THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, APRIL 17, 1857.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

"The Union of lakes—the Union of lands,
The Union of States none can sever;
The Union of hearts, and the Union of hands,
And the flag of our Union forever!"

Democratic State Nominations.

GOVERNOR:

Gen. Wm. F. Packer.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:

Hon. Nimrod Strickland.

STATE COMMITTEE.

The members of the Democratic State Committee are requested to meet at the Merchants' Hotel, Philadelphia, on Monday, April 20th, at 7 o'clock P. M.

C. R. BUCKALEW, Chairman.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY MEETING.

The Democracy of Bedford County will meet in Mass Meeting at the Court House in Bedford, on Monday evening of the approaching Court, for the purpose of fully organizing for the campaign now opened. It is expected that all who can make it convenient to attend will do so. Several speeches will be delivered on the occasion.

☞The "BUCHANAN CLUB" met in large numbers on last Saturday evening, and was ably and eloquently addressed by Messrs. John Cessna, S. H. Tate, J. C. Dicken, Esq., of Pittsburg, and O. E. Shannon, when it adjourned to meet on Saturday evening, 25th inst. Several new names were added to the roll.

The Tariff of 1846.

☞The name of Geo. M. Dallas has been denounced from one end of this Commonwealth to the other, during every campaign for the last ten years, in consequence of his vote in favor of the Tariff of 1846, and now, the *very men* who have thus been denouncing him, nominate as their standard-bearer for Governor, the only man from Pennsylvania in the lower House of Congress, who cast his vote in a similar manner! This is something for honest men to ponder over.

Portage Superintendent.

☞The Hollidaysburg *Standard*, one of the most able, radical, and influential democratic papers in Pennsylvania, has, for some time, complained bitterly of certain appointments made by the Canal Board in that locality, to which some of the democratic papers have taken exception, and arraigned the Standard as dealing unjustly towards the officers controlling the public works. In replying to a criticism of this character, the Standard of last week charges, in unequivocal terms—

1. That James Bryden, the present superintendent of the Portage road, is incompetent for the post, which can be proven by all the business men in Hollidaysburg, and that, were it not for his assistant, the road could not be kept open.

2. That Bryden is no Democrat, and that he refused to give the most trifling sum towards defraying the necessary expenses of the campaign in that county last fall.

3. That he keeps in the employ of the Commonwealth both Know Nothings and Black Republicans to the exclusion of honest working Democrats.

4. That he does not profess to be a democrat, but declares openly that a man's politics has nothing to do with his appointment to office.

Now, if the facts above set forth be true, and *we* do not doubt them coming from the source they do, (and we may here say that we have heard the same charges from other gentlemen of unimpeachable integrity,) then the Canal Board owe it to their high position, as well as to the Democracy of the State, to abate the nuisance, for such this appointment and its *fruits* must be considered, unless it can be clearly proven that the charges preferred are not true. Personally, we have no reason to complain of the Canal Board; they have all treated us kindly and respectfully; but we would feel that we had proved recreant to our trust as a democratic sentinel did we fail to sustain a brother sentinel in the faithful discharge of his duty. The evils of which the Standard complains are intolerable; and no democratic editor will dare to take them up in the abstract and defend them. It is enough, in all conscience, for a democratic editor to live and work in such a political atmosphere as Blair, without being annoyed with officials destitute alike of brains and political integrity. If the Canal Commissioners desire the prosperity of the democratic party (and no one doubts it) they will promptly remove this miserable apology from the Superintendency of one of the most important improvements in the Commonwealth, and appoint an efficient, popular Democrat in his place.

The appointing power is liable to make mistakes in the selection of subordinates, but, when the fact is substantiated in any particular case, it is their duty, as honest men, to dispose of the rotten material by the quickest route possible. The Democrats of Blair, for good cause, demand the removal of Bryden—and they should not be treated with indifference.

MINISTERS.

☞It is not true that the democratic party ever objected to Ministers exercising the right to vote and express their political sentiments in language becoming their sacred calling. The democratic party did, however, object to Ministers taking an OATH among infidels requiring them to LIE and to violate the Constitution! They did object to Ministers attempting to control Congress in their associated capacity! They did object to Ministers haranguing the people from their pulpits in advocacy of the horrible doctrine that negroes were justifiable in cutting their masters throats if they could not obtain their freedom in any other way! They did object to Ministers advocating a dissolution of the Union as being a less evil than Slavery! But they never, at any time, or in any place, expressed a desire to curtail the legitimate political rights of the Clergy.—ABOLITIONISM, KNOW-NOTHINGISM, and all other INCENDIARISM, are works of the Devil, and do not come within the sphere of political principles, consequently Christian Ministers can have nothing to do with them, nor will they!—as we have abundant proof to show. The Baltimore Conference, at its late session, by a vote of 210 to 1, passed the subjoined resolution:

"Resolved, by the Baltimore Conference, in Conference assembled, that we highly deprecate the agitation of the slavery question, which has already resulted to the great detriment of the political and religious interests of the country."

And the following by a vote of 197 to 14:

"Resolved, That we will hereafter oppose with zeal any aggression which shall be attempted by the abolition agitators of the country."

This shews that the true Ministry consider the slavery agitation no part of our political system!

☞The Easton Free Press says "we cannot sacrafice our views of Americanism to aid Republicanism against Democracy."

☞The York Eagle says:—"Beware of wolves in sheeps clothing. Already the minions of Black Republicanism are scheming to deceive the honest yeomanry of Pennsylvania. Falsehoods, artfully framed, are told in honeyed words to unsuspecting Americans that Black Republicans and Americans are one. Out upon the foul libel."

THE COLD SHOULDER.

☞Gov. POLLOCK has appointed a Mr. Armstrong, of Lycoming county, (an old line whig) to the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge BLACK on the Supreme Bench! Desperate efforts were made by the abolitionists to induce him to appoint one of the men selected as candidates for this station by their late convention, but he declined to endorse the action of that body in terms too plain to be misunderstood, and it is the general impression that he will not vote for a man on the 'Wilmot Free-trade ticket,' but will quietly give his support to the Know Nothing ticket to be nominated at Lancaster on the 20th of May, unless, indeed, he should become so utterly disgusted with all their factions as to be constrained to vote the democratic ticket, which we do not consider altogether hopeless. In many respects, Pollock is a good man—he is certainly a gentleman in his personal relations—and his appointment of Dr. DE WITT, as Librarian, against the solemn protest of his political friends in both branches of the Legislature, clearly indicates that his better judgment is against the isms of the day. Had it not been with the view of reaching the gubernatorial chair, we do not believe that Gov. Pollock could ever have been prevailed upon to become a member of the midnight oath-bound party, which, we honestly believe, he now despises from the bottom of his heart. The appointment of that good man and faithful minister, Dr. DE WITT, having given mortal offence to the abolitionists, they determined to pass by his Excellency in their mongrel convention without condescending to notice him, a thing unparalleled in the history of this Commonwealth—for, it will be remembered by all, that no matter what the political complexion of the party in power, no State Convention ever before assembled at Harrisburg without making some allusion to the Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth, and more particularly at the close of his administration.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph*—the very same paper which, only a few years since, declared that the "name of Wilmot would *forever* stink in the nostrils of all true Whigs"—and asserted but a few weeks since that "Gov. Pollock presented a sorry spectacle" in view of his selection for Librarian—attempts to apologise for the omission of their convention to speak of his excellency on the ground that it was an "accident!" This is adding insult to injury; and makes the Governor of so little account that he was *forgotten* entirely by the abolition Patriots whose love for the negro absorbed all their affections, so that they could'nt think of a white man!

The News not Alone!

☞The Hanover *Spectator*, an influential Whig paper, printed in York county, and edited by Senary Leader, Esq. formerly of this place, declines to raise the Ticket headed by Wilmot, notwithstanding Fr. Jordan & Co. declare that "all, *every one*, of the opposition press, with the single exception of the Daily *News*, gives Wilmot a hearty and cordial support." By his extracts from the Daily News, Mr. Leader evidently favors the movement for an American Convention to nominate another State Ticket. The odor emitted from Wilmot's amalgamation doctrines do not appear to be as palatable to the union-loving Whigs as the "balm of a thousand flowers." The *News* in referring to the abolition presses engaged in misrepresenting his course, denominates their editors as "whelps and puppies of low degree, a pack of mongrels in possession of lamp black, oil and rags, who make such use of these materials as to disgrace and degrade them." After Francis takes a few doses such as contained in the following extracts from County Conventions, he will begin to believe that the *News* has been and still is uppermost in the affections of what he terms the "American" party:

From the Daily News.

"American Meeting in Montgomery County! The Harrisburg Union Bogus Convention repudiated!!

A large and enthusiastic American meeting, agreeable to a call previously issued, was held in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Norristown, on Tuesday evening, the 7th inst. The following officers were unanimously elected:

President—Major A. W. Shainline.

Secretary—Charles Hunsicker.

The President, on taking the chair, briefly stated that the object of the meeting was to repudiate the nominations of the Bogus Union Convention, which was held at Harrisburg on the 25th day of March last.

On motion, a Committee was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting, viz: R. T. Stewart, Gen. William Schall, Wm. H. Shingluff, Charles Massey, and Alfred D. Briggs who reported the following:

Resolved, That we repudiate the recent nomination of David Wilmot as one "not fit to be made"—as an insult to the laboring classes of our State—as a blow struck at the rights of Pennsylvania mechanics and laborers, in favor of British Free Trade, in thus rewarding the man who basely sacrificed them in 1846, and as an attempt to Abolitionize and destroy the American party—that we repudiate the platform of the Convention as a weak compound of Republicanism and deception, upon which no true American can stand.

On motion it was Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the National Defender, of this Borough, the *Daily News*, of Philadelphia, and such other papers as choose to copy. On motion adjourned.

ANDREW W. SHAINLINE, Pres.

CHARLES HUNSICKER, Secretary.

American Meeting in Jefferson County.

At an American meeting held in the borough of Brookville, on Saturday the 4th of April, James M. Taylor was appointed President, S. C. Arthurs and R. J. Espey, Vice Presidents, and E. S Bishop, Secretary. The following resolutions were read and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the nominations made by the Convention held at Harrisburg, on the 25th ult., are sufficient to satisfy us that that Convention was Republican in principle, although "Union" in form, and for which reason we cannot, nor will we support the candidates there nominated.

Resolved, That we do not believe in the union of antagonisms, for the mere purpose of securing the spoils of office.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the *Jefferson Star*, Philadelphia *Daily News*, and all papers favorable to the cause.

E. S. BISHOP, Secretary.

American Convention in Allegheny County!

The Americans of Allegheny county have had a County Convention, and elected the following delegates to an American State Convention, to nominate candidates for Governor, &c.:

Senatorial Delegates—Daniel McCurdy, J. H. Irwin.

Representatives—Ephraim Jones, J. H. Rowand, Henry Philips, C. Chadwick, Samuel Beitler.

Americans in Motion!

Our advices from different parts of the State are that the Americans are every where indignant at the bold-faced swindle attempted, in passing off Wilmot as their candidate, and are actively engaged in seconding the movement for a State Convention to place an American ticket in nomination. Such an act as the nomination of Wilmot was only wanting to open their eyes to the real aim and purpose of the Black Republicans, and they are now ready and anxious to cut asunder all connection with them.

In a number of counties meetings have already been held, and delegates appointed. Among those having already done so, are the counties of Allegheny, Jefferson, Montgomery, and some others.—*Daily News.*

☞The Administrators of Adam Snider deceased, offer a very valuable farm at public sale, on next Wednesday, as will be seen by reference to an advertisment in the proper column. Purchasers of Real Estate would do well to give it their attention.

Bedford High School.

☞Mrs. SPOTSWOOD, wife of Rev. Mr. Spotswood Pastor of the Methodist Church of this place, a lady of handsome accomplishments, has, we are pleased to learn, become connected with the Bedford High School as an instructress in some of the branches to be taught. The Lady alluded to in the advertisement, from Vermont, has also arrived, and, to-day, the Institution is to be fully opened in all its departments. Some who intended to send their daughters away to be educated, have wisely come to the conclusion that they can do as well, and perhaps better, at home than elsewhere, and have abandoned their former arrangements; which, however, were made before the school assumed its present shape.

Mr. Aughinbaugh is entitled to the highest regards of our citizens for the zeal he manifests to get up an Institution which cannot fail to reflect honor upon our town and county. The inquiries making from a distance touching this school, evinces the fact that it will be well patronized by other counties.

DAVID WILMOT.

What was Thought of Him in 1846.

That our readers may know the political position of David Wilmot in 1846, and what was thought of him then by those who have now nominated him as their candidate for Governor, we republish the following extracts from the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, then edited by Theo. Fenn, Esq:

From the Harrisburg Telegraph, July 15, 1846.

The British Free Trade Bill.

It must be gratifying to every friend of his country, and particularly to every Whig, to know that of the 114 votes which were given in the House, for the administration or British FREE TRADE bill, 113 were locofocos, and but one Whig, and he from the Loco Foco State of Alabama.

Of ninety-five who nobly stood up for the Tariff against the Free Trade policy, seventy-one were Whigs, six Native Americans, and but eighteen Locofocos, eleven of whom were from Pennsylvania, four from New York, two from New Jersey, and one from Maryland.—BUT ONE BRITISH FREE TRADE TORY WAS FOUND IN ALL PENNSYLVANIA! AND THAT WAS WILMOT OF BRADFORD. The execrations of every friend of Pennsylvania will fall upon and follow him until he reaches that place "where the worm dieth not, and the fire is not quenched."

From the Harrisburg Telegraph, July 8, 1846.

What will the People of Pennsylvania say to this outrage upon her faith, her interests and her honor? Will she turn and lick the hand that dealt the blow, or will she spurn the treachery, and say, henceforth, let there be but one party in this State, and that devoted solely to the interests, the prosperity and the welfare of our citizens? Will she not say, henceforth, Southern Free Trade shall be made to feel our weight, united, and standing shoulder to shoulder in our own cause, and in that of our country! Hereafter, let there be but one party in the Keystone; one strong, united, indivisible party, with the determination to ask nothing but what is right, and submit to nothing that is wrong.

We rejoice in being able to record the votes of all the Locofoco members in Congress, from the State, excepting Wilmot, of Bradford county, against the repeal of the Tariff of 1842.—*This recreant son who basely betrayed her interests and voted with the Free Traders, should be banished from her territory. His infamous treachery should be revenged by disowning and turning him upon the South for support. His name as his deed will stink in the nostrils of every true-hearted Pennsylvanian forever.*

Mark, reader, this same David Wilmot, who but ten years ago, while a representative in Congress, from Pennsylvania, stood up *solitary and alone* in the Pennsylvania Delegation, as the betrayer of the industrial interests of the State, is now nominated for Governor, and you, who are in favor of the Protection of Home Labor, are asked to vote for him.—This same man, who then sacrificed your interests and those of the State, and was denounced for it as reckless and faithless, "whose treachery should be revenged by disowning and turning him upon the South for support," is now, as if to mock the cause of Free Labor, nominated as the especial champion of Freedom! He whose name, as his deed, it was prophesied would "*stink in the nostrils of every true-hearted Pennsylvanian forever*," has washed himself of all his political sins, and atoned for his treachery, by becoming an Abolition Agitator, and is now considered a fit man for Governor.

Times change, and so do men, but principles are eternal; and as long as the people of Pennsylvania are true to the principles and policy they have ever cherished, as essential to the prosperity of the State, so long will they repudiate with scorn the nomination of Wilmot, the betrayer of the cherished policy of the State, whose very name, it may in truth be said, "will stink in the nostrils of every true-hearted Pennsylvanian forever"—*Phila. Daily News.*

A BITTER PILL.

The Lewistown *Aurora*, an American journal whose editor favored the Union movement, does not relish the manner in which the whole affair was turned into Black Republicanism. It says:

In another column of to-day's paper will be found the proceedings of the Convention which assembled in Harrisburg on wednesday last, to nominate State officers, in opposition to the Loco Foco party. This body has not acted as we hoped it would have done. Its nominees, especially that for Governor, will, in all probability, receive a determined opposition from the straight-out Americans, who in reality hold the balance of power between the Democrats and Republicans. We shall, for the present, keep out of the contest, hoping that something may yet be done to bring all the elements of the opposition in this State together.

The nomination of Wilmot for Governor, we consider decidedly a bad one for the consumation of our most cherished hopes. Last Fall we were heartily sick of triangle fights, and yet we have a fair prospect of having the same thing re-enacted at the coming election, the result of which it is an easy matter to foretell.

A Clincher for the Woollies.

Before wasting too many crocodile tears over the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case, the Black Republicans had better explain to the public how they happened to exclude *black men* and *mulattoes* from citizenship, in their famous Topeka Convention? That constitution to which they cling, "like drowning men to a straw," confers the right of suffrage on free white men, on "every civilized male *Indian* who has adopted the habits of the *white* man," but not on *negroes* or *mulattoes*. What have the "freedom shrickers" to say to this?—Will our "talented and eloquent Kunkel" dwell a little on this *fact* in his next speech? It needs refutation or explanation!—*Democratic Union.*

COL. JOHN C. EVERHART.—This gentleman, for some years past a resident of Martinsburg, in this county, has located at Hopewell, in Bedford county, where in connection with others, he goes extensively into the mercantile business. The Colonel is one of the most energetic business men we have ever had among us, and we certainly regret his loss—not merely on account of such qualifications, but more on account of his indomitable and iron-nerved Democracy, which never flagged. During the late campaign, the Colonel was one of the wheel-horses of the party, and his exertions in behalf of Democracy told with effect at the North Woodberry poll. The people of Hopewell will find in Colonel Everhart a modest and retiring man, but a whole-souled fellow, and a Democrat of the first water.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

☞We re-publish the above paragraph with pleasure, and cheerfully endorse every word of it. We rejoice to record Col. EVERHART as a citizen of Bedford county, and wish him great prosperity in business.

Pardon of Keys.

On Friday afternoon last, while an Argument Court was in progress, the lawyers and loungers were somewhat taken aback by the appearance of the ex-Rev. W. S. H. Keys, the distinguished Know Nothing orator, inside of the railing of the Court Room. The lookers-on were not kept in suspense long, for shortly after his arrival, Lawyer Blair arose, and read a paper bearing the broad seal of the Commonwealth, which proved to be a pardon for Keys!

The history of the case, we presume, is well remembered. Keys was indicted and tried for assault and battery, with intent to commit a rape but was convicted of assault and battery alone. A motion was made for a new trial, but refused by the Judges, and Keys was sentenced to three months imprisonment. In the face of this refusal, Judges Jones and Caldwell both, according to the pardon, signed a petition, for the pardon of Keys, on the plea that they believed him innocent! It is really strange what latitude can be given to the conscience of some men in behalf of a political friend.

The entire imprisonment of Keys was a farce. He was under no restraint whatever—lived in the Jailor's parlor, and fared sumptuously on the best the market could afford. Under such circumstances, he should have been made suffer out his time, more especially when we remember that Gov. Pollock declared, at the beginning of his administration, that no pardon would be granted, unless notice of the intended application was published in the papers. This rule was not complied with in the case of Keys.—His Excellency, no doubt could discriminate in favor of so distinguished a martyrr.

We presume we shall next hear of the immaculate Keys on the stump, expounding the code of ethics adopted by the pure and immaculate party.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

Look at Home!

One of the objections made to the decision of the Supreme Court, in the Dred Scott case, is that it declares negroes not to be citizens.—There is nothing either novel or monstrous in this. Our own State Constitution, under which our own Black Republicans "live, breathe and have their being," virtually declares the same doctrine. Negroes are not citizens in the State of Pennsylvania—none but *free white men* are; and yet our virtuous Republicans pass over this fact, and indignantly assail Judge TANEY, a man whose character stands above reproach, and whose ermine has never been soiled by a single corrupt act, for expressing an opinion in 1857, which the Constitutional Convention of Pennsylvania declared as early as 1838. Ye generation of vipers! look at home. "Pluck the beam from your own eyes," before you put on spectacles to discover "the mote in others," and then hurl your thunder bolts against the Court for pronouncing the Misouri Compromise *unconstitutional*; when their old *Federal* fathers opposed its enactment on the same ground in 1820, and burnt in effigy DAVID FULLERTON and others who helped to pass it. To what monstrous wrongs and gross absurdities will not blind fanaticism lead?—*Democratic Union.*

HON. WILLIAM B. REED.

A high compliment has been paid to the city of Philadelphia in the tender of the mission to China, to one of our distinguished citizens, the Hon. Wm. B. Reed. We are gratified at this evidence of the appreciation of the services rendered by the leaders of the Old Line Whig party during the late struggle for the Union and constitution. Mr. Reed has hitherto occupied a prominent position in the Clay Whig party. When the late crisis came, when disunion and treason were rife in the northern portion of our confederacy, Mr. Reed, in common with the true patriots of his party, rallied in their strength to save their country from the impending peril. Their patriotic exertions were crowned with success. The fanatics were defeated; and their mad schemes were disappointed; truth, justice and right gloriously triumphed in the election of James Buchanan to the Presidency. No one labored more industriously to accomplish this important result than the gentleman to whom has been tendered this high post of honor and trust.

That Old Line Whigs have strong claims upon the friendly consideration of the Democratic party, for their services and sacrifice during the late Presidential campaign, no one can entertain the slightest possible doubt. That Mr. Buchanan fully appreciates the obligations we are under to this great wing of the Union and constitution, is clearly indicated by the offer of foreign missions to Messrs. Clay and Reed. We honor him for the course he has thought proper to pursue in relation to this important matter. The Old Line Whigs, who so nobly sacrificed their party prejudices when the country was in such fearful jeopardy deserves the lasting tribute of our gratitude and respect. That their claims to public consideration are fully recognized by the leaders of our party, we are most happy to acknowledge.

The mission to China is one of the highest, importance at this particular crisis in the affairs of that country. Great firmness, sagacity and prudence, will be required on the part of the Minister from the United States. Few positions involve higher responsibility, or require a higher order of talents, than the one now under consideration. We believe that the great interests of our country and the honor of the nation, will be perfectly safe in the hands in which they are about to be entrusted.

It is understood to-day that Mr. Reed will accept the mission.—*Philadelphia Argus.*

☞We are authorized to announce JNO P. REED, Esq. as a candidate for Prothonotary, &c. subject to the decision of the Democratic county Convention.

☞Cadwalader Evans, Esq., will be a candidate for re-nomination for the office of County Commissioner, he having been elected for the short term of one year.

The Governorship of Kansas.

The following is the letter of the Hon. Robert J. Walker accepting the appointment of Governor of Kansas:—

WASHINGTON, March 30, 1857.

JAMES BUCHANAN, President of the United States:

My Dear Sir—I have at your request reconsidered my determination, as announced to you, declining your tender of the office of Governor of the Territory of Kansas. In view of the opinion now presented by you, that the safety of the Union may depend upon the selection of the individual to whom shall be assigned the task of settling the difficulties which again surround the Kansas question, I have concluded that a solemn sense of duty to my country requires me to accept this position. I am brought to this conclusion with an unaffected diffidence to my own ability, but with a fervent hope that the same overruling Providence which has carried my beloved country through so many perils, will now attend and direct my humble efforts for her welfare, and that my course will not be prejudged by any portion of my fellow citizens in or out of Kansas.

I understand that you and all your Cabinet cordially concur in the opinion expressed by me, that the actual *bona fide* residents of the territory, by a fair and regular vote, unaffected by fraud or violence, must be permitted in adopting their State constitution to decide for themselves what shall be their social institutions.—This is the great fundamental principle of the act of Congress organising the Territory, affirmed by the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, and is in accordance with the views uniformly entertained and expressed by me throughout my public career.

I contemplate a peaceful settlement of this question by an appeal to the intelligence and patriotism of the whole people of Kansas, who should all participate freely and fully in this decision, and by a majority of whose votes the determination must be made, as the only proper and constitutional mode of adjustment. I contemplate no appeal to military power, in the hope that my countrymen of Kansas, from every section, will submit to a decision of this matter by a full and fair vote of a majority of the people.

I will go, then, and endeavor thus to adjust these difficulties, in the full confidence so strongly expressed by you, that I will be sustained by all your own high authority, with the cordial co-operation of all your Cabinet.

Very respectfully, your friend,

R. J. WALKER.

Frightful Accident on the Columbia Railroad.—A frightful accident occurred on Monday afternoon, on the Columbia Railroad, near Oakland, in consequence of the collision of the freight trains. Four cars were demolished, two or three injured, and one of the locomotives destroyed. The "Buchanan" was thrown completely across the track, the two north rails of which were torn up for a distance of twenty yards. The fireman, Mr. John Heston, residing at the "Gap," was thrown from his position on the south track: when the heavy truck fell upon his breast killing him instantly. We learn that he leaves a wife and family. The engineer remained at his post until the engine was a complete wreck, and in fact he did not leave, as an informant states, until she was landed across the railroad, and her cabin-top stove in. Some of the brakesmen were also thrown from their places, and such was the violence of the collision, that one person *was thrown over the telegraph wires*, none however, strange to state, were very seriously injured.

The "slow" line was detained until nearly 12 o'clock, last night. The "lightning" line was also detained, while the emigrant trains were laid over at the "Steamboat Station."

It is said that several trains, from some unexplained cause, stopped at a curve while on their way down, when another train approaching, ran into them. The flagman, a colored person, failed to give the signals to which cause is attributed this sad accident. Upon seeing the terrible consequences of his conduct, the fellow immediately fled: and has not since been heard of, notwithstanding the utmost exertions were made to secure his arrest.

The body of the unfortunate fireman, Huston, was soon after conveyed to his home, where he has an aged father at the point of death. Every attention was paid to his remains, and the utmost kindness shown all others, by persons residing in the vicinity of the accident.

MR KALLOCH IN THE PULPIT.—Rev. Mr. Kalloch appeared in the pulpit at the Tremont Temple yesterday, and took part in conducting the services. It caused much surprise from the fact that he is still under trial for adultery.—The church was crowded, in consequence of a morbid curiosity that existed to see the man.

We take the above from the *Boston Post* of Monday. It carries with it all necessary comment. It is a reproach and a disgrace to the city of Boston, that in the face of the lewd and licentious course of life of this professed minister of Christ, as has been proved by numerous witnesses, his corrupt practices wherever he has been able to procure a congregation, and while his trial is still in progress in a criminal court, with the most damning evidence against him, he still has the hardihood to appear in the sacred desk, and to take part in the services of the church. Boston should no longer, with its fair ladies partaking of the sacrament at the hands of the debauchee, lay claim to the intelligence, purity, and high fame of Athens, but seek rather to avert the fate of Gomorrah.—*Phil. Argus.*

DIED,

At the residence of S. Foster, on the 7th inst., after a short illness, Mrs. Elizabeth Cook, aged 78 years, 7 months and 1 day. She was followed to her last resting place by her children and many friends, who deeply mourned her departure—but not as those who have no hope, for she bore her illness with christian fortitude, and died in great peace. L. E.

☞CHARLES B. PENROSE, one of the Representatives of the city of Philadelphia in the Senate of the State, died at Herr's Hotel, about two o'clock on Monday of last week. The deceased was a man respected by all and beloved by most of those who knew him. In point of intellect, he was, confessedly, one of the foremost men in the Senate, and he labored industriously to discharge his Legislative duties.

In Bedford on Saturday evening last, Mr. ROBERT GIBSON, aged about 72 years.

MARRIED:

On Tuesday, April 7th, by Rev. Robt. F. Sample, Mr. John P. Gamble of Kamkakee City, Illinois, to Miss Eliza J. Craine, of Bedford.

In Schellsburg, on the 2d inst., by the Rev. H. Wilson, Mr. John Bowers to Miss Julian Merwine, both of Bedford, Pa.

In Friends' Cove, on Easter Sunday, by the Rev. C. F. Hoffmeier, Mr. William Overocker to Miss Margaret Nycum, both of the Cove.

On the 3d of March last, by A. B. Blair, Esq., Mr. Henry Hager of Allegany County, Md., to Miss Ellen N. Growden of Cumberland Valley, Bedford county, Pa.

On Sunday evening, March 29th, by the Rev. L. Evans, at the residence of Mrs. Anderson, Mr. David Broombaugh to Miss Susan Anderson, both of Broadtop tp.

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Corner of Tenth and Market Streets,
Office in second story,
PHILADELPHIA.

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WE MANUFACTURE very extensively:
Premium Pure White Lead. (best,)
Kensington Pure White Lead,
Pearl Snow White Lead,
"Veille Montange" French Zinc, (best,)
Pure Snow White American Zinc,
Philadelphia Snow White Zinc,
Silver's Plastic Fire and Weather-proof Paints,
Chrome Greens, Yellows, and colors generally.

AGENTS FOR:
Porter's superior Alkaline Window Glass,
Genuine French Plate Glass, (warranted),
The New Jersey Zinc Company's product,
Tilden and Nephew's N. Y. Varnishes,
Brooklyn Premium Pure White Lead,
Hampden Permanent Greens,
Pure Ohio Catawaba Brandy, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF:
French and English Plate Glass,
French and English Cylinder Glass,
Colored and Engraved Window Glass,
Daguerreotype Glass,
Hammered Plate for Floors and Sky-Lights,
Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery, &c.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN:
Druggists' Articles generally.
Painters' Tools of all descriptions,
Hydraulic and Roman Cement,
Calcined and Land Plaster,
Paper Maker's Clay, Satin White, &c., &c.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,
Store, N. W. cor. of Tenth and Market Sts.
Factory, Junction York Avenue, Crown and Callowhill Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

April 17, 1857—3m

NOTICE.

In the matter of the distribution of the funds in the hands of S. H. Tate, Esq., administrator of the Estate of Jacob Diehl, dec'd, which was referred back to Auditor, to make a more full report of facts. The undersigned, auditor appointed, will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Thursday the 30th day of April, A. D. 1857, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; when and where all parties interested can attend.

JNO. P. REED,
April 17, 1857. Auditor.

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE.

NOTICE is is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their petitions for License, in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions in and for the County of Bedford, in pursuance of the Act of Assembly passed the 31st day of March, 1856, entitled "An Act to regulate the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," which will be presented for hearing on Thursday the 7th day of May next, to wit:

Henry Fluck, Woodberry Tp.	Tavern.
James Burns, Londonderry tp	do
Danl L Deffibaugh, W Providence tp	do
Wm Pearson, Woodberry tp	do
James Eichelberger, Hopewell tp	do
John M'Ilvain, Crossings	do
Geo W Figart, Six Mile Run	do
Thos C Reighard, Union tp	do
Jonathan Feighner, Harrison tp	do
Jno W Robison, Schell-burg Borough	do
Geo M Colvin, do do	do
Geo Stuckey, Forks	do
Ephraim M'Dannel, Bloody Run	do
Jno A Gump, do	do
Mrs Mary Ann Cook, Bedford Borough,	do
Valentine Steckman, do do	do
John Hafer, do do	do
David A T Black, Rayshill	do
Valentine V Wertz, Dry Ridge	do
Michael Weyant, Union tp	do
Wm Boore, Cumberland Valley tp	do
Peter Amick, St Clairsville	do
Benj Kegg, Rainsburg	do
Bernard O'Neal, Chanyville	do
James Carnell, Clearville,	do
P Gosler, Bedford Springs	do
Geo Staines, Pleasantville	do
Jacob S Berkstresser, Liberty tp	do
J G Minick, Bedford Borough	Eating House.
John Foster, Hopewell	do
John Dasher, do tp	do

D. WASHABAUGH,
April 17, 1857.* Clerk.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

The undersigned having just returned from the Eastern Cities, are now recieving a large and splendid assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting, in part, of Ladies Dress Goods, black and fancy Silks, plain and figured Delains, Poplins, Challies, Lawns, Brilliants, White Goods, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c. &c. Sheeting, Crash, Muslins, Flannels, Tickings, fancy and union Casimeres, Cloths, and a general assortment of Mens and Boys Summer Ware of all discriptions, single and double CARPET Chain, all colors. Boots, Shoes and Hats in Great Variety. Hardware, Queensware, Brooms and Buckets, Groceries, Syrup, Molasses, white and brown Sugar, green and black Teas, Fish, Tobacco, Indigo, Spices, Dye stuffs, &c. &c. all of which will be sold cheap, as they are determined not to be undersold by any one. Thankful for past favors, they hope to receive a general share of the public patronage.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER.

April 17, 1857.

☞Wanted, 5000 lbs. Bacon, at Shoemaker's Colonade Store, for which the highest Market price will be paid.

Public Sale of VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned Administrators of the Estate of Adam Snider, late of West Providence Township, dec'd, will sell at the late residence of said Adam Snider, in Snake Spring Valley, on WEDNESDAY the 22d day of APRIL, inst. the one undivided moiety or half part of a tract of Limestone Land—lying and being situate on the public road leading from Snake Springs to Morrison's Cove, and within two miles of the Bedford and Chambersburg Turnpike, adjoining lands of Daniel Shus, Jacob Baker, Henry Hershberger, Andrew Snowbarger, John Snider and others—containing in the whole about 434 ACRES and allowance, about 300 acres cleared and under fence—part thereof being fine meadow land—and the balance in good state of cultivation. There is erected upon the premises a *Large Stone Dwelling House*, and Log House—also a large Bank Barn, and other out-buildings. There are three orchards of all kinds of choice fruit upon the premises, and three never failing Springs of excellent water.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when due attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN SNIDER.
SAMUEL SNIDER,
Adm'rs of Adam Snider, dec'd.

April 17, 1857.

Oxen for Sale.

ONE YOKE of very large and well broken Oxen for Sale. They are fast walkers.

WM. P. SCHELL.

April 3, 1857—3t.