

THURSDAY MORNING, November 17, 1870.

THE LESSONS OF THE RECENT ELECTION.

Elections, like pulpit or other sermons, have their lessons, and political communities in the one case, like sinners in the other, are advanced and advantaged by remonstrating and reading them aright.— To eliminate and realize a few of the more apparent and important precepts which, we think, the late Congressional election in our county teaches, and to point out the respects in which they may benefit us hereafter, is the endeavor that now engages us.

There is no denying, notwithstanding all our efforts, that the great mass of the black voters of our county support Dr. Gary at the late election. To all appeals that the interest of the black race of our county was identical with our own—to all arguments showing that the tariff and other monopolies, represented and illustrated by the Republican candidate, were in direct conflict with our industrial welfare—a deaf ear was turned, and, at the behest and under the leadership of strangers, in spite of their dependence upon us for food, raiment and shelter, of our common county nativity and our liberal and indulgent conduct towards them, the blacks massed themselves against us, with honorable exceptions, and defiantly elected to fight us.

Well, they have fought us and they have been whipped, not only in the State, but in the 5th Congressional district, and not only in the 5th Congressional district, but in St. Mary's county. Nor is this the worst. They have been so badly crippled, so completely routed and scattered, as to render any attempt at future effective opposition to our party, either here or elsewhere in the State, a bald and transparent folly.

Woe to the vanquished! sung the Roman, and woe to the vanquished! proclaims the Yankee wherever he has power to-day. Thank God, we are neither Yankees nor the sons of Yankees and it is well for the black race in our midst that we are not. But let this pass.

Under a fair retrospect of all the circumstances that preceded the late election, have we a right to be surprised or are we justified in being proscriptive and belligerent because the mass of the blacks voted against us? We think not. Eighteen months ago, we were told by a wise and far-seeing man, then on a visit to our county, that we must either cultivate friendly political relations with the blacks or look to see them for a time politically estranged from us. Which of us remembered or regarded this judicious advice until it was too late for it to avail us anything in the recent canvass? Until secret Leagues had been established throughout our county and its members had bound themselves by an oath to vote for Mr. Gary, which of us went out among the blacks and advised them as to their true interest? The people of the county have been arraigned for inviting Northern men to buy their lands and then turning upon and abusing them for their northern birth and opinions. Now, we have many Northern men settled in our community, and we have yet to hear of the first case of discourteous treatment in our county of any one of them because of his birth or opinions. It is neither the birth nor the opinions of this class that have excited the ill-will of our people, but the aggressive, inter-meddling of comparative strangers with our politics,—in brief, if any body has been rudely treated, it is neither the Northern Radical mechanic nor the Northern Radical farmer, but the Northern Radical politician who has made war upon our social habits, our educational and other systems, and our political conduct.— Northern men who have settled here and who have been content to mind their own business, who have not sought to excite hurtful and dangerous divisions among our people, to tax and rule us through the instrumentality of an unlettered and landless class, have been treated with as much kindness, as much neighborly regard, as we treat one another. It is only the Northern Radical politician who has been differently treated, and differently treated he will continue to be.

LAND SALE.—Messrs. Combs & Downs, Trustees, sold on Tuesday last, the real estate of Joseph Forrest, comprising about 3000 acres of land located in the Patuxent region of this county, for \$15,280.—The Home Farm was purchased by Mrs. Henrietta C. Forrest for \$4,055; the "Cat Creek" estate by Jos. H. Key, Esq., for \$5,800; and the residue by John Parsons, Esq., for \$5,255. This extremely low figures for which this property was sold furnishes strong inducements to those seeking investments in land to bring their capital in this direction.

RECENT ELECTIONS.—California, Connecticut, Georgia, Mississippi and Texas are yet to vote. If their present representation in Congress is not changed, the Republican majority in the next House will be 34. The House is composed of 243 members. In the last House, the Republican majority was 88. The Democrats will, therefore, have gained 54 members in the present Fall's elections if the representation in the States named is not disturbed.

GRAND DEMOCRATIC BARBARE.—To make proper recognition of the signal triumph which our party achieved at the late elections, both here and elsewhere in our State, the democracy of Leonard Town district at a recent meeting determined to take initiatory measures for giving a grand Barbare to the democratic voters of the county, black and white. To this end, an executive committee, consisting of Col. James T. Blakistone, B. R. Abell, Joseph H. Key, Frank Ford and D. S. Briscoe, were appointed and empowered to select sub-committees to assist them in the different districts of the county.

It has been determined to hold the Barbare at Leonard Town on Saturday, the 26th of November, instant. Hon. Wm. M. Merriell, our delegate elect to Congress, will address his fellow-citizens on the occasion, and addresses will also be delivered by the several gentlemen of our own county who participated in discussions during the progress of the late campaign. A fine band of music will be in attendance and amply provision for the "inner man," will be provided for all who may attend.

We submit lists of the sub-committees in the different districts, whose duties it is understood to be, to solicit from the residents of their respective sections, funds and provisions, in aid of the Barbare and to report to the Executive Committee the amount and character of the contributions they may receive on or before Tuesday, the 22nd instant. We bespeak a liberal response from our fellow-citizens in the several districts to the calls for aid by the members of the different committees.

District Committees.—1st Dist.—Wm. R. Clarke, Dr. J. H. Miles, Wm. B. Bean, A. C. Tennison and Thomas Brone. 2nd Dist.—Thomas O. Spencer, Benj. Hewitt, J. D. Loker, Geo. B. Dent and Benj. Magill. 3rd Dist.—Wm. F. Leach, J. A. Carberry, Joseph Gough, Francis Golioboro and E. L. Spalding. 4th Dist.—J. J. Gough, Walter Carpenter, Dr. R. P. Blakistone, Geo. Wm. Goddard and Dr. Samuel Love. 5th Dist.—Dr. James Thomas, Theo. Harrison, John T. Ballenger, J. J. Redmond and James H. Alvey. 6th Dist.—R. King Clarke, Thomas Bond, Thomas Parsons, C. W. L. Backler and James Jones.

POLITICAL ASPERITIES.—Some of the republican speakers who participated in the political discussions of the late canvass have complained that several of our democratic speakers allowed themselves to indulge in asperities of expression and personality of illusion that were unusual and unsuited to decent controversy. Of course, if the facts are as stated and the law of fair retaliation did not apply, we have nothing to say in defence of the parties charged with thus offending against good taste.— But the complaint does not stop here.— The people of the county have been arraigned for inviting Northern men to buy their lands and then turning upon and abusing them for their northern birth and opinions. Now, we have many Northern men settled in our community, and we have yet to hear of the first case of discourteous treatment in our county of any one of them because of his birth or opinions. It is neither the birth nor the opinions of this class that have excited the ill-will of our people, but the aggressive, inter-meddling of comparative strangers with our politics,—in brief, if any body has been rudely treated, it is neither the Northern Radical mechanic nor the Northern Radical farmer, but the Northern Radical politician who has made war upon our social habits, our educational and other systems, and our political conduct.— Northern men who have settled here and who have been content to mind their own business, who have not sought to excite hurtful and dangerous divisions among our people, to tax and rule us through the instrumentality of an unlettered and landless class, have been treated with as much kindness, as much neighborly regard, as we treat one another. It is only the Northern Radical politician who has been differently treated, and differently treated he will continue to be.

THE RESULT IN MARYLAND.—Our readers, ere this, have been informed of the glorious result of the recent Congressional election in our State. Our party has not only been triumphant in the whole five Congressional districts, but it has carried each and every of them by such heavy majorities as to warrant the assumption that we shall have no serious opposition to democratic rule in Maryland for many a day to come. In the first district, Hamilton's majority is 4,006; Archer's in the 2nd, is 6,990; Swan's in the 3rd, is 4,723; Ritchie's in the 4th, is 18,181; and Merrick's in the 5th, is 17,011. The aggregate vote of the State is 133,462—the democratic vote, 76,710—the Republican vote, 57,752—leaving the democratic majority 18,958. We append the vote in our own Congressional district—

Merrick, D. Gary, R.

Anne Arundel,	2,318	2,706
Baltimore co.,	2,621	1,546
Calvert,	935	1,004
Charles,	1,545	1,595
Howard,	1,485	1,158
Montgomery,	2,436	1,701
Prince George's,	2,220	2,221
St. Mary's,	1,671	1,419
Total,	15,291	13,440
Majority,	1,791	

DISTRESSING CASUALTY.—We are pained to learn that a young son of Mr. John K. Davis, living near Choptico, shot himself while playing with a gun on Sunday morning last. The gun had been left in the piazza of his parents and the boy, unobserved by his parents, had taken it in hand and is supposed to have pressed back with his foot the cock, which slipping while the muzzle pointed towards his head, exploded the gun, lodging the contents in the skull. The boy was nine years old and lingered some twelve hours after he was shot. The parents have our sincerest sympathies in their bereavement.

Rev. C. P. Bush, D. D., Rochester, N. Y., says of "Our Father's House": "Our Father's House" is like the other works of the author, scholarly, devout, suggestive, instructive and well calculated to do good. It cannot fail to find its way to many thousand readers. See advertisement in another column.

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SUCCESS TACT.—The Baltimore American has turned tact and gone back upon the newly enfranchised. It has discovered that black suffrage in this State has proven an "element of weakness" to the Radical cause. We have no doubt that it now heartily wishes that the whole black race was back again into slavery, shorts-shike both of civil and political rights. We protest in advance against the new programme of the American and its friends. The black man is more valuable to us as a freeman than he ever was as a slave. His freedom, therefore, we mean to maintain against all comers. As we gave him his civil rights for good and sufficient reasons, for the same reasons we mean also to maintain these. And we positively cannot afford to part with black suffrage. The radicals, without intending to do us a favor, have placed a big stick in our hands and we propose before we get through to make them feel the weight of it. Look out, gentlemen, for this big stick in the coming Presidential election! But will wonders never cease! Shall we live to behold radicalism, after all its professions of love and regard for the black race, turn tact and float to the breeze the banner of a straight white man's party? The present outcroppings of the American look very like it. But turn tact as they may, float what they will, it will still be the same old crew, and the democracy will be found ready and able, when that "afraid dog-gone animal" comes out of his new hole, to deal with him as he deserves.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—We regret to learn that Mrs. M. L. Key, residing at Cedar Point in the Factory district of our county, lost her barn, granary and corn house, with valuable farming implements, provender, etc., by fire on Thursday morning last. Mr. John Crookshanks, a tenant of Mrs. Key, was also a heavy loser, having over two hundred barrels of corn consumed by the fire. A valuable buggy, belonging to a gentleman visiting at Mrs. Key, was also destroyed. There was an insurance, we learn, of \$1200 on the barn, but the loss to Mrs. Key is very severe notwithstanding. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.— Three parties have been arrested and lodged in our jail, two upon suspicion of being the incendiaries, and one as a witness. The names of the suspected parties are Nelson Forrest and Charles Butler, both colored. The witness is a boy, about 12 years of age, named George Cowart, also colored. We have thought it best, for the present, not to give currency to the rumors afloat in regard to the accused parties or to the reported revelations of the boy, Cowart. The parties in misfortune have our sincerest sympathies in the heavy loss they have sustained.

THE MONTHLY NOVELLETTE.—About the first of December Messrs. Thomas & Talbot, 63 Congress street, Boston, will issue a large, first-class handsomely printed and illustrated magazine called "The Monthly Novellette," so well known for the past fourteen years, and making it the country's first class story and romance, with choice engravings and in every respect a journal for the people to read and admire. The price of "The Monthly Novellette" will be 20 cents per copy or \$2.00 per annum, and it will be worth the money, as every one can admit after examining it. Every line in "The Novellette" will be interesting and original, and some of the best story writers in the country are engaged for its columns.

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(Correspondence of the Beacon.)  
Washington, Nov. 14th, 1870.

Washington is still having rings, it seems. A new one makes its appearance every day and as they appear the money of the property-holders goes the faster, like the goblins that caught Gabriel Grube in the churchyard; the faster the organ played the faster the goblins jumped among the tombstones. All we can say is, if the goblins jumped any faster than the property-holders of this unfortunate city are jumping at this present time to find money to pay ring-masters they must have jumped infernally fast and we don't wonder that Gabriel Grube became dizzy and fell down. When the ring-master cracks his whip in these parts the people have to play leap-frog over each other's shoulders until the money comes when they are allowed a little time to get breath and swoop off and come to meet the next master that enters the ring. We do not believe the man lives whose intellect is capacious enough to find room to retain the names of the rings in mind. There is the paving-ring, the market-house ring, the canal-digging out ring, the packing ring, the whiskey ring, the strap game ring and all are mere branches of the Grand-Consolidated-double-back-action-self-playing-and-no-need-dividing-rings, known as the Hand emblem of the people's pockets ring, Office in the Capitol Hill of Representatives, Ulysses Grant, President; Mat. Emery and his brothers joint Secretary and Treasurers, E. would-be-Judge Fisher (at present doing the dirty work at the Police Court) Attorney to the lowest scalliwags and carpet-baggers who will remain in Washington as long as there is any money to be squeezed out of the people. You see the thing is perfectly clean and fair and it can be nothing else, with such an array of first-class names. Any of the citizens of your county wishing to invest their lone cash, can do so with perfect safety; having the guarantee of the company they will never see any need of it again, the motto of the company being, "Now you see it, and now you don't."

The recent elections have in a manner lifted the cloud which has so long hung over the prosperity of the people's pockets and caused so much anxiety to all honest and right-thinking people. We do not remember ever before to have seen so many smiling faces among the democrats; all seem to have now life imparted to them and they are dropping into line, getting ready for the great fight when victory will crown their efforts and the country will be saved from the thieves and demagogues who have brought it to the verge of ruin.

The new Democratic paper, the Patriot, has its first appearance to-day. As you will see by to-day's mail I need say nothing of its appearance. Its inaugural is admirably written and its articles generally such as we should expect to find in a first-class journal, but we fear its reading-matter is of rather too high an order to suit the common newspaper readers. We feel sure that its success would be entirely assured if some of its leading articles were addressed to the masses of the people who need instructions on the various practical questions of the day. But one word of caution to the "Patriot"—the days of Gales & Senton, Blair and Rives and Father Biddle are over. When those gentlemen edited papers and crossed swords with each other there was a very different order of men at the helm of the Government. They contended which should construe the Constitution in its strictest sense and keep the law down to its very letter. But now traitors and demagogues sneer at the laws and the Constitution and vie with each other in trampling every law, sacred and profane, under foot. We hope the Patriot will come out boldly and handle these men without gloves, as they deserve. The people want to hear things called by their right names, they want no glossing over of crime and corrupt judges suffered to pursue their career of infamy unrebuked. The people don't want to know about the horse-driving and cigar smoking of a noble Executive, when he goes when he leaves the city or the dealings of the little God-grants presenting bouquets to negro wench and the like. They want the corruption in high places brought to light and the plain truth told at all times and all seasons thrown to the dogs. We have hope in the Patriot, for in the next to his concluding paragraph he says, "Their people must be exposed and excited in their true colors."—But the Patriot do this and its success is certain; the people will not only give it their hearty support but their eternal gratitude.

YORK.

BALLOON'S MAGAZINE FOR DECEMBER.—The first in the field for December is Balloon's Magazine, and an examination of it shows that it is a model number in every respect. The engravings are excellent, the descriptions ingenious and eloquent, while the stories are remarkable for their interest and great originality. Mrs. Edson finishes her continued story, and Horatio Alger, Jr., concludes his "Sisk or Siskie" in a charming manner, as the juveniles will learn when they read it. Macy has furnished a sea story in his own peculiar style. Stephen gives us "An Evening with a Catamount." Darling tells us "Why our wedding was Postponed," in his most comical manner, and then there is a Christmas story, full of humanity and goodness, and three or four love stories which will bear personal half a dozen times, and "Lost and Found" is a rare California tale, by a new aspirant for fame in the columns of Balloon. In addition to this there are many articles worth reading, like the shape of skeletons, poetry, etc., etc., and all for the sum of 15 cents per copy, or \$1.50 per year. The December number closes Vol. 32. The New Year will commence with many rare novelties, so don't delay in making up your clubs or purchasing at the periodical depots. Thomas & Talbot, 63 Congress street, Boston, are the publishers.

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(Reported of the Beacon.)  
THE TOURNAMENT.

Mr. Editor.—Notwithstanding the raw, unpleasant weather, the jousting tournament that had been advertised to occur at Leonard Town on Tuesday, was a complete success. From early morn, the crowd began to pour into the village, and by 10 o'clock, our streets were alive with an immense multitude of either sex.

At 12 o'clock, the knights, fourteen in number, arrayed in various and appropriate costume, representing our own and sister counties of Charles and Calvert, were convoked in the space immediately fronting the Washington Hotel, and the usual military formalities accomplished, to the tramp's regal sound, they moved forward in graceful column to the tilted grounds adjacent to the village.

Arriving at the tract, the knights were marshalled to hear the address of the Orator of the Day, Col. James T. Blakistone, who in a short but appropriate speech, enriched with eloquent and apposite references to the object of chivalry, reminded the knights before him of the Cause which had called them to contend and the gaudion that awaited upon knightly endeavor.— This ceremony over, the lists are now announced to be open, and it is soon discovered that the Knight of Leonard Town presided in the tilt. The preparatory announcement—"Knight of Leonard Town, prepare to charge!"—is made, and quick upon this is heard the thrilling—"Charge, Sir Knight!"

We could wish to follow each tilt with appropriate record and enlarge upon the noble horsemanship and gallant bearing of each separate knight, but our restricted space admonishes us to epitomize, and we can only give a resume of the tilting, as follows:

KNIGHTS. CHARGES.

Leonard Town, W Hammett,	0 0 0 1 0
Eperanza, C S Solomon,	0 0 0 1 0
Mt. Tera, B Harris,	1 0 1 0 1
St. Inigo's, J F Smith,	0 0 0 1 1
Laurelet, H F Moore,	0 0 1 0 0
Wicomaio, H G Garner,	0 1 0 0 0
St. Elmo, F J Maddox,	0 1 1 0 1
Patuxent, J. E. Ward,	1 0 0 0 1
Accidental Knight, H Gough,	0 0 0 1 1
Theoporus, J V Camffer,	1 0 0 1 0
Arlington, J H Waters,	1 1 1 1 0
The Williams, J Waring,	0 0 0 0 1
St. Mary's, J S Allston,	0 0 0 0 0
Rochester, G Forbes,	0 0 0 0 0

The tie, occurring between the Knights of Mt. Tera and St. Elmo, was rendered off with the following result:

Mt. Tera,	1 0 1 1
St. Elmo,	1 0 1 0

So, the honor of crowning the 1st Maid of Honor was awarded to the Knight of Mt. Tera, and the honor of crowning the 2nd Maid, to the Knight of St. Elmo.

The second tie between the Knights of St. Inigo's and the Patuxent and the Accidental Knight and Theoporus was decided in favor of the Knight of the Patuxent, and to him was awarded the honor of crowning the 3rd Maid of Honor. The contest was now between the Knight of St. Inigo's, the Accidental Knight and Theoporus, which was decided in favor of the Knight of St. Inigo's, and consequently to him was given the honor of crowning the 4th Maid of Honor.

The combat is now narrowed down to the Accidental Knight and Theoporus, and after a prolonged and excited struggle, the Accidental Knight wins, and thus secures the right to crown the 5th Maid of Honor.

The tilting concluded, the victorious Knights now prepare to by their well-earned trophies at the shrine of beauty, and, first in honor, the gallant Knight of Arlington is seen to manifest his preference. The highest honor of the tilt, the crown of Love and Beauty, is bestowed upon Miss Betty Blakistone, of our village. The Knight of Mt. Tera, entitled to crown the 1st Maid of Honor, is next in the order of precedence, and Miss Laura Smith is the recipient of the honor. The Knights of St. Elmo and Patuxent are the next in honor, and are associated here because they have been discovered worshipping at the same shrine. Miss Jennie Raley is the recipient of the 2nd and 3rd honors of the tilt. It is the privilege of the Knight of St. Inigo's to crown the 4th Maid of Honor. This is revealed to us by Miss Fanny Ford, of our town. Last though not least, the Accidental Knight, though from desperate encounter just relieved, is seen bearing in triumph the prize of his prowess, and Miss Maria Garner is found to be the lady elect to wear the honor.

The blishes and speeches, with all the "Saw" and pleasing incidents of the ball followed, we must leave to the imagination of the reader and hasten to our closing paragraph.

That a display of the magnitude of the one under notice, and necessarily involving much risk, should have passed off without accident or confusion or unpleasant incident of any kind, is a subject of sincere congratulation.

The Officers of the Day were Chief Marshal, James T. M. Raley, Assistant Marshals, Cols. J. Parran Crane and J. Gunn Barber and L. George R. Garner. Herald, Wm. A. Kirk. Judges, Hon. Benj. G. Harris, Col. A. L. Taveau and Alex. Somerville, Esq.

FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY.

MRS. MARY J. CAMPBELL respectfully informs the Ladies of St. Mary's that she has just received a full and carefully selected assortment of FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY GOODS, which she is selling at Baltimore prices for cash. Her stock is unusually full, has been carefully selected and will be found to embrace nearly every article of Ladies' wear that may be demanded by the latest fashion. She respectfully asks an inspection of her stock.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

TOBACCO.—The receipts have fallen off this week very materially, the inspection amounting to the aggregate of 105 hhds., nearly all Maryland new ground leaves, which are selling at from \$5 to \$13, as to quality. The transactions have of course been limited, but the market exhibits the same general features as for some weeks past, and is steady and firm for all sections. Cleared this week 2,319 hhds., last and 236 hhds. stems to Bremen, and 606 hhds. leaf to Amsterdam. We quote as before, viz:

Maryland—fringed,	\$ 3.00 @ \$ 5.50
" sound common,	2.50 @ 2.90
" good do,	7.00 @ 8.00
" middling,	5.00 @ 6.00
" good to fine brown,	10.00 @ 12.00

Prospectus of "The Patriot."

The first number of a daily Democratic and Conservative newspaper, to be published weekly, will be published on the 14th of November, 1870, by the "Patriot Newspaper Association," at No. 221 D street, between Ninth and Tenth, City of Washington.

The Patriot will advocate a prompt and perfect restoration of the Union in all its parts and its entire integrity; equality among the States as prescribed by the Constitution; the immediate removal of all disabilities resulting from the Civil War, and the restoration of national and fraternal fellowship between all sections of the country, which the abuses and usurpations of partisan power have criminally labored to prevent.

A tariff for revenue to cover the expenditures of an economical Administration, and to meet the obligations of the Government, as opposed to the existing system of exorbitant protection for special monopolies and unjust partiality for favored manufacturers.

Reduction of the present duties and an oppressive scale of taxation, both as applied to duties on imports and to internal revenue.

Rigid economy in every department of the Government, and reduction to the necessities of the people of the public service in all its branches, Civil, Military, and Naval.

A sound National currency equally distributed among all States and protected against speculative fluctuations.

The rights of intelligent labor, against all selfish combinations to degrade and deprecate it.

Legislation by which the public lands will be reserved for actual settlers, and as a resource of National credit, in opposition to the policy of enormous grants to speculators and corrupt schemes.

The best and most protection to American crops as above.

And cordial sympathy with all people struggling for liberty and self-government.

It is intended to publish a newspaper of the first class, and to enlist the best available talent in all its departments.

JAMES H. HAYNEY, Editor.  
O. HARRIS, News Editor.  
JAS G. BERRY, Treasurer and Manager.

Terms.—Invariably Cash in advance.  
The Daily Patriot per annum, \$10 00  
The Weekly Patriot, single copy, 2 1/2  
The "Patriot" is published on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.  
Remittances may be made by drafts or checks payable to the order of the proprietor, or by Post Office orders. Address on business, PATRIOT OFFICE, Washington, D. C.

Nov 17, 1870.

Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

Notices of the Press.

No more delightful travels are printed in the English language than are our periodicals in Harper's Magazine. They are read with equal interest and satisfaction by boys of every grade from eight to eighty. Its scientific papers, well sufficiently prepared, demand the attention of the learned, are yet admirably adapted to the popular mind, and designed as much to diffuse correct information concerning current scientific discovery as it could be if it was the organ of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge. The great design of Harper's is to give correct information and rational amusement to the great masses of the people. There are few intelligent American families in which Harper's Magazine is not read. It is a most highly-welcomed guest. There is no monthly Magazine so intelligently read, family can less afford to be without. Many Magazines are accumulated. Harper's is read. There is not a Magazine that is so practical, so shows more intelligent pains and care in its articles and mechanical execution. There is not a cheaper Magazine published. There is not a more wisely, a more popular Magazine in the world.—New-England Household.

It is one of the wonders of journalism—the editorial management of Harper's.—The Nation, N. Y.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1871.

TERMS:

Harper's Magazine, one year, \$4 00

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine Weekly, or Lazard will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4 00 each, in one remittance, or Six Copies for \$20 00, with out extra copy.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Lazard, to one address or one year, \$10 00; or two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, \$7 00.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set of Harper's Magazine, now comprising 41 Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight and expense of collection, for \$2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, \$3 00. Clubs, for binding, 65 cents, by mail, postpaid.

The postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cts. a year, which must be paid at the subscription. Postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cts. a year, which must be paid at the subscription.

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York, Nov 17, 1870.

Public Sale of valuable REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority vested in me by the last Will and Testament of the late John H. Milburn, Sr., I will offer at public sale, at the Court House door, in Leonardtown, on

Tuesday, the 13th day of December next, between the hours of 1 and 5 o'clock, p. m., the following property, to wit:

All the interest of said John H. Milburn, Sr., (deceased one-half), in a tract or parcels of land called and known as

Bennett's Delight and Watt's Lodge, containing 276 acres, more or less; and KENDRICK'S LANE, POVERTY and HOG'S CONFUSION CORRECTED, containing 70 acres, more or less.

And, at the same time, by virtue of authority from John H. Milburn, Jr., I will offer for sale the remaining one-half interest in the above named property.

These lands are located near Poplar Hill Church, in the Herring District, and about one mile distant from Herring Creek. They are of excellent soil and highly improved. They are within less than a mile of Churches, Stores and a Grist Mill, and in a pleasant, prosperous and healthy neighborhood. There is a comfortable dwelling and good Out-Houses upon them, and an abundance of timber for home purposes. There is also a good Orchard, fine water and good grass land upon the premises.

This property will be sold in entirety—the purchaser buying the interest of all parties interested at the sum to which it shall be bid off.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-half of the purchase money in cash on the day of sale and the balance in twelve months from the date thereof; the deferred payment to be secured by the bond, or note, of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the undersigned, and to bear interest from the day of sale.

JAS. S. DOWNS, Executor of John H. Milburn, Sr., and Attorney for John H. Milburn, Jr. ABELL & ABELL, Auctioneers. Nov. 17, 1870.—ts.

FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY.

MRS. MARY J. CAMPBELL respectfully informs the Ladies of St. Mary's that she has just received a full and carefully selected assortment of FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY GOODS, which she is selling at Baltimore prices for cash. Her stock is unusually full, has been carefully selected and will be found to embrace nearly every article of Ladies' wear that may be demanded by the latest fashion. She respectfully asks an inspection of her stock.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

TOBACCO.—The receipts have fallen off this week very materially, the inspection amounting to the aggregate of 105 hhds., nearly all Maryland new ground leaves, which are selling at from \$5 to \$13, as to quality. The transactions have of course been limited, but the market exhibits the same general features as for some weeks past, and is steady and firm for all sections. Cleared this week 2,319 hhds., last and 236 hhds. stems to Bremen, and 606 hhds. leaf to Amsterdam. We quote as before, viz:

Maryland—fringed, \$ 3.00 @ \$ 5.50  
" sound common, 2.50 @ 2.90  
" good do, 7.00 @ 8.00  
" middling, 5.00 @ 6.00  
" good to fine brown, 10.00 @ 12.00

Dental Notice.

I respectfully inform my friends and patients that I will be at home on and after the 15th of this month, when I will be happy to wait on those who desire my professional services. Address:—Very respectfully,  
PAGE EDMUNDS.  
Nov. 10, 1870.—3t.