of the Army in this quarter, I beg you to accept for the Association, our grateful thanks and high appreciation of the honor conferred by their approbation.

For yourself, Sir, please accept my sincere good wishes and regard.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, Your most obedient servant,

Z. TAYLOR, Maj. Gen. U. S. A. B. HAMMATT NORBON, President "Rough and Ready Association," Boston, Mass.

CRIMINAL COURT, July 8, 1847. The following cases were disposed of yesterday, in addition to those reported in last evening's paper.

U. S. vs. Nathaniel Herbert. Assault on P. Carter Dunlop. Verdict, guilty. Fined \$4 and costs. Carlisle and Saunders for defence.

U. S. vs. Mary Jane Thorne. Assault on Ann Tucker with intent to kill. Verdict, not guilty. J. M. Carlisle for defence.

U. S. vs. Theodore Hilleary. Assault on Robert Bruce. Verdict, not guilty. J. C. Wilson for defence.

U. S. vs. Jane Drease, alias Mary Jane Grease. Keeping a Bawdy house. Verdict, guilty. Fined \$5 and 3 weeks imprisonment. Daniel Ratcliffe for defence.

U. S. vs. negro Henry Wilson. Renting house for bawdy purposes. Verdict, guilty.—Fined \$30. Daniel Ratcliffe for defence.

When our reporter left this evening the Court had been engaged all the morning in trying the case of the U. S. vs. Robert Colman, Warden of the Penitentiary, for an assault with intent to kill John Frizzell, one of the prisoners, by shooting at him with a pistol.

Mr. French, the Clerk of the late House of Representatives, has been elected President of the Telegraph Company. The Baltimore Sun of to-day pays him a merited compliment as a business man, and hits Mr. Kendall a back slap for his administration of the company's affairs.

The store at Beltsville, on the Baltimore and Washington Railway, was robbed on the 3d inst.

The Greeks had the art of daguerreotyping in the 6th century. A treatise on the subject was recently dug up at Athens.

Tysosowski, the banished Polish leader, is in town, having come hither to receive from the Austrian minister the sum of money promised him by Prince Meternich.

The "Spy in Washington" (who is he?) now says that there may be one more battle before peace is made with Mexico!

Mr. Clifford, the Attorney General, is at his post again. Mr. Buchanan will be at his to-day.—The other portion of the Presidential party have labored by the way.

'TIS TWENTY YEARS.

By F. Cosby.

'Tis twenty years! Yes, twenty years Have fled into the past! Oh! twenty long and weary years, Since I beheld thee last! They say that time has brushed away The brightness from thy cheek, And that thy light and ringing laugh Is more subdued and meek!

'Tis twenty years! Yes, twenty years! But I can ne'er forget, How Eden-like thy presence made The places where we met! And, as the murmur of the deep, The sea shall ne'er forsake, Thy gentle voice within my heart Its sweetest echo waken.

'Tis twenty years! Yes, twenty years! But thy beloved face, Is mirrored in my memory yet, In all its girlish grace; And dost not still the same to me Thine eye as brightly blue— Thy cheek as warm, thy lip as red, Thy heart as kind and true!

'Tis twenty years! Yes, twenty years! And other eyes may see A shade upon thy polished brow, Invisible to me! I see thee still with charmed eye, And time has not erased A single line, a single tint, That young affection traced!

On the 4th of June Parliament granted a Select Committee to inquire into the Irish Emigration policy. It is hinted that Sir Robert Peel may come into power again to manage this question.

The British West India Steam Mail Line is to touch monthly hereafter at Cat Island. The arrangements have all been completed.

The Ten Hours Factory Bill has at last received the Queen's assent. This is one grand step towards ameliorating the condition of the poor man, woman, and child in Great Britain, after years of opposition to so wholesome a measure.

The Hon. John Wentworth, editor of the Chicago Democrat, says that when he first went to Chicago a few years ago, he entered the town with but one coat to his back. If the citizens of Chicago, says Prentice, were to do the racial justice they would kick him out of their town with but one coat to his back—and that a coat of tar and feathers.

The Chicago Democrat thinks it impossible to designate Gen. Taylor's position. Prentice thinks there will be no difficulty in designating his position after the 4th of March '49. He will be in the Executive chair of the nation.

The staunch, fearless, and eternal Whig paper, the Louisville Journal, says that Gen. Taylor was open and undisguised in his opposition both to annexation and to the war! The Editors of the Louisville Journal are personally intimate with the old Hero. There is a file for you to know, Mr. Editor of the Union.

A lamentable accident occurred at the residence of G. G. Howland, at Flushing, on the 3d instant. Mr. James A. Brown, esq., the Senior of the firm of Brown, Brothers & Co., was shot in the breast, near the heart, by some youths who were discharging a small cannon, loaded with a couple of large shot. Mr. Brown died almost instantly, falling at the feet of his wife, daughter of Mr. Howland.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is to be extended to the Ohio river at Wheeling. There is no mistake in this announcement this time. The parties have closed the negotiations.

Francis H. Clark, of this city, has been made Bachelor of Arts at the St. Mary's College, Baltimore.

When Gen. Worth left for the seat of war, he mortgaged his farm residence in Tennessee to pay a debt of \$5000. The property was recently about to be sold under an order of foreclosure, when several of his Whig friends raised the amount, and cancelled the mortgage.

HENRY CLAY. This great statesman having recently made a profession of religion, was on Tuesday of last week (June 22,) publicly baptised in a beautiful pool near his house at Ashland. The scene, we are informed, was most sublime and impressive. Like David, he may well say, "it is good for me that I have been afflicted."

The Chinese bore the earth to the depth of 3000 feet by means of a rope furnished with an iron shoe. The French are now using the same method and wells 1000 feet in depth are dug for less than one hundred dollars.

A Moscow defeat awaits George Washington Napoleon Bonaparte Towns, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Georgia. Jehu! What a name for a Democrat!

The Irish Exodus threatens to equal that of the Hebrews out of Egypt. One hundred thousand persons deserted the Island in one month. Fever, at last dates, was still prevalent, but the great fall in provisions and their abundance, it was felt, would soon banish disease.

Mr. Bancroft has been buying himself in helping to get up a monument for Carleton, the earliest English printer. He has had the bad taste to move a resolution in a meeting for the object to locate the monument at the West End of Westminster Abbey.

Mr. William C. Rice's discourse of the Use and Importance of History, delivered before the University of Virginia on the 29th June, 1847, is a scholarly production, modernising as it does the ideas of the old standard writers upon this subject. Its only fault is its verbosity, but many of the thoughts abound in sublimity.

Mr. Kendall, of the New Orleans Picayune, who is with Gen. Scott's Army, believes that the war with Mexico is right and proper, and that Mr. Polk did right in bringing it on as he did, but he does not believe that the President is conducting it as he should. In one of his late letters, he gives the President and Mr. Marcy a deserving thrashing for their miserable policy of carrying on the war by halloo.

Turkey and Greece are at swords point's again.

Ten millions of bushels of grain were imported into Ireland the 10 months ending 23d of May, 1847.

Mr. Newman has at last received the Priest's office in Rome. Hope he is now satisfied!

Some villains wail'd a wedding party recently on Long Island and tarred and feathered the husband!

Lord Palmerston in answer to a question from Dr. Bowring, said that neither Mexico nor the United States were disposed to accept the mediation of England and that nothing further could or would be done by Great Britain. In other words, the belligerents were left to fight it out as best they could. Quite considerate this in our old mother!

The Common Council of Detroit, at one of its meetings, passed a resolution to appoint a committee to ascertain the opinions of Gen. Taylor on the subject of lake, harbor, and river improvements. Gentlemen—look out for a Henry Clay Whig letter from the Old Hero in answer to your inquiries.

Thaddeus Phelps, the New York merchant, is dead.

The Union informs us that the President arrived last evening at the White House from his Northern tour in good health, and (what we are glad to hear) "better qualified" to execute his office.—There was great need of this last improvement.

Col. Haskell is out in a reply to Major General Pillow, and he utterly demolishes him. He proves that Pillow is not only no military man, but that he begged Haskell and his other inferior officers, to recommend him for Major General! We hear of another splendid act of his Generalship in marching raw recruits through the burning sands for 20 miles outside of Vera Cruz. Mr. Polk ought to break him instantly. If he does not, the Senate will.

Marshal Grouchy, one of Bonaparte's twelve Generals, is dead. He was 94 years old, and was buried in Pere la Chaise with great pomp.

The Vincennes Va. Gazette, has hoisted the Taylor flag *volens volens*. This is one of the most staunch Whig papers in the State.

Sale of 1000 bbls of flour in Baltimore yesterday at \$5 25, being a decline of \$1 06 since the arrival of the Calcedonia. Corn 75c; Oats 42c; Rye 75c; Beef cattle \$3 25 on the hoof; Hogs on the foot \$5 25; Whiskey dull at 26c.

New York, July 7, 6 p. m. Sales of flour to-day 10,000 barrels Genesee brands at 64c 12 per bbl. Southern 6 18c 31. Sale 3000 bushels Genesee white at \$1 40 per bushel. Sales of corn 70,000 bushels, at 62c 65 cts for white, and 72c 74 cts for yellow. Sales of rye 9000 bushels at 62 cts.

Philadelphia, July 7, 6 p. m. Flour has settled down to \$5 50—2000 bbls. Western sold at that price.

MRS. E. REEDER, Milliner, Dress and Corset Maker, Penn. avenue, between 1st and 2d streets. June 12

COLUMBUS O. WALL, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, corner of 6th and G streets. June 11

BOARDING.—MRS. J. R. TAYLOR has several vacant Rooms, some of them suitable for Families. Gentlemen wishing board without lodging, can be accommodated. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Residence corner Penn. avenue and C street, over Lemuel J. Middleton's Grocery Store. June 11—1m

DAVIS & GARRETT, HOUSE CARPENTERS AND JOINERS, ON 4th STREET, BETWEEN PENN. AVE. AND C ST. WOULD respectfully beg leave to return their thanks to their friends and the public who so promptly came forward with their donations, and enabled them to rebuild their shop which was destroyed by fire a few months since with all its contents. They are now prepared to execute all orders in their line of business with promptness and despatch, pledging themselves that all work confided to their trust shall be performed in a manner that will give entire satisfaction, and their prices keep pace with the times.

N. B.—Thankful for past favors, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the public patronage. DAVIS & GARRETT. June 11—1m

ADAMS & CO.'S EXPRESS.

REMOVAL. ADAMS & CO. take this method of informing the public, that they have removed their OFFICE from their former place of Business, Elliott's Buildings, to the large and convenient Store-room, a few doors below Gadsby's Hotel, Penn. avenue, and three doors below the Railroad Depot, where they are now more fully prepared to receive and forward all descriptions of packages to the following places:

Boston, Richmond, Cincinnati, New York, Petersburg, Louisville, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, St. Louis, Baltimore, Wheeling, St. Joe, &c. Adams & Co. will also forward specie and other valuables, and Collect Drafts, Notes, &c., on all the above places at reasonable rates. G. S. McELFRESH, Agent. may 27—eo2m

FOR RENT.—The dwelling over the store occupied by Mrs. Hamilton, on Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between Ninth and Tenth streets, containing seven fine sized rooms, and in good order. To a small family the rent will be moderate. Inquire of Mrs. HAMILTON. June 11—4r

CENTRAL POINT DIVISION, No. 3, Sons of T.—The members of this Division are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at the Hall of the Sons of Temperance on E street near 9th, on Thursday evening, July 8th, at 8 o'clock precisely, for the purpose of the Installation of Officers. Members will be punctual in their attendance at the appointed hour. GEO. HILBUS, R. S. July 7—3t

We have news from Fort Leavenworth to the 22d ult. Our new levies were taking up their line of march to Santa Fe. The Indians were very hostile on the route.

Our advices from Monterey, California, are to the 4th of April. Gen. Kearney was in command. Col. Mason had arrived. All was quiet in that part of our dominions. General Kearney was to leave for home the 1st inst.

Sales of \$7000 bbls. of flour in New York yesterday at \$5 12 a 6 27—of 20,000 bushels of corn at 70 a 80. At Philadelphia flour fell to \$5 50—wheat 130 cents—corn meal \$3 50.

The Boston Atlas believes that the "Signal" letter is an imposition.

You can always buy goods of a better quality, and at a lower price, from those who do advertise than from those who do not advertise. Purchasers, remember this.

A CARD.—The undersigned has been informed that T. B. Griffin in his efforts to prevent his negro from being punished as the law requires for his infamous conduct in assaulting a member of my family, has stated and asserted in various ways slanders which are utterly false and without a shadow of truth to justify them. It is to notify Mr. Griffin if he again misrepresents my conduct, he shall answer in a judicial manner. JOHN ALLEN. July 2—6\*

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber having learned that an attempt is being made to injure the reputation of his MINERAL WATER by the circulation of a spurious article purporting to be his, he is therefore under the necessity of publishing the following certificates, and respectfully calls the attention of the Faculty and Public to the subject.

A. FAVIER, Manufacturer of all kinds of Mineral Waters, WASHINGTON, June 19, 1847.

Sir: In conjunction with several other members of the Medical profession I gave you, some years since, a certificate of the good quality of your Mineral Water. With a commendable jealousy of your own works, lest confidence in their abiding good reputation should have led to neglect, you have again applied to me for an analysis of several specimens of Mineral Water, purporting to have been made after different methods or by different persons, the particulars of which were not furnished, the only distinction apparent being in the color of the bottles. I have examined the several specimens submitted, and find as follows: The water in the white glass bottles is free from all impurities; that in the green bottles contains a sensible quantity of sulphuric acid, which is evident to the smell and taste, as well as to the proper chemical tests. From a recent inspection of your process, I was led to the conviction that the only impurities which could possibly gain access to the water were lead and sulphuric acid. (Of lead I find no traces whatever in any of the bottles; the amount of sulphuric acid present in the green bottles, though small, is objectionable, and must be regarded as an impurity, as the Mineral Water professes to be free from all such admixtures. I therefore certify that the Mineral Water contained in the white bottles sent to me was pure, and in my opinion salutary, while that in the green bottles was impure and unfit for a common beverage. CHARLES G. PAGE, Professor of Chemistry, National Medical College. Mr. A. FAVIER.

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1847.

Sir: Upon testing the water left with me by you, which is in the same kind of bottles mentioned by Dr. Page, I have only confirmed the result of the analysis made by that gentleman. THOMAS P. JONES, Prof. of Chemistry. Mr. A. FAVIER.

WASHINGTON, June 19, 1847.

This is to certify that the water analyzed by Dr. Page, from the white bottles, was made by Mr. Favier's apparatus, at his establishment, and that in the green bottles came from another establishment, where it was manufactured. W. B. MAGRUDER, M. D. July 2—6t

A Luxury Indeed! VAPOR, TEPID, AND COLD SHOWER OR RUSSIAN BATH.

THE subscriber, (through the persuasion of many intimate friends) has been induced to fit up the above establishment, (a bath never before known to this community) for the purpose of rendering every necessary convenience and luxury to the citizens of this metropolis.

In offering to the public the advantages of this most delightful bath, he would say to those who are in a state of physical debility, that there is nothing known that is so well calculated to restore the energies of the human system. The most delicate female under its influence improves in strength with most astonishing rapidity.

Connected with this mode of bathing, he has introduced the Salt-water Vapor, and Shower Bath, giving to those who desire it, all the advantages of Sea-bathing, without the trouble and expense of a trip to the Cape.

His rooms are situated on the corner of 4th street and Missouri avenue. Open at all hours from six in the morning till nine at night.

Thursdays of each week are set apart for the special accommodation of Ladies, when a lady will be in attendance to wait for those who may please to visit this establishment. The public are invited to give this Bath a trial.

Terms: Single tickets 37 1/2 cents, or three tickets for \$1 00. June 29—2m W. WHITNEY.

Notice to the Public.

I HAVE this day associated with me in the Agency of the National Whig, Mr. JOHN V. SHIELDS. I avail myself of this opportunity to return my sincere thanks to the public for the favors lavishly bestowed upon my efforts, and assure them that no exertion shall be spared on either of our parts to merit a continuance thereof. G. L. GILLCREST.

N. B. We would be much obliged to our patrons if they would give us immediate notice of all failures on the part of our carriers to deliver their paper, particularly on the day of publication, as the carriers have their routes positively delivered to them, and in ample time for delivery the same day.

GILLCREST & SHIELDS, Agents for National Whig. June 28

JOHN ALLEN, Lock and White Smithing, and Bell Hanging, Penn. Avenue, opposite United States Hotel.

TO CAPITALISTS!

AN opportunity is offered of making a safe and highly profitable investment of \$10,000—\$2,500 of which will only be needed in hand and the rest in the course of twelve months. Applications addressed to A. B. and left at this office will be immediately attended to and satisfactory explanations given. June 28—6d\*

McCUBBIN, Barber, Temple of Fashion No. 1, aided by that superior workman, Felix Dean, 8th st., between Pennsylvania avenue and D street. June 25—

TO FOREIGN GENTLEMEN.

ARRIVING in the United States, or others, desirous of purchasing a permanent country residence in Pennsylvania. The subscriber offers for sale his farm, situated in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, 14 miles north of Philadelphia. It contains 308 acres of land, 288 acres of which are in the highest state of cultivation, producing wheat, rye, Indian corn and hay, equal to any upland farm—the remaining 20 acres being woodland. On the premises is a fine stone mansion, 60 feet by 45, with a verandah attached, 15 feet wide, extending the length of the house, and a large piazza on the east, the whole giving ample accommodation for a family of twenty persons. The pleasure grounds surrounding the house are shaded with elegant evergreens, and are very beautifully laid out. There are on the farm three stone houses for farmers or tenants, together with three large stone barns, containing stabling and conveniences for a hundred head of cattle, and for the storage of 250 tons of produce, with a coach house, wagon house, granary and corn crib attached. There are also the advantages of a fine spring house, ice house, fish pond, a garden of two acres, orchards stocked with the finest fruit, green house and grape walk, a stream of spring water in every field, a daily mail, by which the Philadelphia and New York papers of the same day are received, and an omnibus passing the gate morning and evening.

In the immediate vicinity are Episcopal, Lutheran and Presbyterian churches. Further description is unnecessary, as all persons wishing to purchase are invited to call and examine the estate. It may, however, be added, that for beauty, healthful situation, and advantages, it is not surpassed by any in the United States. It may be well also the mention the price, which is \$220 per acre. Apply to GEORGE SHAFF, White Marsh, July 2 2aw1m\* Montgomery co., Pa.

FACTS, NOT FABLES! DR. SCHWARTZ'S Chronic-Thermal Ague Pills, warranted to cure in eight hours!

Also, DR. SCHWARTZ'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SASSAPARILLA suitable for every month in the year, warranted to relieve Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Scrofula, Neuralgia, constitutional effects of Syphilis, eruptive diseases, and all others arising from impurities of the blood. The above medicines may be had wholesale or retail, at the proprietor's store, Penn. avenue, 2d door east of 3d street, Washington City. June 23 eo1f

GLORIOUS NEWS!! SURRENDER OF THE CITY OF MEXICO!!!

In consequence of the above intelligence I have opened a new

TOBACCO, SNUFF, & SEGAR STORE, where my friends and the public generally, may at all times with confidence obtain a genuine imported segar of the most choice brand, as well as the most approved brands of chewing tobacco; also, a general assortment of snuff of all the different qualities at wholesale and retail.

Having made such arrangements as will at all times insure a full supply of the most choice brands from the different ports—and for any further information concerning the surrender of the city, the public will be politely attended to at HEAD QUARTERS, Brown's Hotel, No. 1. CHARLES S. TYSON. June 26 eo2w

JOHN WELLMAN, House Furnishing Ware Rooms, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 13th street, south side. June 25—

V. KING, Boarding-house, F street, directly opposite the General Post Office. June 25—

COTTAGE FOR RENT.—A neat Cottage, containing two large rooms, three small chambers and kitchen; there is also a stable or woodhouse on the premises. Situated in a healthy location near Mr. Machen on Maryland avenue. Inquire of Dr. VAUGHAN, Copper and Leecher, Ninth street. June 23tf

ICE! ICE! ICE!!! THE SUBSCRIBERS have on hand a large supply of pure Potomac Ice, which they will sell at their Ice-house corner of Maryland avenue and Eleventh street, for Twenty-five cents per bushel. BIRD & GUNNELL, N. B.—Ice delivered in any part of the city at the shortest notice. June 23—4f B. & G.

INSIDE VENETIAN WINDOW BLINDS.

WILLIAM NOEL, Dealer and Manufacturer of Inside Venetian Window Blinds, south side Penn. av. between 9th and 10th streets, Washington.

BLINDS of all sizes and styles, had to order. Split Blinds, plain and painted, of all sizes. Brass fixtures and trimmings furnished. Linen and transparent Curtains put up in the best style. Fire-screens and wide paper for curtains, very cheap. All work done on reasonable terms and with promptness. N. B. Old Blinds repaired and repainted. June 23 1m

BOARDING. Mrs. PIERCE has the pleasure of informing Mr. her friends and the public that her house having been refurnished throughout, is now reopened for the accommodation of boarders by the week, month, or year. Her table will be furnished with the best the market affords; her house is situated on Pennsylvania avenue, a few steps from that delightful retreat the Capitol grounds. No pains will be spared to make her house a pleasant home to those who may favor her with their patronage. June 9—1m

FRESH GROCERIES. THE SUBSCRIBER is now receiving an additional supply of groceries comprising Fresh Teas, Coffee of various kinds, New Orleans, Porto Rico, &c. Croix sugars Do do do molasses Sugar house sirup and molasses Fresh spices, ground and unground Sperm, adamantine, and mould candles Tomato sauce, catsups, anchovies, &c. Sardines and Curry powders Saranapilla sirup, fancy soap Military shaving soap, &c. Orange county butter 100 sugar cured hams 100 superior shadles A large supply of cigars and tobacco To which he invites attention S. HOLMES, June 19—3