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THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

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LIST OF PREMIUMS,

AWARDED AT THE EXHIBITION OF THE BEDFORD COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, OCT. 20, 23, AND 24, 1860.

HORSES.

G. R. Barndollar, best draught stallion, \$6.00
Thomas Mullenix, 2d best " 4.00
Charles Smith, 3d " " 3.00
John Bowser, best 2 year colt, draught horse, 3.00
Charles Smith, " " riding, 2.00
John Halderbaum, best 1 year stud colt, 1.90
Dan'l. Walter, best brood mare, 5.00
Isaac D. Earnst, 2nd best, 3.00
G. R. Barndollar, best 3 year colt, 4.00
Wm. Bowles, 2d best " 3.00
John Halderbaum, best 3 year mare colt, 3.00
Jacob Gephart, 2d best " 2.00
Thomas Gephart, best 2 year horse colt, 3.00
Wm. Cessa, 2d best " 2.00
Wm. Beagle, best 2 year mare colt, 3.00
Sam'l. Reighart, 2d best, " 2.00
David Leckes, best 1 year horse colt, 2.00
Job Mann, 2d best " 1.00
Dr. W. H. Watson, best riding horse, 3.00
T. H. Lyons, best pair driving horses, 5.00
Sam'l. Whittaker, best driving horse, 2.00
Levi Smith, 2d best " 1.00
Alex Henderson, best 3 year old driving colt, 1.00
Thomas Gephart, best Spring colt, 1.00
John Alsp, best mare colt, 3.00
N. Halberbaum, best 4 year old horse, 1.00
Dan'l. Fetter, best 4 year old mare, 1.00
George Zimmers, best 5 year old horse, 1.00
Jan. C. Morgret, best 4 horse team, 5.00
Chas. Colfelt, 2d best, " 2.50
Jan. Bowser, 3d " " 2.00
Wm. States, Wm. Beagle, Jas. Bowles, Jon. Fichtner, John Brown, Committee.

CATTLE.

Geo. W. Gump, best 3 yr. old bull, \$5.00
Chas. Smith, 2d best " 3.00
Chas. Colfelt, best 2 yr. " 2.00
Wm. Hartley, best cow, 3.00
Edward Trout, 2d best " 2.00
John Scott, best 2 yr. old heifer, 2.00
Chas. Colfelt, best 6 ms. old calf, 1.00
Geo. W. Gump, best yoke of oxen, 3.00
Geo. W. Gump, " fat steer, 3.00
John Todd, " bull, 3.00
A. J. Sansom, " cow and calf, 1.00
Job Mann, J. W. Beeler, and Thos. Gephart, Committee.

SHEEP.

Geo. Zimmers, best buck, \$3.00
Chas. Smith, 2d " 2.00
Chas. Smith, best ewe, 3.00
Geo. Zimmers 2d best " 2.00
Chas. Smith, best 6 ewes, 3.00
Geo. Zimmers, " pair of lambs, 2.00
M. Taylor, J. C. Morgret, Jos. Diehl, Committee.

HOGS.

John Nelson, best boar, \$5.00
Wm. Mickel, 2d best " 3.00
John Nelson, best 6 fat hogs, 3.00
John W. Beeler, best sow and pigs, 5.00
P. W. Sansom, best fat hog, 3.00
John Nelson, best 6 pigs, under 6 ms old, 2.00
Simon Naus, best pr. fat hogs, 2.00
A. J. Sansom, 2d best pr. fat hogs, 1.00
Sam'l. Shuck, 3d " " 1.00
W. S. Finkle, Sam'l. Debaugh, Sam'l. Vondersmith, Committee.

POULTRY.

Ed'rd Trout, best pr. Shanghai Chick'ns, \$1.00
A. J. Sansom, 2d best pr. " 50
J. T. Gephart, best pr. improved chick'ns, 1.00
J. W. Beeler, " game " 1.00
A. B. Cramer, " geese, 1.00
A. B. Cramer, " ducks, 1.00
E. B. Trout, " Guinea fowls, 1.00
E. B. Trout, " lot of poultry, 2.00
B. R. Ashcom, G. W. Gump, Geo. Zimmers, Committee.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

P. H. Shires, best 2 horse plow, \$3.00
Milton Spidle, " harrow, 2.00
P. H. Shires, " cultivator, 3.00
Wm. Hartley, " cider mill, 5.00
P. H. Shires, " Thrasher, 5.00
Thos. Knox, " two horse wagon, 4.00
P. H. Shires, " horse rake, 2.00
Dan'l. Amos, " ladders for grain, 3.00
Wm. Hartley, " cutting-box, 2.00
Wm. Hartley, " Reaper & Mower (Manny's), 5.00
Dan'l. Heltzell, " gran fan, 2.00
Wm. Hartley, " corn sheller, 2.00
Jno. Border, " 6 rakes, 1.00
Wm. Allen, " shaking-forks, Diploma
D. Heltzell, " wheel-barrow, 1.00
D. Heltzell, " shovel-plow, 1.00
D. Elrod, " washing-machine, 1.00
D. Amos, " churn model, 1.00
Jno. Border, " " 50
Jac. Ziemler, " wood-work of wagon, Diploma
E. B. Trout, " 3 horse wagon, Diploma
Jacob Dunkel, " cider mill screw, 1.00
J. Little, " gran fan, 1.00
Wm. Spidle, " 2 horse wagon (no bed), 1.00
Sam'l. Stiver, 2d best " " 1.00
Shires & Jordan, " castings, 5.00
Chas. Colfelt, J. Bowser, John Sill, Committee.

MECHANICAL.

Jacob Ziemler, best 2 horse carriage, \$5.00
John Souck, " buggy, 3.00
Jas. McMullin, " 6 chairs, 2.00
D. Elrod, " rocking chair, 1.00
John Burns, " sett of double harness, 3.00
John Taylor, " 6 calf-skins, 2.00
John Taylor, " 1 side sole leather, 2.00
Adam Beltz, " harness " 2.00
Sam'l. Shuck, " 1 side sole leather, 1.00
Jacob Ziemler, " pr. breast chains, 1.00
W. & J. C. Kiser " fur hat, 1.00
D. Elrod, " best and largest lot of furniture, 3.00
M. Spidle, " pair horse-shoes, 1.00
J. Border, " rifle gun, 2.00
Mrs. C. Over, " pair of pants, 1.00
Wm. Clara, " " Ladies' Shoes, 1.00
Jno. Miller, " " Men's " 1.00
A. Herman, " sett tin ware, 2.00
G. Blymire, " cook stove, 2.50
G. Blymire, " variety of stoves, 2.50
Wm. Stahl, " bedstead, 2.00
D. Elrod, " dining table, 2.00
Jonas Hysung, best lot of pottery, 2.00
Werner Herkins, best lounge, 50
James McMullin, " urns, 50
Elson Pennell, " bee hive, 50
Christ. Herring, best lot cooper ware, 2.00
M. M. Peebles, J. Alsp, J. W. Lingenfelter, S. Dickelhof, I. D. Earnst, Committee.

GRAIN AND SEEDS.

J. W. Johnston, best white wheat, \$1.00
Wm. Leary, " red " 1.00
Wm. Mickel, " rye, 1.00
C. Colfelt, " best buckwheat, 50
219, " oats, 50
Geo. Smith, best clover seed, 1.00
J. H. Bowser, " Timothy " 1.00
N. Smith, best corn in the ear, 1.00
M. Halderbaum, Geo. Zimmers, D. Walter, Committee.

FLOUR AND MEAL.

John Nelson, best blk. flour, \$2.00
John Nelson, " buckwheat flour, 1.00
C. Ake, C. Stouffer, J. J. Luther, Committee.

PLOUGHING.

Chas. Colfelt, best ploughing, \$5.00
Thos. Mullenix, 2d best " 3.00
M. Halderbaum 3d best " 2.00
Dan'l. Amos, 4th " 1.00
Jon. Bowser, best ploughman, 2.00
Jon. Bowser, " plough-team, 2.00
W. P. Morgret, Dan'l. Fetter, Geo. Beagle and A. Silvers, Committee.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

P. Morgret, best cheese, \$2.80
Mrs. A. Barnhart, best 10 lbs. butter, 2.00
" A. Silvers, 2d " 1.00
" Morgret, best honey, 2.00
John Amos, 2d " 1.00
Jno G. Minnick, best ham, 1.00
D. Crane, best maple sugar, 1.00
James Rea, " molasses, 50
Geo. Smith, Jas. Barndollar, C. Loyer, Committee.

FLOWERS.

Mrs. E. L. Anderson, largest collection, \$1.00
" W. P. Schell, Dahlias, 25
" E. L. Anderson, Roses, 25
" E. L. Anderson, Verbenas, 25
" J. J. Luther, House plants, 1.00
John Fleming, best floral design, 3.00
Miss Libbie Alsp, (of Joseph) ornamental cottage, 50
Miss Libbie Alsp, best feather flowers, 25
Miss Emma Smith, " wax " 1.00
Mrs. Over, Hydrangium, 25
Mrs. King, Mrs. Talliaferro, Mrs. Hartley, Committee.

FRUIT.

D. Amos, best 12 apples, 1 variety, \$1.00
Jas. Rea, 2d " " 50
David Crane, best 1 bu. apples (Rambos) 1.00
T. M. Lynch, best and largest variety of apples, 1.00
D. Washbaugh, best 12 pears, 1.00
T. M. Lynch, best and largest variety of pears, 1.00
J. Snowden, best 12 peaches, 1.00
T. Snowden, best and largest variety of peaches, 1.00
D. Washbaugh, largest variety of grapes, 1.00
T. M. Lynch, largest variety of out-door grapes, 1.00
Henry Boor, 12 best quinces, 1.00
Jas. Rea, Jr., best peck of dried apples, 50
" " " peaches, 50
Ab'm. Schell, largest variety of apples, 1.00
G. W. Rupp, J. G. Hartley, J. P. Reed, Committee.

VEGETABLES.

John Fleming, largest assortment of vegetables, \$3.00
Wm. Leary, best 6 heads of cabbage, 1.00
Simon Naus, best pumpkin, 1.00
Mrs. Barnhart, best peck sweet potatoes, 50
Wm. S. Beagle, best Irish potatoes, 50
Mahlon Blackburn, best beets, 50
John Fleming, for carrots and celery, 1.00
J. C. Kiser, best onions, 50
Mrs. Knox, parsnips, 50
Jno. Fleming, turnips, 50
D. Washbaugh, tomatoes, 50
Wm. Leary, 3 pumpkins, 50
Chas. Smith, 1 bl. cifer, 50
J. T. Gephart, lot cabbage turnips, 50
M. Spidle, largest " " 50
D. Washbaugh, egg plant, 50
Wm. Leary, water-melon, 50
M. Reed, corn, 50
Sam'l. Statter, Sam'l. Ketterman, John Nelson, Committee.

HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES—FIRST CLASS.

T. Boor, best yarn carpet, all wool, \$2.00
R. Ryan, best yarn carpet, 1.00
H. Reimund, best rag carpet, 1.00
G. Smith, best pair blankets, 1.00
T. Boor, best home-made blanketing, 1.00
C. Rea, best wool hose, 25
Mrs. P. Morgret, best wool stockings, 25

Mrs. C. Over, best cap and stockings, 25
Mrs. C. Over, best shirt, 50
C. Rea, 2d best " 25
Miss Julia Reed, best quilt, 1.50
Mrs. Jos. Alsp, 2d best, 1.00
Mary Rea, 3d best, 50
Mrs. Dively, 1 quilt, 1.00
D. Walter, best coverlet, 1.00
T. Boor, best tow-linen, 50
Miss C. Jamison, best silk quilt, 1.00
" Rose Getty, best worsted embroidery, 1.00
Mrs. J. Mowry, 2d best " 75
Miss Rose Getty, Ottoman cover, 25
Mrs. S. H. Tate, best fancy embroidered cape and dress, 1.00
Geo. Weidel, best diaper and toweling, 3.00
J. I. Noble, best lot woolen factory goods, 3.00
Mrs. E. Gibson, best needle-work, 50
Mrs. Croyle, best pair stockings, 25
F. Nawgel, 2 linen table cloths, 25
E. Pennell, worsted work, 50
Ella Nicodemus, best mat and slippers, 50
Wm. Schaefer, 1 pr. Ottomans, 50
Miss H. A. Barclay, chair tily, 25
Geo. Smith, home-made carpet, 50
J. T. Gephart, " " 40
S. Shuck, Mrs. J. M. Barndollar, Mrs. C. Loyer, Mrs. S. Shuck, Mrs. A. Ferguson, John Boor, Committee.

HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES—SECOND CLASS.

Mrs. John Nelson, best loaf of bread, \$1.00
" Jos. Alsp, best pound-cake, 50
Miss Jane M. Tate, sponge cake, 50
Mrs. Nelson, best starch cake, 25
" Collett, best jelly cake, 25
" " " cream cake, 25
" " " assortment preserves, 1.00
" Cramer, 2d best assortment preserves, 75
" V. Tate, 3d best, 75
" Jos. Alsp, 4th best, 50
" Emma'l. Smith, best apple butter, 1.00
" Vondersmith, best plum butter, 50
" V. Tate, best quince butter, 50
" A. Ferguson, best assortment pickles 1.00
" Vondersmith " " 50
" Agnew, " Equal for pickles, 50
" Over, " 50
" Amos, " 50
J. G. Minnick, blackberry & currant wine, 1.00
Mrs. Ryan, Cherry cordial, 50
Mrs. V. Tate, Raspberry syrup, 50
D. Washbaugh, Assortment Grape Wine, 1.00
Mrs. Vondersmith, best hard soap, 50

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

T. R. Getty, best lot Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c., \$4.00
C. Ake, " " 2.95
J. R. Jordan, best panel door, pivot blinds, and mortise blinds, 2.75
C. N. Hickok, best display of dentistry, 1.00
Dan'l. Border, best manufactured watch, 5.00
C. N. Hickok, best oil painting, 1.00
Hugh Moore, Jno. Arnold, Daniel Sams, Committee.

UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE FOR NEGROES.

The N. Y. Tribune, the other day came out with a strong editorial in favor of universal negro suffrage in New-York State, and says the question is not whether negroes should vote, for they are already voters, but whether those of the black race who have not "\$250 worth of dirt" should be deprived of the right of suffrage. By "dirt" the reader is to understand real estate, which Greeley used to call "robbery."

The philosopher of the Tribune cannot see any good reason for the property qualification in the case of negroes, and contends there ought to be no distinction between them and white men. This argument proceeds upon the assumption of the black race, being equal to the white, which is contrary to notorious fact. The negro never was, and never will be, equal to the white man; and the qualification of \$250 is therefore a very proper provision, and is intended as a stretch of liberality to meet the case of negroes (probably with white blood in their veins) who rise above the average level of their race, and prove their superiority by the industry and temperate habits and intelligence which enabled them to accumulate so much property. Very few of them in free States ever get beyond the profession of waiters or bootblacks, or barbers or whitewashers, or stevedores or servants. In the slave States, where the negro, in his normal condition, he does much better. In the free States the competition of white men, who excel them in skilled labor and intelligence, keep the general mass of them in an abject condition, greatly inferior to their status in that modified servitude under Christian masters which prevails at the South. Giving them permission to vote would not improve their condition, but, considering their general want of education and their vices in large cities, it would prove a source of corruption to them, and an injury to the community at large. By the last census the negro population in New York was not quite 50,000. It probably does not exceed that figure now, for Northern freedom is fatal to its growth. By the proposed change their votes would number, instead of three or four hundred, from nine to ten thousand, made up of the inhabitants of the Five points and all the purlieus of vice and crime in the city; and this festering mass the Republican chiefs calculate they can sway by prejudice or purchase with money, so as to become a balance of power in their hands to carry their election. The Tribune boasts that even the present number of negro votes has turned the scale in an election for Governor. What might it not do when swelled to ten thousand? The Tribune contends that there is an inconsistency in not allowing all negroes to vote or in not preventing at all. Very well. The best way to cure the inconsistency, if it exists, is to amend the constitution by taking away the suffrage from every negro. It must either come to that at last, or fraternity, equality and amalgamation, which is the grand object the Republican party is seeking to accomplish by a reign of terror.—N. Y. Herald.

MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

THE READING ELECTORAL TICKET TO BE ADHERED TO.

The Democratic State Central Committee, in pursuance of the following call, met at Reading on the 12th inst.

DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. Rooms, No. 419 Walnut Street Philadelphia, October 6, 1860.

A meeting of the Democratic State Executive Committee will be held at Reading, on Friday, October 12, 1860, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Business of great importance will be laid before the meeting, and every member is earnestly requested to be present.

WILLIAM H. WELSH, Chairman.

At a quarter past eleven Mr. Welsh called the Committee to order.

Mr. Frank M. Hutchinson, the Secretary, called the roll, when thirty-nine members answered to their names, as follows:

Messrs. Stephen D. Anderson, J. Henry Atkins, Vincent L. Bradford, Hugh Barr, J. P. Barr, W. H. Blair, Reuben F. Brown, H. B. Burnham, Charles W. Carrigan, Jas. C. Clarke, John W. Clarke, John Cummings, Alfred Day, Henry L. Dieffenbach, C. M. Donovan, Henry Dunlap, Peter Eot, J. Lawrence Getz, A. Howard Glaz, Jos. Gleim, H. A. Guernsey, John Hamilton, Jr., J. H. Hobart, Charles H. Hunter, F. M. Hutchinson, Robert L. Johnson, Isaac Leech, F. P. Magee, Robert McCay, Thomas C. McDowell, O. H. Meyers, Howard L. Miller, William H. Miller, Robert E. Monaghan, H. H. Mohlenburg, Joseph W. Parker, R. Bruce Petriken, Bernard Kelley, Nelson Weaver, and William H. Welsh, President.

The roll being called, Mr. Hutchinson moved that reporters be admitted.

Agreed to unanimously.

Capt. Alfred Day, of Philadelphia, offered the following resolution, and called the previous question, which seemed to be sustained by common consent.

Resolved, That this Committee do hereby rescind its action at Philadelphia on the 2d of July, and at Cresson on the 29th of August last, and that we recommend to the Democratic party of Pennsylvania to stand by the Electoral ticket made by the Democratic State Convention at Reading, on the 1st of March 1860.

Isaac Leech, Jr., of Philadelphia, offered the following amendment as a substitute:

Resolved, It is the duty of all Union-loving citizens to unite in such national candidates, Lincoln and Hamlin, and as it is believed that there are a majority of voters in the State of Pennsylvania who are opposed to the hostile and aggressive doctrines of the Republican party. Therefore be it

Resolved, That the Electoral Ticket framed at Reading on the first day of March last, be submitted to the voters of all conservative citizens opposed to the election of Lincoln and Hamlin; provided that each Elector will pledge himself in writing, within ten days from this date, that in the event of his election as an Elector, he will cast his vote for President and Vice President in such a manner as the Reading Convention, re-assembled for such purpose, on the 20th of November next, may direct, whether it be for Douglas and Johnson, Breckinridge and Lane, or Bell and Everett.

Resolved, That, believing there is a decided majority of the voters of this State, hostile to sectionalism and to the election of the sectional candidates, Lincoln and Hamlin, we call upon them to forego party differences, and to unite as a conservative Union and Constitutional party in support of the ticket here presented.

Resolved, That in case of any declining to give the required pledge, the place may be filled with one who will give the required pledge to the State Central Committee, which shall assemble at this place on October 23d, at 10 A. M.

Mr. Charles W. Carrigan, of Philadelphia, offered the following amendment to the amendment, and both were voted down, seemingly unanimously:

Resolved, That a committee of five from this Committee be appointed to meet the committee of the same number lately appointed from and by the State Committee of the Constitutional Union party of this State, to confer on the subject of a joint Electoral Ticket, the determination of said Committee of five to be reported to the Democratic State Committee to assemble at the call of the Chairman thereof.

The question then recurring on the original resolution it was adopted with only one dissenting voice, Mr. Leech.

The Committee thereupon adjourned, subject to the call of the President.

1856--1860.

In 1856 we had nearly every vote out in Cumberland county. Mr. Buchanan received 2427, and Fremont and Fillmore combined, received 3937. Total number of votes cast 6464. At the late election Foster received 3716 votes, or 289 more than Mr. Buchanan received in 1856; Curtin received 3625 votes, or 588 more than Fillmore and Fremont received in 1856. Total increase in the vote in four years, 877! Something wrong! There certainly has not been this increase of voters in our county since 1856. No one can account for the increase—there is no cause for it; on the contrary, previous to the election it was generally predicted that, owing to the hundreds of men who have left our country during the last four years, our vote would fall short of the vote cast in 1856. How comes this tremendous increase, then? Has fraud been practised, or have we had strangers colonized in our county for the purpose of voting the Black Republican ticket? We repeat, there is something wrong—no doubt about it.—American Volunteer.

ARRIVAL OF GEN. FOSTER AT HOME.

Our gallant and distinguished candidate for Governor arrived from the East by the mid-day train of Wednesday. He was met at the depot by a crowd of his admirers and friends, including many of the Opposition party, and was escorted by a band of music and a procession to his house. Having arrived there, he was addressed by Gen. William A. Stokes in substance as follows:

I am most happy, Gen. Foster, as the organ of your fellow citizens of Westmoreland county, to bid you hearty welcome to your home.—We salute you, sir, not as conqueror upon the field which you have nobly fought, as the unchallenged hero of right, and truth, and justice. You may well say, as did Francis I., after the disastrous battle of Padua, "We have lost everything but our honor." Here, sir, the homage of our hearts is offered as compensation for error and defection elsewhere. But indeed you need no compensation. Your manly resolution and firmness, impenetrable by adversity; your retrospect of the path of honor, which you have trod with unflinching steps; and the spontaneous support which you have received from the wisest and best of your political opponents, offered us satisfaction which words cannot embellish.

You have rebuked the fury of fanaticism, and have held the scales with impartial independence between the warring elements of evil. Mighty and majestic man, we contemplate you with irrepressible and inexpressible admiration. The truths which you have given to the world will never die, for they reflect the immortality of the Divine author of all truth.

For ourselves, sir, we are reconciled to the loss which Pennsylvania has sustained, by our great gain in having all of you for ourselves alone. Secure in the affections of our people, you may defy the frowns of fortune. Favorite son of old Westmoreland, we unite in reverent homage to your virtues. Elsewhere, you are the illustrious champion; here you are the faithful friend.

And for our part, we may all say, in the language of the Psalmist, "We are beaten but not vanquished; cast down but not dismayed."

Again and again, sir, with a heart too full for utterance, I bid you welcome, and "thrice welcome, to the home which is honored by being yours.

Gen. Foster replied:

GEN. STOKES AND MY FRIENDS.—It is impossible for me to express the deep gratitude which but I trust not disgraced. I come among you again to live in peace, and I hope, to show in the future, as in the past, my allegiance to the Democratic party, and my warm sympathy for my friends. During the whole contest just ended, I have assailed no man by word or act. I have neither said nor done anything which I regret, and I hope nothing for which my friends need blush. Firmly standing on Democratic truth, I gladly resume my place in the ranks of the party—ready to fight the common enemy of the Constitution and the country.

Accept, Gen. Stokes, my heartfelt thanks, for the too flattering terms in which you have expressed the feelings of our friends.

No language is adequate to express the enthusiasm of our people in behalf of our great citizen and distinguished friend. Successful or defeated, Westmoreland will ever prove true to Henry D. Foster. He returns to us without fear, and without reproach—the Bayard of Pennsylvania politics.—Greensburg Democrat, October 10.

Westmoreland will ever prove true to Henry D. Foster. He manifested her loyalty by giving him a majority of 446 votes—it should have been 2000. To her lasting shame be it said, a large number of her Democracy assisted at his sacrifice. The Grecians were frequently guilty of the folly of ostracizing their best citizens, but the hour of repentance came, and they were recalled. No man living has friends more devoted and attached than Gen. Foster; this is due to his noble and generous nature and his commanding ability. We were in Greensburg when Gen. Foster reached home, and present at his reception. His friends gathered about him and exhibited feelings of the deepest attachment. It was a proud moment for the brave champion and defender of Democratic principles, and will long live in our memory.—Blairsville Record.

TARIFF AND ANTI-TARIFF.

The Lincolnites say much against those who do not fully agree on political questions combining to support the same electoral ticket.—How much more consistent they are in their political action, the following, from the Philadelphia Monitor, will show:

HAMLIN THE FREE-TRADER.—Will Mr. Hamlin give the friends of protection a written pledge that in the event of Lincoln's death, he will recommend a Protective Tariff? In New York, the elector at the head of the list insists that the Black Republican platform is opposed to a tariff. Mr. Hamlin himself has always been about as ultra a free-trader as ever Mr. Calhoun was. Hence in Pennsylvania and New Jersey, where so many tariff men are enrolled in the Republican cause, it is but fair and proper that such a pledge should be given.

Not long since I called upon some lady friends of mine, and was ushered into the parlor by the servant girl. She asked what name she should announce, and I, wishing to take them by surprise, replied *Amicus*. (a friend). She seemed at first a little puzzled, but quickly regaining her composure, she, in the blindest manner possible, observed, "What kind of a *cuss*, Sir?"

THE AMERICAN FLAG FIRED BY A WIDE AWAKE TORCH!

While the Republican party all over the country has exhibited so little respect for the American flag that they were induced to blot out in '56 the stars representing the Southern States, we little conceived that one among them could be found so utterly debased as to set fire to the American flag!—And yet this act of Vandalism was left for a Wilkes-Barre Wide Awake to consummate! On Friday evening last, the Democrats held a meeting on the Court House Square which was addressed by Col. J. G. Freeze, of Columbia county, Stonly Woodward and E. B. Chase, Esqrs., of Wilkes-Barre. The meeting was well attended, and all its doings were characterized by good order. A flag waved from the speaker's stand, which was allowed to remain there when the meeting adjourned. The Wilkes-Barre Wide Awake Club, which had paraded the streets early in the evening, went to Scranton, and returned about one or two o'clock in the morning. As these worthies approached the Square, one of them was seen to walk up to the stand where the flag was nailed, and deliberately applying his torch to it, burned it from the pole. Such an act furnishes its own commentary. We will only add the inquiry, how can any National Union-loving man vote with a party whose teachings tend to the destruction of our country's flag!—*Luzerne Union*.

MORE THAN NEGRO EQUALITY CLAIM-ED.

The Boston Atlas, a leading Republican paper of the New England States, is hard down on the foreign born—especially the Irish. Hear the negro-worshipping editor:

"You may take five-thousand negroes as they come, and a thousand Irishmen in the same way, and you will find the negroes surpassing the Irishmen of Boston in intelligence, morality industry and good citizenship. They are more thrifty, more orderly, and in every way superior."

The above is in accordance with the late amendment of the Massachusetts Constitution, which disfranchises the adopted citizen for two years after he receives his full naturalization papers. Negro suffrage is above par in that State.

FANNY FERN'S "AWE" OF A HUSBAND.—A lady having remarked that "awe" is the most feminine feeling a wife can have.

Awe of a man whose whiskers you have trimmed, whose hair you have cut, whose cravat you have tied, whose shirt you have put in the wash, whose boots and shoes you have kicked into the closet, whose dressing gown you have worn while combing your hair, who has been down in the kitchen with you at eleven o'clock at night to hunt for a chicken bone, who has hooked your dresses, unlaced your boots and tied your bonnet, who has stood before your looking glass with thumb and finger on proboscis, scratching his chin; whom you have buttered and teased; whom you have seen asleep with his mouth wide open; ridiculous!

BOLD AS A JACKASS.—"Well, Pompey, how do I look?" inquired a Southern exquisite, after a somewhat protracted toilette—tossing a pica-yune to the watchful darkey. "Ki! massa, you look dreadful fine—I nebba see you look so fierce in all my life! You look jus' a' bold as a lion!"—"Bold as a lion, Pomp? what do you know about a lion? you never saw one."

"Ki, yi! massa, how you talk! ole Pompey nebba see a lion! hab't I seen massa Peyton's Jim ride one ober to de market eb'ry day?"—"Why you black fool, that's a jackass!"—"Can't help dat, Massa, you look jus' like him!"

A gentleman who had just returned from Arkansas informs us that he heard the following dialogue at a tavern:

"Hallo, boy."
"Hello yourself!"
"Can I get breakfast here?"
"I reckon you can't."
"Why not?"
"Massa's away, missus drunk, de baby got de cholick, and I don't care a fur bean anybody!"

Judge S— had a very wild son named Bob, who was constantly on a spree, and upon being brought up once for drunkenness, the Judge cried out:

"Is that our Bob?"
"Yes, sir," replied the clerk.
"Fine him two dollars and costs; I'd make it ten dollars if I didn