The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning, March 20, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,

HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE,

of Fayette County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,

GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,

of Columbia County.

DECLINATION.

Bedford, Pa., March 17, 1868.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having been nominated for Constable, by the Republican party of this borough against my wishes and consent, I hereby respectfully decline the nomination.

S. S. DIEHL.

HUNGRY.

A new Poor House is to be built. So far so good. But there is a lot of hungry sharks lying in wait to pounce upon the job of putting up this much needed building. The *Bedford Inquirer* furnishes the swimming-hole for these greedy fish. The Radical *minority* want to get possession of this contract, at the expense of the Democratic *majority*. Any one who will sufficiently degrade himself to take the *Inquirer* into his hands, can see this at a glance. Look at its article of last week on this subject. It says, although it "has the fullest confidence in the personal integrity of the present County Commissioners," it cannot trust them because, (it alleges) they are controlled by "bitter and unscrupulous partizans!" The sequel will show not only that it is not true that the County Commisioners are thus controlled, but that the animus of this falsehood is the desire of the *Inquirer* clique to fasten their own filthy clutches upon the "public plunder." For instance, if Democratic partizans controlled the Commissioners, how could it be that the publishers of the *Inquirer* are allowed $603,50 for advertising for the year 1867, whilst the proprietors of the GAZETTE, are allowed for the same year, but $568,30? [See Auditor's Report]. Oh how is it that Mr. B. W. Garretson, Mr. Conrad Feaster and Mr. J. L. Norton, all good "Republicans," have been given contracts by these same Commissioners! The fact is, that the Commissioners regard no man's politics when they come to deal with him in matters of business. We defy the *Inquirer* to show a single instance in which any "Republican" has been wronged by the Commissioners on account of his politics. But, the *Inquirer* further says, "however faithful the Commissioners are now and may have been, there is no denying the fact that the aggregate of taxes in this County has under the management increased from $8647,26 in 1863 to $26,096,61, in 1867." Now, just here the *Inquirer* lies under a mistake. The aggregate of taxes in 1863, was $16,461.76, and the aggregate of taxes in 1867, was $21,475.15. For proof of this, we refer the reader to the records in the Commissioners' office. But we presume the *Inquirer* refers to the actual expenditures of the County for these respective years, instead of the aggregate assessments. Well, let us look at the figures. We have carefully copied from the records the following items of the county expenditures for the years 1863 and 1867, and now place them before the reader in the following camparative table:

For Building Bridges:	
1863——$366.00	1867——$9823.26
Costs in Commonwealth Cases:	
1863——$,1338,00	1867——$2342.40
Conveying Prisoners to Penitentiary:	
1863——nothing	1867——$908.00
Keeping Prisoners in Penitentiary:	
1863——$12.98	1867——$412.67
Boarding Prisoners in Jail:	
1863——666.28	1867——$933.25
Jurors' Fees:	
1863——1294.75	1867——$2742.55
Assessment Expenses:	
1863——428.98	1867——$1160.90

What do these figures show? Why that in 1863, expenditures for Building Bridges, Costs in Commonwealth Cases, Conveying Prisoners to Penitentiary, Keeping Prisoners in Penitentiary, Boarding Prisoners in Jail, Jurors' Fees and Assessment Expenses, were but 4106.99, whilst in 1867, they were, 18,323,03, or a difference of $14,216.04 in favor of 1863. Now, over these expenditures the Commissioners have no control whatever. Bridges are swept away by floods, and must be re-built. The Court orders the Commissioners to build them. It so happened that the bridge at Hopewell and the one at Roades' Mill near Stonerstown were destroyed by a freshet last year, and they had to be re-constructed during 1867. Are the Commissioners to be held responsible for the work of the elements? Again, there has been a great increase of crime during the last few years, and costs in Commonwealth cases had to be paid. The Court orders the Commissioners to pay them. A large proportion of these costs, was incurred in behalf of the *Inquirer's* Negro pets who have been taught that they are "as good as the whites," and, have thus imbibed the motion that they can violate the law just as well as anybody else. Are the Commissioners to be held responsible for the crime which results from the demoralization of society by the late glorious war? Criminals must be taken to the Penitentiary. The Court orders the Commissioners to pay for their transportation thither. Convicts must be boarded in the Penitentiary, the *Inquirer's* Negro pets included, and the law directs that the Commissioners shall pay their board, if the convicts fail to earn it. Prisoners must be boarded in jail, and the Court orders the Commissioners to pay the board. Jurors' fees must be paid (and during 1867 there were two *special courts*, and none in 1863) and the Court directs the Commissioners to pay them. Assessment expenses, too, the Commissioners are by law bound to pay (the triennial assessment took place in 1867, but not in 1863). How, then, are the Commissioners responsible for these things? Quarrel with the Almighty, if you please, for the destruction of bridges, or with the Court, or with the Law, but be just, if you can, and cease to blame the Commissioners for what they cannot control. From the preceding figures, it will be seen that $14,216.04 of the expenditures for 1867, were on account of matters entirely beyond the authority of the Commissioners. Now, the county tax for 1863, was, $16,461.76, and for 1867, $21,175.15, but $4,713.39, more for the latter than the former, notwithstanding the fact that *more than three times this increase* had to be paid, in 1867, for the unusual, but unavoidable expenses, set forth in the above table. We think the Commissioners deserve great credit for getting through with an addition of but $4,713.39 to the tax of 1863, considering that they were loaded down with these extraordinary expenses. We have thus shown up the true state of the case, in order that the greedy grabbers after the Poor House job may be foiled in their selfish and sneaking attempt to take the supervision of the erection of that building out of the hands of the Commissioners, to whom the law now commits it, in order that they may snap it up themselves. Out upon you, pharisees, hypocrites! Your cloven foot is plainly visible, and you can't place it upon the necks of the innocent and faithful in order that you may reach high enough to engorge yourselves with the plunder you covet.

PROGRESS OF IMPEACHMENT.

The trial of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, for "high crimes and misdemeanors" (P-h-e-w! what a long tail our cat has!) the said "high crimes and misdemeanors" consisting in the attempted removal of an odious cabinet officers, being just such "high crimes and misdemeanors" as Andrew Jackson and the sainted Lincoln were guilty of, progresses as rapidly as any fool who wants Congress to be made a Central Directory could well desire. On Friday last the President's counsel, Messrs. Stanbery, Curtis and Nelson, entered an appearance for him, and asked for forty days time to prepare their answer to the charges against Mr. Johnson. The impeachment managers, Ben. Butler, Surratt, Bingham, Buckshot Stevens, Dodger Wilson & co., insisted upon immediately proceeding with the trial, but the "High Court of Impeachment," by a vote of 26 to 25, decided against these hasty pudding pettifoggers.—Then came the question how long time the President should be allowed to prepare his answer. All the Democrats and some "Republicans" were willing to give him the time he asked. But the "Court" went into secret caucus, and in that dark and damnable Star-chamber, it was resolved to give him *only ten days!* An order to the effect that the trial should proceed as soon as the replication of the "managers" of Impeachment would be put in, with the reservation, "*unless otherwise ordered*," was then adopted, and the "Court" adjourned until Monday next. It looks as if the President were a doomed man. The jury before which he is to be tried, *is determined to convict*. It is packed with the President's enemies, and it would be hoping against hope to expect justice at its hands. Let them go on. If they want to make a martyr of Andrew Johnson, and if Johnson prefers martyrdom to resistance, so let it be. Time sets all things even.

MAD!

The Rads. of this borough are mad as thunder because the Democrats have nominated Mr. Wm. Gephart, for Constable. Mr. Gephart voted for Sharswood and the Democratic ticket last fall, as we presumed every body knew. He is not a convert of to-day, So don't rear and pitch so terribly, boys! You'll all want to come over some of these days.

THE STATE TICKET.

It is the custom of party organs to praise their candidates, but in the case of the Democratic State Ticket just nominated, partizan eulogy is unnecessary. MR. BOYLE, the nominee for Auditor General, is known throughout the length and breadth of the State, as an able lawyer and an incorruptible legislator. Ask any Rapublican member of the Legislatures of 1866 and 1867, what was the character of Charles E. Boyle, as a member of those bodies, and he will tell you, *it was that of the strictest honesty and the highest intelligence.* As for General Ent, the nominee for Serveyor General, the soldier citizens of Pennsylvania, will bear ample testimony to his worth. The Pennsylvania Reserves, the Old Guard of the Army of the Potomac, hold dear his name as that of a noble companion and a fearless leader. A cotemporary (the *Patriot and Union*,) says of these gentlemen:

Hon. CHARLES E. BOYLE, of Fayette county, for Auditor General, was a member of the Legislatures of 1866-7, but being a Democrat, he is not in the least chargeable with the corruption of the notorious assemblage of 1867. On the contrary, during his career as a legislator he distinguished himself as an antagonist of all the corrupt and partisan measures which have rendered the memory of that body infamous. Mr. Boyle is a gentleman of honesty. suavity, and pure character in every respect. His abilities and general knowledge of law, legislation and finance eminently fit him for the position for which he has been selected.

Gen. WELLINGTON H. ENT, for Surveyor General, is at present a practising lawyer of Columbia county, of which county he is a native. He graduated at the Law University at Albany, New York, a short time previous to the outbreak of the war, and had commenced the practice of law in Columbia, when the call to arms resounded through the land. Dropping his books and abandoning his practice, he shouldered a musket as a private in the Sixth Pennsylvania Reserves. From that time forth for a period of more than three years he participated in carrying out the brilliant war record of that gallant regiment. Step by step he rose – from private to lieutenant, from lieutenant to captain, from captain to major, from major to lieutenant colonel, from lieutenant colonel to colonel, which latter position he honorably and bravely filled at the muster out of the Reserves, in 1864. He was in all the engagements fought by the Army of the Potomac during that strange, eventful period—Drainesville, South Mountain, Antietam, &c.—and for his "distinguished services" he was brevetted a Brigadier General, at the close of the war. But General Ent does not rest alone upon his war record. His legal and business knowledge is fully equal to the discharge of the duties of the office for which he has been nominated. His rapid promotion in the army from the ranks to one of the most commanding positions is a sufficient guarantee that he is not only a brave man, but a man of great intellectual ability.

Such are the candidates just nominated by the Democracy of Pennsylvania. With their names upon our banner, we may well challenge the foe to the onset. Let the majority of 1,000 for Sharswood, be made at least ten times as great for these true and trustworthy representatives of the people.

GEN. GRANT's order to Gen. Hancock to restore the *seven negro councilmen* of New Orleans to the places from which the latter had removed them, has caused a depreciation of the bonds of that city to such an extent that great loss is sustained by the holders. Let it be remembered that Graveyard Grant is the man who forced these negroes back into office, and to make room for them, ousted good Union white men, as Gen. Hancock avouches them to be. The gallant Hancock declares that he cannot administer the laws, when such appointments are forced upon him, and has asked to be released from the command of the fifth Satrapy. No decent white soldier could quietly brook such an insult as this put upon him by the founder of the Virginia Graveyards, Useless Grant.

THE *Inquirer*, of last week, says that a new Democratic paper, called the *Repudiator*, has been started in St. Louis, and that the Democracy profess one kind of principles in one part of the country and another in another. The *Repudiator* does not profess to be a Democratic paper, but represents the financial doctrines of such men as Butler, Thad. Stevens and Gen. Beatty (he who was lately elected as the Radical candidate for Congress in the eighth district of Ohio). Can't the *Inquirer* stumble on the truth once in a while? The Democratic platforms of the States that have held conventions lately, are homogeneous and consistent with each other on the financial question. But the Radical State platforms are the very opposite. In Ohio and Indiana, they declare for the payment of the federal debt in greenbacks, but in Pennsylvania, they stick to gold for the bondholders. Is this not true, Mr. *Inquirer?* Answer this, and don't wait till after the election to do it, as you did on the Negro Suffrage question.

—Important gold discoveries have been made in Franklin county, Ga. There is great excitement in that locality, and the mines are said to be very rich.

—A fire at Pit Hole, destroyed thirty buildings. It was caused by the bursting of a kerosene lamp.—Loss $126,000.

HARRISBURG.

The Radical State Convention; Threatened Rupture; The Free Railroad Law; Senator Stutzman; A "registration" choke; Shugert case, &c.

Correspondence of the Bedford Gazette.

HARRISBURG, Mar. 15.

MESSRS EDITORS:—The political cauldron is beginning to simmer, and some singular "stews" are resulting. The Radical State Convention met at Philadelphia last week and had a "good time generally." The Legislature adjourned in honor of the event, and the Radical solons of that body proceeded to the scene of the party gathering, doubtless, with the intention of lending an air of honesty and respectability to the assembled delegates. It seemed a little queer to find that in this convention Simon Cameron was the "under dog in the fight," and that Andy Curtin stood over him, master of the situation. The truth is, however, that Simon did not care to make much of an effort to defeat Curtin, as he well knows that the latter's chances are slim at any rate. I mean Curtin's chances for the Radical nomination for the Vice Presidency. Nevertheless, there were other interests that operated against Curtin, and these naturally had the sympathy of Cameron's friends in the Convention. The result was that Ben. Wade's name was introduced as that of Curtin's competitor, and Ben. received quite a respectable vote. A resolution to require the delegation to Chicago to vote as a unit for Curtin, caused a bitter fight and some of the delegates threatened to leave the Convention, if it were pressed. The Curtin men, however, insisted upon it, and it was finally passed, 47 votes being cast against it. There is a fair prospect of double sets of delegates to Chicago and a rupture in the party on account of the gag being thus applied to the minority. At any rate, the Convention was anything but harmonious, and many of the Radical lookers-on went away disgusted.

The "Free Railroad" struggle in the Legislature, still continues. There are two measures, each of which is claimed by its friends, to be the simon pure, "original Jacobs," the one having originated in the House, the other in the Senate. The House bill requires as a pre-requisite to the granting of a railroad charter, the subscription of $4,000 per mile, with ten per cent. paid up; the Senate bill requires $10,000 per mile to be subscribed with ten per cent. paid up. The House insisting upon its bill and the Senate adhering to its own, a committee of conference has been appointed to harmonize, if possible, the difference, between the two houses. Your Senator, Maj. Stutzman, has voted for the Senate bill, and urges in defence of his vote, that there was an understanding with the opponents of the Pittsburg and Connellsville bill, that if that bill would be permitted to pass, such a Free Railroad law as is proposed in the Senate bill, would be all that would be asked for. This understanding, he says, was made on his own part, in pursuance of a resolution adopted by a meeting of the citizens of Somerset, about a year ago. Besides it is represented that if no charter be allowed until $10,000 per mile be subscribed and ten per cent. of the same be paid up, there will be greater assurance that those who apply for charters mean to build railroads, and not merely to speculate. As this vote of Mr. Stutzman upon this question, has been made the subject of severe animadversion, I have deemed it proper to give your readers, his side of the case. There can be no doubt that under the House bill, it will be a much easier matter to obtain charters than under the Senate bill. For my own part, I do not consider either of them a *true Free* Railroad measure. My own notion is, that a "Free Railroad Law," is an enactment under which any party, or parties, may build railroads, with the sole restriction of non-interference with vested rights. Such is my definition of this much mooted term, and until the legislature act upon this view of the matter, we shall not be much benefited by what is called *Free Railroad* legislation.

A "registration law," is before the House, having passed the Senate, which will entail an infinite deal of vexation and trouble upon those people who desire hereafter to exercise the right of suffrage. It requires the citizens to make proof to the Assessors, of their right to vote, and *every man who does not call upon the assessor and thus prove his citizenship, can be excluded from the polls!* This is one of the Radical devices to stifle the voice of the people. It will, doubtless, pass the House, as it did the Senate, by a strictly party vote.

The Shugert contested election case is still undecided. The great hullaballoo made by Swoope, Cessna & Co., about frauds committed by Democrats, has entirely subsided and the most important witnesses for the contestant have been proved to be men unworthy of belief. Mr. Shugert will not be ousted, unless the political necessity of the Radicals is a stronger argument with the Committee than truth and fairness.

X.

FROM THE EAST.

Correspondence of the Bedford Gazette.

LEBANON, PA., *March* 11, 1862.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Believing that you would occasionally like to hear from other parts of the State, how the democracy is flourishing, I thought I would write you a few lines for your valuable Democratic paper, and inform you concerning matters and things in Lebanon. It is true that our people are somewhat secluded, from the fact that they are some distance from the great business thoroughfares of our State, but they nevertheless, take an active interest in the progress of things in general, and in none more than the political situation. The Democrats of our borough have already organized a Democratic Club, a Junior Democratic Club, and, in a short time will organize the two into a Reading Club where Democratic newspapers will be read and the news fully digested from every stand-point.

Our county is largely "republican," but we have over 2,000 Democratic voters, good and true, whom money cannot buy and menaces cannot frighten. The frenzy of the Radicals in Washington and their fanatical doings in the present session of Congress, have gone a great way towards disheartening honest "republicans" who believed in the *mouth* patriotism professed by their leaders. Many of these persons have looked with horror upon the efforts of the New England fanatics to equalize the franchise and when told by Democrats that it is the intention of the leaders of their party to give the negroes the right of suffrage, they stoutly denied that such was the case, and now, when it is but too palpable, there are many of them ready to leave the party which has so long deceived them. Some who will not unite with the democracy in putting down this unholy usurpation of power on the part of Congress, are, however, luke-warm in their radicalism and cannot be induced to go to the polls, at all thereby helping us indirectly. Our people are a curious people, prone to trust in their leaders, but when deceived, they become disheartened. I have not the least doubt that Impeachment will tell on the Republican majority, and would to God that it would so tell over the entire country that the revolutionists will themselves become the impeached! They will then learn that children should not play with edge-tools which may be made to cut two ways.

We are alive to the work before us in the present campaign, and do not intend to permit the interest of our people to flag, knowing that it will require eternal vigilance to circumvent the scoundrels who are now in power. The Auditors' Report of our County Treasurer's account, shows that there is a deficiency in that account of over $17,000! Is there any wonder that the "republicans" have plenty of money for electioneering purposes, when the people are thus plundered by wholesale. The party of great moral ideas, have a sufficiency now to do to cover up the peculations that are thus, in spite of them, brought to light. More anon.

A SOLDIER.

—The County Treasurer's safe at Glenwood, Iowa, was blown open on the night of the 24th ult., and robbed of $5,000. This, with the robbery of the Treasurer's office of Harrison County of $15,000 and Louis County of $17,000, makes a total of $37,000 robbed by one gang. Several members have been traced to Council Bluffs, and two of them arrested with part of the stolen property in their possession.

—So many incendiary fires have recently occurred in Buffalo, New York, that the Police Commissioners have been compelled to add one hundred special patrolmen to the Police force. Notwithstanding their precaution, extensive fires are of nightly occurrence. On Tuesday, attempts were made to fire three prominent buildings. One of these was successful, and Cunn's Melodeon was totally destroyed, involving a loss of $12,000.

—When last heard from, Washburne was engaged in trying to hush Anna Dickinson's defiant exposures of 'Grant's beastly drunkenness,' "Grant's debaucheries," &c. But up to the latest advices the gentle, the lovely Anna was implacable. She declares that Grant is a "disgrace to the Republican party, who contracted his immoral habits when he was a Copperhead." O, lovely Anna, how can one so sweet as you be so uncharitable!

—Chicago is going to have the largeest and most elegant railway depot in the world. It is to be built entirely of stone, by the three leading railway companies centering in that city, will be over one thousand three hundred feet long, and will cost when completed, nearly $2,000,000.

—The Sioux Indians have, it is reported, already commenced a spring campaign against the mail carriers. The Soldiers at Fort Stevenson are burning their warehouses to prevent being frozen to death, and the Indians in the neighborhood are eating their horses to prevent starvation.

—In the Kansas Legislature the lower house have passed the Senate bill permitting all persons, without regard to color or sex, to practice law in the courts of that State.

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!—*Scratch! Scratch!! Scratch!!!*—In from 10 48 hours

WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	THE ITCH.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	SALT RHEUM.
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WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	*Every kind of Humor like Magic.*

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INFORMATION.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 823 Broadway, New York. sep13m8

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

FACTS.

That we have unequalled facilities for conducting business to the advantage both of ourselves and patrons, we submit the following TRUTHS—well known as such to the entire business community.

1st. We have *abundant cash capital*, therefore—
2d. We are enabled to *Buy for Cash exclusively*, consequently at the *lowest possible prices*, with the markets of the entire world to select from.
3d. In this particular WE HAVE ADVANTAGES shared by no other house in our business.
4th. We sell for cash exclusively—therefore at the lowest possible prices—having no losses incurred by selling on credit, to provide for.
5th We have a business experience of a quarter of a century, having been longer established than any house in our trade in Philadelphia.
6th. Our business is thoroughly systematized, the result of long experience, which has taught us what the wants of the public are, and how best to meet them.
7th. We employ the best talent in all departments, our garments are therefore unsurpassed in style, fit and workmanship.
8th. Our business is large and constantly increasing, enabling us to keep at all times the *largest, best assorted, and most complete stock* of MEN'S, YOUTHS', and BOYS' CLOTHING in Philadelphia, to which large daily additions are made of fresh goods, replacing those sold.
9th. For reasons already enumerated we can, and do sell clothing in every respect superior—surpassed by none, equalled by few—at prices guaranteed *in all cases lower than the the lowest elsewhere*, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.
10th. If buyers should for any cause become dissatisfied after a purchase is made, if reported within a reasonable time, we pledge ourselves, by exchange, refunding of money, or otherwise, to give full satisfaction in every case, and request that all such may be reported to us for adjustment.

CARD.—Our stock of Fall and Winter Clothing is full and complete, and selling rapidly, but is as rapidly replenished each day with fresh and desirable styles of new goods, purchased recently, for cash, at great sacrifices, enabling us to sell at prices lower than have been known for years. Congratulating our patrons upon the decline of prices, which enables us to offer superior garments *at such low rates*, we request the favor of a call.

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jan3m6*

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED whose sufferings have been protracted from hideous causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits or melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter how long standing

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

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H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
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PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. mar3,'67y1

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CENTS.—Thousands of Children die annually of Croup. Now, Mothers, if you spend 50 cents, and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment in the house, you never need fear losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 20 years since I have put up my Liniment, and never heard of a child dying of Croup when my Liniment was used; but hundreds of cases of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle they would not be without it. Besides which, it is a certain cure for Cuts, Burns, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throats, Swellings, Mumps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Spasms, Old Sores, and Pains in the Back and Chest. No one once tries it who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full Directions with every bottle. Sold by the Drugists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street New York. feb21ml.

SUDDEN DEATH is the fate of every fibre upon which the

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Ressurrection

for the filaments thus blighted. But, as it were,

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hair of any obnoxious color is changed to a

Rich and Glorious Hue,

and at the same time vitalized and improved by the use of

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

nature's safe ally, and beauty's regenerator Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 68 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. feb21ml

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address Rev. EDWARD A WILSON, No. 165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, New York. sep13m8

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, may17,'67-1y. Cedar Street, New York.

THE HEALING POOL, AND HOUSE OF MERCY.—Howard Association Reports for YOUNG MEN, on the *crime of solitude*, and the *errors, abuses* and *diseases* which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to *marriage*, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLON HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. jan7,'67y1.

Sales.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' court of Bedford County, the undersigned will sell at public sale, upon the premises, ON THE 21st DAY OF MARCH, the following described valuable tract of land, late the residence of John Potter, dec'd., situate in Middle Woodbury tp., Bedford co., adjoining lands of Jeremiah Mentzer, John Keagy, Philip Croft and others, containing 80 acres and 11 perches of first class Morrison's Cove farming land, under good fence and in a high state of cultivation. Well watered, and part of it well timbered. A good log house and large, new, bank barn thereon erected. There is a spring of water near the house which is nowhere excelled. This tract of land is situated in the best agricultural region in the County and is in every way a most desirable property.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M.

TERMS:—One-third in hand on confirmation of sale, and the remainder in two equal annual payments without interest. GEORGE S. POTTER, feb28w4 Trustee.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

2 tracts, of 160 acres each, within three miles of a depot on the Union Pacific Railroad, back of Omaha.

1 tract of bottom land, timbered and praire, two miles from Omaha city.

One-third of 7,000 acres in Fulton county, Pa., including valuable ore, mineral and timber lands, near Fort Littleton.

Over 4,000 acres of valuable ore, coal and timber lands in West Virginia.

Also—320 acres of land in Woodbury co., Iowa.

ALSO—Twenty-five one acre lots, adjoining the borough of Bedford, with limestone rock for kiln or quarry, on the upper end of each.

ALSO

320 acres	in Reynolds	Co.,	Missouri.
480 do	do Shannon	do	do
270½ do	do Bollinger	do	do
80 do	do Franklin	do	Iowa.

O. E. SHANNON,
jun21,'67y1 Bedford, Pa.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale the following valuable bodies of land:

THREE CHOICE TRACTS OF LAND, containing 160 acres each, situated on the Illinois Central Railroad, in Champaign county, State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and one mile from Rentual Station on said Railroad. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never-failing pond of water upon it The city of Urbana contains about 4,000 inhabitants. Champaign the greatest wheat growing county in Illinois.

ALSO—*One-fourth of a tract of land*, situated in Broad Top township, Bedford county, containing about 45 acres, with all the coal veins of Broad Top running through it.

ALSO—*Three Lots in the town of Coalmont*, Huntingdon county.

Jan 26, '66-tf F. C. REAMER.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.—One lot of ground in the centre of Bloody Run, fronting on Main street about sixty-five feet, one of the very best business locations in Bloody Run. Also, ten acres of wood land, adjacent to Bloody Run, lying on the Bedford Rail Road, containing first rate iron ore and having thereon a never-failing spring of water.

For particulars inquire at the store of Mrs. S. E. Mann, Bloody Run, or of Dr. Hickok, Bedford, Pa. Dec 15, '65.

THE GREAT

AMERICAN COMBINATION

Button Hole Overseaming

AND

SEWING MACHINE.

Is warranted to execute in the best manner, every variety of Sewing, Hemming, Felling, Cording, Tucking, Braiding, Gathering, Quilting Overseaming, Embroidering on the edge, and in addition makes beautiful Button and Eyelet Holes in all fabrics.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST

FAMILY MACHINE

IN THE WORLD,

And Intrinsically the Cheapest.

For it is two Machines combined in one by a simple and beautiful mechanical arrangement. Circulars with full particulars and samples of work done on this machine, can be had on application at the

SALES-ROOMS OF THE COMPANY.
S. W. Cor. Eleventh and Chestnut Sts.
PHILADELPHIA.

Instructions given on the Machine gratuitously to all purchasers.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THIS MACHINE.

Directors.

J. L. FENTMORE, President.
WILLIAM P. JENKS,
President Buck Mountain Coal Company.
BENJAMIN BULLOCK,
Wool Merchant, No. 40 South Front St.
H. H. REED, of George W. Reed & Co.,
Wholesale Clothing, No. 423 Market St.
A HART, JOHN T. TAITT, GEO. J. RICHARDSON, W. B. MENDENHALL,
Of Coatesville, Chester County, Pa.
F. PAXON, of F. Paxon & Co.,
Notions, No. 504 Market Street.

jan3.'68

S. J. McCAULSIN, Agent, Bedford, Pa.

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

WM. T. HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE"

OF

"KEYSTONE SKIRTS,"

are the best and Cheapest Low Priced Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 25 springs, $1.00; 30 springs, $1.20; and 40 springs, $1.45. Plain Skirts, 6 tapes, 20 springs, 86 Cents; 25 springs, 95 Cents, 30 springs, $1 15; and 35 springs, $1.25. Warranted in every respect.

"Our Own Make" of "UNION SKIRTS," Eleven Tape Trails, from 20 to 50 springs, $1.20 to $2.50. Plain, Six Tapes 20 to 50 springs, from 95 Cents to $2 00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods, and at much lower prices.

"Our Own Make of "CHAMPION SKIRTS" are in every way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best linen-finished English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metalic fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other Skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. Every lady should try them. They are being sold extensively by Merchants throughout this and the adjoining States at very moderate prices. If you want the best, ask for "Hopkin's Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us. Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed. MANUFACTORY and SALESROOM, 728 Arch Street, Between 6th and 7th Sts., Pa.

WM. HOPKINS.

mar6m10

FARMERS, TAKE NOTICE.—

GOOD CANADA SEED BARLEY.

The undersigned have a supply of first quality Canada Barley on hand, which they desire to introduce to the farmers of the neighboring counties. They will be glad to sell limited quantities of it as seed to such farmers as desire to embark in the raising of this very profitable crop, and will in return purchase from such all marketable Barley they may have for sale after harvest, paying therefor the current market price, in cash, on delivery. Price for seed $2 00 per bushel, sent as may be directed on receipt of order, accompanied by the cash. Address

OSCAR GRAEFE & CO.,
mar13w4* Jo nstown, Pa.

A RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED ALL PERSONS

To display their Goods;
To sell their Goods:
To gather information;
To make known their wants;
&c., &c. &c. &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,

by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

OYES! O YES! O Yes!—The undersigned having taken out auctioneer license holds himself in readiness to cry sales and auctions on the shortest notice. Give him a call. Address him at Ray's Hill, Bedford county, Pa.

oct2-m6 WILLIAM GRACEY.

TERMS for every description of Job PRINTING CASH! for the reason that for every article *we* use, we must pay cash; and the cash system will enable us to do our work as low as it can be done in the cities.

MERCHANTS and MECHANICS, and Business men generally will advance their own interests by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

THE Local circulation of the BEDFORD GAZETTE is larger than that of any other paper in this section of country, and therefore offers the greatest inducements to business men to advertise in its columns.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania