

**UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER**

53,813 Wringers Sold in 1863!

Any woman who will persist in the back-breaking, wrist-aching and clothes-destroying process of twisting clothes dry, when a "Universal Clothes Wringer" can be had for a few dollars, which will save twice its price per year, in clothes and in the time and trouble of doing it, it is a most economical and useful household article. The value of a good "OGG WHEEL CLOTHES WRINGER" is only known to those who have used them. This machine has not its equal. It will wring bed clothes as well as the smallest article of clothing. It can't get out of order. It is almost everlasting, and is death to cold dinners and black looks of wash days. Just call at Hartley's Machine and Hardware store and get one. Use it two or three times and if it don't please about the house, bring it back, no question will be asked and no charge made.

July 22, 1864.

**PUBLIC SALE**  
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Jacob Detweiler, late of Middle Woodbury township, Bedford county, deceased, will sell at public outcry, on the premises, on

**Saturday, the 20th day of August, next,** all the following described real estate, to wit: all that certain farm or tract of land situated in said township, late the mansion property of deceased, adjoining lands of Daniel Rejogis, John Taiter's heirs and others, containing 85 acres more or less, about 65 or 70 acres cleared and under fence, balance well timbered; with a good 2 1/2 story dwelling house, with basement story, a large barn and other out-buildings thereon erected. Also, there is a good apple orchard and plenty of fresh running water upon the premises. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, P. M. of said day. Terms made known on day of sale.

DAVID O. HOOPER,  
MOSES H. DETWEILER,  
Administrators.

**RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES**  
Of Bedford Borough, for the year 1863.

JOHN BORDER, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of Bedford, for the year 1863.

Balance due Borough at last settlement,	\$29 32
Received from H. Nicodemus collector, on duplicate of 1861	50 60
Received from H. Nicodemus collector for 1862	203 00
Received from J. A. Henderson col. 1860	147 22
Received from A. J. Sansom weigh master	26 32
Received from John Boor	16 20
Received from H. Nicodemus collector 1863	240 06
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$902 72</b>

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**OR.**

Paid R. Montgomery mending wheelbarrow	\$30 50
Paid J. A. Henderson hauling dirt, &c.	64 50
Paid W. F. Mann on order cleaning street	18 31
Paid Patrick Walls for hauling dirt	3 31
Paid Daniel Border for cleaning town clock	21 50
Paid Shuek and Bagley cleaning hose	4 00
Paid sundry persons acting night watch	61 92
Paid Levi Agnew water meter, &c.	64 48
Paid John Minnich fixing engine house	6 40
Paid James Conboy carting dirt	13 12
Paid Walter Brown	4 25
Paid G. H. Spang fees Comm. vs Barclay's	10 00
Paid O. E. Shannon	10 00
Paid Wm. Hartley hydrants and freight	4 03
Paid J. R. Durbin printing	8 00
Paid E. F. Meyers	25 50
Paid Adam Weaving lumber	72 32
Paid Michael Windal stables	15 00
Paid John R. Jordan work on hay scales	12 07
Paid N. J. Lyons auditing borough account	3 00
Paid Lewis Saupp	3 00
Paid J. A. Henderson salary as high const.	81 50
Paid J. S. Dietz salary as high const.	23 00
Paid John Border salary as Treasurer	30 00
Paid on orders of W. F. Mann for work done on Richard street	10 52
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$84 03</b>
Balance due Borough	\$5 69
Statement of money due Bedford Borough, May 7, 1864.	\$4 69
Due from H. Nicodemus collector	9 45
Due from John Boor weigh master	16 20
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$44 03</b>

On the above exonerations are to be deduced. The undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Bedford, do hereby certify that in pursuance of an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided met the office of D. B. Akers, in said borough and do audit and adjust the accounts between John Border, Treasurer of the borough, and said Borough, as contained in the foregoing statement. Witness our hands this 5th day of July, 1864.

LEWIS SAUPP,  
D. W. KAUFFMANN,  
U. B. AKERS,  
Audits.

**BURKHART & HENSHEY,**  
BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS  
AND DEALERS IN  
FRUITS, TOYS AND FANCY GOODS.

North Main Street, West Side,  
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

**ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.**

**TERMS CASH.**

**10,000 lbs. of WOOL Wanted**  
at J. M. Shoemaker's Store, for which the highest market price will be paid in Cash or Store Goods.  
June 16, 1864.

**PROCLAMATION!  
SPECIAL ELECTION.**

By virtue of a writ of election, to me directed by Andrew C. Curran, Governor of this Commonwealth, given under his hand and the great seal of the State at Harrisburg, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1864, according to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification, or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," I, John Aldstadt, High Sheriff of the county of Bedford, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Bedford, that the first Tuesday of August next, (being, the 24th day of the month), a special election shall be held at the several election districts, established by law in said county, at which time they will vote by ballot for or against certain proposed amendments to the Constitution, of this Commonwealth, which are as follows, viz:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

The said elections will be held throughout the county as follows:

The electors of the borough of Bedford and township of Bedford, to meet at the Court House in said borough.

The electors of Broad Top township to meet at the school house in the town of Hopewell.

The electors of the borough of Bloody Run to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Ramoth to meet at the house of D. Stacey, in said township.

The electors of Cumberland Valley township to meet at the new school house erected on the land owned by John Whip's heirs in said township.

The electors of Harrison township to meet at the school house in said township.

The electors of Liberty township to meet at the house of D. Stacey, in said township.

The electors of Monroe township to meet at the house lately occupied by James Carnell in Clearville in said township.

The electors of Schellsburg borough to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of Napoleon township to meet at the school house in the borough of Schellsburg.

The electors of East Providence township to meet at the house lately occupied by John Nycum, Jr., in said township.

The electors of Snake Spring township to meet at the school house near the Methodist church on the land of John G. Hartley.

The electors of West Providence township to meet at school house No. 4, near David Sparks, in said township.

The electors of St. Clair township to meet at the store near the dwelling of Gideon D. Trout, in said township.

The electors of Union township to meet at the school house near Mowry's mill, in said township.

The electors of South Woodbury township to meet at the house of Samuel Oster near Noble's mill, in said township.

The electors of Southampton township to meet at the house of Wm. Adams, in said township.

The electors of Middle Woodbury township to meet at the house of Henry Flake in the village of Woodbury.

The Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 3, 1850, provides as follows, to wit:

"That the Inspectors and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district in which they may respectively be held, before 9 o'clock, on the morning of the first Tuesday in August, and each said Inspectors shall appoint one clerk who shall be a qualified voter of said district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as Inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the person elected Inspector shall appoint an Inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the Inspector who received the highest number of votes in his place, and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the time of election, shall elect one of their number to fill the vacancy."

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 23d day of April, 1864, entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification, or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," wherein it is prescribed,

Section 1. That said election shall be opened, held and closed, on the day aforesaid, A. D. 1864, at the places, and within the hours, at, and within, which the general elections of this Commonwealth are directed to be opened, held and closed, and it shall be the duty of the Judges, Inspectors and Clerks of each said township, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts, to receive at the said election, tickets, not exceeding the number of proposed amendments, either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, from each of the qualified voters of this State, who may offer the same, and to place them in a box or boxes to be for that purpose provided by the proper officers; which tickets shall be, respectively, labelled, on the outside, "First Amendment," "Second Amendment," and "Third Amendment," and those who are favorable to said amendments, or any of them, may express their approval thereof by voting, such as may separate, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed ballots or tickets, as there are amendments approved by them, containing, on the inside thereof, the words "For the Amendment," and those who are opposed to such amendments, or any of them, may express their opposition by voting, each, as many separate, written or printed, or partly written and printed, ballots or tickets, as there are amendments not approved by them, containing, on the inside thereof, the words "Against the Amendment," the electors voting for, or against the first amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the proposed fourth section to article three of the Constitution extending the right of suffrage to soldiers; electors voting for, or against, the second amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the proposed eighth section to article eleven of the Constitution; and electors voting for, or against, the third amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the proposed ninth section to article eleven of the Constitution.

Section 2. That the election, on the said proposed amendments, shall, in all respects, be conducted as the general elections of this Commonwealth are now conducted; and it shall be the duty of the returns Judges of the respective counties and districts thereof, first having carefully ascertained the number of votes for, or against, each of said amendments, in the manner aforesaid, to make out duplicate returns thereof, expressed in words, at length, and not in figures only; one of which returns so made shall be lodged in the Prothonotary's office of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county, and the other so made, and directed, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and by one of said Judges

deposited forthwith in the most convenient Post-office, upon which postage shall be prepaid at the expense of the proper county."

Section 4. That the several duties required to be performed by the Sheriff's, Commissioners, Constables, Judges, Inspectors, and all other officers whatever, in and about the general elections of this Commonwealth, shall be performed by such officers in and about the election provided for; and all persons, whether officers or other, shall be liable to the same punishment for the neglect of any duty, or the commission of any offence, at, in, or about, the said election, as they would for the neglect of like duty, or the commission of like offence, at, in, or about, the general elections of this Commonwealth."

For the information of the electors of Bedford County, I also publish the following taken from an Act of the General Assembly of 1839:

"It shall be the duty of the several Assessors, respectively, to attend at the place of holding every General, Special or Township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said Inspectors, or either of them, shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of 21 years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election District where he offers to vote at least ten days, immediately preceding such election, and within 2 years have paid a State or County tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States, who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned and who shall have resided in the election District and paid taxes aforesaid shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freeman citizens of the United States between the age of 21 and 22 years, who have resided in the election District ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, first, he produces a receipt for payment, within two years of a State or County tax, assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or in failure to produce such a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof; or, second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of 21 and 22 years, shall deposit on oath or affirmation, that he has resided in the State at least one year next before application, and make such proof of his residence in the District as is required by this Act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and whereupon the name of the persons so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list, by the Inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax" he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax or the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such vote shall be called out to the Clerks who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the Commissioners or Assessors, or his right to vote whether found either by verbal proclamation thereto, or by any written thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such persons on oath as to qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness; who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the District for more than ten days next immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the District, and that he did not remove into the said District for the purpose of voting.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent an officer of the election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace of said election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence with the design to influence, unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and to be imprisoned for a time not less than one nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars, and to be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons, shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so offered to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election in this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district or if any person knowing the want of such a qualification shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person, on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same days or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the Inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or advise and procure another so to do, he or they shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to

vote, he shall on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding twelve months."

Agreeably to the provisions of the 61st section of said act, "Every General and Special Election shall be open between the hour of eight and ten in the forenoon and shall continue until seven o'clock in the evening when the polls shall be closed.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of the judges, from each district, at the Borough of Bedford, on the third day after the election, being for the present year ON FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges.

That where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend such a meeting of judges then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or Clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of the said Judges unable to attend.

Given under my hand and seal at Bedford, this 7th day of July, 1864.

JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff.  
Sheriff's Office, Bedford, July 8, 1864.

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla**

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR  
Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

From *Lancet*, a well-known merchant of Oxford.

"I have sold large quantities of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, at which I feel of the desired effect, and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it in our country."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blisters, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From *Rev. John Stratton, Bristol, England.*

"I have used your Sarsaparilla, and much esteemed it. I had my daughter, aged ten, with an itching humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your Sarsaparilla. She has been well for some months."

From *Mrs. Jane F. Rice, erect house and well-estimated lady of Danville, Cape May Co., N. J.*

"My only child has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your Sarsaparilla, which soon completely cured her."

From *Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enameled papers in New York, N. Y.*

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could do of advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the skin began to form anew, the blotches to be confined until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I knew of. I can only repeat, and without a doubt owe it to your Sarsaparilla."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From *Dr. Hiram Blood, of St. Louis, Missouri.*

"DEAR AYER: I seldom fail to remove Eruptions and Scrofulous Sores by the persevering use of your Sarsaparilla. The medicine cured an attack of Erysipelas which I had on my face. No alternative we possess equals the Sarsaparilla in its efficacy. I have supplied the profession as well as to the people."

From *J. E. Johnston, Esq., Walsman, Ohio.*

"For many years, I had all the Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicine. The Erysipelas was so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors declared that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your Sarsaparilla, and in a few days the Erysipelas was cured. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From *Hon. Henry Monroe, M. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.*

"I have used your Sarsaparilla in my family, for general debility, and for purifying the blood, with very good success. It has done me good in commencing it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From *Harvey Steyer, Esq., the able editor of the True-Work Democrat, Pennsylvania.*

"Our only child, being three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and rendered him blind for some days. A skillful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we started his face, but with them should tear out the Erysipelas and corrupt wound which covered his whole forehead. He had nearly given up all hope from us, when we began giving your Sarsaparilla, and applying the juice of potato, which you direct. The sore began to heal, when he had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and far as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From *Dr. Hiram Blood, of St. Louis, Missouri.*

"I find your Sarsaparilla a most effective remedy for the secondary symptoms of Syphilis, both of the chronic and acute types, and effectual in some cases that were considered by the profession as incurable. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alternative is required."

From *Dr. Hiram Blood, of St. Louis, Missouri, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or mercurial disease, which grew more and more aggravated, and he was unable to walk, and he was nearly blind. He was cured by your Sarsaparilla, the skilful application of local remedies.*

From the well-known and widely-circulated *Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Cincinnati.*

"I have found your Sarsaparilla an excellent alternative in the treatment of Syphilis, and in the treatment of Leucorrhoea, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when it is used as directed by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name.

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhoea of long standing, by two bottles of your Sarsaparilla."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia, when caused by Scrofula in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

**AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS**

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

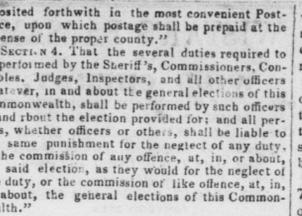
E. F. Barry, Bedford; J. B. Colvin, Schellsburg; J. M. Barnard, Bloody Run; L. Post, Stonefort; G. B. Amick, St. Charlesville; D. Stone, Woodbury; R. Ralston, Water Street; and dealers everywhere.

July 1, 1864.

**STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.**  
Bedford Rail Road Company.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Bedford Rail Road Company was held at the office of the Company in Bedford Borough, on Saturday, the 20th day of July, instant, at nine o'clock A. M., of said day, for the purpose of considering a joint agreement which has been entered into between the Directors of the Huntington and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company and the Bedford Rail Road Company, for the consolidation of said Companies, and the merging of the corporate rights, powers and privileges of the Bedford Rail Road Company into the Huntington and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company; at which meeting a vote by ballot in person or by proxy will be taken for the adoption or rejection of said agreement, according to the provisions of the Act of Assembly of May 16, 1862, in relation to the consolidation of Rail Road Companies. By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN P. REED, Secy.  
July 13, 1864.



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Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

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Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From *Dr. Hiram Blood, of St. Louis, Missouri.*

"DEAR AYER: I seldom fail to remove Eruptions and Scrofulous Sores by the persevering use of your Sarsaparilla. The medicine cured an attack of Erysipelas which I had on my face. No alternative we possess equals the Sarsaparilla in its efficacy. I have supplied the profession as well as to the people."

From *J. E. Johnston, Esq., Walsman, Ohio.*

"For many years, I had all the Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicine. The Erysipelas was so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors declared that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your Sarsaparilla, and in a few days the Erysipelas was cured. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From *Hon. Henry Monroe, M. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.*

"I have used your Sarsaparilla in my family, for general debility, and for purifying the blood, with very good success. It has done me good in commencing it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

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