

**INCIDENTS OF THE LATE MURDER TRIAL AND OTHER REFERENCE.**—There was something of the nature of farce as well as tragedy developed during the late murder trial before our Circuit Court. On the last day of the trial and during the closing argument for the Defence, the prisoner, Thomas Jackson, was noticed to leave the criminal box, and immediately cried "stop him! stop him!" "the Court House is falling!" "the Grand Jury is coming through!" resounded through the Court Room, and for a moment the greatest imaginable excitement and confusion obtained. When order was restored, it was ascertained that the Grand Jury was safe, that nothing was falling, and that the prisoner had left the culprit's box, not to escape, but in response to a supposed sign to him from an officer of the Court, which the prisoner interpreted as a call to him to leave the box and come where the officer was standing. It seems that the sign was made to a gentleman seated in line with, and near the prisoner, and the latter, supposing the invitation to be intended for him, left his box to go to the officer on the opposite side of the room with the result above given. When the prisoner discovered his mistake, he quietly returned to his box with a laugh, and order and equanimity were immediately restored in the Court Room.

On Monday morning last, Thomas Jackson, convicted of the murder of James Scofield, was brought into Court to receive his sentence, Judge Ford, presiding. When asked by His Honor what he had to say why sentence of death should not be pronounced upon him, Jackson made a rambling response in which he denied his guilt and accounted for the possession of the goods of Scofield found in his house by the statement that he had bought them of two strange men passing the road. When before the Grand Jury and previous to his arrest upon the charge of murder, he swore he had bought the goods in Baltimore. The solemn counsel of His Honor to the prisoner touched every breast in the Court Room, save that of the unfortunate man about to be condemned to die. Jackson preserved to the last a stoical courage and demeanor and apparently accepted his fate with the same nerve and self-possession which had marked him throughout his trial.

Without wishing or intending to say anything in the way of mere idle comment, we deem it within the proprieties of the occasion to remark, that the trial of Jackson developed, both upon the part of the State and the Defence, legal force and acumen of the very highest order. The State was most ably represented and the prisoner was defended with consummate ability. In consequence of the space occupied in our present issue by the report of the evidence in the Jackson trial, which, by-the-by, is synoptical and far from being full, our readers, we hope, will make due allowance for the absence of our usual variety of editorial and other reading.

Court adjourned on yesterday.

- Zell's Magazine for June continues the excellently illustrated articles upon the great Painters. In this number we have Benvenuto Cellini, with four very superior engravings.
- 1—Italian Art and Artists. Benvenuto Cellini. (Four Illustrations.)
  - 2—Spain in the Seventeenth Century. The Memoirs of Don Ramon. (Three Illustrations.)
  - 3—The Origin of Man according to Darwin.
  - 4—The Serpent's Fang.
  - 5—Natural History.—The Flamingo. (One Illustration.)
  - 6—A Sketch by Carl Vernet. An Anecdote. (One Illustration.)
  - 7—The latest developments of French Dandyism.
  - 8—Mothers-in-Law.
  - 9—Our Friend's Friends.
  - 10—Historical Summary.
  - 11—Scientific Summary.

The entire selection of articles is made with judgment, a dainty dish, not for the Sensationalist, but for those in search of instruction and entertainment combined.

**BALLOON'S MAGAZINE FOR JUNE.**—Ballou's Magazine is one of the best publications in this country of its class. It is full of just such reading matter as the public delight to get hold of, and we do not wonder; here is a Magazine that always has a sea story, eight or ten love stories, an historical article, a list of curious matters, nice illustrations, comic pictures and poetry of the best description. It is just such a magazine as delights an intelligent household, for there is so much in it of a stirring nature. It is cheap too, being only \$1.50 per year, or 15 cents single copy, and is for sale at all the periodical depots in the country. The great fire does not seem to have injured the prosperity of Ballou's Magazine in the least, for it looks better and brighter than ever. Address Thomas & Talbot, 36 Broad Street, Boston, for a year's subscription, and you will never regret it.

**CIRCUIT COURT PROCEEDINGS.**—There were no proceedings of our Circuit Court since the last issue of our paper of general public interest up to the commencement of the trial of Thomas Jackson on Friday last.

**State vs. Thomas Jackson.** Indicted for the murder of James Scofield. Jury Trial. J. Parran Crane prosecuting for the State. Combs & Downs and James H. Wilson for prisoner. At the instance of the State's Attorney, Mr. Crane, the Court assigned Col. James T. Blakistone to assist in the prosecution. Jurors put upon their *voir dire* and the following persons selected to compose the panel:—Francis F. Floyd, James Jones, J. Owan Barber, Charles J. Norris, Stephen Jones, Robt. T. Barber, J. Alex. Jarboe, Geo. L. Raley, Young P. Dawkins, Geo. W. Morgan, H. B. Caywood and Zebulon Tippet.

The opening statement for the prosecution was made by the State's Attorney, J. Parran Crane, who addressed himself to the consideration of two propositions.—1st, was Scofield murdered? 2ndly, was he murdered by Jackson? In this connection, the State's officer said he expected to show that Scofield was alive and in good health and spirits at 9 o'clock on the night of April the 3rd, that at between 12 and 3 o'clock his house was discovered to be in flames and that on the morning of the 4th his remains were found in the ashes of the burnt building, that goods which belonged to Scofield, and were seen in his store a short time before his murder, were found in the house of the prisoner, that the prisoner sometime before the 3rd of April made repeated propositions to parties to join him in a "raid" on Scofield, offering as inducements that Scofield had killed a colored man named Thomas, that he had not been properly punished for it, that he had plenty of money, etc., and to one of the witnesses who had remarked, that he could not join in the raid because he was afraid Scofield would hurt him, the prisoner replied, that he would make an easy thing of it by rapping him up and striking him over the head as he came to the door to open it. In conclusion, the State's Attorney stated, that though the evidence against Jackson was mainly circumstantial, nevertheless it was so closely connected link by link as to leave no doubt as to the guilt of the prisoner. If the contrary could be shown, if these facts could be disproved or explained away, no one would be more gratified than himself, and he felt sure that it would be a source of no less gratification to the jury.

The defence waived their right to make an opening statement, and the first witness called for the State was John T. Slattery.

Slattery testified, that he knew Scofield well, that he left him about half an hour before sunset on the evening of the 3rd, apparently in good health and spirits, that at half past 12 he was awakened by the light streaming through his window, looked out and discovered the store of Scofield to be on fire, that he immediately dressed and ran over to the burning store, called to Scofield repeatedly, but receiving no answer, he then ran to his (Scofield's) dwelling about a hundred yards distant and called to his little son who was up and who told him he saw all but that he could not leave his little sister who was very much frightened, that the roof had fallen in when he first arrived at the store and that the whole house was then in flames, that there was no one present when he first arrived, after a short time Drummond and a colored man named Dorsey joined him, the windows were closed, thinks the door was shut, could not get near the building in consequence of the intense heat, remained until the building had fallen in, went home, returned early in the morning, Drummond and Dorsey left a short time before he did, saw in the morning the remains of a human being among the ashes, Drummond pointed them out to him, saw the cash drawer which he recognized as that of Scofield's, this was found on the east side of the door behind a hoghead and the drawer was badly scorched and burned.

By Defence. Could not see inside the house when he arrived.

Francis M. Goddard called by the State, on his way from Leonard Town to his home called at Scofield's store for his mail on the night of the 3rd about 9 o'clock, saw Scofield, found him well, he was leaning on his counter engaged in reading or writing, witness asked for his mail, Scofield gave it to him, there was no one in the store except deceased.

By Defence. Thinks Scofield slept up stairs, was very cautious about opening his store after retiring for the night, never had seen the prisoner at the store.

By the State. When he saw the lock of the door the next morning the bolt was back, Scofield generally sat up late reading or writing.

John S. Drummond called by the State, lives near Scofield's, saw him about 8 o'clock on the night of the 3rd, was in good health and spirits, was awakened at a late hour the same night by a colored man named Dorsey who told him Scofield's store was on fire, they immediately went over, found Slattery alone at the burning building, staid some time, then left, returned the next morning, saw the remains of a human being, they were immediately behind the door or the place where the door stood, the door opened on the left, the head was severed from the body and was lying about the centre of the door, the bones were charred, saw a lock, the bolt was drawn back, the skull and bones were those of a human being, has never seen Scofield since.

By Defence. Scofield slept up stairs, there was one door to the house.

Wm. F. Ungle called for the State, was at the ruins early on the morning of the 4th, was the first to remove the remains, they were just behind where the door had been, was the undertaker, the cash drawer was found about 18 inches to 2 feet from the corner pier of the house, recognized the drawer as that of Scofield's, having printed it some time before.

By Defence. The head was under the door, never saw the prisoner at the store of deceased, Scofield was a cautious man, would not open his door after retiring, he slept up stairs, the cash drawer was charred on the inside, there was a store in the store.

By the State. The bed of deceased was some distance back from where the door opened, the position of the cash drawer was under the post-office dock, shows feet back from the door and the store was on the outside of the counter and near the door.

Dr. Broms called by the State, knew Scofield well, was the ruins on the morning of the 4th, the sills of the house were still burning, saw the remains behind where the door was, they were lying transversely, knew them to be human bones, they were the bones of a man about the size of Scofield, saw the bones of a dog in another part of the building.

Dr. R. Jones called by the State, had known Scofield for a long time, was the remains at the burial, they were the bones of a human being, knew them to be the bones of a white man from the complexion of the head being smaller than that of a colored man, making an indentation on the left parietal bone as if made by a hammer or the eye of a hatchet and as an angle of 15 degrees upwards, as if inflicted by a party standing below his victim, and also evidences of a blow on the neck of the head as if made by a club, the blow on the occipital portion of the head would have stunned but not necessarily produced death, Scofield had rather a large head and the skull was large, discovered hair on the pelvic region, showing that he must have fallen on his face, the hair was that of a white man.

By Defence. The falling of timbers, etc., of the house would not have made such a regular indentation.

George Barber, colored, called by the State, has known the prisoner 6 or 8 years, in the latter part of last Summer or early in the Fall was at prisoner's store, that prisoner said he wanted a work with him and took him outside of store and proposed to witness to join with him in a raid on Mr. Scofield, giving as a reason that they could get some money, and that Scofield had killed a young man, Westley Thomas, some as silent should happen to him.

By Defence. I stated this conversation to James Beale about two weeks ago, had escaped his mind until after the murder of Scofield.

James Beale, colored, called by the State, has known the prisoner a long time, rented store from witness, sometime during last Fall prisoner said to witness, that he thought Scofield was not properly punished for killing Thomas, and was ought to be a raid of some kind made upon him, and proposed to witness to join with him.

By Defence. Why did you not tell of this conversation before? Because Jackson was a friend of mine and I didn't think he meant it.

By the Court. George Barber told me about two weeks ago of his conversation with prisoner, Barber did not know at the time that prisoner had made any proposition to me.

By the State. Prisoner made the proposition to witness two or three times to raid upon Scofield and said also they could get some things from him.

By Defence. Told prisoner the first time that I would consider it, but at last declined.

Benedict Biscoe, colored, called by the State. Knows prisoner well, met him at Mr. Jarboe's store sometime after Christmas when prisoner called him aside and asked him if he (witness) did not want to get around to get something to live on, witness asked him where, prisoner replied on the lower corner, about Scofield's, saying that he (Scofield) had a plenty of money, had knocked a man in the head and cheated people and ought to suffer for it, witness said that he might get himself in the penitentiary or Scofield might kill him, to which prisoner replied, that he need not be afraid, that they could crack Scofield up and as he opened the door they would knock him in the head.

By Defence. Never spoke of this conversation until last Saturday and did not speak of it before because he was not called on, never had any difficulty with prisoner, had no ideas about this conversation, did not know whether he meant it or not.

By the Court. Prisoner lived about 4 or 5 miles from witness, but they did not visit each other.

Wm. F. Ford called by the State. Am a constable, searched prisoner's house on the 7th inst. and found therein certain goods, (the goods were here shown witness), the goods presented are the same found in prisoner's house, the ribbon, stockings, belt and some coppers were tied up in a sort of wroolen bag, witness produced a sample of a piece of calico which he had bought from Scofield a short time before his death, compared it with a piece which was being made up by prisoner's family, and found they corresponded.

By Defence. Some of the goods were in a trunk and some in bureau drawers, all were locked up, the keys were handed to witness by prisoner's wife.

James R. Thomas called by the State, bought a piece of goods from Scofield two days before the murder, bought 12 yards, (the goods found in prisoner's possession were here handed witness and he compared a remnant among them with a sample from a piece he had purchased of Scofield) believed the sample and the remnant to have been parts of the same piece of goods, after Scofield had cut the goods for him, Scofield remarked that there was about enough left of the piece to make another dress (there were 14 yards in the remnant), the texture, figure, and the manner the remnant was cut, satisfied witness that the sample and remnant were parts of the same piece, Scofield cut off the dress for witness with a dull knife, the scissors were being at hand, and in doing so left an irregular and frayed edge on remnant (remnant examined and one of the edges found to correspond with witness' description).

W. A. Fenwick called by the State, is a merchant (examined and compared the remnant with the sample produced by Mr. Thomas) the remnant and sample corresponded.

By Defence. Never saw the same goods.

Witness 14 days, visiting his home once during the time, noticed no excitement in his manner.

By State. Prisoner arrived at Drunk Point about 11 o'clock on the morning of the 4th, did not notice him particularly.

Wm. E. Ford called by the State, prisoner gave witness the goods when he went for them, gave just such goods as witness asked for, prisoner came to Court alone.

By State. Prisoner came, of course, as a witness before the Grand Jury being summoned before he was suspected.

Frederick Jackson, colored, called for the Defence, is a son of prisoner, is 15 years of age, his father was home all night the night of the murder, went to bed before witness, his father got home about midnight the evening of the murder.

By State. Did not tell any body that he did not know where his father was the night of the murder, slept all night, did not sleep so sound that he would not have known if his father had gotten up, they both slept in the same room down stairs.

The Defence here closed.

The State called in rebuttal Wm. F. Ford. Frederick Jackson told witness about a week ago that he did not know where his father was the night of the murder.

By permission, the Defence was allowed to call John S. Drummond. Deceased was a son of the blow in Virginia some years ago.

By State. The scar was on the top of his head near the centre.

The State's defence both having announced that they had closed, the State's Attorney, J. Parran Crane, commenced his argument before the Jury at 10 minutes to 3 o'clock. He was followed by James H. Wilson and R. C. Combs on the part of the Defence and Col. J. T. Blakistone concluded the argument for the State. At the conclusion of this gentleman's efforts manifestations of applause were exhibited by many persons in the Court Room, which was quickly, however, suppressed by the Court.

The arguments before the jury having been concluded, at 6 o'clock, p. m., the Bailiff was sworn and the Jury retired to their room, where they remained about 25 minutes. Returning to the bar of the Court, their names were called by the Clerk, who asked them, if they had agreed upon a verdict and who should speak for them? The answer was, that they had and that their foreman should speak for them.—"Thomas Jackson stand up and hold up your right hand. Gentlemen of the Jury look upon the prisoner at the bar. What say you? Is Thomas Jackson guilty of the matter whereof he stands indicted or not?" The foreman of the Jury, F. F. Floyd, answered—"Guilty of murder in the first degree!" The verdict was then recorded by the Clerk, who repeated it to the Jury, each of whom bowed assent. A marked silence prevailed at the assembled crowd during the rendition of the verdict, after which the prisoner was remanded to the custody of the Sheriff who returned him to jail.

**ENIGMA.**

I am composed of thirteen letters.  
My 1, 2, 8, 9, 10 and 15 is what you should read this.  
My 3, 8, 15, 11 and 12 is what all animals have.  
My 2, 15, 5, 11 and 8 is what you have.  
My 14, 18, 1, 2, 15 and 11 is what we should be to none.  
My 4, 18, 7, 12 and 13 is what boys are.  
My 8, 15, 11, 11 and 12 is what would like to do.  
My 13, 6 and 19 is what all should avoid.  
My 8, 15, 10, 17, 2, 3 and 11 is what I am.  
My whole is very valuable, and should be seen every week by all who read this. D.

The June Number of that time-honored monthly, The Phrenological Journal, maintains its character for excellence and progression. Its long table of contents discloses a freightage at once timely, interesting, and edifying—witness—The Baron of Schwartz-Sambora, and the Vienna Exhibition; Empress Elizabeth of Austria; Socialism in America, an account of the different Communities, from the earliest; One Kind of Ghost; Emily Faithfull and her mission; Born to be Hanged, with life-like illustration; A Neighbor of Mine—a good story; Respiration, or how to Breathe; The late Justus Von Liebig; Giving While Living—good advice; The Science of Music—a necessary branch of education; The Lady and the Crossing-Sweeper, an illustrated Poem; Books for all minds, etc. This valuable Journal will commence its fifty-seventh volume with the July number. Subscription price, \$3.00 a year, or on trial \$1.50 for six months. 30 cents single numbers. S. R. Wells, New York.

Demorest's Monthly Magazine for June is a perfect gem among the constellation of Monthlies. Our lady friends are always most anxious to own a copy of Demorest—they say it contains the spirit, variety and excellencies of all the rest.—Long live Demorest, they say; and so says everybody, especially when they get a prize in the way of a choice as a pair of elegant Chromos worth \$10 as a premium.

**CONFIRMATION NOTICE.**

Z T Spalding  
WM H Jones and  
Mary J Jones, his wife,  
& others.

In the Circuit Court for St Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.  
No 326 N. C.

**ORDERED,** this 19th day of May, 1873, that the sale made and reported by James P. Hinson, Trustee in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 3rd Monday of June next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in the St Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 3rd Monday of June.

The report states that the land sold for \$746.

JNO A CAMALIER, C.P.  
True copy—Test:  
JNO A CAMALIER, C.P.  
May 22, 1873—sw.

**WORLD RENOWNED NEW SINGER Sewing Machine.**

THE magnitude to which the Sewing Machine business has grown is only surpassed by the rivalry of the various competitors, few of whom are unfamiliar with the numerous artifices resorted to for the commendation and sale of the particular machine sought to be sold. If the number of sales be any criterion of the merits of the different machines, it cannot be denied that the Singer, coming to the popular eye of what is known as the "NEW SINGER" machine, far surpasses all others of the Singer Company sold over fifty-two thousand more machines last year than any other Company in the world, as shown by returns of the different Companies. I will visit around and repair all machines sold by me free of charge. Call and examine or address

P. H. J. READMOND,  
M. Machine, Md.  
Machines delivered and instructions given for \$65.00.  
May 22, 1873—6m.

**Administrators' Sale.**

By order of the Orphan's Court of St. Mary's county, we will sell, as Administrators of the late R. Chapman Stclair, at Hollis's Store, near Milestone, in Choptank district on

Monday, the 2nd day of June, 1873,

between the hours of 12 o'clock, m. and 2 o'clock, p. m.,

TWO HORSES, and

ONE COLT about 3 years old.

TERMS OF SALE.—A credit of four months, the purchasers giving note with security to be approved by the administrators.

D. J. PAYNE,  
E. A. L. SCULAIR,  
Administrators.  
May 22, 1873—1a.

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**BALTIMORE MARKETS.**

Wheat.—We have to report an active demand for Wheat during the past week, and the market has been very firm. The receipts were more liberal, amounting in all to upwards of 20,000 bushels. The market closed quiet. The receipts were more liberal, amounting in all to upwards of 20,000 bushels. The market closed quiet. The receipts were more liberal, amounting in all to upwards of 20,000 bushels. The market closed quiet.

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**Trustees' Sale HOUSE AND LOT AT CLIFTON FACTORY.**

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity, passed in a case in which W. L. Norris, is Plaintiff and J. A. B. Norris, is Defendant, and bearing date of the 30th day of April, 1873, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at public sale, at the Court House door in Leonardtown, on

Tuesday, the 17th day of June, 1873,

between the hours of 12 o'clock, m. and 4 o'clock, p. m., the following property, to wit:

**One House and Lot,**

located at the Clifton Factory, in the second election district of St. Mary's county.

The Dwelling House is two-story, commodious and in good condition, back-buildings are conveniently located, and all that are necessary for the use of the premises.

There are 16 acres of fine land attached to this property and will be sold with it. There are a Store, a Mill, Hotel and all kinds of Machine Shops at the Clifton Factory, which render this property especially desirable to parties desirous of engaging in mercantile or mechanical pursuits.

**TERMS OF SALE,**

as prescribed by the decree, are: One-third of the purchase money in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal installments, at one and two years credit—the deferred payments to be secured by the bond or notes of the purchaser with security to be approved by the Trustee, and bearing interest from the day of sale.

When all the purchase money shall be paid, the Trustee will execute a deed to the purchaser, free and discharged from all claims of the parties to this suit, and of those claiming by, from or under them.

ROBERT C. COMBS,  
JAMES S. DOWNS,  
Trustees.  
May 22, 1873—1a.

**NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.**

ON application of John R. James and Mary P. Norris, Administrators of the estate of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the Court, that the said Admin. notify the creditors of the said deceased in the office of the Register of Wills for St. Mary's county on or before the

17th of June, 1873,

for dividend, and that this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week in each week until the said 17th day of June, 1873.

Test  
J. T. M. RALEY,  
Register of Wills for St. Mary's county.  
May 22, 1873—3w.

**BUTTERWORTHS Steel Horse Power**

is warranted to produce one-third more Power, and to excel all others in Strength, DURABILITY and ease of motion. For Circulars, address NEW JERSEY AGRICULTURAL WORKS, Trenton, N. J., Sole Manufacturers. May 22, 1873—1m.

**PROCLAMATION.**

**\$300 REWARD.**

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that recently in the County of St. Mary's James Scofield, an orderly and respectable citizen, was atrociously and brutally murdered, his store destroyed by the incendiary act of his murderer, and that the murderer has thus far escaped detection, to the end that the criminal may be brought to deserved punishment, I have deemed it proper to issue a proclamation offering a reward for his arrest and conviction.

Now therefore I, W. Pinkney Whyte, Governor of the State of Maryland, do by this my proclamation offer a reward of

**THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS**

for the arrest and conviction of the murderer or murderers of the said James Scofield, late of St. Mary's county.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State of Maryland, this eighteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and seventy-three.

WM. PINKNEY WHYTE,  
By the Governor.  
R. C. HOLLIDAY,  
Secretary of State.  
April 24, 1873—1f.

**General Commission Merchants**

FOR THE SALE OF

**TOBACCO, GRAIN,**

And all kinds of Country Produce,  
No 48 LIGHT STREET, above Pratt,  
Baltimore.

Persons Goods and all other Particulars furnished at the Lowest Cash Price.  
May 15, 1873—1a.

**LARGEST and cheapest stock of SHOS**  
the county at the  
BIG BROWN STORE,  
Leonardtown.  
May 9, 1873

**CREAM**

is a small quantity of the best prepared cream, an excellent No waste! Vanilla or other flavors. Call on J. T. M. RALEY, Register of Wills for St. Mary's county.

**WORKING**

See a week guarantee at home, day or night, for the best of goods and services. Call on J. T. M. RALEY, Register of Wills for St. Mary's county.

**Trustees' Sale HOUSE AND LOT AT CLIFTON FACTORY.**

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity, passed in a case in which W. L. Norris, is Plaintiff and J. A. B. Norris, is Defendant, and bearing date of the 30th day of April, 1873, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at public sale, at the Court House door in Leonardtown, on

Tuesday, the 17th day of June, 1873,

between the hours of 12 o'clock, m. and 4 o'clock, p. m., the following property, to wit:

**One House and Lot,**

located at the Clifton Factory, in the second election district of St. Mary's county.

The Dwelling House is two-story, commodious and in good condition, back-buildings are conveniently located, and all that are necessary for the use of the premises.

There are 16 acres of fine land attached to this property and will be sold with it. There are a Store, a Mill, Hotel and all kinds of Machine Shops at the Clifton Factory, which render this property especially desirable to parties desirous of engaging in mercantile or mechanical pursuits.

**TERMS OF SALE,**

as prescribed by the decree, are: One-third of the purchase money in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal installments, at one and two years credit—the deferred payments to be secured by the bond or notes of the purchaser with security to be approved by the Trustee, and bearing interest from the day of sale.

When all the purchase money shall be paid, the Trustee will execute a deed to the purchaser, free and discharged from all claims of the parties to this suit, and of those claiming by, from or under them.

ROBERT C. COMBS,  
JAMES S. DOWNS,  
Trustees.  
May 22, 1873—1a.

**NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.**

ON application of John R. James and Mary P. Norris, Administrators of the estate of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the Court, that the said Admin. notify the creditors of the said deceased in the office of the Register of Wills for St. Mary's county on or before the

17th of June, 1873,

for dividend, and that this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week in each week until the said 17th day of June, 1873.

Test  
J. T. M. RALEY,  
Register of Wills for St. Mary's county.  
May 22, 1873—3w.

**BUTTERWORTHS Steel Horse Power**

is warranted to produce one-third more Power, and to excel all others in Strength, DURABILITY and ease of motion. For Circulars, address NEW JERSEY AGRICULTURAL WORKS, Trenton, N. J., Sole Manufacturers. May 22, 1873—1m.

**PROCLAMATION.**

**\$300 REWARD.**

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that recently in the County of St. Mary's James Scofield, an orderly and respectable citizen, was atrociously and brutally murdered, his store destroyed by the incendiary act of his murderer, and that the murderer has thus far escaped detection, to the end that the criminal may be brought to deserved punishment, I have deemed it proper to issue a proclamation offering a reward for his arrest and conviction.

Now therefore I, W. Pinkney Whyte, Governor of the State of Maryland, do by this my proclamation offer a reward of

**THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS**

for the arrest and conviction of the murderer or murderers of the said James Scofield, late of St. Mary's county.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State of Maryland, this eighteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and seventy-three.

WM. PINKNEY WHYTE,  
By the Governor.  
R. C. HOLLIDAY,  
Secretary of State.  
April 24, 1873—1f.

**General Commission Merchants**

FOR THE SALE OF

**TOBACCO, GRAIN,**

And all kinds of Country Produce,  
No 48 LIGHT STREET, above Pratt,  
Baltimore.

Persons Goods and all other Particulars furnished at the Lowest Cash Price.  
May 15, 1873—1a.

**LARGEST and cheapest stock of SHOS**  
the county at the  
BIG BROWN STORE,  
Leonardtown.  
May 9, 1873

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