

The first grand result of the success of "Republican principles, is the practical curtailment of the Federal Union to the number of States comprised in the Union some twenty years ago. This must be what the "Republicans" meant when they told us that they intended to bring back the government to the condition in which it was left by our revolutionary forefathers. That such would be the inevitable consequence of the triumph of "Republicanism," was our firm belief from the very inception of that dangerous heresy, and we spared neither time, labor, nor expense in our endeavors to prevent such a consummation. We warned our neighbors and friends, from the stump and through the newspaper. We argued with them, expostulated, importuned, implored, but all in vain. The headlong current of the prevailing fanaticism swept them from the broad platform of the constitution and plunged them into the narrow abyss of Northern sectionalism. With what intense regret must they not remember those warning words unheeded, when they reflect that by their own act they have driven seven sovereign states out of the once honored and impregnable Union! They "knew their duty but did it not!"

People may tell us that the Union is not dissolved—that our government represents as many states as it did formerly. As a matter of fact, that is true. As a matter of fact it is, we are sorrow to acknowledge, not quite so correct. Of what value is the law, when it cannot be executed? Does it restrain the robber from violence, or the mutineer from rebellion? Of what worth is the law in South Carolina, when the Federal Administration is compelled, as a matter of policy, to withdraw its forces from Fort Sumter? Of what consequence is the law, when men who are surely guilty of treason under that law, go unpunished, even unmolested by any attempt to bring them to justice? No! To the shame of the people of the North be it said, Abolitionism has been allowed nay, aided and abetted, by them, to effect the practical dissolution of the Union. Blind as bats! Willfully, perversely blind, were the people of Pennsylvania, when they refused to be warned against the sectional "Republican" party. The darling scheme of Wilberforce and Exeter Hall, is accomplished. A deep and daily widening chasm yawns between the people of the North and the South, and there is but one way of filling the breach, and that is by casting therein the leaders, office-holders and office-hunters of the Republican party.

THE PROBLEM SOLVED!

"HAVE WE A GOVERNMENT?"

Lincoln Limber in the Knees! The glad news that Fort Sumter is to be evacuated, and that we are to have no civil war for the present, is confirmed. The question so indignantly asked by the "Republicans" a short time ago, "Have we a Government?" is answered. According to their doctrine, we have not. According to their policy four weeks ago, the Government instead of withdrawing the troops from Fort Sumter, would have been in duty bound to reinforce them. According to their ideas of the requirements of the times, the "Southern traitors" should have been sought out and hung. But Mr. Lincoln, finding that unless he took Democratic ground in the present emergency, he would be entirely unable to administer the Quixotic plans of his party friends. He is just now decidedly "weak in the knees," so far as standing on the Chicago Platform is concerned. We sincerely hope that the Republicans will not abuse him for adopting Buchanan's policy, say for doing the very opposite of what they demanded of the Ex-President. We hope they will be as consistently inconsistent as ever and praise Mr. Lincoln for surrendering to the "Southern traitors" the Federal property at Fort Sumter.

Local and Miscellaneous.

SPRING ELECTION.—The election for local officers which came off in this Borough on Friday last, resulted in the choice of thirteen Democrats and five Republicans. The Democratic majority on the test vote (Inspector) was 20. The following is the vote:

DEMOCRATS.	REPUBLICANS.
Chief Burgess.	
John H. Rush, 109	Geo. D. Shuck, 85
Assistant Burgess.	
Henry Debaugh, 114	Col. in Loyer, 82
Councilmen.	
George Mardorf, 114	W. W. Shuck, 99
Joshua Mower, 84	J. L. Leese, 81
High Constable.	
Levi Agnew, 73	J. A. Henderson, 122
Auditor.	
R. H. G. Irvine, 113	F. D. Saupp, 73
Judge of Election.	
Samuel Davis, 104	M. Milburn, 97
Inspector.	
Henry Reinhard, 109	R. D. Barclay, 69
Constable.	
Hiram Lantz, 65	Milton Spidle, 100
Assessor.	
A. J. Sanson, 123	Jas. McMullen, 73
Assistant Assessor.	
Samuel Shuck, 118	Val. VonderSmith, 79
William Bowles, 107	Peter H. Shires, 89
School Directors.	
J. W. Lingenfelter, 112	Fr. Jordan, 97
John Mower, 94	S. L. Russell, 90
Supervisors.	
John Bowers, 102	G. W. Rupp, 89
W. H. Keckers, 109	E. G. McMullen, 84
Town Clerk.	
W. H. Spang, 108	S. M. Baralay, 85

SHARP.—Some three months ago, we gave our note for \$70, payable in par funds, at the Banking House of Reed, Rupp & Schell.—Wm. Schafer, Esq., Treasurer of Bedford County, who is a heavy depositor with them, and had funds at the time in this Banking House, gave us his check for \$71 on Reed, Rupp and Schell, and on presentation, intending to lift our note they wanted to share this depositor's check on themselves. Are these banking rules and if so, isn't it sharp practice?—Inquirer.

Sharper still—the idea of logging a little private difficulty in a matter of business, into the columns of a newspaper. At any rate we cannot see how there can be any cause for complaint against Messrs. Reed, Rupp and Schell, in anything set forth in the above statement.—The note referred to was payable in par funds, whilst Mr. Schafer's deposits must, from the necessity of the case, consist frequently of funds that are not par, but merely current. The difference between par and current money was all the bankers asked, and to that they were certainly entitled. Their "occupation would be gone" very soon, if they were to exchange par for current funds. As for the manner in which Messrs. Reed, Rupp and Schell do business, we can testify to their perfect honesty, as well as to their liberality, having dealt with them from the beginning of their business.

Among the graduates of the recent Annual Commencement of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, we observe the name of our young friend and fellow townsman, Dr. W. H. Watson, Jr. We understand that the Dr. passed a very creditable examination, and bear his professional attainments spoken of in high terms.

The Spring elections throughout the county, so far as we have heard, have resulted as favorably for the Democracy as we could have expected, local matters, of course, having more to do with them than politics.

The contest among the "Republicans" for Postmaster at this place, was decided on Friday last, by a plurality, in favor of Mr. William Kiser. As well as we recollect the vote stood, W. W. Shuck, 24; A. S. Russell, 56; S. Radebaugh, 65; W. Kiser, 78. There is considerable hard feeling between the friends of the different candidates, one set charging the other with unfair electioneering and another objecting to the counting out of the votes by the election-board long before the voting ceased. Mr. Shuck, we believe, withdrew, at noon, in favor of Mr. Kiser.

It seems that the Irrepressibles have some intention of removing Mrs. Statter, P. M. at Schellsburg, for the purpose of making room for a well-to-do "Republican" of the masculine gender. We shouldn't be surprised if they swallow all their professions of sympathy for widows and orphans expressed at the time of removal of Mrs. Saupp, and turn out the widow Statter in the cold. Can you do it, gentlemen, after saying what you did in the Saupp case?

Mr. J. G. Fisher will open a subscription school, in a few weeks, at the school-house in Boydstown. The citizens of the upper end of our town will consult the interests of their children by sending them to Mr. Fisher. We know him to be a good scholar and excellent teacher.

THE SPRING ELECTIONS.

THE BEGINNING OF THE REACTION.

DEMOCRATIC TRIUMPHS.

"IS ANYBODY HURT?"

The Spring elections for borough and township officers throughout the greater part of the State, took place on Friday, and as far as we have been enabled to learn, the Democracy has swept every vestige of Black Republicanism before them. Even in the very strongholds of sectionalism has there been so great that the miserable plunder-seeking party seemed terror-stricken at the verdict of the ballot-box.—In the city of Reading, where the opponents of Democracy have been ruling for years, the Democratic Mayor is elected by a majority of 644, and the entire council, with three or four exceptions. In Harrisburg, Norristown and West Chester the victory has been equally great. But will this signal rebuke soften the hearts of the rulers at Washington and cause them to pursue a peace policy? We fear not. Their hatred to the South and her institutions is so deep-seated that they are callous to public sentiment.

READING.

Joel E. Wanner (Dem.) is elected Mayor by 644 majority over Bonneville Keim (Rep.) the present incumbent.

Peter Shaneman (Dem.) is elected Treasurer by 454 majority; and Messrs. Smith, Haus and Morris are elected Auditors by Majorities of 323, 237 and 266 respectively.

Granklin B. Miller (Dem.) and Wm. B. Schomer (Ind. Dem.) are elected Aldermen; and Christian Snyder and Joseph Goodhart, (Dem.) Constables.

The Democrats also elect all the Common Councilmen and the Judges and assessors, in the Northeast, Southwest and Spruce Wards; and one of the three Common Councilmen and the Assessors in Northwest Ward.

NORRISTOWN.

The election in Norristown has resulted in a complete triumph of the Democrat (and Bell-Everett) ticket, by an average majority of near 400.

HARRISBURG.

The entire Democratic ticket was elected in Harrisburg.

PHOENIXVILLE.

The election in this borough resulted in the success of the Conservative and Independent ticket.

WEST CHESTER.

The contest in the election there was confined to Chief Burgess. The candidates were Henry S. Evans, Citizens candidate, and Addison May, Black Republican. Evans was elected by over 200 majority.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

THE SUPREME COURT.

DOUGLAS AND FESSENDEN DIFFICULTY.

A CABINET SESSION TO-DAY.

THE GOVERNMENT FLEET FOR THE SOUTH.

RUMORED COLLISIONS AT PENSACOLA.

[Special Dispatch to the Bulletin.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Judges of the Supreme Court are said to have protested against the appointment of Mr. Lamont, of Illinois, as Marshal of this District. They object to such a precedent.

The friends of Senator Fessenden, of Maine, and Senator Douglas, are endeavoring to settle the difficulty between them caused by the severe "passage-at-arms" between them in the Senate Chamber yesterday.

The movements of the fleet of U. S. vessels which has sailed from New York, are said to be in the direction of Fort Pickens and Fort Jefferson. Information of their sailing has been laid before Governor Pickens and Jeff. Davis.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

Washington, March 16.—The Senate will not adjourn until the middle of next week. Reports have been received in this city to the effect that a collision has occurred between the United States troops and the Seceders at Pensacola. No small stir has been created by the rumors.

Louisville, March 16.—A large Southern Rights meeting was held at the Court House last night. The proceedings were attended with much confusion, and the meeting finally broke up in a row.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Chief Justice Taney delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court to-day in the matter of the Commonwealth of Kentucky against the Governor of Ohio, deciding that it was a case of original jurisdiction, and, in effect, of one State against another; and, therefore, the Court has jurisdiction under the Constitution. It is a case to compel the Governor of Ohio, by writ of mandamus, to surrender a fugitive from justice from Kentucky. And the Court says that the demanding State has a right to have every such fugitive delivered up; that the State of Ohio has no right to enter into the question whether the act of which the fugitive stands accused is criminal or not in Ohio, provided it was a crime in Kentucky; and that the duty of the Governor of Ohio to deliver up, upon any proper proof that the act charged is a crime by the laws of Kentucky; that the act of Congress of 1793 determines what evidence is to be submitted to the State of Ohio; that the duty of the Governor is ministerial merely, like that of a sheriff or marshal, and the Court appealed to his good faith in the discharge of constitutional duty for the reason that Congress cannot impose any Federal duty on the officers of a State, and that where such officers are called upon by an act of Congress to perform such duty, it relies upon good sense and good faith on their part. And, on these grounds, the writ of mandamus was granted.

The Evacuation of Fort Sumter.

Another Cabinet Council.—The Southern Confederacy to be Eventually Recognized.—Compliment to Mr. Crittenden—Ohio Politics, Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Another protracted meeting of the Cabinet was held to-day. After passing upon a number of Territorial and other appointments, the Southern question, in its various bearings, was again taken up and discussed for nearly two hours. The instructions to Major Anderson, in reference to the evacuation of Fort Sumter, formed the principal subject under consideration. Much diversity of opinion is known to have prevailed as to the manner of withdrawing the garrison, and no ultimate conclusion was arrived at on that point.

There are Republicans here who assert, knowingly and positively, that the secret of the unexpected consent of Gov. Chase and other radical members of the Cabinet to the surrender of Fort Sumter, is their firm belief in the inevitability of the ultimate division of the country into two confederacies, one distinctly free from the other slaveholding, and their desire to bring about the separation without bloodshed. That this idea has been broached in Cabinet council is certain, and Seward as well as Chase will eventually urge a recognition of the new Confederacy.

The President of the United States, the members of the Cabinet, the Foreign Ministers, Senators and Representatives in Congress, Judges of the Courts, Supreme and other, the Mayor and citizens of Washington, with a large number of visitors, have arranged to wait upon Mr. Crittenden and lady, at the National Hotel to-night.

The visit is a parting entertainment given to the distinguished Senator from Kentucky, after forty years of honest and faithful public service for the whole country.

The Administration will adhere to the line of action indicated by Mr. Fessenden, and there will be no premature discussion of the policy of the Administration towards the seceding States.

Reports received from Columbus show that there will probably be a choice of a Senator during the present session.

The Republicans are racking their ingenuity to discover excuses for the evacuation of Fort Sumter. The gallant Anderson, who was petted and applauded as a marvellous hero, is, by some of them, suddenly discovered to be a traitor little less infamous than Tweed. A correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune says it is suspected in some quarters that Mr. Buchanan sent a secret agent to Fort Sumter more than eight weeks ago, advising the Government false intelligence concerning his condition and means of subsistence. This "very unlikely" story is gravely repeated in justification of the back-down of the Lincoln Administration.

SCIENCE BY A REIGNED GAMBLER AT HAMBURG.—A letter from Frankfort of Feb. 19, says:—"The day before yesterday an English lady, who had resided at Hamburg for some time, and had been a constant visitor to the gambling saloons, where by degrees she had lost almost all her property, left town and went to the village of Kirdorf, about three miles distant. She ascended the tower of the new church there, and having first tied her legs together, threw herself from the lower to the earth, a distance of about 100 feet. When picked up she was still living, but was conveyed to the hospital at Hamburg in an exceedingly deplorable condition.

From the Hollidaysburg Standard.

Democratic Meeting.

A mass meeting of the Democracy of Altoona was held at Lowther's Hall, on Thursday evening, March 7th, 1861. On motion, John McClelland was called to the Chair; and Jonathan Conrad, Richard Crozier and Patrick Paisley were chosen Vice Presidents, and Wm. McDonagh, Secretary. S. M. Woodkok, Esq., was then called upon to state the object of the meeting. Mr. Woodkok made a brief and eloquent address, and concluded by moving that a committee of five be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the wishes of the Democracy of Altoona. The Chair appointed S. M. Woodkok, John Woods, John Bowman, John Condo and Thomas McBride. The Committee after retiring for a short time, returned, when S. M. Woodkok, Chairman, read the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by the meeting:—

Resolved, That the course of our Congressmen, S. S. Blair, in voting with the Abolitionists against the "Corwin Resolutions," and against all the compromise measures and honorable adjustments introduced into Congress for the purpose of restoring peace to the country, has been a shameful misrepresentation of the wishes of his constituents; that he has, by his votes, shown himself to be a "full fledged" Abolitionist, and that his much wronged constituents will hereafter mete out to him that righteous condemnation which his misdeeds so richly merit.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to attend to the printing of these resolutions in all the Democratic papers in this District. (Signed by the Officers.)

The Ohio Fat Boy.—The body of Vanish Mack, the celebrated Ohio Fat Boy, who died in New York, while exhibiting at Barron's Museum, passed through Pittsburg on Thursday, by railroad. It was marked "Agent O. Fat Boy, Darlington, Pa.," and was described on the bill of lading as follows: "Fat Boy—dead. Double first class passenger freight. Weight 800 pounds. Freight \$2.50." The weight as given above, includes the coffin and box.

ELECTION OF U. S. SENATOR.—At 12 o'clock on Thursday the Senate met the House of Representatives in Convention to elect a United States Senator in place of Hon. Simon Cameron, resigned. David Wilmot received 65 votes; Wm. H. Welsh 34 votes; Mr. Ketcham and Mr. Wilkins 1 vote each.

CALIFORNIA EXPORTS.—We notice that the ship Mounlight, which sailed from San Francisco for Hong Kong, on the 19th of February, was laden in part with 140,000 feet of lumber, 50,000 bushels of wheat, \$150,000 in specie, and 400 deceased Chinamen's remains!

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.—The diseases are too well known to require any description. How many thousands are every year carried to the silent grave by that dreadful scourge Consumption, which always commences with a slight cough. Keep the blood pure and healthy by taking a few doses of JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS each week. Consumption and Lung difficulties always arise from particles of corrupt matter deposited in the air-cells of bad blood. Purify that stream of life and it will very soon carry off and destroy the poisonous matter: and like a crystal river flowing through a desert, will bring with it and leave throughout the body the element of health and strength. As the river leaving the elements of fertility in its course, causes the barren waste to bloom with flowers and fruit, so pure blood causes the frame to rejoice in strength and health and bloom with untiring beauty.

JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS ARE SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, March 20, '61. The FLOUR market has undergone no perceptible change, and the export demand is limited. Sales of 200 barrels good Superfine at \$5; 450 barrels Extra at \$9 25 and 5 37; 100 barrels Extra Family at \$5 62; and 200 barrels Broad St. Mills on private terms. The sales to the retailers and bakers have been within the range of these figures, and fancy at \$6 and 6 75 as in quality.

The receipts and stocks of RYE FLOUR are small and held with more firmness. Sales at \$3 62 per barrel.

CORN MEAL there is very little here, and PENNSYLVANIA is held at \$2 87 1/2.

The offerings of WHEAT continue light, and it is in steady demand at yesterday's quotations. Sales of 4 and 5 000 bushels fair and prime Pennsylvania and Western Red at 1 25 and 1 28; 1,100 bushels good Pennsylvania White at 1 25 and 1 37; and 500 bushels choice Kentucky at 1 50.

RYE is dull, Pennsylvania selling at 66 and 68 cents, the latter in a small way.

CORN is unchanged but rather quiet, with sales of 5000 bushels Yellow to note at 57 cents for prime dry Southern, about 54 and 55 cents for lots in the cars, as to condition, and 57 1/2 and 58 1/2 cents for old do. at the depot. Oats are selling at 32 cents for Pennsylvania and 31 cents for Southern.

BARLEY is scarce. OF BARLEY MALT, a sale of 800 bushels was made at 98 cents.

THE PROVISION market continues very inactive, and the only sale we hear of is 45,000 lbs. loose shoulders and sides, in salt, at 62 cents for the former, and 82 cents for the latter, 60 days.

THE SEED market is quiet at \$1 75 and 5 per bushel for Cloverseed, and none offering; 100 bushels Timothy brought \$3 per bushel, and some Flaxseed \$1 50.

WHISKEY moves slowly at 18 cents for Pennsylvania barrels; 18 and 18 1/2 cents for Western do.; 17 cents for Danged, and 17 1/2 cents for hogheads.

THE RAILROAD CAN'T BE MADE

PAYMENT IS NEGLECTED!

All those that are indebted to the undersigned, are requested to call and pay up. The accounts are numerous and none large, and can be paid at once, and injure nobody. By attending to this notice, the car can be kept in motion. So don't forget to call immediately.

March 22. A. L. DEFFBAUGH.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of John Gorsch, late of Hopewell tp., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, of Coleman township, adm'r.

DOCK POWDER.

Just received and for sale by

March 22. A. L. DEFFBAUGH.

MARRIED.

SHEELING—GOLDSMITH.—On Tuesday evening March 12th, 1861, by Sam'l. J. Castner, Esq., at the Residence of Mr. A. L. Beckler, in Woodbury, Mr. Alexander Sheeling, of Galveston, Texas, to Miss Julia Goldsmith, of Bedford co., Pa.

BEARD—KOOBS.—On the 7th inst., by the Rev. H. Heckerman, Mr. David Beard, to Miss Rebecca Koons, both of Bedford township.

TAYLOR—LOWRY.—On Thursday evening, March 14th, at the house of the Brides' father, by Lemuel Evans Esq., Mr. Alexander Taylor, of Riddle's Colony, to Miss Martha Jane Lowry both of Broad Top Tp., Bedford county.

FIGARD—ANDERSON.—On Sunday evening, March 17th, in Evansville, by the same, Mr. David Figard, to Miss Amy Anderson, all of Broad Top Tp., Bedford county.

REININGER—ALLISON.—On the 14th inst., by Rev. N. E. Gilds, Mr. Peter Reininger, to Miss Ann Maria Allison, both of St. Clair Township.

ALLISON—SLONAKER.—On the same day, by the same, Mr. Jacob W. Allison, to Miss Rebecca Slonaker, both of Union Township.

DECEASED.

GROVE.—On March 9th, Mrs. Hannah Grove, aged 64 years.

STATLER.—On the 12th inst., Harry Clark, infant son of Dr. S. G. and E. J. Statler, aged 6 months and 11 days.

At Boydstown, on Saturday the 9th inst., Edward M. infant son of Simon and Margaret A. Deckerhoff, aged seven months.

"Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for such is the kingdom of heaven."

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, pursuant to the order of the Orphans' Court, on the premises in West Providence Township, Bedford County, on SATURDAY, 20th April, next, the following REAL ESTATE,

late the property of James McDaniel, dec'd., viz: One tract of land, being unimproved, adjoining lands of ———— on the East, Fred'k. Collabeger on the West, Andrew Martine on the North, and Joseph McDaniel's heirs on the South, containing one hundred acres, more or less.

ALSO, one other tract of unimproved land, adjoining the mansion property and lands of Daniel Snyder, David Steinhilber and others, and containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less.

ALSO, the mansion place, of said dec'd., adjoining lots of Daniel Snyder, William McDaniel, Jacob Steel, John Calhoun and others, containing 208 acres, about one hundred acres cleared and under fence, 6 or 8 of which are meadow, balance well timbered. The improvements are a two-story Log Dwelling House, with kitchen attached; also a Smoke House, Spring House, and Log Stable, with threshing floor. There is also an apple orchard on the premises, and a good spring at the door of the dwelling. The property is situated five miles South of Bloody Run, on the road to Clearville.

The Sale will commence at 1 o'clock, on said day, the terms will be one third in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments, without interest.

JOSEPH McDANIEL, Administrator.

March 23d, '61.

BEDFORD HOTEL—

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, on Pitt Street, where he would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally.

It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The house will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged.

Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

ALL THE STAGES STOP AT THIS HOTEL.

JOHN HAFER, Proprietor.

Aug. 1, 1860.

NOTICE.

I hereby given that I have prepared at Constable's sale, on the 5th of March, 1861, the following property, to wit: One grey mare, one roan colt, one red spotted cow, one red heifer, two sows, twelve pigs, six shaws, one two horse plow, two shovel plows, one harrow, two wads, one two horse wagon, one wind-mill, one grind-stone, one iron kettle, one ten plate stove, one cooking-tove, two sets of wagon harness, fifteen bushels of wheat, forty bushels rye, fifteen barrels of corn, forty bushels of oats, all of which said property, I have left in the hands of Conrad Smith, during my pleasure, and hereby caution all persons against interfering with the same.

H. B. ELBIN, per J. W. Tate, Atty.

March 22.

BEDFORD COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The Semi-Annual meeting of the Association will convene in the Hall of the Hall of the Union School, in Bedford, on Friday, April 19th, at 10 o'clock, P. M. The exercises will consist of Essays by Misses L. C. Arnold, M. E. Allison, and Messrs. J. B. Fitch, M. A. Points, Jas. J. Bardsdale and J. G. Livingston. Lectures will be delivered by A. N. Raub and J. H. Lonnenecker.

It is hoped that the teachers of Bedford County, who turn out in numbers, and show the people that they are working in earnest. Friends of education, and the public generally are invited to attend.

J. GILBERT FISHER, Chairman Business Committee.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of Philip Gosler's property, will attend to the duties, of said appointment at his office, in Bedford, on Friday 17th day of April, 1861 at 1 o'clock, when all interested can attend.

J. W. LINGENFELTER, Auditor.

March 22d, '61.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

James O'Neal } Alias Subpena on Libel  
vs. } for Divorce.  
Sophia O'Neal }

The undersigned, appointed commissioner to take the testimony, &c., in the above case, will attend to the duties thereof, on the 22d day of April 1861 at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, at 1 o'clock when all interested can attend.

J. W. LINGENFELTER, Commissioner. J

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas Letters of Administration upon the estate of Jacob Marzary, late of Woodbury Township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said Estate, will make the same known without delay to

JOHN B. LONGENECKER, Administrator, near Woodbury.

March 23d, 1861.