EDITED BY
ANDREW J. DONELSON.
A. J. DONELSON AND ROBERT ARMSTRONG,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

TERMS:
DAILY, per year, - - - - - $10 00
SEMI-WEEKLY, (published tri-weekly during the session of Congress) - - - - - 5 00
WEEKLY - - - - - - - - 2 00
Clubs will be furnished as follows:
Five copies of the DAILY, for - - - - - 40 00
Five copies of the SEMI-WEEKLY, - - - - - 20 00
Ten copies of the " " - - - - - 35 00
Five copies of the WEEKLY, - - - - - 8 00
Ten copies of the " - - - - - 15 00

The Daily Union.

VOLUME I. "LIBERTY, THE UNION, AND THE CONSTITUTION." NUMBER 163.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1851.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

The name of no person will be entered upon our books unless the payment of the subscription be made in advance.

Distant subscribers may forward us money by letter, the postage on which will be paid by us, and all risk assumed by ourselves in its safe transmission.

The COUNTRY PAPER is published tri-weekly during the sessions of Congress, and semi-weekly during the recess.

Subscriptions for a period less than a year will be received on terms proportioned to the above annual rates.

☞POSTMASTERS are authorized to act as our agents; and, by sending us FIVE DAILY subscribers, with $40 enclosed, or five SEMI-WEEKLY subscribers, with $20 enclosed, or five WEEKLY subscribers, with $10 enclosed, will be entitled to one copy of the same edition as they furnish subscribers for, gratis.

By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I, MILLARD FILLMORE, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known that a public sale will be held at the land office, at SAULT STE. MARIE, in the State of MICHIGAN, commencing on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of October next, for the disposal of those sections and parts of sections of public lands, situated within the limits of the following named townships, and fractional townships, cover ed by mineral leases (not purchased) or reported by the geologist as containing mineral, in which are embraced the tracts which could not, by reason of unexpired leases, be offered under the President's proclamations of the 27th January, 1848, and June 13th, 1850, and such of said mineral lands as are now vacant, and are required to be restored under the provisions of the act entitled "An act to reduce the minimum price of the mineral lands in the Lake Superior district, in Michigan, and the Chippewa district, in Wisconsin," approved 26th September, 1850, to wit:

North of the base line and west of the principal meridian.

Townships forty-seven, forty-eight, and forty-nine, of range twenty-five.
Townships forty-seven, forty-eight, forty-nine, and fifty eight, of range twenty-six.
Townships fifty-eight and fifty-nine, of range twenty seven.
Townships fifty-one, fifty-two, and fifty-eight, of range twenty-eight.
Townships fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-seven, fifty-eight, and fifty-nine, of range twenty-nine.
Townships fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-six, fifty-seven, and fifty-eight, of range thirty.
Townships fifty-one, fifty-six, fifty seven, and fifty-eight, of range thirty-one.
Townships fifty-one, fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-seven, and fifty-eight, of range thirty-two.
Townships fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, and fifty-seven, of range thirty-three.
Townships fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five, and fifty-six, and township sixty-five, on Isle Royale, of range thirty-four.
Townships fifty-two, fifty-three, and fifty-seven, of range thirty-five.
Townships fifty-two and fifty-three, of range thirty-six.
Townships fifty-one, fifty-two, and fifty-three, of range thirty-seven.
Township fifty one, of range thirty-eight.
Township fifty-one, of range thirty-nine.
Township fifty-one, of range forty.
Township fifty and fifty-one, of range forty-one.
Township forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, and fifty-one, of range forty-two.
Township forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, and fifty-one, of range forty-three.
Township forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, and fifty one, of range forty-four.
Township forty-eight, forty-nine, and fifty, of range forty-five.
Township forty-nine and fifty, of range forty-six.
Township forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, and forty nine, of range forty-seven.
Township forty-seven and forty-eight, of range forty-eight.
Township forty eight, of range forty-nine.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military and other purposes, together with those swamp and overflowed lands, made unfit thereby for cultivation, if any, which shall be selected by the State authorities before the days appointed for the commencement of the public sale, under the act entitled "An act to enable the State of Arkansas and other States to reclaim the 'swamp lands' within their limits," approved September 28, 1850, *will be excluded from the sales.* And no locations for land bounties heretofore granted by any law of Congress for military services rendered to the United States *will be permitted on any of the above-mentioned lands*, as provided by the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of government," &c., approved 3d March, 1851.

Particular lists of the tracts to be offered will be deposited with the register and receiver at Sault Ste. Marie before the day of sale, and the sale of the lands will be commenced on the day appointed, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised with all convenient despatch, until the whole shall have been offered and the sale thus closed; but the sale shall not be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of any of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this twenty-sixth day of July, anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

MILLARD FILLMORE.

By the President:
J. BUTTERFIELD,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS, AND TO LESSEES, OCCUPANTS, AND PERMITTEES OF MINERAL LANDS.

Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the lands above mentioned is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver at Sault Ste. Marie, and make payment therefor, *as soon as practicable after seeing this notice*, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

And every person having the right, under the act entitled "An act to establish a land office in the northern part of Michigan, and to provide for the sale of the mineral lands in the State of Michigan," approved 1st March, 1847, as lessees, occupants, or permittees, to enter, to the extent of their leases or permits, any of the lands above mentioned, and who are entitled, under the act entitled "An act to reduce the minimum price of the mineral lands in the Lake Superior district, Michigan, and the Chippewa district, in Wisconsin," approved 26th September, 1850, "to enter the land covered by their leases, occupancy, and permits respectively," at the minimum price of $1 25 per acre, or, if covering more than one full section, "entitled, on the surrender of such lease or permit at the proper land office, to purchase, *if he shall elect to do so*, one full section" at the rate of $1 50 cents per acre, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver at Sault Ste. Marie, and make payment therefor *as soon as practicable after seeing this notice*, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

J. BUTTERFIELD,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

July 27—law13w

By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I, MILLARD FILLMORE, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known that public sales will be held at the undermentioned land offices in the State of FLORIDA, at the periods hereinafter designated, to wit:

At the land office at ST. AUGUSTINE, commencing on Monday, the twenty-fourth day of November next, for the disposal of the public lands situated within the following-named townships and parts of townships, viz:

South of the base line and east of the principal meridian.

Townships fifteen, (except sections five and six,) sixteen, seventeen, (except section thirty-one,) and eighteen, fractional townships nineteen and twenty, township twenty-one, fractional township twenty-two, and townships twenty-eight and twenty nine, of range twenty-five.

Townships sixteen, (except sections one, two, eleven, and twelve,) seventeen, and eighteen, (except sections three, four, five, six, seven, and eighteen,) fractional townships nineteen, twenty, and twenty-one, and townships twenty-eight and twenty-nine, of range twenty-six.

Townships seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, and twenty, (except sections twenty-seven to twenty-nine, and thirty one to thirty-four,) and section one in township twenty-one, of range twenty seven.

Township seventeen, (except sections four and five,) of range twenty-eight.

Fractional township seventeen, west of St. John's river, (except sections five, six, thirty-five, and thirty-six,) and township eighteen, (except sections one to three, eleven to fifteen, twenty-two to twenty-six, and thirty-five and thirty-six,) of range twenty-nine.

Fractional townships thirteen and fourteen, of range thirty-two.

Fractional township sixteen and eighteen, and townships nineteen and twenty, of range thirty four.

Fractional township eighteen, nineteen, and twenty, of range thirty-five.

Sections three, ten, fourteen, fifteen, twenty-three, twenty-six, thirty-five, and thirty six, in township thirty-five, of range forty.

Fractional townships thirty-seven, thirty-eight, and thirty-nine, (except sections four to seven,) of range forty-one.

Fractional township thirty-eight, of range forty-two.

North of the base line and east of the principal meridian.

Township four, (except sections one to five, eleven to fourteen, and twenty-three to twenty-five,) of range twenty-five.

Townships two and three, and fractional township four, of range twenty-six.

Township one, east of Nassau river, (except sections one and twelve,) and fractions of townships two and three, west of Amelia river, of range twenty-eight.

At the land office at NEWNANSVILLE, commencing on Monday, the third day of November next, for the disposal of the public lands situated within the undermentioned townships and parts of townships, to wit:

South of the base line and east of the principal meridian.

Fractions of townships thirteen and fourteen, east of the Suwannee river, of range twelve.

Fraction of township six, east of the Suwannee river, sections one, twelve, thirteen, twenty-four to twenty-six, and thirty-five and thirty-six, east of said river, in township eleven; sections two, ten, fifteen, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-seven to twenty nine, and thirty-two to thirty-four, east of said river, in township twelve; and sections three to ten, fifteen to twenty-two, and thirty and thirty-one, in township fourteen, of range thirteen.

Townships fourteen and fifteen, of range fourteen.

Townships fourteen and fifteen, (except sections nineteen and twenty, and twenty-nine to thirty-two,) of range fifteen.

Sections thirty-three to thirty-six, in township nineteen, of range sixteen.

Township seven, (except sections twenty-four to twenty-six, and thirty-four to thirty-six,) and township twenty, of range seventeen.

The western tier of sections in township twenty-three, of range twenty.

Township twenty, (except sections three, four, nine, ten, thirty five, and thirty-six,) of range twenty two.

Township fourteen, (except sections thirteen and twenty-four, sixteen, (except sections one to three, eleven to thirteen, and twenty-four,) seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty-one, twenty two, twenty-eight, and twenty-nine, of range twenty-three.

Townships fifteen, (except section one,) sixteen, (except sections five to eight, and seventeen to twenty-one,) seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, (except sections two and eleven,) twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-eight, and twenty-nine, of range twenty-four.

North of the base line and east of the principal meridian.

Fraction of township one, east of the Suwannee river, of range sixteen.

Sections eight and nine, thirteen to fifteen, twenty-two to twenty-seven, and thirty-four to thirty-six, in township two, of range seventeen.

Township one and fractional township two, of range twenty.

Fractional townships one and two, of range twenty-one.

At the land office at TALLAHASSEE, commencing on Monday, the seventeenth day of November next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships and parts of townships, viz:

South of the base line and east of the principal meridian.

Fractional township four, of range two.

Townships seven and eight, of range nine.

Townships five, six, and seven, and sections six to eight, seventeen to twenty three, and twenty-six to thirty-six, in township ten of range two.

Townships six, seven, eight, nine, eleven, (except sections five to eight,) twelve, and thirteen, of range seven.

Townships six, seven, eight, and eleven, (except sections twenty-five to twenty-seven, and thirty-four to thirty-six,) and fractional township thirteen, west of the Suwannee river, of range twelve.

Fraction of township six, west of the Suwannee river, sections two to two, fifteen to twenty-two and twenty-eight to thirty three, in township seven; sections one, twelve, twenty-three, twenty-six, and thirty-five, west of the Suwannee river, in township eleven, and the fraction of township twelve, west of said river, of range thirteen.

North of the base line and east of the principal meridian.

Township one, and fractional towns ip two, of range fifteen.

Fraction of township one, west of the Suwannee river, of range sixteen.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military and other purposes, together with "those swamp and overflowed lands made unfit thereby for cultivation," if any, which shall be selected by the State authorities before the days appointed for the commencement of the public sales respectively, under the act entitled "An act to enable the State of Arkansas, and other States, to reclaim the 'swamp lands' within their limits," approved September 28th, 1850, *will be excluded from the sales.* And no locations for land bounties heretofore granted by any law of Congress for military services rendered to the United States *will be permitted on any of the above-mentioned lands*, as provided by the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the government," &c., approved 3d March, 1851.

The offering of the above-mentioned lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised, with all convenient despatch, until the whole shall have been offered, and the sales thus closed; but no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of any of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks.

Given under *my* hand, at the city of Washington, this twenty-sixth day of July, anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

MILLARD FILLMORE.

By the President:
J. BUTTERFIELD,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS.

Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the lands within the townships and parts of townships above enumerated is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor *as soon as practicable after seeing this notice*, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

J. BUTTERFIELD,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

July 27—law12w

Books Published and in Press by Charles C. Little James Brown, Boston.

UNITED STATES STATUTES AT LARGE, volume IX.—Will be published on the 1st of April next, "The Statutes at Large, and Treaties of the United States of America, volume IX," comprising all the legislation of the Congress of the United States, from 1846 to 1851 inclusive; royal 8vo., about 1,100 pages. Price $3 50, in superior law binding.

This volume is a continuation of the Statutes at Large in 8 vols., published by authority of Congress in 1845-'46.

A Complete Synoptical Index to the United States Statutes at Large, including those of the 31st Congress, prepared under an order of the Senate, and to be published agreeably to a resolve of that honorable body. Royal 8vo.

This Index will refer, under copious titles, to each law, and every joint and Senate and House resolve, public or private, which has been passed or adopted under the federal constitution, so that the reader may see at a glance the whole law on any single subject.

Just published, Domat (M.) Civil Law in its Natural Order, translated into English by Wm. Strahan, LL. D., Advocate in Doctors' Commons. Edited, from the second London edition, by Hon. Luther S. Cushing, late one of the Judges in the Court of Common Pleas; now Lecturer on Civil and Parliamentary Law in Harvard University. In 2 vols., royal 8vo.

Among the writers on the Roman Law whose works are best known to English and American lawyers, and which have exerted the most influence upon our jurisprudence, is Domat, "whose work, entitled *The Civil Law in its Natural Order*," says Judge Story, (Preface to Bailments,) "considering the age and the circumstances in which it was written, is a truly wonderful performance. His method is excellent, and his matter clear, exact, and comprehensive."

The object of the author, in this learned production, was to disembarrass those of the principles and provisions of the Roman law which are of general interest and application, from the technics of the system, and, by presenting them in a natural and scientific method, to render them more intelligible, and their attainment more useful and agreeable; and, though the work was particularly intended for and adapted to the French jurisprudence of the age, it is not less applicable to every system of law of which the Roman code is either a part, or in which is recognised as a body of written reason, which, besides the general claims which the work thus possesses to the attention of the American lawyer, Domat has a peculiar interest in those of the States whose legal institutions are derived in part from those of France or Spain, and are thus founded in the Roman law.

These reasons have induced a belief on the part of the publishers that a modern edition of this celebrated work would be acceptable to the profession, and have led them to engage in a republication of the English translation of it by Dr. Strahan.

From Hon. Judge Eustis, Chief Justice of the State of Louisiana.

BROOKLINE, October 11, 1850.

GENTLEMEN: I have examined the sheets of the translation of the admirable work of Domat on the Civil Law, which you have been kind enough to send me. You will have rendered a great service to the science of law by the publication. The form of the English edition of the translation was too large and inconvenient, and its scarcity and high price prevented its general use in this country. The present publication, from its form, its style of execution, and moderate price, I think, cannot fail in remunerating you. The translation by Mr. Strahan has been tested; it is in the main correct, but will be improved under the revision of the editor, Judge Cushing.

In searching for a solution of the apparently new questions arising out of the various relations which our advance in civilization is creating, and in judging of those reforms of the law which are in progress in different parts of the United States, the value of the civil law will be appreciated as it comes to be understood. It cannot be otherwise with a system of written reason, which for centuries governed the most wonderful social organization that the world has ever witnessed, and which is the real basis of the jurisprudence of continental Europe, and of a large portion of that of England and the United States.

It would be quite useless for me to speak of the merits of the great work which your enterprise is about to give to the American public. From the isolated position which the civil law has been permitted to occupy in England, few of the standard works concerning it have been translated into English, and this want has not been supplied by the original English treatises on that subject. I have no doubt that in Louisiana, in Texas, in California, and in the new Territories of the United States, as well as in Lower Canada, there will be a ready demand for your publication. The profession throughout the Union will readily lend their favor to the undertaking; and I trust that your enterprising house will find its interest in publishing, from time to time, in the English language, such other standard works as will form the basis of a civil law library.

I remain, gentlemen, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEORGE EUSTIS.

Messrs. LITTLE & BROWN.

From Alfred Hennen, esq., of the New Orleans bar.

BOSTON, Sep. 6, 1850.

MESSRS. LITTLE & BROWN: Gentlemen—I am much pleased to learn that you are engaged in publishing a revised edition of Strahan's translation of Domat on Civil Law. No work in the English language, on the same subject, is to be compared with it for the fullness and correctness of the doctrine conveyed throughout it.

From the time of its publication up to the present, it has received the approbation of the most learned men and lawyers in every country, and very deservedly. The compilers of the Code Napoleon drew copiously from it for their work. Napoleon himself studied it most carefully in early life, which may account for the singular acuteness and wisdom of his observations and decisions during the discussions on the adoption of his code. Domat should, and I hope will, be found in the library of every American lawyer.

Your obedient servant,

ALFRED HENNEN.

Reports of cases argued and determined in the circuit court of the United States for the first circuit, from 1812 to 1851, as follows:

Gallison's Reports.—Reports of cases argued and determined in the circuit court of the United States for the first circuit, from 1812 to 1815. Second edition, with additional notes and references. 2 vols., 8vo. Boston, 1838.

"I should omit doing justice to my own feelings, as well as to the cause of truth, if I were not to select the decisions in Gallison's and Mason's Reports as specimens of pre-eminent merit. They may fairly be placed upon a level with the best productions of the English Admiralty for deep and accurate learning, as well as for the highest ability and wisdom in decision."—3 Kent. 20; (2) 597.

Mason (William P.)—Report of Cases in the Circuit Court of the United States for the First Circuit, from 1816 to 1830. 5 vols., 8vo.

"These reports comprise the decisions of Mr. Justice Story on the first circuit of the United States, and followed in order after Mr. Gallison's reports. The decisions relate to a great variety of subjects—constitutional, admiralty, personal, and real law, and chancery—and are characterized by the profound learning, acuteness, and thoroughness of research, which are such eminent traits of their author. They will bear a favorable comparison, in point of learning and practical utility, with the best volumes of the English reports."

Sumner's Reports. Sumner (Charles.)—Reports of Cases argued and determined in the Circuit Court of the United States for the First Circuit. 3 vols., 8vo.

"These volumes contain the decisions of Mr. Justice Story, and form a continuation to the series of Gallison and Mason. The decisions in the present volumes relate particularly to questions of equity and admiralty, and are of great practical value."

Story's Reports. Story (William W.)—Reports of Cases argued and determined in the Circuit Court of the United States for the First Circuit. 3 vols., 8vo.

"These volumes form a continuation to the series of Gallison, Mason, and Sumner. They contain the last opinion ever pronounced by Mr. Justice Story, who died while the last opinion in the third volume was yet undelivered."

Woodbury (Charles L.) and *Minot* (George.)—Reports of Cases argued and determined in the Circuit Court of the United States for the First Circuit. Vols. 1 and 2.

"These volumes contain the decisions of Hon. Levi Woodbury, appointed to succeed Mr. Story as assistant justice for the first district."

Volume 3 in press.

Howard's Supreme Court Reports. Howard (Benjamin C.)—Reports of Cases argued and adjudged in the Supreme Court of the United States. Vols. 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

These reports follow Peters's, and with those reports, and Dallas, Cranch, and Wheaton's reports, comprise all the decisions of the highest court known to our law.

Story on the Constitution, comprising the Constitutional History of the United States—a new edition, in two vols., 8vo.

☞In press, will be ready in March. Dec 27—d1y

A NEW Route to Pittsburg, via the Baltimore, Susquehanna, and Pennsylvania Railroad.—Through to Pittsburg in 33 hours.—An express train of cars will leave Calvert station daily with the United States mail from Washington and Baltimore at 8½ a. m., connecting with the fast line at Middletown at 1, p. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 1½ p. m., to dinner.

The train leaves Harrisburg for the west at 2, p. m., arriving at Hollidaysburg at 8. p. m. At this point passengers have the option of taking either the cars to Johnstown, thence by packet boats, or stages direct from Hollidaysburg to Pittsburg.

Tickets will be sold to the following points by this train, to wit: York, Wrightsville, Columbia, Marietta, Middletown, Harrisburg, New Port, Millerstown, Perrysville, Lewistown, McVeystown, Huntingdon, Hollidaysburg, and Pittsburg.

This train also connects with the Cumberland Valley railroad, which passes through Carlisle, Shippensburg, Chambersburg, and other points on this road.

For the accommodation of passengers from Washington for any of the above points, the baggage-master of the company will be at the depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company on the arrival of the morning cars at 8, a. m., to receive the baggage, which will be carried free of charge to Calvert station.

ROBERT STEWART,
Oct 1—dtf Ticket Agent.

Assistant Teacher Wanted Immediately.

THE Principal of the Warrenton (N. C.) Male Academy wishes to employ forthwith an assistant teacher who is qualified to teach the various English branches and the lower mathematics. He must be an unmarried man, of sober habits and good moral character. All applications must be made immediately, and if by letter, post paid, to the Principal.

Feb 19—dtf

The New York and Liverpool United States Mail Steamers.

The ships composing this line are:
The Atlantic.....Capt West.
The Pacific.....Capt. Nye.
The Arctic.....Capt. Luce.
The Baltic.....Capt. Comstock.
The Adriatic.....Capt. Grafton.

These ships having been built by contract expressly for government service, every care has been taken in their construction, as also in their engines, to insure strength and speed; and their accommodations for passengers are unequalled for elegance or comfort.

Price of passage from New York to Liverpool, $130. Exclusive use of extra-size state-rooms, $325. From Liverpool to New York, £35.

An experienced surgeon will be attached to each ship.

No berth can be secured until paid for.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed.

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

From New York.			*From Liverpool*		
Saturday.....June	7,	1851.	Wednesday.....May	28,	1851.
Saturday..... do	21,	1851.	Wednesday.....June	11,	1851.
Saturday.....July	5,	1851.	Wednesday..... do	25,	1851.
Saturday..... do	19,	1851.	Wednesday.....July	9,	1851.
Saturday.....August	2,	1851.	Wednesday..... do	23,	1851.
Saturday..... do	16,	1851.	Wednesday.....August	6,	1851.
Saturday..... do	30,	1851.	Wednesday..... do	20,	1851.
Saturday.....Sept.	13,	1851.	Wednesday.....Sept.	3,	1851.
Saturday..... do	27,	1851.	Wednesday..... do	17,	1851.
Saturday.....Oct.	11,	1851.	Wednesday.....Oct.	1,	1851.
Saturday..... do	25,	1851.	Wednesday..... do	15,	1851.
Saturday.....Nov.	8,	1851.	Wednesday..... do	29,	1851.
Saturday..... do	22,	1851.	Wednesday.....Nov.	12,	1851.
Saturday.....Dec.	6,	1851.	Wednesday..... do	28,	1851.
Saturday..... do	20,	1851.	Saturday.....Dec.	13,	1851.
			Saturday..... do	27,	1851.

For freight or passage apply to

EDWARD K. COLLINS,
No. 56 Wall street, N. Y.
BROWN, SHIPLEY, & CO.,
Liverpool.
E. G. ROBERTS, & CO.,
13 King's Arms Yard, London.
L. DRAPER, jr.,
8 Boulevard, Montmartre, Paris.

Sept 5—d1y

Pacific Mail Steamship Company.—The only Through Line for California and Oregon.

The public are informed that, under the new arrangements of this company, steamers inspected and approved by the Navy Department, and carrying the United States mails, will continue to leave Panama and San Francisco on the 1st and 15th days of each month, unless detained by unavoidable accident, and will touch at Acapulco, San Diego, and Monterey. The following steam packets belonging to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, one of which will be always in port at each end of the route, are now in the Pacific:

Oregon	1,099	tons
Panama	1,087	"
California	1,050	"
Tennessee	1,300	"
Northerner	1,200	"
Columbia	800	"
Antelope	—	"
Republic	1,200	"
Carolina	600	"
Columbus	600	"
Isthmus	—	"
Unicorn	600	"
Creole	600	"

The new steamship Columbia will ply between San Francisco and ports in Oregon, awaiting at the former port the arrival of the mails and passengers from Panama, and returning without delay with the mails and passengers for the steamer from San Francisco.

A regular line of propellers will be kept up for the transportation of freight and transient passengers between Panama and San Francisco.

The well known steamship Sarah Sands, of 1,500 tons burden, now under charter to the company, and peculiarly commodious in her cabin arrangements, will be kept running as an extra family boat.

One of the above steamers will keep up the connexion between Acapulco and the other Mexican ports.

The connexion in the Atlantic will be maintained by the United States mail steamships—

Georgia	3,000	tons
Ohio	3,000	"
Empire City	2,000	"
Crescent City	1,500	"
Cherokee	1,300	"
Philadelphia	1,100	"

Leaving New York for Chagres on the 11th and 26th of each month.

The new steamship El Dorado and the Falcon will form a direct line between New Orleans and Chagres, leaving at such periods as will insure as little detention as possible on the Isthmus, and forming with the Pacific steamships a through line to and from New Orleans and ports in Mexico, California, and Oregon. Passage from New Orleans can be secured from Armstrong, Lawrason, & Co., agents at that place.

The fare for through tickets from New York to San Francisco has been reduced from—

$400 in state rooms to	$350
$350 in lower cabin to	$250
$200 in steerage to	$165

The rates from New York to Chagres will be the lowest adopted by any safe sea-steamer between these ports.

Each passenger is allowed 250 lbs. personal baggage free, not exceeding in measurement 10 cubic feet.

Freight will be taken to Chagres at 70 cents per foot, and from Panama to San Francisco at the rate of $100 per ton.

For choice of berths apply at the office of the company, 54 and 55 South street, or at their agency, No. 177 West street, New York city. Aug 2—d1y

Canton Mattings, Floor Oilcloths, Carpeting, &c.

THE subscribers are now receiving, per schooner Statesman, from New York—

50	pieces	4-4 extra heavy white Canton mattings		
20	do	5-4 do	do	do
20	do	6-4 do	do	do
20	do	4-4 do	red checked	do
25	do	5-4 & 6-4 do	do	do
10	do	4-4 do	fancy	do
2	do	super English oilcloth, 18 feet wide		
3	do	super American oilcloth, from twelve to eighteen feet wide		
25	do	low-priced American oilcloth, from three to six feet wide		
10	do	Cocoa mattings, for basement, &c.		

Also, constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of every variety of imported and American carpeting, such as—

Tapestry velvet, tapestry Brussels, English and American Brussels, imperial, three-ply, and ingrain, fine and common ingrain, low priced; rag, hemp, and cotton, both striped and plaid; together with every other article in our line for house-furnishing; which we are prepared and fully determined to offer upon as good terms as any other dealers in this country.

Ap 18—tf P. H. HOOE & CO.

NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The lectures in this institution will commence on the first Monday of November and continue until March.

FACULTY.

Thomas Miller, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
William P. Johnston, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
Joshua Riggs, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics, and Hygiene.
Jno. Fred. May, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery.
Grafton Tyler, M. D., Professor of Pathology and Practice of Medicine.
Robert King Stone, M. D., Professor of Microscopical and Pathological Anatomy.
Edward Foreman, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
James E. Morgan, M. D., Prosector and Demonstrator.

The entire expense for a full course of lectures by all the professors is	$95
Practical anatomy by the demonstrator	10
Matriculating fee, payable only once	5
Graduating expenses	25

Clinical instruction given regularly at the Washington Infirmary.

JNO. FRED. MAY, M. D.,
Aug 19—2awid Dean.

Medical Department of Georgetown College,

Corner of F and 12th streets, Washington, D. C.

THE Lectures will commence on the first Monday in November, and continue until the latter part of March.

FACULTY.

Noble Young, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Medicine.
Charles H. Lieberman, M. D., Professor of Institutes and Practice of Surgery.
Flodoardo Howard, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
Johnson Eliot, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
Joshua A. Ritchie, M. D., Professor of Institutes of Medicine.
James M. Austin, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
J. W. H. Lovejoy, M. D., Professor of Chemistry.
Samuel W. Everett, M. D., Associate Professor and Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Clinical lectures will be delivered and operations performed on patients from the Infirmary and Dispensary attached to the College.

The College building has been recently erected at great expense, provided with large and convenient lecture halls and anatomical rooms, and is admirably adapted for medical instruction.

Fees for a full course of lectures	$90
Matriculation (paid only once)	5
Demonstrator's ticket	10
Graduation	25
Perpetual ticket	150
Fee for those who have attended two full courses in other colleges	50

FLODOARDO HOWARD, M., D., Dean,
Corner of 10th and F streets.

Aug 21—1awtNov

University of Maryland.

THE next session will begin on Wednesday, the 15th day of October, 1851, and close 1st March, 1850.

Nathan R. Smith, M. D., Surgery.
William E. A. Aiken, M. D., Chemistry and Pharmacy.
Samuel Chew, M. D., Therapeutics, Materia Medica, and Hygiene.
Joseph Roby, M. D., Anatomy and Physiology.
William Power, M. D., Theory and Practice of Medicine.
Richard H. Thomas, M. D., Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children.
George W. Miltenberger, M. D., Pathological Anatomy.

The most ample opportunities for the prosecution of practical anatomy at a moderate expense.

Clinical lectures four times a week, by Professors Smith and Power, in the Baltimore Infirmary, with the privilege of daily visits to its wards, without charge to the student for the ticket.

Fees for the lectures, $60 to $65; practical anatomy, $10; matriculation, $5; graduation, $30.

WILLIAM E. A. AIKEN, Dean.
Baltimore, August 1, 1851. Aug 5—2awi15Oc.

REMOVAL.—DE SELDING & WYLIE have removed their General Agency and Law Office to Seventh street, between D and E streets, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall, and two doors from the National Intelligencer office.

Mar 20—3aw6

University of Virginia.

THE next annual session of the University of Virginia will commence on the 1st of October, and continue without intermission until the 29th of June. The University comprises the following schools and lectureship, viz:

1. Ancient Languages—Professor Gessner Harrison, M. D.
2. Modern Languages—Professor M. Schele de Vere, LL. D.
3. Mathematics—Professor Edward H. Courtenay, LL. D.
4. Natural Philosophy—Professor Wm. B. Rogers, LL. D.
5. Chemistry and Materia Medica—Professor Robert E. Rogers, M. D.
6. Medicine—Professor Henry Howard, M. D.
7. Comparative Anatomy, Physiology, and Surgery—James L. Cabell, A. M., M. D.
8. Moral Philosophy—Professor Wm. H. McGuffey, DD., LL. D.
9. Law—Professor John B. Minor, LL. D.

Adjunct Professor—James P. Holcombe.

10. Lecturer and Demonstrator of Special and Pathological Anatomy—John Staige Davis, A. M., M. D.

To be admitted into the University the student must be 16 years of age; but of two brothers applying for matriculation the Faculty may admit one under the age of 16.

If the applicant for admission has been a student at any other incorporated seminary, he cannot be received into the University unless he produce a certificate from such seminary, or other satisfactory evidence, to the Faculty, of general good conduct.

The whole necessary expenses, exclusive of clothes, books, and pocket-money, are estimated as follows:

Board, including furniture and attendance for 9 months	$100
Fuel and candles, to be furnished by the Proctor at cost and 5 per cent. commission, estimated, if only one student in the dormitory, at $30; if two in the same room, at $15	15
Washing may be had at about $10 a session	10
Rent of an entire dormitory, $16; for half, if occupied by two students, $8	8
Matriculation fee, use of library, and public rooms	15
Fees: If a single professor be attended, $50; if two, $30 each; if three or more, $25 each.	
In the school of law, in the junior class the fees are as above; in the intermediate class they are $60 in all cases; and in the senior class, $75; the higher fee in each instance giving admission, besides, to any lower class in the school—say	75
	$223

Medical Department.

In the medical department the entire expense for tuition, including the Demonstrator's ticket and dissecting fee, is $95. The session of 9 months enables the student to complete a course of studies as extensive as that of any other medical institution in the Union, by attending only two lectures a day.

Law School.

An adjunct professorship having been appointed in the department, the course of study has been enlarged. The subjects of equity and commercial law will be taught more fully than has hitherto been practicable; and there will be added a short course of lectures on the civil law, together with an exposition of the most important leading cases in law and equity.

WM. S. KEMPER,
Proctor and Patron of the University of Virginia.

Aug 12—2awsw10t

REMOVAL.—The celebrated Dr C. W. ROBACK, professor of astrology, astronomy, phrenology, and geomancy, combined with conjuration, from Sweden, having removed his office to No. 6 White street, New York, offers his services to the citizens of Washington. He has been consulted by all the crowned heads of Europe, and enjoys a higher reputation as an astrologer than any one living. Nativities calculated according to geomancy—ladies $3, gentlemen $5. Persons at a distance can have their nativities drawn by sending the date of the day of their birth. All letters containing the above fee will receive immediate attention, and nativities sent to any part of the world, written on durable paper; and he is prepared to make use of his power by conjuration on any of the following topics: Courtship, advice given for the successful accomplishment of a wealthy marriage; he has the power to redeem such as are given to the free use of the bottle, and for all cases of hazard, and for the recovery of stolen or lost property, and the purchasing of lottery tickets. Thousands of the above-named cases have been done in this city and its vicinity, and in the United States, to the full satisfaction of all. 10,000 nativities or horoscopes have been cast during the last four years while here. Letters will answer every purpose, and will do as well as to call in person, and the mail is now so safe that persons need not fear to trust money through the post office. Dr. Roback receives from 500 to 1,000 letters monthly, and has never missed one. All letters will be religiously attended to, if prepaid. Be particular to name post office, county and State. For more particulars call at the office of the Union, and get an astrological almanac gratis.

C. W. ROBACK,
6 White street, New York.

Sept 20—6mosd

The College of St. James,

WASHINGTON COUNTY, MD.,

(The Diocesan College of the Protestant Episcopal Church.)

THE tenth annual session will open on Monday, October 6, 1851, and continue until the next "commencement day"—the last Thursday in July, 1852. New students are recommended to enter at the opening of the session, but are received at any time they apply, and the charge is estimated from the date of their entrance.

The college has the usual number of classes, affords all the opportunities for a complete education, and, at the successful termination of the collegiate course, confers on its graduates the usual academical degrees.

The grammar school, immediately adjoining the college, and under the supervision of the rector, but under distinct discipline, receives lads at the beginning of their academical course, and prepares them for the collegiate classes. The oversight and direction of the professors of the college secure special advantages to the pupils in the grammar school.

In the mercantile classes, the study of the Greek language is omitted, and its place supplied by additional studies in modern languages, book keeping, &c.

The situation of the college is entirely healthful, and, by its distance from towns and villages, very favorable to good morals and order.

"Kemp Hall," a new building, 90 feet by 40, will be ready for occupation in the course of