Oct 16 - 1873


# ST. MARY'S BEACON

LEONARDTOWN, MD.

THURSDAY MORNING, October 16th, 1873.


ELECTION TICKETS.—As the time of the election is rapidly approaching, we deem it proper to call the attention of candidates to the announcement, that only one ticket will be printed at this office. This ticket will contain the Republican and Democratic State nominees, with the usual party description attached, and also the names of all candidates for legislative and local offices in the county, unless we shall receive orders to the contrary by Tuesday, the 28th of October, instant. The tickets will be put to press Thursday, the 30th, at which time they will be submitted to the inspection of a committee, composed of intelligent Regublicans and Democrats, as a guarantee against unfairness and inaccuracy. We are thus early in making announcement of intention to print but one ticket, to give parties who may con[illegible] to get[illegible] up a[illegible]port or partizan [illegible] ample time to make arrangements [illegible] Baltimore or elsewhere to do so.

CURRENT COUNTY POLITICS.—There was a political gathering on Friday last at the store of Mr. Philip E. Wise on the Patuxent, which was addressed by Jos. B. Davis and Charles T. Brown. About sixty persons were present.

One of the largest meetings of the campaign convened at the Great Mills on Saturday last and was addressed by Col. Billingsley, Mr. Bond, Dr. Miles, Mr. Davis, Capt. Lawrence, Chas. T. Brown and others. Probably, two hundred and fifty voters were in attendance. On the evening of the same day, there was a meeting in Leonardtown, which was addressed by Capt. Randolph Jones and others.

Monday last, there was an oyster eating at the store of Mr. Bowes in Beggar's Neck. Well attended, but no speaking.

We are authorized to announce that there will be a meeting at Mechanicsville on Saturday next which will be addressed by Dr. Miles and others.

The meeting at Centreville in the Factory district, heretofore noticed by us, comes off to-day and is expected to rank among the largest gatherings of the campaign.

The friends and neighbors of Captain Benjamin Foxwell intend giving him a complimentary benefit in the shape of an oyster eating at Foxwell's wharf on tomorrow (Friday). We are authorized to invite the candidates and the public.

Notice is given that there will be a meeting at or near Brown's School house in Patuxent district on Saturday, the 25th of Oc[illegible] instant.

See notice of Republican meetings elsewhere published.

Charles Short, a colored man, living in Medley's Neck, was drowned on the 4th instant, being knocked overboard by the jibing of the sail of the boat he was navigating. There was another man in the boat at the time of the accident. Short's body was recovered Saturday last and interred the following day.

As the question of a Monarchy or a Republic is to be determined at the opening of the French National Assembly, the composition and strength of parties in that body is a matter of great interest. There are seven hundred and thirty members of the Assembly, of which number the Right, Monarchists, count three hundred and sixty, and the Left, Republicans, two hundred and fifty-seven. The Right is divided into the extreme Right, ninety-six votes, and the Centre Right, two hundred and sixty-four votes—the former being ultra, and the latter moderate Monarchists. The Left is divided into the strict Left, one hundred and forty-eight votes, and the Centre Left, one hundred and nine votes. Then, there are the Bonapartists, thirty-seven votes, and the Radicals, seventy-six votes. Counting the Bonapartists and Radicals with the Left, the two sides would stand: Right, three hundred and sixty; Left, three hundred and seventy; giving a majority of ten to the anti-Monarchists. The real point now is, can M. Thiers and M. Gambetta so combine all the enemies of a Monarchy as to defeat the plans of the Count de Chambourd? They should be able to make such an alliance. Besides, the Bonapartists hate the Bourbons, and they will most likely make a stubborn fight to pull down the leader of their old, hereditary enemies.

CHARLES BRADLAUGH, the English Republican, having arrived in this country has been lecturing on the subject of government in Great Britain. Mr. Bradlaugh is not by any means a seditionist, nor a stirrer-up of trouble, he simply believes in a Republican government for the people of his country and he would have the result brought about in a proper and legitimate way. He does not want revolution. After this gentleman has been a few weeks in this blessed land of Republicanism, he will ascertain, what William H. Seward so thoroughly exemplified, that the power and encroachments of the Queen of England are far more limited than those of the President of the United States.

President Grant has given his views on the financial situation. He declares his purpose to recommend Congress to authorize a reissue of the forty-four millions of green back reserve; a free banking law, requiring a reserve—part gold, part greenbacks—to secure the circulation, but abandoning that part of the reserve intended to protect depositors. He thinks that the shrinkage of values is bringing us down to a specie-paying basis: is of opinion that greenbacks and silver are now of equal value, and wonders why silver does not "pour out" and take the place of the fractional currency. He is, moreover, opposed to allowing National banks to pay interest on deposits. He is also in favor of the establishment of a Postoffice Bank, which shall pay four per cent. to depositors.

The Hon. B. Hill, one of the most eloquent Southerners of the day, delivered an extemporaneous address a few days ago in Jones-boro, Ga. We make one extract: "Go on as you are now going, making cotton your chief crop, and slavery is the doom of your children and children's children forever! A people who depends on other people for their food and clothing, are and must be slaves."

Senator Pomeroy was shot in Washington last Sunday by Martin F. Conway, who accuses Pomeroy of ruining him and his family. The story goes that Mrs. Conway was appointed to a position in the Treasury Department during Conway's absence at Bordeaux, where he was consul—Pomeroy, with others, taking a special interest in her appointment. So it appears as usual that there is a woman concerned in the matter.

Talmage has a remedy also for the panic. He says: "I do not believe the power of Christian song has yet been fully tried. I believe that if you would roll the Old Hundred and the Doxology through Wall street it would put an end to the panic! I believe that the discords and the sorrows and the sins of the world are to be swept out by a heaven-born hallelujah."

Matt. Carpenter, in speaking about the salary grab, says: "If this money belongs to the people, what better way to circulate it than by giving it to such fellows as me to spend?"

They used to say that John Morrissey was not much of a Congressman—still he was never accused of taking back pay.

RESULTED FATALLY.—On Thursday night last, Mrs. Fowler, occupying a part of the house No. 143 St. Paul street, was very severely burned by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. She was on the fourth floor at the time, and her son a young man, was with her, but he could render his mother no assistance as he, too, was badly burned. Mr. Wm. Merrill and his brother, who were in the house, [illegible] their assistance as soon as they heard the shrieks for help, and succeeded in extinguishing the fire, but not until Mrs. Fowler was horribly burned. A physician was called, and her injuries dressed, but they were of such a nature as to leave very little hope for her recovery. She lingered until Saturday, when death put an end to her sufferings. Mrs. Fowler was a native of our county and a sister, we believe, of the late George H. Morgan. Her body was brought to the county on Sunday last for interment.

DEATH OF AN EX-GOVERNOR.—The death of Hon. Ex-Governor Thomas King Carroll, of Dorchester county, is announced. He was Governor of Maryland in 1829, forty-four years ago.

Mr. Carroll was the oldest surviving governor of the State, and the only one of those remaining who were elected by the Legislature when the term of office was for one year. There were four other governors elected in the same way, subsequently, the first one elected by the people under the change of constitution being William Grason, in 1838. Mr. Carroll has quietly resided in retirement for many years, respected by his fellow citizens, and now departs at a ripe old age.

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.—The political societies known as the "Granges" seem to be making great headway in the South. We see it stated in "The Augusta Constitutionalist" that there are one hundred and seventy of these organizations in Georgia, and that the number is constantly increasing. The movement is no longer confined to farmers; preachers, lawyers, physicians, merchants and mechanics are admitted to membership.


Rev. Wm. H. Chapman, Pastor of M. E. Church, Georgetown, D. C., writes: "Having had an opportunity to test the excellent qualities of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, I hesitate not to say, it is the best remedy I have ever used in my family."


## DECLINATION.

Messrs. Editors.—In consequence of my name having been suggested by my friends in your paper for the Legislature, there appears to be a general impression that I am a candidate. Whilst it would be a duty, as well as a pleasure, to serve the public in *any* capacity that would be absolutely essential to the public welfare, yet there are so many more ambitious of the honor, better qualified and more desirable than myself, and having no reason to suppose that I am especially wanted for this occasion, I herewith announce that I am not in the field.

JO. FORREST.
Oct. 16, 1873.

[COMMUNICATED.

*To the Editor of the St. Mary's Beacon—Dear Sir:* I, in common with other citizens of Oakville district, desire that Mr. Thos. Bond, the "oysterman's candidate" for the House of Delegates, should state *in writing* his (Bond's) platform fully, so that we may learn what laws he intends (if elected) to repeal and what remedial laws he proposes to enact in their stead. It is a melancholy fact that for several years past our oyster lands have been in part, if not wholly, unprotected; and whilst they have been the subject of much legislation we painfully see them becoming gradually less secure. And in addition to the depredations which are being daily committed upon our oyster rocks by foreign marauders, our natural rights are equally being encroached upon by land pirates, consistent and otherwise, with despotic laws made at the instance and for the benefit of water-side land-owners, so that we are driven to a state of nonchalance as to what legislation [illegible] relative to oysters; if we can hope no change but from bad to worse, as we have every reason to believe will be the case, if we may take the private interests of the democracy in delegation as a basis.

Very respectfully, &c.
OA[illegible]

## A CARD.

*To the Republican Voters of St. Mary's Co.*

As I have been announced in the St. Mary's BEACON "as the Republican candidate for County Commissioner," I most respectfully take this method of publicly and briefly defining my position, politically, believing that the same to be exceedingly appropriate considering the manner in which I have been named.—In the early part of the Fall of '68, I addressed a letter to the Editors of the Baltimore *American* apprising them that I intended (D. V.) to cast my vote for the National Republican Nominees for President and Vice-President—Messrs. Grant and Colfax, succinctly explaining my reasons for so doing. When the day came to vote, I quietly rode to St. Inegoes' (the place of voting) and *openly* deposited my "ticket," since which time, I have faithfully and conscientiously endeavored to discharge my duty as a *bona fide* advocate and supporter of the grand party of political regeneration, progress, and reform, irrespective of multitudinous insults, and uncharitable misrepresentations. Now, to you, my co-workers in the great cause of *Republicanism*, I will say, *if you desire to be honestly represented in the next Commissioner's Court*, you have an opportunity to consummate your wishes by voting *solidly* on the 4th *proximo* for your

Sincere friend, etc.,
G. B. P. TAYLOR,
St. Inigoes' Oct. 12th, 1873.

## DECLINATION.

We are authorized to withdraw L. W. B. Hutchins, Esqr., of Charlotte Hall district, announced without authority, as a candidate for the Legislature in our last paper, and to state that, though thankful to 'True Democrats" for their kind intentions towards him, he is ok and cannot be a candidate for office at this time. The announcement was made during his absence from the county and would not have appeared, if he had been consulted.

Oct. 16th, 1873.

RIGHTS OF PASSENGERS ON RAILROADS—An Important Decision in Maryland.—A railroad case of some importance was decided at Cumberland, Md., on Thursday. On the 27th of August, Jacob Brown, a Lawyer of that city, took his two daughters to the depot of the Pittsburg and Connellsville railroad, for the purpose of putting them on the cars to go to Somerset. They purchased tickets and waited the arrival of the train. When it came Mr. Brown ran forward to assist the porter in lifting a large Saratoga trunk into the baggage car. Scarcely had they got the trunk in the car before the train began to move. Mr. Brown ran back to assist his daughters into the ladies' car, but the train was by this time going so fast that the attempt was considered perilous. The young ladies remained on the platform and their trunk was taken off by the train, a telegraphic despatch overtook the train, however, and the trunk was put off at its destination. Mr. Brown brought suit on the same day. The case was tried on Thursday before Judge Beall, the Hon. Henry W. Hoffman appearing as counsel for Mr. Brown. It is stated at the outset that the suit was not brought to make money, but to establish a principle. The testimony was conclusive that the train had not stopped more than a minute or two. A number of authorities were cited to show that a common carrier must not only furnish seats for passengers, but give them reasonable time to get on board the vehicle. Judgment was given in favor of the plaintiff for fifty dollars.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday last, the 14th, at the bride's residence, "Riverside," by the Rev. Curtis P. Jones, Rector of William and Mary Parish, JOS. S. ALLSTAN to MAMIE, daughter of J. Clinton Bean, Esqr.

[Baltimore Daily *Sun* please copy.

On the 29th Sept., 1873, by the Rev. Father DeWolf, Randolph Swann, of Charles County, to Miss Apelionia Burroughs, of this county.

DIED.

At her residence in Beggar's Neck, on the 6th of October, instant, Mrs. ELIZABETH A. CRYER, aged 47 years and 9 months. May she rest in peace!

Farewell, farewell, with bosom aching,
We lay thee in the silent tomb,
And turn away with wrung hearts aching,
To home and loneliness and gloom.

The Wintry winds will sigh above thee
And Spring wreathe flowers o'er thy bed,
But never more to those who loved thee
Can time restore the loved one dead!

Died, at his residence near Point Lookout, on Sunday, the 5th of October, ELIAS MILBURN, in his 66th year.

Died, after a lingering illness, of consumption, in Leonardtown on the 9th instant, SALLIE B., beloved consort of Thos. C. Greenwell, in the 45th year of her age.

May she rest in peace!

At Chaptico on the 20th of September, ult., CHARLES MEDLEY, aged 69 years.

## BALTIMORE MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The receipts of Southern Wheat during the week show a great falling off as compared with those of several weeks previous, which is mainly due to the monetary disturbances. The market, although necessarily quiet, has ruled firm, and at the close prices of choice samples are 2 to 3 cents higher. The sales embrace 2,000 bushels all that was offered at from 175 cents for inferior to choice white, and 15[illegible] to 180 cents for common red to choice amber white and amber. To-day we quote prime to choice [illegible] at 175@180 cents, and good to prime red at 160@170 cents. The offerings of Western are light, but we note some movement for forward delivery. The sales reported are 10,000 bushels winter red to arrive, and [illegible]000 do. spring do. for November delivery' but [illegible] on private terms, and on the spot 400 bushels [illegible] red at 142 cents, and 7,500 do. winter [illegible] at 140@150 cents, bulk at 145 @148 cents, [illegible] we also note sales of 1,200 do. Pennsylvania [illegible] at 155@160 cents.

CORN.—There has been no addition to the stock of Corn in Elevator during the past week, the receipts have been limited to lots "on [illegible] which have found ready sale at [illegible]. The sales reported in Elevator are 15,000 bushels, all at 65 cents, [illegible] the closing price last week, [illegible] descriptions we note an advance [illegible] with sales of 6,000 bushels white [illegible], and 7,000 do. mixed, high [illegible] at 65@70 cents, all on track. [illegible] Southern were very light, and [illegible] amounted to about 3,000 bushels at 68 cents for yellow, and 69 [illegible] white.

[illegible] market for Oats has ruled active [illegible] decreased supply, and prices [illegible] 5 cents per bushel. The [illegible] bushels Southern at 4[illegible] were inferior to prime, bulk at 47@50 cents, 1,000 do. mixed Western at 47 cents, 2,000 do. bright do. at 48 @50 cents, and 1,000 do. Pennsylvania at 51 cents. To-day we quote Southern and Pennsylvania at 50@51 cents, mixed Western at 47@48 cents, and bright do. at 49@50 cents.

RYE.—The market has ruled quiet and steady, and we have no change in prices to note. The sales reach 600 to 700 bushels at 80@86 cents for fair to prime, and we quote to-day at those figures.

TOBACCO—There was some movement in Maryland Leaf Tobacco during the week under review, and we learn of sales of 1,000 to 1,200 hhds., mostly for Bremen and Holland, at a decline of 50 to 75 cents per 100 lbs. We note the market closing steady at this decline, and for selections, which are mainly sought for, nearly old figures are obtained. There is some little inquiry for Ohio, but buyers ask concessions that holders are not willing to allow, and there are no sales reported. In Kentucky and Virginia we learn of no movement whatever. The receipts show a marked falling off, as compared with those of several weeks previous. The exports during the week were 1,332 hhds. to Havre, 1,259 hhds. to Bremen, and 469 hhds. to Gibralter; total, 3,060 hhds. We quote prices to-day as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Maryland—frosted & unsound, | $3.50@ | 4 75 |
| " sound common, | 5.00@ | 5 50 |
| " good do, | 5.75@ | 6 50 |
| " middling, | 7.00@ | 8.50 |
| " good to fine red, | 9.50@ | 12.50 |
| " fancy, | 14.00@ | 20.00 |
| " upper country, | 5.00@ | 25.00 |
| " ground leaves, | 4.00@ | 9.00 |

GUANO, ETC.—We note a fair supply of Chincha Island Guano in dealers' hands, which is selling at $80 per ton of 2,000 lbs., currency, but there is no stock in agents' hands. Guanape we quote at $60 per long ton in lots of 10 to 50 tons, with a deduction of 50 cents to $1.50 per ton for lots from 51 to 250 tons.—There is an active Southern trade demand for Fertilizers, and the leading makers command $45@$50 per ton, while inferior kinds are much lower.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

*Orphans' Court of Saint Mary's county, set:—*
*Oct 14, 1873.*

ORDERED BY THE COURT. That Wm T Cr[illegible] and Zachariah Mattingley, administrators [illegible] late of [illegible] county, Md., deceased, give the notice required by law to the deceased's creditors to [illegible] their claims, and that the same be published once a week for six successive weeks in the St Mary's Beacon.

Test: JAS T M RALEY,
Register Wills for St Mary's county.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of the above order, we hereby give notice that we have obtained from the Orphans' Court of St. Mary's county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Elizabeth A Cryer, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby notified to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers attached thereto, to the subscribers, on or before the 1st day of April 1874, they will otherwise by law be excluded from the benefits of the said estate. All persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

WM T CRYER,
ZACHARIAH MATTINGLEY,
Administrators.

Oct 16, 1873—6w.

## Trespass Notice.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned, from and after the date of this notice, against trespassing with dog or gun or in any other manner upon my lands or any part thereof, located in Charlotte Hall district, known as *Truemans Lodge, Enclose Addition, Part Hope, Part Burrough's Gift.*

Against all parties hereafter found trespassing upon the property above named the law will be rigidly enforced.

Oct 16, 1873—3w. ISAIAH CANTER.

## Trespass Notice.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned, from and after the date of this notice, against trespassing with dog or gun or in any other manner upon my lands or any part thereof, located in Charlotte Hall district, known as *Part Horse Range, Part Sothoron's Hills.*

Against all parties hereafter found trespassing upon the property named above the law will be rigidly enforced, without regard to persons.

Oct 16, 1873—3w. HORATIO CANTER.

## Republican Meetings

MASS MEETINGS of the Republican party will be held as follows:

*October, the 16th, Centreville;*
*do 18th, Oakville;*
*do 28th, Chaptico;*
*do 30th, Charlotte Hall;*
*November 1st, St. Inigoes.*

RANDOLPH JONES,
A A LAWRENCE.

Oct 16, 1873—3t.

## For the Legislature.

I announce myself as a Republican candidate for a seat in the next House of Delegates, and pledge myself, if elected, to stand by the men and measures of that party in all matters of public concern that may come before me as a representative from the county.

Oct. 16th, 1873* JAS H MILES.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Mr Editor—Please announce Mr Joseph B Davis, of the Factory district, as a Republican candidate for County Commissioner, and claim, that he is opposed to all rail-road schemes of taxation and is entitled to the support of all "Old Guard Republicans" and the confidence of the general public.

Oct 16th, 1873* Old Guard Republicans.


# READ! READ! READ!

GREAT DISCOVERY!

BRADLEY'S PATENT ENAMEL PAINT,

MADE FROM

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil and Zinc Chemically Combined

Will last three times as long as the best lead and oil mixed in the ordinary way.

ALWAYS READY FOR USE. SOLD BY THE GALLON.

One Gallon Covers Twenty Square Yards Two Coats.

LEONARDTOWN, MD., September 27, 1873.

C P KNIGHT, ESQR.—Agent for Bradley's Patent Enamel Paint—Dear Sir:—We have made a fair, indeed we believe, a THOROUGH experiment with the Enamel Paint for which you are Agent, having used it some twelve months ago in boat painting and for other purposes, and we take pleasure in stating, that it has surpassed our expectations, and also the representations that have been made of it in point of good looks, durability and cheapness. Others in our village, who have used it, (we mention Mr Herbert Moore of the Washington Hotel as among the number) bear willing testimony to its manifold merits and advantages.

Respectfully, KING & DOWNS, Eds. BEACON

FROM HON. JOHN WETHERED.

MR C P KNIGHT:—At the recommendation of a friend, I was induced to apply your patent, "Bradley's" paint to my house. I have pleasure in stating that it has proved highly satisfactory, covering more surface, than you promised, is more economical, covering better gloss than ordinary paint, and is freer from disagreeable odor. Yours respectfully, JOHN WETHERED.

THE PLAINS, FAUQUIER COUNTY, VA, Feb 6, 1873.

MR C P KNIGHT—SIR: The Paint came safely to hand as ordered—two kegs, five gallons each, and three buckets, one gallon each. As practice was slack, I did the job myself. Two weeks (not constant work,) completed the house two coats. The last coat I applied thick, and it is now generally conceded that for enamel-like hardness, and body, and harmony of colors, there is not a handsomer job in the place. I saved $65 by the operation, which is an item just now with Southern people. It should be generally adopted in this State. Any country lad can apply it. I have never dabbled in such stock as Testimonials, but I feel so forcibly the great adaptability of your "Enamel Paint" to the wants of our people, in excellency of material, in beauty of color, and in the fact of its being "ready mixed," that I give you free permission, (if it is desirable to you,) to make what use you think proper of this letter.

Very respectfully and truly, S McGILL, M D.

BALTIMORE, December 27, 1871.

C P KNIGHT, Esq., Agent for Bradley's Patent Enamel Paint: Dear Sir—The paint we purchased from you we will cheerfully endorse as the best of any kind we have ever used; its covering qualities is everything desired, drying promptly and with a hard gloss, which must, we think, resist the action of all kinds of weather. This is our experience and we can recommend it with certainty, and intend to use it on all occasions where we desire a good job of work

Very respectfully, EMMART & QUARTLEY, 276 W Balt st.

BALTIMORE, December 10, 1873.

MR C P KNIGHT—Deer Sir: It affords me much pleasure to say to you that the Bradley Patent Enamel Paint far exceeds my expectation in economy and beauty, and I have every reason to believe, in durability. More than twelve months since, I painted the roof of my (Hotel Mansion House) with the Bradley Patent Enamel Paint, and I was so well pleased with it, I determined to paint the outside of the Hotel, and am most happy to say it gives me perfect satisfaction.—In conclusion I will say, if this testimonial will be of any advantage to you, you are at liberty to use it. Yours most respectfully, ISAAC ALBERTSON.
Mansion House Hotel, N W Cor Fayette and St Paul Streets, Baltimore.

TO THE PUBLIC—It affords me much pleasure to state that in July, 1871, Front Street Theatre was painted inside and out with "Bradley's Patent Enamel Paint," for which C P Knight, No. 38 West Lombard Street, is agent, and to testify to its superiority over any and all other paints for similar uses. In no private dwelling can paint possibly be subjected to the very severe test it undergoes as it is established, where, during our daily cleaning, soap and soda are constantly applied to it, and yet it appears as sound and fresh as when first put on. Of the numerous advantages it possesses over other paints, I will only mention its being mixed and ready for use in quantities to suit purchasers; its quickly drying properties, which saves much time in the execution of work where paint is needed, and its very perceptible tenacity, which imparts beauty and durability to the objects on which it is used. As such I most earnestly recommend it to the merchants and tradesmen of our city, believing it will give them greater satisfaction than they can possibly anticipate.

Baltimore, April 25, 1872. WM E SINN, Front Street, Theatre.

PRINCE GEORGE COUNTY, October 24, 1872

C P KNIGHT: Dear Sir—Having given your paint a test of six months, I take pleasure in saying that it comes fully up to your representation, and I think looks as well now as when first applied. It retains its gloss and color perfectly, and I think will outlast any other paint I have ever seen.

Very respectfully, MURRY ADDISON

BEL AIR, MARYLAND, March 4, 1872.

MR C P KNIGHT—Dear Sir: I have been using, since last spring, Bradley's Patent Enamel Paint, and am happy to say that it gives entire satisfaction wherever I have used it, and to parties to whom I have furnished it for other painters to use. Mr John J Street, who lives near Clermont Mills, to whom I furnished the Bradley Paint last fall, is much pleased with it, and gives permission to use his name in recommending so good a paint. S H Montague, painter, agrees with me as to the durability of your most excellent paint. I hope parties who have painting to do will look to their advantage and apply Bradley's Patent Enamel Paint, which is the most durable paint now in use. It holds its gloss longer than any other paint that I have ever used.

Yours, truly, E C GARRETTSON, House and Sign Painter.

MARYLAND LINE, BELTIMORE COUNTY, MD, September 24, 1872

C P KNIGHT, Esq—Agent for Bradley's Patent Enamel Paint, Baltimore—Dear Sir: The paint which I purchased from you has given entire satisfaction, so much so that all my neighbors intend to follow my example, and have their houses painted. It is not only durable and cheap, but it looks better after it is put, on than any paint I ever saw. The painter I have employed is delighted with it. He says that he can paint twice as fast, and at the same time do a better job, with the Enamel Paint, than any other paint he ever used. I can therefore without hesitation recommend to the public as one of the very best articles of paint ever introduced.

Yours, very truly, JAMES HALL.

BALTIMORE, September 30, 1872.

C P KNIGHT, Esq., Dear Sir—I have had the Bradley's Patent Enamel Paint, which I purchased from you I used inside and outside, both at my dwelling and store for two seasons. It gives me great pleasure to be able to say that it comes fully up to your recommendations in facility of use, economy, durability and beauty.

Yours, truly, THOMAS J IRVING, 168 West Baltimore street.

BALTIMORE, September 16, 1872

C P Knight, Esq: Dear Sir—I used the Bradley Paint on our dwelling in Howard county in October last and the color is good, and surface as glossy now, as it was when first put on. If I ever have to paint again, I shall certainly use it.

Yours truly, DANIEL M WORTHINGTON,
Secretary Baltimore Branch Security Life Insurance Co., 35 P O Avenue.

PLEASANTVILLE, HARFORD COUNTY, MD., Feb 26, 1873.

Mr C P Knight—Dear Sir: I am very happy to inform you your Patent Enamel Paint has given entire satisfaction. I prefer it to any Paint I have ever seen used, and recommend it for durability and beauty, as paramount to any other.

Very respectfully, R DICKEY, M D.

Oct 16, 1873—6m.


FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Mr Editor—You will please announce me as a candidate for the Commissioners Court. I am an unqualified Democrat, and as such hope to receive the support of the Democracy of St Mary's county.

Oct. 16th, 1873* J THOMAS ABELL.


# HOME INDUSTRY.

WE beg to call the attention of the people of St. Mary's to the flour we are manufacturing, and annexed schedule of prices, and respectfully solicit their patronage.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Family Flour, | | $10 50 |
| Extra do | | 10 00 |
| Custom do | $8 00 | 9 00 |
| Super do | 5 50 | 7 50 |

A deduction of fifty cents per bbl. made on the above prices when parties order five bbls. or more at one time, and all flour delivered free at Millstone Landing for parties receiving freight from the Patuxent, and at Jone's wharf for those receiving freight from the Potomac. Address (inclosing 25 cents extra on each bbl. ordered to pay freight) Millstone Landing, care Clerk of Steamer, Jone's Wharf, care J F Ellicott, Esq., or through the P. O. to Fairfield.

BEAN & BRO.

Oct 9, 1873—tf.


## ROAD NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the expiration of thirty days from this date, the undersigned intend to apply to the County Commissioners of St. Mary's county to open a PUBLIC ROAD leading from the Chaptico and Newport road, through the lands of Dr. L. P. Barber and John A. Barber, to the Wicomico river, about 1½ miles in length.

JOHN H. KEY,
R. T. BARBER,
J. H. SHEMWELL,
and others.

Oct. 2nd, 1873—30d.


*S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 37 Park Row N. Y., 10 South Street Boston, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia are Agents for St. Mary's Beacon in the above cities and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.*

*May 15, 1873.*

# Public Sale of Valuable PERSONAL PROPERTY.

THE health of Mr. W B. Bean's family compelling him to break up housekeeping, we will offer at Public Sale on the premises on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER THE 17TH,

if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter,

One Valuable Bay Mare, 4 years old;
Three Milch Cows;
Seven Head of Young Cattle;
One Brood Sow and lot of Hogs;
One Double Seat Family Spring Wagon;
Two Heavy Spring Wagons, suitable for farm use, or store, or hotel haulings;
One heavy Farm Wagon;
One Ox Cart;
Farming Implements,
Harness, &c., &c.
Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of
Beds and Bedding,
Bedsteads,
One Folding Lounge,
One Walnut Extension Dining Table, Stands, Chairs,
Table Ware and good Cook Stove.

TERMS OF SALE:

All sums of Ten Dollars and under, cash—over ten dollars note at six months with approved security and bearing interest from day of sale.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock promptly.

BEAN & BRO.

Oct 9, 1873—ts.

# J. M. RITTER & CO.,

*Produce Commision Merchants,*

No. 104 South Charles Street,

Baltimore, Md.

Personal attention given to the sale of Stock, Poultry and Produce generally.

Refer to Citizens' National Bank of Baltimore, and Dr. Thomas A. Lynch and Col. James S. Downs, of St. Mary's County.

Oct 9, 1873—6m.

10.000 Agents Wanted

*A rare Chance.* Full particulars Free, or six samples for $1.00. Address PITTSBURGH SUPPLY CO., Pittsburg, Pa.

$500.00 a Month.

# Racing!!

THERE will be three days racing, free for any horse in the county not in professional training, at *Mill Hill Store* in the Factory District on *Tuesday, the 21st, Wednesday, the 22nd and Thursday, the 23rd of October,* instant.

Oct. 9th, 1873—td*

# FOR RENT.

TO a responsible tenant, a good farm of 200 acres mostly arable, lying upon Cuckold's Creek & adjoining Half-Pone very near Bond's Wharf.

F C NEALE,
26 Commerce St, Baltimore.

Oct 9th, 1873—3t.


ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

*Orphans' Court of Saint Mary's County, Set:—*
Sept 16, 1873.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That John A Scott and James Burroughs, administrators of

WILLIAM SCOTT,

late of St Mary's county, Maryland, deceased, give the notice required by law to the deceased's creditors to exhibit their claims, and that the same be published once a week for six successive weeks in the St Mary's Beacon.

Test: JAMES T M RALEY,
Register Wills for St Mary's county.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of the above order, we hereby give notice that we have obtained from the Orphans' Court of St. Mary's county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Scott, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby notified to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers attached thereto, to the subscribers, on or before the 1st day of April, 1874, they will otherwise by law be excluded from the benefits of the said estate. All persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

JOHN A SCOTT,
JAMES BURROUGHS,
Administrators.

Sept 18, 1873—6w.


# Only 35 Cents.

THE GREAT FREE STATIONERY PACKAGE:

# TRIUMPH!

Contains 10 Sheets Writing paper, 10 Envelopes, 1 Penholder, 1 Lead Pencil, 2 Pens, 1 Blank Book, 1 Blotter, Photographs of 100 Beautiful Women and a piece of Ladies or Gents' Jewelry. Sample package sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 35 cents; 2 packages for 60 cents, or 4 for $1.00. Send for a package; it will be the most goods you ever bought for the money. The prize is often worth more than the price paid for the entire package, and the other articles would bring at retail not less than 75 cents. Don't pass this, try one package and you will never buy Stationery any other way.

Address, J C BURROW,
Lock Box 151. Baltimore, Md.

☞ Agents wanted everywhere to sell Packages, Pictures, Books, &c. Catalogues sent free.

sept 18, 1873—4t.

*Boarding and Day School,*

*1336 "P" St., opposite Franklin Park, Washington, D. C.*

THIS school will re-open MONDAY, Sept. the 8th. Rare facilities afforded for thorough instruction in English Branches, Music and Languages. For particulars, address

Miss M J HANOVER,
July 31, 1873—6m. Principal.