ARRIVAL OF THE BRITISH STEAM FRIGATE CURACOA AND LORD LYONS, THE NEW BRITISH MINISTER.

[From the New York Herald, March 14.]

The British steam frigate Curacoa arrived below this port last evening, having on board Lord Lyons, the British minister appointed to succeed Lord Napier.

Lord Lyons is the eldest son of Admiral Lord Lyons, royal navy, recently deceased, and brother of Capt. Edmund Mowbray Lyons, who was wounded before Sebastopol, and died at Therapia.

Admiral Lord Lyons, his father, served in the British navy over half a century. He was the second son of John Lyons of Lymington, who was a major in the Christ Church Volunteers. He married the second daughter of Captain Josias Rogers, in 1814, having two sons—Richard Pemell Bickerton, the subject of this sketch, now Lord Lyons, and Capt. Edmund Mowbray, before alluded to. Of his two daughters one is Duchess of Norfolk and the other Baroness de Wurtzburg.

The life of the Admiral is full of interest. He was educated at Westminster, entered the navy at the age of eleven, first served on the Royal Charlotte and then on the Maidstone. He was on board the Active in 1807 during the passage of the Dardanelles, and participated in the successful assault on Point Resquies, on the Asiatic shore. He was lieutenant on the brig Baracouta in 1809, and in 1810 was among the foremost in the escalade of Belgied Castle during the raging of a terrible storm, displaying skill and boldness which brought him into prominent notice, and in his twentieth year he was appointed flag lieutenant on board the Minden, 74, by Admiral Drury. Within a year he sailed for the coast of Java, and, understanding that the Dutch did not anticipate an attack, boldly embarked two boats, with thirty-five officers and men, against Fort Marrack, of fifty-four guns, and gallantly captured it before the arrival from India of an expedition which was fitting out to accomplish that purpose. The Admiral, however, could not wait, and took the fort alone. He commanded the Renaldo in 1812, escorting Louis Eighteenth to France, and the allied sovereigns to England, together with the bearer of the treaty of Paris. In 1814 he received post rank; in 1828 he headed an expedition against the Morea Castle, commanding the Blonde, 48, procuring for his gallantry and ability the Order of St. Louis of France, and Knight Commander of the Order of the Redeemer of Greece; in 1835 he was knighted; in 1840 created a baronet; in 1849 minister plenipotentiary to Athens; from 1849 to 1851 at Berne; from 1851 to 1853 at Stockholm; and in 1855 was made commander-in-chief, taking command of the Black sea fleet. For his distinguished services during the Russian war he was created a baron. His counsel and assistance to Lord Raglan were extensive and valuable. At the battle of Alma he ably supported the French army; at the bombardment of Sebastopol he took a conspicuous part, and it is a matter of history that had it not been for his earnest protest, Lord Raglan would have evacuated Balaklava, and the greatest victory of modern times have been kept from the allied forces, who, had they once left Balaklava, would doubtless have been driven from the Crimea. His latest service was in command of the squadron which attended the Queen to Cherbourg, and at his death on the 23d of November last there were ample evidences of national grief.

With these antecedents of noble family, both by blood and by heroic deeds, the new British minister, the present Lord Lyons, may be expected to do honor to his own country while he renders himself respected in ours. Although but a little over forty years of age he has had considerable experience in diplomatic circles. He was appointed an attaché of the legation at Athens in February, 1839, transferred to Dresden April 10, 1852, and to Florence in February, 1853. In 1856 he was promoted to be secretary of legation at Florence. His last position was that of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the Grand Duke of Tuscany, from which he was transferred to his present position, the British minister of the United States, to succeed Lord Napier. He is a man of cultivated taste and refined elegance, at the same time sustaining the reputation of a plain, unassuming English gentleman, well calculated to make friends among a republican people; his aristocracy is not repugnant.

Her Britannic Majesty's frigate Curacoa, in which Lord Lyons came to America, is a steam propeller, of thirty-one guns, Captain Thomas A. Mason. She is the same vessel that, when engaged in carrying Lord de Radcliffe from Constantinople home, became stranded on the Pelican shoal, and was relieved by the United States ship Macedonian, Captain Levy. The correspondence between the two captains was recently published in the Herald—the one letter expressing great acknowledgments for the service to the Curacoa, and the other recalling the humane relief to the sick and dying of the Susquehanna. The Curacoa was also unfortunate on her voyage from Spithead to Plymouth to bring Lord Lyons, coming in contact with the schooner Fleta, of Shoreham, off Durlstone head, and doing her considerable damage.

ADDITIONAL FROM MEXICO.

The Tampico papers manifest considerable alarm as to the result of Miramon's expedition, as well they might, though they consider Vera Cruz in the most perfect state of defence. "More than 4,000 men," says the *Prisma*, "can be concentrated there at a moment's notice, in case of attack, without including the commands of Llave and Trejo, or the army of Oajaca, numbering 1,400 men, now before Orizava." All counted, then, the liberals have, for the defence of the city, and keeping Miramon in check, about 6,000 available troops. On the other hand, the *Prisma* does not think that more than 1,000 men can be spared from the cities now held, only at the point of the bayonet, by the reactionary party, and that Miramon will have to depend almost entirely upon the army with which he set out from the capital.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LIEUT. BEALE.

[From the Los Angeles Star, Feb. 5.]

On Wednesday, Mr. Fred Kerlin arrived here by the overland stage. He came direct from Lieut. Beale's camp, whom he went out to meet. Mr. Beale was about 150 miles beyond Santa Fe, in excellent health, getting along as well as could be desired—having encountered no interruption to his labors from the Indians. It will be two months before he reaches California.

AN OUTSIDE VIEW.

[From the People's Press, Oregon, Feb. 4.]

There is a magic in the name of Jo Lane. The other day our city postmaster discovered, on the outside of an old brown envelope, the talismanic name of Jo Lane, whereupon he flourished his old hat, and shouted most jubilant; and as the wondering crowd pressed round to know the why of such an outburst of vociferation, the postmaster held up to their querying gaze the old brown envelope, on which was written, in a clumsy hand, "Free—Jo Lane, M. C." At sight of this the shout increased, and all were ready to bet that Oregon was admitted sure. And then, further down on the side, was written, in such a manner that most that gazed got wondrous wise, "To the Governor of the State of Oregon." Oh, how that crowd would like to get a peep at the inside of that old envelope!

BANK STATISTICS.

The annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the condition of the banks of the United States embraces the accounts of fourteen hundred and seventy-six banks and branches, being, with a few unimportant exceptions, all the chartered banks which were in operation on the 1st of January, 1859. The returns for the last three years give the following general results:

Jan. 1	1857.	1858.	1859.
No. of banks and branches	1,416	1,422	1,476
Capital paid in	$370,534,648	$391,622,709	$401,976,242
Resources.			
Loans and discounts	684,456,887	583,165,202	655,183,799
Stocks	56,272,329	60,305,260	63,502,449
Real estate	26,124,522	28,758,834	29,976,497
Other investments	5,920,336	6,075,906	8,223,031
Due by other banks	65,839,205	58,032,802	78,244,987
Notes of other banks	28,124,008	22,447,436	18,858,287
Specie funds	25,081,641	15,380,441	26,808,831
Specie	58,349,838	74,412,832	104,537,818
Liabilities.			
Circulation	214,778,822	155,208,344	193,306,818
Deposits	230,551,852	185,932,049	259,568,278
Due to other banks	57,674,333	51,169,875	68,212,529
Other liabilities	19,816,850	14,166,713	15,108,447

The capital in New York is represented at $100,285,480; in Massachusetts, $61,819,825; in Pennsylvania, $24,565,895; in Louisiana, $24,225,689.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM.—There is reason to believe that a statement of the demise of the Duke of Buckingham, which appeared in the columns of a contemporary yesterday morning, is unfounded. The Duke is at present in the north of Scotland, and has been suffering from ill health; but we are glad to be able to say that the latest accounts received in town from the place of his abode, and also from his own hand, do not authorize any serious apprehensions.—*London Morning Star.*

GLEANINGS FROM THE MAILS.

The Polynesian (Sandwich Islands) learns that the blight on the coffee trees is passing away, and will probably disappear entirely with the last year's crop.

A correspondent in Gardner, Mass., says there have been one hundred and six days of good sleighing in that town the past season.

A German naturalist has described 600 species of flies, which he has collected within a district of ten miles in extent. Thirty thousand different kinds of insects which prey upon wheat have been collected.

Enlisting in the United States Marine Corps at New York, has almost entirely ceased. More recruits were received in one week, some time back, than apply now in two months. No efforts are made, however, to invite persons to join, as this branch of the Navy is full.

Judge Davies, of New York, dismissed the case of Robert G. Nellis, claiming $1,063 for his services in procuring a husband for Mrs. Ann Eliza Crouse. It is understood that Judge Davies believed the claim to be against public policy, and one upon which an action could not be based.

The English druggists are about adopting a hexangular bottle, with deep flutings, to put poisons in which are sold by retail. This is to prevent persons making mistakes by getting hold of the wrong bottle. As an additional security, the neck of the bottle is so contracted that but a drop at a time can be poured out. The very deliberate and cautious action thus produced will, it is believed, deter any one from taking overdoses of medicine, while it is difficult to imagine a case in which a person could pour out and take the whole contents of one of these bottles in mistake for something else.

Palmer the sculptor has completed his model for the bust of Commodore Perry. It is one of the finest portrait busts which he has ever made. While the features of the original are faithfully preserved, it is lifted into a higher sphere of art by the manner in which the sculptor has infused into those features the spirit of the ideal American Commodore. The size is a trifle larger than life, and the age that at which the lines of the face had settled to their firmest shape. In the management of the hair, of which Commodore Perry possessed a profusion, Mr. Palmer has excelled himself.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

Mrs. Blandina Dudley has written a letter to the Albany papers, in which she corrects the wrong impression given in the report of Dr. Rogers' announcement of Prof. Mitchell's appointment as director of the Albany Observatory. She says that the majority of the trustees of the Observatory did not consult her concerning the removal of Dr. Gould nor the appointment of Prof. Mitchell, and that she did not intend, in the interview referred to, to approve of their action in this or any other respect, nor that her words should be used in any way before the public. She did, however, say to Prof. Mitchell, in the course of her interview with him, that she was glad he was to take charge of the Observatory.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1859.

R. R. Ward and others, assignees of Jacob Barker, vs. The United States. The petitioner this day submitted to the court a motion for a rehearing in this case on points mentioned in a printed petition this day filed by him; and by the special leave of the court an argument on said motion was allowed. Thereupon Jacob Barker, esq., opened the argument for the petitioners; and the Solicitor for the United States answered the same.

Hon. F. P. Stanton commenced the closing argument on the part of the petitioners, and without concluding, at 3 o'clock, the court adjourned until to-morrow, 12 o'clock, m.

Obituary.

Departed this life, on the 5th of March, at Water Proof, Tensas parish, Louisiana, Mr. J. F. SCOTT, from injuries received on board the ill-fated steamer Princess.

"None knew him but to love him,
None named him but to praise."

We fain would linger around the ashes of the departed, and mingle our sorrows and heart-felt sympathies with those he has left to mourn his loss. Truly one of Nature's noblemen has fallen—an affectionate husband, a kind and loving father, and an exemplary Christian. Freed from this world of sorrow and affliction, life's vicissitudes and vices, his happy spirit has plumed its flight to those celestial realms where sighing and sorrow enter not, and all is joy and peace. His life was fragrant with the odors of piety and those Christian virtues which will ever live in the memory of his bereaved friends.

This fleeting world was not for man designed,
'Tis but the pathway to eternal life,
Where he may dwell in happiness enshrined,
And joy for grief, and peace, exchange for strife.
The grave his bed!—curtained in clouds of night—
He waits the summons from his drear abode!
Whence called, at last, to realms of love and light,
He wakes, to meet his Maker and his God!

I. W. W.

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With Bibliographical Introduction, Notes, and Alphabetical Index.

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THIS Work, it is believed, is the first attempt to marshal the literature of the United States of America during the last forty years, according to the generally-received Bibliographical Canons. The Librarian will welcome it, no doubt, as a companion volume to Brunet, Lowndes, and Ebert, whilst to the bookseller it will be a faithful guide to the American branch of English Literature—a branch which, on account of its rapid increase and rising importance, begins to force itself daily more and more upon his attention. Nor will the work be of less interest to the man of letters, inasmuch as it comprises complete tables of contents to all the more prominent collections of the Americans, to the Journals, Memoirs, Proceedings, and transactions of their learned societies; and thus furnishes an intelligible key to a department of American scientific activity hitherto but imperfectly known and understood in Europe.

TRUBNER & CO.,
60 Paternoster Row, London.
TAYLOR & MAURY,
334 Penn. avenue, Washington.
March 15

Boston Ice.

THE subscriber having just returned from Boston informs the citizens of Washington and Georgetown that he has made his contracts with responsible dealers for a full supply, and having the most extensive facilities for conducting the trade, is now prepared to furnish the best quality of ICE, and guarantees a full supply during the season without change of price.

Dealers can be furnished with whole cargoes, or in quantities to suit, on as good or better terms than can be made elsewhere.

Hotels, restaurants, steamboats, confectioners, and fishermen will do well to patronize this establishment, as an express wagon will be kept at the office during the day for their accommodation.

Family customers will find it to their interest to call at the office and purchase tickets, and trust not entirely to servants and those delivering the ice, as mistakes frequently occur.

Tickets purchased of the drivers must be paid for on delivery, unless otherwise arranged.

Persons residing in the country can get their supplies from the office, where ice is kept constantly on hand.

L. J. MIDDLETON,
March 15—3m Office corner 12th and F streets.

HAND-BOOK OF FRUIT CULTURE; 30 cents.
American Fruit Garden Companion; 50 cents.
Elliott's American Fruit-Growers' Guide; $1 25.
Kenrick's American Orchardist; 62 cents.
Floy's Guide to the Orchard; $1.
Barry's Fruit Garden; $1 25.
Field's Pear Culture; 75 cents.
Longworth on the Cultivation of the Grape and Wine-Making; 12 cents.
Phelps on the Vine and Wine-Making; 25 cents.
March 15 FRANCK TAYLOR.

NEW LUMBER YARD.—The undersigned, having recently taken charge of the new Lumber Yard on Sixth street and the Canal, respectfully invite the attention of dealers in lumber generally to examine the stock before purchasing elsewhere. The stock of White Pine Lumber, Cherry, Ash, Maple, Poplar, &c., is very superior, and well seasoned, and will be sold at the lowest cash prices. COLTMAN & KILBOURN,
Mar 13—dtf Assignees.

AMERICAN YEAR-BOOK OF FACTS IN SCIENCE and Art for 1859, exhibiting the important discoveries, inventions, and improvements of the past year. 1 vol., of 410 pages. $1 25.
Mar 13 FRANCK TAYLOR.

FINE PLAYING CARDS—Dougherty's, De La Rue's, and Hart's manufacture.
For sale low by BLANCHARD & MOHUN,
Mar 13 Corner of 11th and Penn. avenue.

MAN AND HIS DWELLING PLACE; an essay towards the interpretation of Nature. Price $1.
No work since the publication of the "Vestiges of the History of Creation" has produced so profound a sensation in England.
Just published and for sale at PHILP'S Bookstore,
Mar 13 332 Penn. avenue, bet. 9th and 10th streets.

THE UNITED STATES CUSTOMS GUIDE—Being a compilation of the laws relating to the registry, enrollment, and licensing of vessels; entry and clearance in the foreign and coasting trade; navigation; commercial intercourse; seamen in the merchant service; the entry of merchandise for consumption and for warehousing; with a table of duties payable, arranged alphabetically and in accordance with the latest decisions, with copious extracts from the regulations of the Treasury Department, &c.; by R. S. S. Andros, late deputy collector of the customs, Boston. Price $1; postpaid $1 25. For sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S,
Mar 12 334 Pa. avenue, near 9th street.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT TO THE NEW POSTMASTER GENERAL.

At a meeting of the employees of the United States Patent Office held on Saturday, the 12th inst., preparatory to calling upon the Hon. Joseph Holt, and formally taking leave of him upon his vacation of the office of Commissioner of Patents, Samuel T. Shugart was called to the chair, and De Witt C. Lawrence appointed secretary. The following resolutions were then submitted to the meeting and unanimously adopted:

Whereas the President of the United States has seen fit for the public good to transfer the Hon. Joseph Holt from the sphere of duties he has so ably performed to place him in a position of larger usefulness and responsibility, we, the employees of the Patent Office, hereby tender him our warmest and heartiest sympathies and good wishes in his future career in private and public life. Painful as is the separation from one who has so endeared himself to all of us by his urbanity and faithfulness, we feel consoled in the reflection that our loss will be a public gain, and that we shall see him exerting his high attainments in a larger field of usefulness:

Resolved, That we will wait on the Hon. Joseph Holt in a body, and, through one appointed by this meeting, make known to him our appreciation of his worth, and our sorrow at parting with him as Commissioner of Patents.

On motion of Dr. Antisell, Henry Baldwin, esq., was deputed by the meeting to address the Commissioner in their behalf; whereupon, all repaired to the room of the Commissioner, when Mr. B. spoke as follows:

MR. BALDWIN'S SPEECH.

MR. HOLT: I have been appointed, sir, by the employees of the Patent Office to tender you the assurance of their sincere regret at this sudden termination of our official relation.

Your administration of the affairs of the Patent Office has met the public approbation, and deserved it, for we can all bear witness that you have labored assiduously to advance the condition of the arts, and to protect and encourage the inventor in his labor of progress.

We shall long cherish a grateful recollection of your uniform kindness, in all our personal intercourse, and a lively sense of obligation for the active and enlightened support you have always given to our labors.

Be assured, sir, at the same time, that you have our sincere congratulations on that promotion to a wider field of usefulness which you have received as a mark of approbation for the seal and ability you have given to the discharge of the duties of the post from which you now retire. Accept, also, sir, the cordial assurance of our best wishes for your future happiness in all the relations of life.

MR. HOLT'S REPLY.

Judge Baldwin, the words which you have been so good as to address me on behalf of yourself and those around you I have heard with mingled emotions of sorrow and gratitude; of sorrow, because they announce the termination of that intimate official intercourse which has existed between us, the kindly tone of which has always brought to me unalloyed gratification; emotions of gratitude, because I welcome these words as the expression of that friendship and confidence on your part which I have so earnestly desired to gain, and the recollection of which I shall ever cherish with pleasure and with pride.

Some eighteen months ago, in this room, I met, for the first time, the official body of the United States Patent Office. We met as utter strangers to each other. Since then we have counselled and toiled and endured together, and it is to me a source of the most intense satisfaction to be able to believe that, though we then met as strangers, we shall now separate as friends. On that occasion, sir, I entered this building with trembling apprehension, persuaded, as I was, of my utter want of preparation for the arduous duties and perplexing responsibilities which lay before me. And if, from that hour until this, any success has marked the administration of this office—and I say it with frankness, because it is a tribute justly due to yourselves—if any success has marked the administration of this office, it is due, and due only, to the zeal, the fidelity, and the ability of those associated with me in the service, from whom I have ever received the most cordial support. Whatever of good or evil fortune may hereafter betide me, be assured, gentlemen, that the period of our official connection here, however much of labor and of anxiety may have belonged to it, will be ever present to me as a garden of precious memories, whose perfume the years cannot waste. To the high personal enjoyment which I have in the retrospect of our relations, there is added at this time a loftier one, growing out of that conviction which seems to prevail alike within and without, that the Patent Office was never in a more prosperous condition than at this moment. The inventive genius of this great and free people, tameless and dazzling in its play as the lightning that flashes from the storm-cloud, was never more active, never more triumphant. The brilliant memorials of its success which are pouring in upon you every day attest this, and are in themselves jewels fitting for the adornment of this magnificent national monument, which has been reared solely for their reception. In leaving, gentlemen, this truly elevated and intellectual field of labor, this shrine where the restless mind of the nation brings the noblest and grandest of its offerings to the cause of human progress, I beg to tender you my heartfelt thanks for that courtesy, kindness, and co-operation which you have ever extended to me, and to add my most fervent wishes for your prosperity and happiness in all the paths and relations of life, and especially for the continuance to each of you of that happiness which I rejoice to believe you all now possess, and which is above all price, as it is above the reach of every spoiler—a happiness complete and abounding, which flows, and can only flow, from the sense of duty performed.

CITY COUNCILS—*Board of Aldermen.*—A communication was received from the Mayor, nominating Wm. Walker as superintendent of sweeps for the First ward, in place of A. R. Hilton, dismissed; and the nomination was referred to the committee on police, and subsequently confirmed.

The petitions of John Allen, Wm. Ellis, and Francis Quigley were presented and referred.

Mr. DUNNINGTON, from the committee on police, in compliance with a resolution of the board directing them to inquire into the condition of the central watch-house, made a report to the effect that it is not a suitable place of confinement, that it is a disgrace to the city, and a nuisance that should be immediately abated. The report then goes into a detailed account of the miserable accommodations, declaring them unwholesome, ill-ventilated, and disgusting in the extreme; it was accompanied by a bill making appropriations for the renovation of the watch-house.

Mr. FISHER moved that the bill be recommitted with instructions to inquire into the expediency of selecting a more suitable site; which was agreed to.

Mr. MOORE, from the committee on improvements, reported a bill for the improvement of Seventh street from Maryland avenue to the Potomac river; passed.

Mr. THOS. MILLER, from the same committee, reported a bill for the cleaning of alleys, streets, gutters, &c.; passed.

Mr. MOORE, from the same committee, reported bills from the lower board to repair the plank footwalk on C street from New Jersey avenue to First street west, and for the grading and gravelling of Sixth street east from I street south to Maryland avenue; which were severally taken up and passed.

Mr. MOORE, from a special committee, reported a bill making appropriations for the purchase by the corporation of lots numbered 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32, in square numbered 498, at nine cents per square foot, and of lots numbered 1, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, and 42 in the same square at twelve and a half cents per square foot, the same being the site selected for the market house to be built in the Seventh ward; which, after some debate, was passed.

Several bills from the lower board were read and referred.

And the board then adjourned.

Board of Common Council.—A communication was received from the Mayor announcing that he had signed a bill entitled "An act supplementary to an act in relation to markets."

The petitions of W. H. Birch and P. W. Browning were presented and referred.

Mr. JONES, from the committee of ways and means, reported back the following joint resolution; which was adopted:

Resolved, (The Board of Aldermen concurring,) That a joint select committee be appointed, consisting of one member of the Board of Aldermen and two members of the Board of Common Council, who, with the Mayor, be requested to inquire into the expediency of amending the laws relating to the Collector of Taxes and Register of the Corporation, and providing for an auditor of the accounts of the corporation, and that said committee have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. POWELL, from the claims committee, reported back the petition of J. J. Rolles with a bill for his relief; passed.

Also, reported adversely to the petition of Simeon Collins, and the committee was discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. WALLACE, from the committee on public schools, reported the following joint resolutions; which were adopted:

JOINT RESOLUTIONS relative to improving the condition of the public school system of education, and for providing better accommodations for scholars.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the city of Washington, That the Mayor, the committees on public schools of the two boards, and the trustees of public schools be, and they are hereby, requested to meet together and devise, if found necessary, such measures by which our public school system of education may be improved, and to provide better accommodations for the schools.

Resolved, That the measures so devised, or so much as may necessary, be imbodied in a bill and reported by either of the above committees to the board to which they respectively belong.

Mr. JONES, from the committee to which was referred the subject of the new Centre Market-house, made a report recommending plans, etc., and accompanied by a bill; which, after some debate, was recommitted.

The board adjourned.

THE SICKLES CASE.—The case of Hon. Daniel E. Sickles came up yesterday before the grand jury, when several witnesses were examined, but, without final action, they were adjourned till 11 o'clock this morning. The New York Express mentions the arrival of Mrs. Sickles, at that city, on Friday last. She was accompanied by her little daughter, and left on Saturday for her country home.

THE WASHINGTON THEATRE has been reopened by manager Stuart, notwithstanding the commencement of the dull season. The performance of Miss Heron gave universal satisfaction, and was enthusiastically applauded.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

The Overland Mail.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—The overland mail of the 18th February has arrived. The Camanches had stolen eighty mules from a drove belonging to the mail company designed to supply the different stations on the route. A party of rangers had started in pursuit.

The company were supplying their stations with ammunition and firearms.

The report that Gov. Peschiera, of Sonora, had been deposed is not confirmed.

Arrival of the New British Minister.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The British frigate Curacoa has arrived here with Lord Lyons, the successor of Lord Napier at Washington.

Violent Death of a Wealthy Planter.

MACON, March 14.—A letter has been received here from Albany stating that Col. Joseph Bond, of this city, had been murdered at the latter place by one Lucius Brown on Saturday. Col. Bond was one of the largest cotton planters of the South, a popular and public-spirited citizen. The difficulty is believed to have originated by Brown's having whipped one of Col. B.'s negroes.

Suicide of a Texan Citizen.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Louis Bene, formerly a Prussian officer, but recently a citizen of Texas, shot himself yesterday at the Shakspeare Hotel.

Financial.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Stocks closed dull and lower generally—United States 5's, of 1874, 103¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 59⅝; Cumberland Coal Company, 25¾; Illinois Central bonds, 90; Michigan Southern, 15⅛; New York Central, 79⅝; Reading, 48⅜; Missouri 6's, 85½.

Markets.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The cotton market closed firm, with sales of 2,000 bales at 12⅛ cents for uplands; middling—sales three days 14,500. Flour closed firm—sales of 12,500 barrels; State, $5 50 a $5 80; Ohio, $6 70 a $6 85; southern, $6 25 a $6 75. Wheat closed buoyant—sales of 22,000 bushels; white western, $1 70. Corn closed firm—sales of 26,000 bushels; mixed, 91 cents; white, 87½ a 90 cents; yellow, 90 a 92 cents. Pork closed heavy—mess, $17 75 a $18 40. Lard closed firm at 11½ a 12½ cents. Whiskey closed dull at 28 cents. Sugar was quiet—Orleans, 7 a 7½ cents. Molasses closed steady at 39 a 39½ cents. Spirits of turpentine closed firm at 52 a 53 cents. Rosin was active—sales of 6,500 barrels at $1 72½ a $1 75. Rice closed firm at 3½ a 4½ cents.

AUCTION SALES.

By J. C. McGUIRE & Co., Auctioneers.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF EXCHANGE HOTEL.—By virtue of a deed of trust from David A. Hall, esq., dated the 1st day of August, 1842, duly recorded among the land records of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, in liber W. B., No. 95, folios 160, 161, 162, and 163, the undersigned will sell, at public auction, on Monday, the 14th of March, 1859, at 4 o'clock, p. m., the following parcel of property, lying and being in the city of Washington, known as part of lots Nos. 4 and 5, in square 490, being the same property which was conveyed by the Bank of Washington to said David A. Hall by deed bearing even date with the deed of trust aforesaid and agreeably to the descriptions and limits thereof, as set forth in the said deed to the said David A. Hall, with the improvements thereon.

This property fronts on C street north, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets west, and is well known as the Exchange Hotel.

The terms of sale are: One-third cash, to be paid within five days from the day of sale, and the balance in four equal instalments at 6, 12, 18, and 24 months, on notes, with interest from the day of sale, secured by deed of trust on the property.

All conveyances at the expense of the purchaser.

If the terms of sale are not complied with within ten days after the sale, the trustee reserves the right to resell at the risk and expense of the defaulting purchaser, at his discretion.

Sale to take place in front of the premises.

JAMES ADAMS, Trustee.
JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
Mar 1—d Auctioneers.

The above sale is postponed until Tuesday afternoon, March 29th, same hour and place.

JAMES ADAMS, Trustee.
JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
March 15—d Auctioneers.

BY A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

HORSES AND CARRIAGE AT AUCTION.—On Thursday, the 17th instant, I shall sell, on account of whom it may concern—

3 excellent work horses, two of which are swift; also
A good family or hackney carriage.

All of which will be sold without reserve.

Terms: One-third cash; balance in 60 and 90 days, for notes satisfactorily endorsed, bearing interest.

A. GREEN,
Mar 13—3t [Star.] Auctioneer.

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE AT Auction.—On Wednesday, the 16th instant, I shall sell, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the residence of a lady declining housekeeping, No. 403, corner of 10th and H streets north, an excellent assortment of furniture, viz:

Mahogany parlor and rocking chairs
Do marble-top and other tables and stands
Do dressing and other bureaus, washstands
Gilt frame pier glass and mantle ornaments
Walnut extension table, cane and wood-seat chairs
China, glass, and crockery ware, knives and forks
Cottage bedsteads, feather beds, bedding, and mattress
Parlor, passage, and chamber carpets, oil-cloth
Window shades, wardrobe, and toilet set, mantel clock
Cooking, radiator, and other stoves
With a good lot of kitchen requisites.

Terms: Under $25, cash; over $25, a credit of 60 and 90 days, for notes, satisfactorily endorsed, bearing interest.

A. GREEN,
March 11—d Auctioneer.
[Star&States.]

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VERY VALUABLE property, improved and unimproved, at auction.—On Monday, the 21st inst., I shall sell, commencing at 4 o'clock, p. m., the first-named property, the following-mentioned real estate, viz:

Lot No. 29, in square No. 801, improved with a small frame house. This property fronts on Fourth street east, between south N and M streets.

Part of lot No. 4, in square No. 802, improved by a two-story brick house with seven rooms.

That valuable property known as Coombs' wharf, in square No. 771, which rents for $600 per annum.

Lots Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 7, in square No. 771; lot No. 1 is improved by a three-story brick house and back building containing thirteen rooms.

Lots Nos. 1 and 2, in square No. 662.

Half of lot No. 1, in square No. 660.

Lots Nos. 2, 3, and 4, in square No. 708, embracing nearly all of said square, and considered valuable, being water lots at the termination of South Capitol street.

Terms: One-fourth cash; balance in one, two, and three years, with notes bearing interest from day of sale, and secured to the satisfaction of the executor. If the purchaser or purchasers fail to comply with the terms of sale at the expiration of five days, the executor reserves the right to resell the property, at the risk and cost of the delinquent purchaser, by giving three days' notice of said sale.

JAMES G. COOMBS,
Executor.
A. GREEN,
Mar 10—d Auctioneer.

VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY NEAR the War Department at private sale.—The subscribers are authorized to sell at private sale part of lot No. 1, in square No. 170, situated at the corner of New York avenue and 17th street west, and containing about 5,000 square feet of ground, improved by a two-story brick building.

Also, the three story brick house and lot immediately north of "Winder's Building."

These are both very valuable pieces of property, and will be sold on accommodating terms. Apply to

JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
March 8—2aw2m Auctioneers and Commission Merchants.

TO EDITORS OF EVANGELISTS.—In your number of the 15th instant, you say—"A correspondent asks us our opinion of the preparations advertised by Mrs. S. A. Allen, in our paper;" but, in the use of which, except the "Zylobalsamum," you profess to have had no experience. As I have tried a fair experiment with those articles, it may be of some use to others for me to communicate the result.

My age is sixty. One year ago, my hair was very gray, and has been gradually falling, until, on the crown, it has become quite thin. About the 1st of March, of the present year, I commenced using Mrs. S. A. Allen's "Restorer," No. 1, according to the directions, and have continued to apply a slight dressing of the same once in three or four weeks, on retiring to bed. My hair is now almost restored to its original color, and the hue appears to be permanent. *I am satisfied that the preparation is nothing like a dye, but operates upon the secretions.* My hair ceases to fall, which is certainly an advantage to one who was in danger of becoming bald.

The "Zylobalsamum" I have found the best and most agreeable hair dressing of anything which I have ever used for that purpose.

REV. M. THACHER,
Pitcher, Chenango Co., N. Y.

REV. W. B. THORNELOE, *Prescot, Lancashire, Eng and.*—"Your Hair Restorer is a perfect marvel. After having used it for six weeks, my *extremely* gray hair was restored to its natural color—not the wig-like appearance produced by dyes—but to its own natural color; which satisfies my mind that it is not a dye.

[The above clergman is well known throughout Great Britain, and to many on the United States.]

PRESIDENT J. H. EATON, LL. D., (Union University,) *Murfreesboro, Tenn.*—MADAM: "I would state that *some time last spring I found my HAIR FALLING OFF;* I concluded to purchase a bottle of your 'Hair Restorative,' &c., and give it a trial. I commenced using it, but very irregularly, but notwithstanding this irregularity, I found that its influence was distinctly visible, THE FALLING OFF OF HAIR CEASED, and my locks, which before were quite GRAY, WERE CHANGED TO BLACK."

REV. MRS. E. C. ANDRUS, [many years Missionary to Hayti,] *Marlsburg, N. Y.* In consequence of her long residence in aforementioned island, her hair and scalp was in a very unhealthy condition. After trying various articles without success, and eventually using Mrs. S. A. Allen's, she writes to the "American Baptist:" "I have derived much benefit from the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum: I have tried various other remedies for my hair, but never anything that so *materially and permanently* benefited me as have those of Mrs. S. A. Allen."

REV. C. A. BUCKNER, Treas. Am. Bible Union, Editor Bible Union Quarterly, *N. Y. City.*—"I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous other friends. I have found the Zylobalsamum superior to anything I have ever used for the hair, and would fully commend it to all."

REV. H. V. DEGEN, Editor "Guide to Holiness," *Boston, Mass.*—"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer, found among our other advertisements, we insert from actual experiment. That it promotes the growth of the hair where baldness had commenced, we have the evidence of our own eyes. We can testify to its effects."

REV. R. H. POLLOCK, Ed. "Presbyterian Witness," *Cin., O.*—"It is our settled policy to advertise nothing till we *know* it is what it purports to be. Having opportunity, and becoming satisfied of the merits of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, would be pleased," &c.

REV. E. R. FAIRCHILD, D. D., Cor. Sec. Am. and For'n Ch'n Union, *N. Y. City.*—"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have been used in my family with beneficial effects, and I take pleasure in commending them to such as have occasion to use such preparations."

REV. A. WEBSTER, Ed. Ch'n Era, *Boston, Mass.*—"Having used numerous specifics to little purpose, I discarded all, believing them to be of no value. So I regarded your World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, yet personal friends prevailed on me to use it. I have done so for several months past with good effect and entire satisfaction.

REV. DANIEL T. WOOD, *Middletown, Orange co., N. Y.*—"My hair has greatly thickened upon my head, and put on a very lively, healthy appearance. The same is true of my daughter; *her hair had become thin, and came out constantly, until we thought the head would be almost bare; her hair has handsomely thickened up, and has a healthy appearance.*"

REV. S. B. MORLEY, *Williamstown, Mass.*—"The effect of Mrs. S. A. Allen's preparations has been to change the 'Crown of Glory' belonging to old men to the original hue of youth."

REV. WM. PORTEUS, *Stancick, Cl.*—"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum has met my most sanguine expectations."

REV. J. A. H. CONNELL, Cor. Sec. Bd Ed'n R. D. Ch., *N. Y.*—"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, I am happy to say, prevented the falling off of the hair, and restored it from being gray to *its original color.*"

REV. J. WEST, *No. 6 Washington Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.*—"I thankfully acknowledge the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's preparations in *curing my baldness and grayness.*

We might add name after name of equal standing as the foregoing from all parts of the U. S., and even some from Europe, such as REV. W. B. THORNELOE, Prescot, England; REV. JAMES MCFARLANE, Esopus, N. Y.; REV. B. BRUCE, Newmarket, Ill.; REV. C. M. KLINCK, Lewistown, Pa.; REV. J. F. GRISWOLD, Washington, N. H.; REV. J. P. TUSTIN, Charleston, S. C.; REV. WM. CUTTER, Ed. Mother's Mag., N. Y.; REV. JAMES HOYT, Orange, N. J.; REV. JAMES P. STONE, Greensboro, Vt.; REV. E. EVANS, Delhi, O.; REV. WM. R. DOWNS, Howard, N. Y.; REV. GEO. M. SPRATT, Agt. Penn. Bap. Pub. Soc., Lewisburg, Union County, Pa.; REV. DAN