DEPARTMENT NEWS.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

Wreck of Schooner Niagara.—The following circular of the United States consul at Matamoras, respecting the schooner "Niagara" having drifted ashore with a valuable cargo, but with neither any person, books, nor papers on board to show where she belonged, is published for the information of whomsoever it may concern. The person or persons claiming the schooner and cargo should lose no time in furnishing evidence of ownership either to this department or direct to the United States consul at Matamoras:

[Circular.]

CONSULATE OF THE U. S. A.,
Matamoras, June 9, 1857.

The collector of the customs at this port has communicated to this consulate, under date of the 21st February last, that a vessel loaded with a valuable cargo of lumber of different kinds drifted ashore on this coast, about twelve leagues south of the mouth of the Rio Grande, near the *rancho del Bareil*, called the "Niagara," without having any person on board. The name of the vessel and the character of the cargo impresses me with the belief that both the one and the other are actually American property; and acting under this conviction, I have made an official demand of the local authorities here to sell the same as soon as practicable, and deliver to me the proceeds, less salvage and expenses, to be holden in trust for the legal owners, in conformity with the laws of this government and the existing treaty between the United States and the republic of Mexico.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

P. SEUZENEAU, Consul.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Letter from Maryland.—The Commissioner of Patents has received an interesting letter from H. W. Hoffman, esq., of Cumberland, Maryland, dated July 11, in which the writer states that there is manifestly an increasing interest felt by the agricultural community in the operations of the agricultural division of the Patent Office. So far as he was able to learn, there was no expenditure on the part of the general government which met with such general approval and commendation as that intended for the advancement of the agriculture of the country.

Letter from Washington Territory.—The Commissioner of Patents has received an interesting letter from an officer of the army, stationed on Bogg's Claim, on Port Townsend, Washington Territory, dated May 20, 1857, in which he states that it may be interesting to the Commissioner to learn that in this latitude, (48° 7' north,) although the winter was harsher than usual according to the old residents, it was not sufficiently cold to freeze the garden ground; that some of the volunteer radishes, parsnips, beets, and lettuce were growing so finely in winter that it suggested the idea of making a garden. Accordingly, on the 26th of January, he planted a few beds with peas, potatoes, and such seeds as he had received from the Patent Office, all of which had thrived beyond his expectations.

Pension Bureau.—The following is an abstract of the business of this bureau for the last month, (July,) under the act of March 3, 1855:

Number of applications for bounty land received, 1,354.

Number of warrants or certificates issued, 2,185.

To satisfy these warrants, 321,440 acres of land will be required, as follows:

1,712	warrants of	160 acres each		273,920
247	"	120	"	29,640
221	"	80	"	17,680
5	"	40	"	200
2,185				321,440

Total number of applications received, 277,668.

Total number of warrants issued, 201,207.

It will require 26,234,770 acres of the public lands to satisfy these warrants, as shown by the following statement, viz:

70,515	warrants for	160 acres each		11,282,400
93,039	"	120	"	11,164,680
46,871	"	80	"	3,749,680
329	"	60	"	19,740
443	"	40	"	17,720
5	"	100	"	500
5	"	10	"	50
211,207				26,234,770

WAR DEPARTMENT.

The Minnesota Indian Difficulties.—Upon making inquiries at the War Department we were informed that no further intelligence had been received from Fort Snelling in reference to the recent outbreak of the Indians caused by the refusal of the Indian agents of the Territory of Minnesota to pay the Indian annuities until the Spirit Lake murderers had been given up. It is the opinion of that department that the despatch received a few days since is perfectly reliable, and that these difficulties have been amicably adjusted, in consequence of the prompt interposition of government to sustain the course pursued by those agents. From the Indian Bureau we have the same satisfactory assurance. Doubtless, if the Indians assembled at Yellow Medicine were still in a state of hostility, the government would have been informed of it at the earliest possible moment.

Interesting from the Gila Expedition.—Subjoined is the copy of a letter received yesterday morning at the War Department:

HEADQUARTERS GILA EXPEDITION,
Depot on Rio Gila, June 2, 1857.

COLONEL: In forwarding my monthly return, I have the honor to remark that the expedition is developing one of the most beautiful, fertile, and healthy regions of our country, in all places finding evidences of a former numerous people, more civilized, more industrious, and no doubt more docile than the wandering Apache who now desolates it.

In some localities are found irrigating canals, cut ten feet wide into the sides of the mountains, conveying water miles to irrigate valleys of the richest character, some of which are able to contain twenty thousand inhabitants.

Our efforts constantly at the heels of these Apaches force them further west—crowding, as I learn, upon more western nations, who report that their mountains are inundated with new faces, who are forcing their way with rifle and revolver.

I am, Colonel, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

B. L. E. BONNEVILLE,
Colonel 3d Infantry, Commanding Gila Expedition.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Gen. Walker's Men.—The Navy Department received yesterday morning official intelligence of the arrival at Boston, on the 29th ultimo, of the United States sloop Cyane, Capt. Robert G. Robb, with 53 of Gen. Walker's men. The Cyane made the passage from Aspinwall to Boston in 24 days.

Subjoined is a list of the names of these men:

Patrick Hogan, William Dally, James Lambert, George Boswell, David Ferrier, Samuel Downing, Wm. Demmons, Charles Johnson, Richard H. Hancock, Patterson Dawes, Thomas Simpson, William Gibbs, James O'Brien, Richard R. Reyn, James W. Doyle, Thomas Smith, Edward Kurran, George Cogswell, Bladen Dulany, Andrew J. Dempsey, James W. Stuart, George McKenzie, Frank M. Duvall, Chapin F. Brown, A. Easterby, George W. Daniel, John Mayer, Michael Murphy, Thomas M. Young, Wm. Sadd, Wm. J. Gaskill, Royal G. Stokely, Stephen Wilson, Edward A. Russell, B. L. Jones, Wm. D. Cloud, John McMahon, James D. Vanhorn, Alexander Anderson, George W. White, William Millons, Harold M. Carter, Henry Bien, James W. Briggs, Alden Whitney, Patrick Gibbons, Isaac R. Snyder, Johnson B. Miller, Henry Cox, and Francis P. Dillard.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Contract Office.—The frequent missending and delay of mail bags for the want of suitable labels to indicate their destination has induced the Postmaster General to order that, hereafter, no PAPER LABELS shall be used, (as is now too frequently,) but only such as are made of metal, wood, or leather, which are not liable to be defaced or destroyed.

Professor George W. Green, a grandson of Gen. Green, of the Revolution, is about to publish the General's "papers."

The estate of Richard Boylston, esq., the veteran editor of the Amherst (N. H.) Cabinet, lately deceased, has been appraised at $80,000.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

THE WIDOW OF HENRY CLAY.—A correspondent of the St. Louis Republican, who was present at the laying of the corner-stone of the Clay monument at Lexington, on the 4th of July, thus refers, in his letter to that journal, to the venerable widow of that great Kentucky statesman:

"Before leaving Ashland, I passed over to the residence of Mr. John Clay, to pay my respects to the widow of Henry Clay. At the hour of the visit she was out taking an evening ride. I met her, however, amid the scenery endeared to her by a thousand associations—on a beautiful drive through the shades of the woodland pastures of Ashland. Mrs. Clay is seventy-six years of age. Until within a year she has been in hearty, good health. Her feebleness is now, however, growing manifest, and the time is not remote when, in the tomb to be erected for her husband, and by his side, she, too, will be consigned to her final earthly repose. May her closing days be tranquil, hopeful, and happy."

FAST RUNNING.—Last Saturday evening, Mr. Canfield, of the Bates House, at Indianapolis, received a despatch informing him of an injury to his son in Pennsylvania by a camphene explosion, just after the Bellefontaine train had left Union depot. He telegraphed to the conductor at Union city to wait for him, and, hiring a locomotive, made the distance, eighty-four miles, in one hour and thirty-one minutes. The conductor waited for him at Bellefontaine just forty minutes.—*Cincinnati Gazette, 25th.*

The new steamer Colorado has been chained to the wharf at the navy-yard since Monday for the exercise of her machinery at the rate of thirty strokes per hour, and will be kept at it for a week in all, which will be equivalent to a trial trip at sea. We learn that her machinery works to a charm, gives entire satisfaction to the engineers who have the management of it, and is, in every respect, equal to that of the Roanoke, which cannot be surpassed.—*Norfolk Herald.*

SALES OF WHEAT.—The Louisville Courier states that the proprietors of one of the largest flouring mills in that city have closed contracts for upwards of 30,000 bushels of wheat at one dollar per bushel.

A man named John King was arrested in Cincinnati on Saturday, suspected as the murderer of David W. Thompson, of Octibeha county, Mississippi, on the 29th ult. A reward of $2,000 has been offered for his apprehension.

Hon. Wm. Cost Johnson delivered an address before the democratic congressional convention at Bladensburg, Md., on Tuesday last, as also did Edmund B. Stephens, esq., Col. Leonard, and M. W. Cluskey, esq.

Among the odd items of the day, there is one stating that the Uranian Literary Society of the State University of Missouri has elected Miss Matilda Heron, the actress, to an honorary membership of their body.

Thalberg, the pianist, was robbed of $300 last week, when leaving the boat on his return from Cape May, being the proceeds of his concert at that place.

Col. Wood has made an arrangement with the Siamese Twins for five years for exhibition in the principal southern cities.

At St. Paul, Minnesota, board is $14 per week; washing $1 25 to 1 75 per dozen.

The Fauquier White Sulphur Springs,

IN VIRGINIA;

OFFERED FOR SALE TO THE PUBLIC IN LOTS.

THIS property has been held under an act of incorporation since 1838. The chartered property then consisted of 1,185½ acres of land, in Fauquier county, including the improvements thereon, and was divided into 2,500 shares, estimated in the charter at $100 each. The subscriber having subsequently reacquired the property, sold a part thereof, and there now remain fully eleven hundred acres, together with the buildings enlarged and greatly improved. The more easily to sell such a property, and to increase its value, he has laid off the larger portion of the land into about 10,000 building lots, with convenient streets, of 60 feet width, running north and south, east and west, with a view to the formation of a village or city, to be called "Warrenton Springs." These lots nearly surround the reserved sixty-five acres, which include the Sulphur Springs and all the contiguous buildings and improvements. These sixty-five acres, also, are offered for sale, in 2,500 shares, in connexion with the lots; the whole 12,500 lots and shares being estimated at $10 each, and when taken to be partitioned by lot; those getting the 2,500 shares will constitute the corporation under the amended charter of February 2, 1854, known as the Fauquier White Sulphur Springs Company; and those getting the respective lots will receive their deeds from Mr. Ro. Hudgin, a gentleman of the highest character and business qualifications, to whom, as trustee for the purpose, the entire property has been conveyed.

The valuation of this property by the sworn officer of the Commonwealth shows that the buildings alone are worth $80,000; the assessment per acre is put at $84. Such property requires more liberal expenditures for the public accommodation than individuals are able or willing to risk, and the fact that so many will be interested in the success of the Springs, and in building around them, will probably double, immediately after the company is formed, the present estimate. A subscriber will, in the worst event, get a lot (of the almost universal dimensions in New York) for the sum of ten dollars. He will get a lot on which he can build, at the very fountain of health; he may reside on it for the summer season only, or for the year. The inducements to build will be irresistible; and the fact of such buildings being erected will immeasurably enhance the value of the Springs and of the lots. There is no reason why a city of magnitude should not rise up and flourish at this place. The Rappahannock river is navigable to the spot. A very little energy would always keep the locks in repair. The Alexandria and Lynchburg railroad crosses the river about 8 or 9 miles below this land. Coal, at a cheap rate, may be unloaded from the cars into the boats. Indefinite steam power may thus be commanded at will; and the facility of transportation gives the same advantages which Lowell has for unlimited business. The railroad, already within 6 miles, will soon extend to New Orleans, whose inhabitants may then reach these Springs in three days. As healthy a spot as any in Virginia—in an abundant region—with all these facilities why should not a city thrive and prosper here? At all events, around these health-giving waters, already so extensively and beautifully improved, all, the high and the low, the rich and the poor, have now an opportunity of sojourning for the summer season, or longer, on terms graduated by their means; and the benignant design of the legislature in granting the charter may be realized to the fullest extent.

This property is tendered to the public at about the value on which the taxes are paid to the State, and greatly below the original outlay. The assessment was made by an intelligent public officer noway interested. Almost indefinite profits may be relied on if the plan of sale be carried out. If it be not, no one will be injured; even the small sum of ten dollars is not required to be paid until the subscription be completed, and the partition shall be made by the trustee, assisted by two justices of the peace. In the mean time checks in favor of the trustee, or other satisfactory arrangement, for the subscription, may be made, not to be used till the day of partition. The trustee will apply the money after partition, in the first place, to the extinguishment of all liens on the property, so as to give assurance of good title—a title reported in 1838, by able attorneys, as then entirely satisfactory, and which has been doubly confirmed by 19 years of quiet, undisturbed possession since that time.

The plan of estimating lots and shares in the Springs Company, as of equivalent value in the partition, will save trouble in the division; and after this partition the interests of the lot-holders and Springs stockholders will be in law entirely distinct, while the success of one party must greatly enhance the other. Any one may subscribe for one or more shares in this purchase, and his interest will be in proportion.

THOMAS GREEN.

NOTE.—1. All the streets are 60 feet wide, and run north and south, east and west.

2. Each square, in the plan, fronts 250 feet on streets running east and west, and 220 feet on streets running north and south, and (with its portion of the streets and alley) contains about two acres.

3. No payment of even the $10 is required till it is ascertained, by the number of subscribers, that a city is to be built; in which event the value must greatly exceed the cost.

4. In the partition the 10,000 lots will be represented by tokens, with the number of square and of lot on each. These tokens will be put in the same vessel with 2,500 similar ones, marked "1 share of stock." In another vessel subscribers' names will be put, (each name repeated according to the number of shares he may have taken,) and in the drawing, as in the division of large estates among numerous heirs, each will thus have an equal chance with any other of getting a share of Spring stock, or the more highly valued lot.

The 2,500 who get the shares of stock will, for the aggregate sum of only $25,000, get the 65 acres, including the Sulphur Spring, the buildings, (assessed at $80,000,) and the furniture.

Those who get suitable building lots for large hotels may be still more successful, while those least fortunate will get building lots of 25 by 100 feet, that must be worth, as the population increases, much more than the cost.

5. Subscription lists and lithographic plans of the proposed city are left at most of the bookstores and other public places in this city. The agents having them can become the representatives of the respective subscribers, and in surrendering the lists can get assurance of the deeds. The payments and the drawing are desired to be at the same time, or the subscription may be deposited in any solvent bank, to be paid to Robert Hudgin on the day of partition.

Letters to the subscriber in this city will receive attention from

Aug 1 THOMAS GREEN.

SPLENDID HOTEL LOT FOR SALE,

In the city of Washington, D. C., and fronting on Pennsylvania avenue.

THE LOT is about one hundred and seventy feet by one hundred and sixty feet, being the ground partly occupied by the Union newspaper printing office, and partly by the ruins of the late National Theatre. There is no place in the country where a first-class hotel is more imperatively required, nor where such a one would so surely prove profitable. The terms will be made very favorable, and, if needed, facilities will be afforded in the erection of a suitable hotel.

Apply, in Washington, to C. H. WINDER; or, in Philadelphia, to W. H. WINDER, No. 76½ Walnut street.

And, if not sold, the Union Buildings will be for rent, and possession given on the 1st of september, 1857.

July 28—2aw2m† [Intel.]

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE ENGLISH BOOKS.—Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, his Life and Works. 2 vols. with steel portrait. $2.

Russell's Modern Europe, from the Rise of the Modern Kingdoms to the Peace of Paris in 1856. New edition, with a compendious index. 4 vols., half-bound calf. $10.

Ocean Gardens: The History of the Marine Aquarium, and the best methods now adopted for its establishment and preservation. By H. Noel Humphreys. Beautifully illustrated by colored engravings. $3 25.

The Art of Travel. By Francis Galton, F. R. G. S. $2.

A Life of Napoleon Bonaparte. Illustrated. 75 cents.

The Household Manager. By Charles Pierce. 88 cents.

A Manual of Domestic Economy. By J. H. Walsh, assisted in various departments by a committee of ladies. Illustrated with more than two hundred wood engravings; half bound. Price, $2.

Frank Wildman's Adventures on Land and Water. By Gerstaecker. With tinted illustrations by Harrison Weir. $1.

Just imported by

TAYLOR & MAURY,
July 16 Bookstore, near 9th street.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE CRIMINAL COURT YESTERDAY.—FOURTH DAY OF THE ELECTION-RIOT CASE.—THE TESTIMONY OF CAPT. TYLER.—The court room was again filled yesterday. Shortly after the opening of the court, Mr. Bradley brought forward a diagram of the scene of the riots at the first precinct of the Fourth ward, and explained it to the jury. At the request of the jury, Captain Goddard and Hanson Ridgeway were recalled. Captain Goddard, in answer to questions, stated that he had been struck three times, but could not say whether the blows came from before or behind. Mr. Ridgeway could not identify Charles Hurdle as one of the rioters.

Several hours of the court were then occupied in the examination of Charles Evans, Edward F. Queen, John G. Freer, and Richard Owens; after which, Mayor Magruder was recalled. The testimony of the mayor was substantially the same as that published in our issue of Wednesday morning.

Mr. Pyles called: Saw Robert Slatford take a part in the riot; it was in the morning, just after the attack had been made on the polls; he was coming down street and saw Slatford and another man running after the Irish with pistols in their hands; witness said "Bob, what in the d—l are you about?" Slatford replied that the d—d Irish were rioting; witness could not swear that Slatford discharged his pistol, but saw him raise and point it, and soon afterwards, when Slatford was coming back, saw him ramming it as if loading it.

Captain Tyler called: When witness reported himself to the mayor at the City Hall, the latter suggested that they go up to the first precinct polls of the 4th ward. Witness accordingly marched his command in that direction, and first formed a line on I street at the intersection of 7th, thinking that to be the right place; soon afterwards marched up 7th street and took a position opposite the polls. The mayor then proceeded to address the crowd. Two men came to witness from the direction of the cannon, and, representing themselves to be a committee from the crowd that had charge of the cannon, said that if witness did not abandon his position in front of the polls they would fire the cannon upon him. Witness replied, "then I will take your cannon;" witness immediately got his men in line and marched them in double-quick time up the east side of Seventh street and halted and wheeled with his right flank opposite the crowd with the cannon. It was the intention of witness on leaving the polls to order a fire on the crowd with the cannon as soon as he could get in proper position to do so; but, on arriving opposite, he saw no immediate danger from the cannon, and changed his plan by ordering the first platoon of the first company to charge bayonet upon the cannon, which they did, and the crowd immediately retreated in every direction, firing back from thirty to fifty pistol shots as they did so; this fire was returned by this platoon without orders, and witness then told them to reload and fire wherever they saw the flash of a pistol; no man was wounded in this platoon; a man in the main line was wounded in the face, which provoked a general fire along the line; on seeing several men fall on the opposite side of the street from the marines, witness ran to the line and ordered a cessation of firing; the cannon was then brought across the street and placed in a hollow-square formed by the marines.

A PHILOSOPHER.—Those who have read of Diogenes of old, and would like to see his similitude in the nineteenth century, can do so any fair day by taking a walk past the little park on the north side of Pennsylvania avenue, between 7th and 8th streets. Here an old man, from "York State," is daily engaged in vending fancy horsenets, of his own manufacture, which he displays by stretching them on the picket fence of the park. He lets his goods speak for themselves, and only troubles himself to answer whatever inquiries may be addressed to him concerning them. During his leisure time he sits on a portable seat in the shade of one of the trees, reading religious books, or philosophizing with whosoever of the passers-by may see fit to enter into conversation with him. His opinion of modern mankind is not flattering to the latter.

THE EXPECTED VISIT OF THE RICHMOND FIRE COMPANY.—A meeting of the marshals of the several fire companies of this city was held at the public house of P. M. Dubant last night—Andrew Bain, of the Metropolitan Hook and Ladder Company; John H. Sessford, of the Franklin; J. J. Peabody, of the Columbia; J. W. Thompson, of the American Hook and Ladder; John Versey, of the Union; John Thomson, of the Perseverance. The object of the meeting was the making of suitable preparations for the reception of the Richmond Fire Company, which will arrive in this city on the morning of the 5th of August. This company, during their sojourn in our city, will be the especial guests of the Metropolitan Hook and Ladder Company, but will be handsomely entertained by the several companies of the department.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—The Chesapeake and Ohio canal has at last been put in complete boating order from Alexandria, Virginia, to Cumberland, Maryland. The first boat from Cumberland to Alexandria arrived at the latter place yesterday morning, bringing a load of coal. She reported a large number of boats on the way.

We are glad to learn that the difficulties which have for so large a portion of the present boating season prevented free navigation have been at last overcome by the energy and perseverance of the canal board, and we hope that for the remainder of the season the business of this important improvement may be uninterrupted and exceedingly remunerative to all parties.

CALEB BISHOP PAGE requests us to say that he will speak in the Fifth-street Congregational Church on Sunday morning, afternoon, and night, upon the subject of Peace and War. He charges fifteen cents admission, and requests those who intend coming to hear him to bring the right change, to avoid trouble at the door! We know nothing of him save what he says of himself. During his lectures he wears a coat of many colors, with no less than four hundred and thirty buttons, with reference to "Joseph's coat of many colors." He has a fanciful and emblematic pair of breeches, attached to which are not less than sixteen explanations! There are strange people in this world.

A LAW-ABIDING DOG.—It is said that a dog went into Savage's hardware store the other day, with a piece of old wire in his mouth, and by certain signs gave the clerks to understand that he wanted to trade for a muzzle. We do not know how true this may be, but of one thing we are certain, that there are many good dogs in the city that would like to escape the indiscriminate slaughter that is now going on in their ranks if they knew how to appease the wrath of those haughty superiors whom they voluntarily forsake their own species to serve and protect.

THE MARKET STANDS.—The unsold market stands have been sold by the mayor at the appraised prices. The money received for those taken at these prices amounted to $1,275.

Washington Branch Railroad.

Trains run as follows:

FROM Washington at 6, a. m., connecting at Relay with trains for the West, and at Baltimore with those for Philadelphia and New York.

At 8.30, a. m., for Annapolis, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York.

At 3, p. m., for Baltimore and Norfolk, and at Relay with Frederick train.

Express at 4.20, p. m., at Relay for the West, and for Annapolis, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York.

On Sunday at 7, a. m., and 4.20, p. m.

From Baltimore for Washington.

At 4.15 and 9.15, a. m., and at 3 and 5.15, p. m.

On Sunday at 4.15, a m., and 5.15, p. m.

T. H. PARSONS, Agent.

June 13

WATCHES, Jewelry, and Silver ware.—We have just opened a large assortment of the above, comprising ladies' and gentlemen's gold watches by all the most celebrated makers.

New and rich jewelry of the latest styles, and plain and fancy silver ware of every description.

Our stock being unusually large for this season of the year, we are prepared to offer unusual inducements to purchasers.

M. W. GALT & BRO., Jewellers,
224 Penn. avenue, between
July 30—2t 9th and 10th streets.

TREASURER'S STATEMENT,

Showing the amount at his credit in the Treasury, with assistant treasurers and designated depositaries, and in the Mint and branches, by returns received to Monday, July 27, 1857; the amount for which drafts have been issued, but were then unpaid, and the amount then remaining subject to draft. Showing, also, the amount of future transfers to and from depositaries, as ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury.

In what place.		Amount on deposite.	Drafts heretofore drawn, but not yet paid, though payable.	Amount subject to draft.
Treasury of the United States, Washington, D. C.		$476,689 93	$27,374 19	$449,315 74
Assistant Treasurer, Boston, Massachusetts		2,932,660 19	158,746 27	2,773,913 92
Assistant Treasurer, New York, New York		6,408,802 56	727,751 45	5,681,051 11
Assistant Treasurer, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania		486,530 99	115,755 38	370,775 61
Assistant Treasurer, Charleston, South Carolina		51,092 60	43,335 98	7,756 62
Assistant Treasurer, New Orleans, Louisiana		344,516 16	343,510 45	1,005 71
Assistant Treasurer, St. Louis, Missouri		990,702 08	173,882 60	816,819 48
Assistant Treasurer, San Francisco, California	$966,287 06	139,028 62	707,315 68	
Depositary at Buffalo, New York		11,236 51	8,883 91	2,352 61
Depositary at Baltimore, Maryland		359,246 88	25,014 65	334,232 23
Depositary at Richmond, Virginia		106,905 17	1,941 73	105,963 44
Depositary at Norfolk, Virginia		136,751 96	20,898 00	115,853 96
Depositary at Wilmington, North Carolina		7,458 73	3,000 35	458 38
Depositary at Savannah, Georgia		125,682 61	15,641 02	110,041 59
Depositary at Mobile, Alabama		12,037 23	7,492 42	4,544 81
Depositary at Nashville, Tennessee		15,434 22	1,100 63	14,333 59
Depositary at Cincinnati, Ohio		175,873 54	1,047 74	174,825 80
Depositary at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania		10,166 31	638 93	9,527 38
Depositary at Galveston, Texas		15,309 76	7,811 57	7,498 19
Depositary at Louisville, Kentucky		548 65	513 20	35 45
Depositary at Cincinnati, (late)		29 39		29 39
Depositary at Dubuque, Iowa		170,937 57	7,309 16	163,628 41
Depositary at Little Rock, Arkansas		299,229 34	3,696 19	295,533 15
Depositary at Chicago, Illinois		80,790 66	6,292 09	74,498 57
Depositary at Detroit, Michigan	70 53	35,838 49	35,909 02	
Depositary at Tallahassee, Florida		3,580 16	321 63	3,258 53
Depositary at Oregon City, Oregon		18,181 66	5,138 00	13,043 66
Assay office of the United States, New York		2,344,500 00		2,344,500 00
Mint of the United States, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania		2,580,204 16		2,580,204 16
Branch mint of the United States, Charlotte, North Carolina		32,000 00		32,000 00
Branch mint of the United States, Dahlonega, Georgia		27,950 03		27,950 03
Branch mint of the United States, New Orleans, Louisiana		1,489,267 46		1,489,267 46
Branch mint of the United States, San Francisco, California		1,500,000 00		1,500,000 00
	568,357 59	21,375,928 62	2,449,432 24	19,494,853 97
Deduct overdraft				568,357 59
				18,926,496 38
Deduct difference in transfers				236,600 00
Net amount subject to draft				18,689,896 38

Transfers ordered to the Treasury of the United States, Washington, D. C.	$100,000 00
Transfers ordered to the Assistant Treasurer, Boston, Mass.	100,000 00
Transfers ordered to the Assistant Treasurer, New York, N. Y.	355,000 00
Transfers ordered to the Assistant Treasurer, Charleston, S. C.	50,000 00
Transfers ordered to the Assistant Treasurer, New Orleans, La.	455,100 00
Transfers ordered to the Assistant Treasurer, St. Louis, Mo.	103,000 00
Transfers ordered to the Assistant Treasurer, San Francisco, California	1,040,000 00
Transfers ordered to the depositary, Norfolk, Virginia	5,100 00
	2,205,200 00
Transfers ordered from Assistant Treasurer, Boston, Massachusetts	$500,000 00
Transfers ordered from Assistant Treasurer, New York, N. Y.	1,644,600 00
Transfers ordered from Assistant Treasurer, New Orleans, La.	2,000 00
Transfers ordered from depositary at Detroit, Michigan	5,000 00
Transfers ordered from Mint of the United States, Philadelphia, Pa.	200,200 00
	2,441,800 00

Aug 1—tdf [Int&Star]

BY TELEGRAPH.

Additional from Europe by the Europa.

GERMANY.

It is reported that a meeting of the Emperors of Russia, Austria, and France is to be brought about very shortly on Bavarian territory, and various movements are adduced in confirmation of the rumor.

The King of Prussia had returned from his visit to Vienna. It is believed in Germany that his visit has been connected with a reconciliation between Russia and Austria, which the King is highly desirous of effecting.

INDIA.

Attempts have been made to lay the charge of the Indian mutiny to Russian intrigue, but St. Petersburgh journals indignantly repudiate the idea.

TURKEY.

A new 6-per-cent. loan of £6,000,000 or £8,000,000 for Turkey was spoken of in London, to be issued at 84 per cent., and 2 per cent. discount on that sum. The Times regards the project as preposterous.

Southern Trans-Atlantic Convention.

OLD POINT COMFORT, July 30.—A series of eight resolutions was passed delegating Hon. A. Dudley Mann to convey the sentiments of this convention to the Knoxville convention, and also to take charge of the correspondence concerning the proposed ocean ferry.

The general tenor of the resolutions warmly favored the project. Speeches were then made by A. Dudley Mann, Barringer, and L. H. Chandler, of Norfolk. The latter made a particularly fine effort, exhorting to a direct and united action.

The convention then adjourned until the afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Eloquent addresses were delivered by Capt. Thomas J. Page, Col. Joseph Segar, and Thomas J. Cropper. The subscription committee reported $8,000 subscribed. The convention then adjourned *sine dic.*

Arrival of the Europa at Boston.

BOSTON, July 31.—The Europa from Liverpool, via Halifax, arrived here this morning, but too late for the early train. Her mails will be despatched South this afternoon.

Death of Mrs. Campbell.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—The wife of ex-Postmaster General Campbell died here this morning at an early hour.

Sailing of the Tennessee.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—The steamer Tennessee sailed last evening for San Juan—being chartered by the Costa Rica government to bring home the remainder of the fillibusters.

☞RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Disciples' Meeting will be held to-morrow, as usual, in the west room of Temperance Hall. Preaching at 11 o'clock, a. m., and 7½ p. m., by Professor Munnell, of New York. Subject: A development of the principles and views of the Disciples. The public are cordially invited.

Aug 1

Mayor's Office,

Washington, July 30, 1857.

A REWARD of two hundred dollars is hereby offered for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who, on several recent occasions, entered public school-houses in this city, and defaced or destroyed the furniture and other property therein.

W. B. MAGRUDER, Mayor.

Aug 1—3t

LAW BOOKS.—Wharton's American Criminal Law. 4th edition.

Wharton's Precedents of Indictments. New edition.

Wharton's Law of Homicide.

Pritchard's Admiralty Digest.

Addison on Contracts. New edition.

Sedgewick on Statutory and Constitutional Law.

Hill on Trustees. New edition.

Chitty on the Law of Carriers.

Aug 1 FRANCK TAYLOR.

For Cape May.

Washington Branch Railroad.—Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad.

PASSENGERS for this celebrated summer resort are informed that a daily line will be run, (except Sunday,) leaving Washington at 6, a. m., and connecting at New Castle with the splendid steamer General McDonald on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and on all alternate days with the elegant and swift New York steamers running between Philadelphia and New York via New Castle.

Tickets $5 50, including carriage hire on the island. Children (under 12 years) and servants, $4 50.

TH. H. PARSONS, Agent.

July 24—4w

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

THE Engine is of about eighteen-horse power, and, although it has been in use two years, is as good as new. It is too large for the purposes to which it is now applied. A description of the engine is unnecessary, as persons who desire to purchase will inspect it for themselves. The Boiler, Ellis manufactured it, and this is a sufficient guarantee of its value. It may be seen at the Union office, where the terms will be made known.

July 24—tf

WILLARD'S HOTEL.—J. C. & H. A. Willard, Pennsylvania avenue and Fourteenth street, Washington, D. C.

Jan 29—dtf

SUTES, LEA, & CO., Bankers, WASHINGTON CITY. } THOMAS R. SUTES, LUKE LEA, LUTHER R. SMOOT.

SMOOT, RUSSELL, & CO., Bankers, Leavenworth City, K. T., dealers in exchange, uncurrent bank notes, and land warrants. Agents for the purchase and sale of lands and city lots, and all business appertaining to a first-class land agency.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Europe.

LUTHER R. SMOOT,
WM. H. RUSSELL,
(Of Majors, Russell, & Co.,)
THOMAS R. SUTES,
LUKE LEA,

Corner Main and Shawnee streets, opposite Planters' Hotel,
Ap 18—d&cp6m Leavenworth City, K. T.

CLIMATOLOGY of the United States and of the Temperate Latitudes of the North American Continent, embracing a full comparison of those with the climatology of the temperate latitudes of Europe and Asia, and especially in regard to Agriculture, Sanitary Investigations, and Engineering; with Isothermal and Rain Charts for each season, the extreme months, and the year. By Lorin Blodget. 1 large volume; many maps and engravings. $5.

July 23 FRANCK TAYLOR.

THE COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE,

No. 37 Boulevard des Capucines, Paris.

SILK STUFFS, LACE,

Novelties of different textures, ready-made articles,

Printed Muslins, India and French Cashmeres.

THIS house is the most highly recommended in France, and the most considerable establishment in Europe, not only on account of the importance of its manufactures and its extensive sales, but by the grandeur and extent of its warerooms, having an entrance in

Three Different Streets.

The Compagnie Lyonnaise sell none but articles of *their own manufacture*, and thus, by bringing purchasers in direct relation with the manufacturer, are enabled to offer them

GREATER ADVANTAGES

than any other establishment.

July 30—2aw2w

Collector's Office, City Hall,

July 15, 1857.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—Deduction for prompt payment.—Notice is hereby given that the taxes for the year 1857 are now due and payable at this office, and that a deduction of ten per cent. is allowed by law for the current year if paid on or before the 15th day of September next.

JAS. F. HALIDAY, Collector.

July 16—codtf

Richard H. Henderson,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Office No. 12, Louisiana avenue.

June 23—cod2m*

American Gothic and Brass-Foil Roofing.

INVENTED BY EUGENIO LATILLA, ARCHITECT, M. S. B. A., &c.

DESIGNS made for concrete churches, villas, cottages, and farm buildings. Office, Gothica, near Chappaqua, Westchester county, New York.

June 17—dtf

Washington Insurance Company.

CHARTERED BY CONGRESS.

Capital.....$200,000!

THIS Company is now prepared to receive applications for insurance on buildings, merchandise, &c., at the usual city rates, without any charge for policy, at their office, corner of Tenth street and Penn. avenue, over the Washington City Savings Bank.

DIRECTORS.

Wm. F. Bayly, Samuel Bacon,
Robert Farnham, James F. Haliday,
Wm. Orme, Hudson Taylor,
Francis Mohun M. W. Galt,
Benj. Beall.
JAMES C. McGUIRE, President.

G. D. HANSON, Secretary.

May 29—d1y

LOST—On Thursday evening, the 28th instant, a long white lace scarf. The finder shall be liberally rewarded by leaving it at 430 Fifteenth street.

May 30—tf [Star.]

ECONOMY! ECONOMY!

Look to Your Interest.

NOW is the time to lay in your fuel for the winter, as we are prepared to sell WOOD and COAL cheaper than at any other season of the year.

Weekly receiving large shipments of white, red, and gray ash COALS from the most approved mines in the country, carefully prepared for *cooking ranges, stoves, grates, and furnaces.*

Also, HICKORY, OAK, and PINE WOOD, of the most superior qualities, CUT AND SEASONED EXPRESSLY FOR US.

DAILY EXPECTED—

A large supply of CUMBERLAND COAL, all of which will be sold at the lowest market price.

Orders left with us will meet with prompt attention. Coal and wood delivered to any part of the city by our own teams free of cartage.

Coal kept under cover; 2,240 pounds to the ton, carefully weighed by a sworn weigher.

T. J. & W. M. GALT,
Office northwest corner 12th and C streets, No. 547,
One square south Pennsylvania avenue.

July 24—1m

LOVES OF THE POETS.—Memoirs of the Loves of the Poets. Biographical Sketches of Women celebrated in ancient and modern poetry. By Mrs. Jameson. 75 cents.

Waverly Novels, Tickner's new edition.

The Black Dwarf; a legend of Montrose. 2 vols. $1 50.

Just published, and for sale at

TAYLOR & MAURY'S
July 31—3t Bookstore, near 9th street.

EBBITT HOUSE.

T. H. FRE