

THURSDAY MORNING November 28, 1867

To Correspondents.—The communication of a "Baltimorean" in reply to the criticism of our Washington correspondent on Miss Maggie Mitchell is not written in a temper to entitle it to admission in our columns.

"Grief of an old Bachelor" has been received and will appear in our next issue.

CHIEF CLERK.—HON. JAMES FOX AND MAGISTRATE, PRESIDING.—The Circuit Court since our last issue has been energetically engaged with the business before it and has disposed of a number of important cases on the civil docket, the most interesting of which are the following:

J. Kemp Jones vs. M. C. Jones. Action for services rendered. Ac. Jury Trial. Verdict for the plaintiff and damages assessed at \$5000. Mallox and Key for plaintiff. Harris for defendant. Motion made by defendant's counsel for a new trial. Motion overruled.

The Petition of Thomas W. Gough for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws. Objected to on the part of the Trustees in an equity proceeding for the sale of his property. Combs & Downs for petitioner and Judge Crain and B. G. Harris in opposition. Decided by His Honor, Judge Magruder, (Judge Ford not being qualified to sit in the case), surrendering the petition on the ground that the State Law on the subject of insolvency was superseded by the General Bankrupt Law.

On the criminal docket, the following cases have been tried:

State vs. W. Bowles. Assault and battery. Submitted to the Court. Judgment, guilty and fined \$10 and costs.—Blakistone for State. Combs & Downs for defendant.

Same vs. Same. Assault and battery. Submitted to the Court and not guilty confessed by the State. Same counsel.

State vs. James Green, colored. Assault with intent to kill. Submitted to the Court. Judgment, not guilty. Blakistone for State. Key for traverser.

State vs. John Bolton, colored. Indictment for larceny. Submitted to the Court. Judgment, guilty. Motion made for new trial and overruled. Blakistone for State. Key and Mathews for traverser.

State vs. same. Indictment for horse stealing. Submitted to the Court. Judgment, not guilty. Blakistone for State. Key for traverser.

State vs. Wm. McGuire. Indictment for larceny. Jury trial. Jury unable to agree and discharged. Blakistone for State. Harris and Mallox for defence.

State vs. Philip Howe. Indictment for taking and carrying away timber. Defendant to indictment and demurrer sustained. Blakistone for State. Mallox for defence.

State vs. Geo. Hill, colored. Assault and battery. Submitted to the Court.—Judgment, guilty, and sentenced to 4 months imprisonment in the county jail. Blakistone for State. Bliscoe and Mathews for defence.

State vs. Harrison Long. Indictment for manslaughter. Postponed until the 2nd Monday in January next in consequence of the absence of the most important witness for the State. The case of McGuire, in which the jury failed to agree, was also set down for trial at the same time.

After the transaction of some other business, of no very general interest, the Court then adjourned to the 2nd Monday in January next.

ST. MARY'S FEMALE SEMINARY.—The buildings of this institution have been recently refitted and painted and are now in excellent condition and still further improvements on them are contemplated by the Trustees, we learn. Under the management of Miss Gardiner, the Seminary is beginning to show signs of vitality and prosperity and we hope soon to see it take the honorable position it is entitled to among the numerous of female education in the country. There is no good reason why it should not take such a position and there is the strongest reason in the world why it should be patronized by residents of our country in preference to foreign schools of learning. It is located in our midst, it is conducted by our own people, it is as cheap as other schools, and its educational advantages are as great as those of any institution with which we are acquainted. By a recent order of the Trustees, six pupils are allowed to be received into the institution free of tuition fees. For further particulars, communicate with Miss Gardiner, St. Inigoes' P. O., Md.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—To-day has been set apart by both the President of the United States and the Governor of the State as a day of thanksgiving to the Almighty for the many bounties which He has bestowed upon us during the past year, and it is recommended that the people to-day abstain from all secular pursuits.

(Correspondence of the Beacon.)
Washington, Nov. 25th.

Major Daniel Sickles, as a Major General is no more. May we never look on his like again. Did it never strike you as very singular that the three men who were the first and most ardent advocates of secession, who did most to bring on the war and urged it most unflinchingly on the Southern people, turned out to be three of the most merciless tyrants the world ever saw? Stanton, Sickles, and Butler, the Danton, Robespierre and Marat of the American revolution, and had they been allowed to follow the bent of their own inclinations unrestrained, the horrors of the French Revolution would have faded into insignificance beside the acts of those men. No one can put his finger on a single achievement of either of the two who bore the title of Major General that would have entitled him to wear the stripes of a Corporal. Sickles blundered at Gettysburg, lost his leg, and had it not been for the two Army Corps sent to his relief, he never would have got a man out alive.—That, I believe, was his first and last exploit as a military man. As for Butler, he could not keep his hands off the property of other men long enough to get under fire. I do not think he was ever nearer than ten miles to any fight and then he was in Fort Monroe with the gates locked and contrabands doubled, while Magruder was chewing up his men at Big Bethel.

Col. Jack Forney rather puzzles by a little remark of his, while announcing the final election returns, in My Daily of this city. He says that Kentucky, Maryland and Delaware are held by the Rebels, but New York elects the Democratic ticket. What does the Colonel mean? We, of the unconstructed, have always been taught that any one who dared to differ with the powers that be (no matter how loyal he might be) was a Democrat, a Democrat was a Copperhead, a Copperhead a Rebel and a Rebel a Secessionist. But now I find that after all the curses loud and deep that have been poured out on New York and the Northern rebels, the Col. draws the line, finds the right-thinking men of the North are not the rebels and copperheads he has been cursing and wanting to hang for the last seven years, but his old first-love Democrats. I suspect the Col. has a motive in this, as he intends to have Maryland, Delaware and Kentucky reconstituted, but New York not having negroes enough to carry the State, will be allowed to live on in her ignorance and never know the blessings of negro rule. The game here now is to force negro suffrage on the South while the North forever keeps clear of it. Negroes are to be allowed to vote, but not to hold office. Radicals here say that with the constructed South, Maryland, Kentucky and Delaware added, with what States they can carry at the North and West, with several new States they can admit which will give them what vote they please, they are sure of President, Vice-President and a large majority in both houses of Congress. But, I fear, that before this can be brought about some one will get hurt. It is now a settled fact that the attempt will be made to force negro suffrage upon Maryland and to disfranchise the whites, and what the result will be no one can tell.

As you will see by the papers the calamity is upon us—Congress is in session. Mr. Sumner, as usual, led off with the Negro question—introducing a bill to strike out the word white from the city charter and make all men eligible for any office of profit or trust. In future we shall have two-thirds negroes on all juries and the largest share in the Police force. Will it not be interesting to see a white man march up the Avenue, in charge of a big Nigger, in full uniform, billy in hand, ready to apply it with full force, if he feels like it, for the amusement of his fellow blacks? And this is the reward the citizens of this District get for having furnished more soldiers to put down the Rebellion, than any State in the Union in proportion to population. What Congress intends to do, no mortal can say, yet, conjecture. Much will depend on Mr. Stevens. If he is able to take his place in the House and work as he did last session, he will lash the small fry into obedience and will stop at nothing. I hear that he has greatly improved in health since his arrival in Washington. Like the abolition, scattering blood from afar, he seems to be collecting all his energies for a final assault upon the down-trodden people of the South. I do not think there ever was a man who more perfectly understood the refinement of cruelty or who knew better how to apply the instrument so as to retain the life and prolong the torture of the victim. The buried dead of years is in his heart and like Sumner he will spend the last moments of his life in framing new methods of cruelty. There is one great difference between the two men—Stevens is known to be a man of unflinching courage, while Sumner is universally pointed at as one of the greatest cowards in the world. I much regretted, when I last passed through the Rotunda of the Capitol, to see that that most exquisite and touching effort of modern art, the Christian Martyrs, had been taken down and a miserable dandy, the Slave Market at St. Louis, put in its place. Well—it is to be feared that those persons would tear

down Ruben's "Descent from the Cross, to make political capital. I wonder that the old revolutionary pictures in the Rotunda are not torn out and a series of paintings substituted for them, such as "The Negroes first vote," "Whipping a Negro in North Carolina by Johnson men" and the like. Let the special artists of Frank Leslie and Harper's Weekly, who were on the spot, paint them, and let the editors of both papers write the history with that truthfulness they are so celebrated for and it would take and help the cause of the Union, without a doubt.

The Rev. Dr. Newman Hall lectured to a very slim audience at Wall's Opera house on Friday night. I did not at first understand what the lecture was to be about, but when he was introduced by Wilson the cat was out of the bag and it was obvious that it was intended for a political trick, but it failed.

Mrs. Lander is at Wall's. I am truly sorry to see Mrs. L. attempting those plays by which Ristori has made for herself such an enviable fame. Never were two people more totally different in appearance and style of acting. Mrs. Lander is Queen Elizabeth or Marie Stuart than Ristori would be to play that of an Irish chamber-maid. Mrs. Lander's attempt to play Queen Elizabeth was acknowledged on all hands to be a complete failure. Mrs. Lander has great merits as an actress, and in the old plays we formerly had the pleasure of seeing her perform, we must acknowledge that she has no equal.

As you see by the papers, that price of snobs, Charles Dickens, is again in America, and the American people have neither lynched him nor treated him to a coat of tar and feathers.

We sincerely hope that, on his return to England, Mr. Dickens will give us another edition of Martin Chuzzlewit and American Notes, in which he will show up, in his best style, the boot-licks who are bowing and fawning before him. The whole cause of Mr. Dickens' hatred to the American people was his failure to procure an international copy-right law, for which a bill was introduced into Congress by Mr. Clay when Mr. Dickens was last in the United States. Had Mr. Dickens spoken the truth when he gave us such a tongue-lashing, the thing would not have been so bad. But for a low police reporter, with the vermin of the work-house scarcely off him, to come here and criticize the manners of the ladies and gentlemen of this country, was an insult hard to be endured with patience. To set his foot on our shores again after this, shows more quiet impudence than we thought even Dickens was master of, with all his cheek.

The city is filled with strangers—an unusual thing so early in the season. Sight-seeing seems to be their only occupation. I saw one "green-one" feeling in every pocket for his pocket-book, but, at the last accounts, he had not succeeded in catching up to it. I suppose some one had taken it to take care of it for him. From some of the faces I see among the crowds now in the city, I don't think the gentleman's pocket-book will be returned to him very soon.

The prize-fight between Colyer and Kelly is to take place to-morrow, and, as usual, the city is being filled with thieves who generally come in droves to look out for green-horns. The light-fingered gentry thieve their way on here, get into the crowd around the prize ring, don't leave a watch or a pocket-book, and then thieve their way back to New York. I saw a man strip in the prize ring for an impromptu fight and every article of his clothing was stolen as fast as he laid it on the ground, from his great coat to his undershirt. You may judge of his feelings when the fight not coming off, he went to dress himself and found he had nothing left but his pantaloons and boots, not even a hat and he several miles from home and the day bitter cold. I have heard men called so mean that they would take the shirt off a man's back, but never saw it before.

I fear I may have made my letter too long, but in a place like this, there are so many things to write about, that I find it impossible to put into fewer words a short notice of the thousand and one things one hears of in this vast city of reports.

Dor.

MAJOR WM. O. KEY.—We notice in a late Southern journal that the gentleman whose name heads this notice has pulled up stakes in Alabama and settled himself with Messrs. Elder & Goodwin, St. Louis, Mo. The paper in question speaks of Major Key as a "reliable, active, prompt, upright business man," all of which we are prepared to swear upon the spot, with the addition, that he is one of the cleverest fellows afloat.

SOUTHERN SOCIETY.—Simultaneously with the issue of the Howe Journal appears Southern Society, published at No. 226, W. Baltimore St., at four dollars per year. A hasty glance assures us that it is an enterprise whose success Baltimore may well be proud of. Nos. 2 and 3 are on our table, and are each filled with a variety of literary matter of such a standard, as to secure for it the hearty good will and keen appreciation of the cultured reader every where.

THE IMPROVEMENT QUESTION.—The majority report of the Judiciary Committee, submitted to Congress on Monday last, recommends that the President be impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors. Nothing is said of his status pending a decision on the impeachment. Two minority reports, dissenting from the conclusions of the majority, were also submitted. The Baltimore Sun says, that we hardly suppose that the majority of the committee have any expectation of their recommendation being adopted by the House, or if it is, that it will be sustained by popular sentiment. It looks like a political trick. In this latter remark, we fully concur, nor do we anticipate any practical result whatever from the recommendation of the committee, except perhaps a still greater intensification of the public hatred against Congress.

TRIBUTE TO JUDGE BRENT.—When the Grand Jury was called by the Court to meet on yesterday morning, the Attorney, Col. Blakistone, on the part of that body, presented the following paper which he desired that their Honors would order to be entered upon the minutes of their Court.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONORS:—The Grand Jurors of St. Mary's county for the present November term, being solicitous to have placed upon record, some enduring testimony of their respect and affection for the Hon. George Brent, recently elevated to the bench of the Court of Appeals, and so long and honorably connected with the administration of justice in this county, respectfully ask of your Honors, that the following resolutions may be entered upon the minutes of your Honorable Court, if they shall meet your Honors' approbation.

Resolved, That the gratitude of our entire people is due to Judge Brent for the prompt, able and impartial manner in which he has administered the law while in our midst, ever tempering justice with mercy, but ever discharging his duty without fear, favor or affection.

Resolved, That Judge Brent carries with him to the new field of usefulness and honor, to which he has recently been called, the love, respect and admiration of our people and their warmest wishes for his future happiness and welfare.

After the reading of the paper, Col. Blakistone pronounced an eloquent and pertinent eulogy upon Judge Brent, referring in happy terms to his ability and purity as a jurist and to his courteous and amiable character as a gentleman. Judge Ford, on part of the Court, responded in a brief address, paying a handsome compliment to the judicial and personal character of Judge Brent, and concluded by ordering the resolutions of the Grand Jury to be entered among the minutes of the Court.

C. I. DURANT, Esq.—The following letter, addressed by Mr. Durant to the Editors of the Baltimore Gazette, will sufficiently explain itself without any comment of ours.

LEONARDTOWN, ST. MARY'S COUNTY, November 15, 1867.
To the Editors of the Baltimore Gazette:—Dear Sirs—My attention has been called to the official report of the November election, in the Gazette of the 8th instant, where I am set down a Radical candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court for this county.

To what class of Radicals I belong I would like to be informed. In September, 1867, I was arrested in Frederick city, Maryland, as a member of the House of Delegates from this county; the only one from this county that took his seat there.

Since that time my opinions have undergone very little, or no change, and I therefore will do me the justice to put me right before the public, and especially with my brave comrades, who chose to bear the horrors of the prison rather than yield to the tyrant.

Your obedient servant,
C. I. DURANT.

The Gazette publishes the above letter and takes pleasure in correcting the injustice which was accidentally done Mr. Durant. While upon this subject, we may state, that the Baltimore papers, in making up their returns of the late election, erroneously classified two other gentlemen of our county with the radicals, Messrs. Joseph T. Gough and William F. Leach, both of whom are as usual denominated as can be found in the State. Mistakes sometimes occur in the best regulated families and newspaper people are no more exempt from them than other sinners.

CLERK TO THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—At a meeting of the County Commissioners on Tuesday last, James H. Wilson, Esq., the able and efficient Clerk to the old, was elected Clerk to the new board for the ensuing two years. The selection of Mr. Wilson will give general satisfaction.

A distressing Cough, causes the friends of the sufferer almost as much pain as the sufferer himself, and should receive immediate attention. Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry speedily cures coughs, colds, influenza, sore throat, &c. It will always relieve consumption, and in many well-attended cases it has effected a perfect cure.

THE SOUTHERN HOME JOURNAL is the title of a new weekly periodical just issued in Baltimore, by John Y. Slater & Co. It is an eight page sheet, printed on very fine paper, and in style somewhat like the New York Ledger, though if the first number, which is all we have yet received, be an indication of what may follow, it is infinitely superior to the Ledger or any other similar weekly published in the North, and the peer of that with which the names of Morris and Willis have been so indissolubly linked. The Southern Home Journal numbers among its contributors Sumner, Cooke, Hayne, Holmes, Thompson and scores of others, whose culture and genius cannot fail to make it a welcome visitor to every fireside.

MARRIED.—On the 21st instant, by the Rev. Father and Parson, JOHN A. DUNBAR to CATHERINE E. CLARKE. On the 26th instant, by the Rev. Father or Boone, ALLEN TYLER to Miss ALICE YATES.

Our thanks are respectfully returned to the parties, last named for a liberal share of the bride's cake, and we ask them to accept, not only our grateful acknowledgments for their kind recognition, but our warmest wishes for their future happiness and welfare.

DIED.—On the 24th instant, FRANCIS, son of Jos. and H. C. Forrest, aged 2 years and 7 months. The Lord hath given and the Lord hath taken away; blessed be the name of the Lord.

Late Sheriff's Sale of PERSONAL PROPERTY.

BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, one at the suit of Francis Neale, Benjamin G. Harris and John H. Neale, trading under the firm and style of Neale, Harris & Co., and one at the suit of Francis Neale, Benjamin G. Harris and John H. Neale, trading under the firm and style of Neale, Harris & Co., against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Isaac See, and to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate at law and in equity of the said Isaac See, in and to the following property, to wit:

- 1 ONX CART.
- 2 Timber Waggon and Harness,
- 3 Ploughs,
- 6 Wheel Barrows,
- 8 Molds,
- 3 Yoke of Oxen,
- 1 Timber Cart,
- 1 Grain Stone,
- 1 Steam engine and fixtures thereto attached,
- 1 Steam engine and fixtures thereto attached,
- 1 Bellows and Smith's tools,
- 10,000 Railroad ties,
- 5,999 Feet of Scantling,
- 20,000 Feet of 1 inch Pine Lumber,
- 4,000 Feet of 2 inch Pine Lumber,
- 12,000 Feet Oak Lumber,
- 3 Railroad Cars,
- 1 Six Road Tractor,
- and Logs,
- 5 Crosscut Saws,
- 1 Set of carpenter's tools,
- 3 Ox chains,
- 471 cords of pine wood on shore,
- 250 cords of oak wood on shore,
- 3 Holesheads,
- 3 Mattresses,
- 3 pair of Sheets,
- 1 lot of pillow cases,
- 8 Single Blankets,
- 1 Writing Desk,
- 6 Chairs,
- Lot of Crochery ware,
- 1 Tin Sate,
- 1 Carpet on Floor,
- 2 dozen Axes,
- 150 Cords of Oak wood in woods.

And I hereby give notice, that on Monday, the 10th day of December, 1867,

on the premises of said Isaac See, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m., and 4 o'clock, p. m., I will expose to public sale the above-mentioned property, to be sold to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

JAMES H. ALVEY, Constable.

FRANCIS M. GODDARD, Late Sheriff.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE. John H. Spinks & others, Thomas W. Gough.

In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity. ORDERED, that the sale made by Peter W. Crain and B. G. Harris, Trustees of the sale of the real estate in this case mentioned, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 23rd day of December next; provided a copy of this order be posted in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 23rd day of December next. The report states the amount of sales to be \$24,000.

D. B. MAGRUDER, True copy—Test: Associate Judge. JNO A. CAMALIER, Cks. Nov 28, 1867—2w.

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY. THE STORE-HOUSE and FIXTURES at Street Wharf, near the Head of St. Clement's Bay, for rent. It is an excellent and well-established place for business and persons wishing to engage in merchanizing would do well to obtain it. Terms made known on application to Y. P. DARWIN, Nov. 28, 1867—1f.

Constable's Sale of Real Estate and Personal Property.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued by George N. Alvey, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for St. Mary's county, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Harrison Posey, and to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate at law and in equity of the said Harrison Posey, in and to the following property, to wit:

Two tracts or parcels of land called and known by the following names: DIAMOND'S VENTURE, containing 148 acres; and 31 perches; POOR HOPE, containing 69 acres, more or less.

And I hereby give notice, that on Thursday, the 19th day of December, 1867,

between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m., and 4 o'clock, p. m., on the premises of the said Isaac See, in the village of Little Hill in Charlotte Hall district, I will expose to public auction the above-mentioned parcels of land, to the highest bidder for cash—and, on the same day, between the hours of 12 o'clock, m., and 4 o'clock, p. m., I will expose to sale in public auction the village of Charlotte Hall, in Charlotte Hall district, the above-mentioned real estate, so seized and taken in execution to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the said debt, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

JAMES H. ALVEY, Constable.

Constable's Sale of REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of four writs of Fieri Facias, issued by George N. Alvey, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for St. Mary's county, one at the suit of Maria P. Morton, one at the suit of Thomas Barber, one at the suit of Theophilus Harrison, and one at the suit of Robinson & Bissett, assignees of J. J. Turner, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Harrison Posey, and to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate at law and in equity of the said Harrison Posey, in and to the following property, to wit:

Two tracts or parcels of land called and known by the following names: DIAMOND'S VENTURE, containing 148 ACRES; and 31 perches; POOR HOPE, containing 69 acres, more or less.

And I hereby give notice, that on Thursday, the 19th day of December, 1867,

between the hours of 12 o'clock, m., and 4 o'clock, p. m., in the village of Little Hill in Charlotte Hall district, I will expose to public auction, the property above named, so seized and taken in execution to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

JAMES H. ALVEY, Constable.

A DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE. I will sell at private sale the farm on which R. F. Neale now resides, situate on St. Clement's Bay in Choptank District and known as "PART OF ST. WINIFRIDS FREEHOLD." This Farm contains 230 acres of land, more or less, and has good Orchards, meadow, having about a thousand bearing PEACH TREES. A more particular description is not deemed necessary at this time, and all persons desirous of purchasing are invited to call and view the land.

The terms are, one-third cash, the balance on liberal terms as to time, subject to agreement, or more known, on application to the undersigned, whose post office is the Head of St. Clement's Bay, Md. MARY J. NEALE, Nov. 28, 1867—1d.

For Rent. THE STORE-HOUSE and FIXTURES at Street Wharf, near the Head of St. Clement's Bay, for rent. It is an excellent and well-established place for business and persons wishing to engage in merchanizing would do well to obtain it. Terms made known on application to Y. P. DARWIN, Nov. 28, 1867—1f.

Proclamation. STATE OF MARYLAND. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

The President of the United States having appointed the 23rd day of November instant, as a day of thanksgiving, to be observed throughout the country, the people of the State of Maryland have abundant reason to cooperate in humbling themselves before Almighty God for the many bounties which have been so liberally bestowed upon them during the past year. Our whole land has been blessed with plenty. Especially have we reason to be thankful for the healthy growth of our material interests, in the continued advancement within our borders of agriculture, commerce and the varied pursuits of labor. Nor is it less a cause of thanksgiving and praise that we are so fully progressing in moral and intellectual culture, illustrating the virtuous and patriotic character of a just and God-fearing people.

Proclaim I, grateful for the manifestations of the Divine favor, THOMAS SWANN, Governor of the State of Maryland, do request that on THURSDAY, the 28th day of November instant, be set apart as a day of thanksgiving and Praise to the Giver of all good, and that the people of the State of Maryland do abstain from all secular pursuits on this day.

Given under my hand, and the Seal of the State of Maryland, at Annapolis, this 27th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

THOMAS SWANN, By the Governor, JOHN M. CARROLL, Secretary of State. Nov. 21, 1867—1d.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND. ON application of George H. Moran and Ann B. Moran, administrators of the estate of St. Mary's county, deceased, in and for the County, that the sum of Administration money the contents of the said account, together with the interest thereon, be paid to the creditors of said estate, on the 28th day of December next, at the Court House in Leonardtown, Md.

JAS. T. M. RALEY, Register of Wills for St. Mary's county. Nov. 21, 1867—1d.

Trustee's Sale of REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, in and for the County of Equity, in a cause in which Samuel Rust, Trustee, and Thomas Hubbard, Executors, are Defendants, and in which the sixth day of August, 1867, was the day of trial, and in which the said Court has decreed that the said Samuel Rust, Trustee, do sell the following real estate, to wit:

Two tracts or parcels of land called and known as: PT. AUGUSTINE'S BEFRANCE, containing 74 acres, more or less.

And I hereby give notice, that on Tuesday, the 10th day of December next,

between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m., and 4 o'clock, p. m., the following real estate, to wit: One tract or parcel of land called and known as: PT. AUGUSTINE'S BEFRANCE, containing 74 acres, more or less.

This land is located on the "Three Notched Land" within about two miles of the Patuxent River and has considerable timber upon it. There is a small pond on the premises.

The said of this land is excellent and can be made as productive as any in the State. It may be sold, as provided by the Decree, and one-third of the purchase money in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in equal instalments at one and two years credit; the deferred payments to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the Trustee, and to bear interest from the day of sale. When all the purchase money shall be paid, the Trustee will execute a deed to the purchaser, free, clear and discharged from all claims of the parties to this sale and of those claiming under them.

JAN. T. M. RALEY, Trustee. Nov. 14, 1867—1s.

NOTICE. FROM and after the date of this notice I respectfully inform the public that I will not ship on board my vessel, for conveyance any BRICKS unless the freight has been prepaid nor for a less sum than \$5 per thousand.

GEORGE PAUL, Oct 17, 1867—3w.

FOR SHERIFF. JOHN SHAWTRICK is announced as a candidate for Sheriff at the election of 1869 and will be warmly supported by all the friends of the county and especially by the Factory and Millmen.