

ST. MARY'S BEACON

LEONARDTOWN, MD.

THURSDAY MORNING, February 26th, 1874.

NEWS AND OTHER ITEMS.—His Excellency, Gov. Whyte, has appointed Col. John H. Fothergill, of this county, a State Tobacco Inspector...

Among late Senate transactions, we notice that Col. Billingsley has presented a petition from this county for a new road law...

The House Committee on the Judiciary has made a report, in which they say that, as all other property and rights of property of persons engaged in the late rebellion have by general acts of amnesty and laws of the United States been exempted from confiscation...

The Alsatian Deputies in the Prussian Reichstag have taken the determined step of seceding from the legislative hall...

There have been passed during the present session of Congress, in the House of Representatives, 115 bills, of which about thirty have become laws...

The Athenaeum review of Mr. Motley's "History of the Life and Death of John of Barneveldt," just out in two volumes, pronounces the book very unsatisfactory...

The London Spectator, has the manliness and the good sense to denounce in the clearest language the temporizing with great principles of the English journalists who lend any sort of countenance to the crusade of Prince Bismarck against religious freedom and liberty of worship in Germany...

An act has passed both Houses of the Legislature, and received the Governor's signature, providing for holidays falling on Sunday, and making bills of exchange, &c., requiring protest due and payable on the Monday after, payable on Saturday preceding the Sunday...

The "Communists" of New York are collecting funds to establish a newspaper organ in that city, to advocate the advanced ideas which the city police recently extinguished with their clubs in Tompkins's square...

M. Teutsch is a Delegate from Alsace to the North German Reichstag, and, though a queer name for a Frenchman, he is evidently full of the sentiment of Alsatian indignation, and has taken the first opportunity to express it boldly at Berlin, which is more manly than doing it on the Boulevard in Paris...

In Congress, on Monday, Mr. O'Brien, of Maryland, introduced a resolution looking to the sale of the naval asylum at Philadelphia, and the erection of a suitable building at Annapolis...

James Gordon Bennett, Esq., of the New York Herald, is truly a philanthropist. Last Wednesday he opened four or five houses to the poor in the great metropolis...

persons indelicately ragged or offensively dirty shall be excluded from the galleries of Congress and the Washington Observatory.

The new British Ministry is constructed as follows: Mr. Disraeli, First Lord of the Treasury; Baron Cairns, Lord High Chancellor; the Duke of Richmond, Lord President of the Council; the Earl of Malmesbury, Lord Privy Seal; Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Mr. Richard Assheton Cross, Home Secretary; the Earl of Derby, Foreign Secretary; the Earl of Carnarvon, Colonial Secretary; the Marquis of Salisbury, Secretary for India; Mr. Gathorne Hardy, Secretary for War; Mr. George Ward Hunt, First Lord of the Admiralty; Lord John Manners, Postmaster General.

The women of the West have recently inaugurated a novel method of fighting against the liquor traffic. They go in bands to the hotels and drinking saloons and, without as much as saying by your leave to the proprietor of those establishments, they take possession of the bar-rooms and hold prayer-meetings. When they cannot get into the houses they kneel upon the pavement in front, and praying and exhorting against the liquor dealer and his business, striving by this means to extend their influence in the "Temperance" cause.

The Alsatian Deputies in the Prussian Reichstag have taken the determined step of seceding from the legislative hall. They have returned to Strasburg. Imperial Germany will no doubt treat this manifestation of French patriotism with disdain, or may seek to prevent a repetition of it on the part of others of her newly acquired subjects by means of penal enactments. The circumstance indicates, notwithstanding, the existence of an unpleasant state of feeling.

There have been passed during the present session of Congress, in the House of Representatives, 115 bills, of which about thirty have become laws. Over 150 House resolutions have been either referred to or were directed to the various committees, and over fifty House resolutions have been sent to the several departments, asking for information of various kinds. The business of the Senate in the way of passing bills has been small, compared to that of the House of Representatives.

The Athenaeum review of Mr. Motley's "History of the Life and Death of John of Barneveldt," just out in two volumes, pronounces the book very unsatisfactory. It says:—"Were it the work of a new writer the faults of this book would deserve to be leniently treated for the sake of its generally good writing and of the painstaking research of which it gives evidence. But Mr. Motley is a not a new writer, and he ought to be blamed when he does more work than he has proved himself able to do."

The London Spectator, has the manliness and the good sense to denounce in the clearest language the temporizing with great principles of the English journalists who lend any sort of countenance to the crusade of Prince Bismarck against religious freedom and liberty of worship in Germany. It is obvious that the Imperial Chancellor has seen but the beginning of the campaign upon which he entered so recklessly and so madly.

An act has passed both Houses of the Legislature, and received the Governor's signature, providing for holidays falling on Sunday, and making bills of exchange, &c., requiring protest due and payable on the Monday after, payable on Saturday preceding the Sunday, and that it shall not be necessary for the holders to give notice of the dishonor thereof until the Tuesday next succeeding either of said days.

The "Communists" of New York are collecting funds to establish a newspaper organ in that city, to advocate the advanced ideas which the city police recently extinguished with their clubs in Tompkins's square. They profess to be able to raise \$100,000 for the purpose, and if the profession be true, it may be asked what becomes of the plea that they are starving?

M. Teutsch is a Delegate from Alsace to the North German Reichstag, and, though a queer name for a Frenchman, he is evidently full of the sentiment of Alsatian indignation, and has taken the first opportunity to express it boldly at Berlin, which is more manly than doing it on the Boulevard in Paris.

In Congress, on Monday, Mr. O'Brien, of Maryland, introduced a resolution looking to the sale of the naval asylum at Philadelphia, and the erection of a suitable building at Annapolis. He also presented a letter from Admiral Porter, who is in favor of the proposed transfer.

General Grant is of opinion that the carpet-bag element has not contributed much to the good of the republican party in the South. An excellent place to stick a pin or turn down the last.

James Gordon Bennett, Esq., of the New York Herald, is truly a philanthropist. Last Wednesday he opened four or five houses to the poor in the great metropolis.

Gen. R. E. Lee Monument.—The bill appropriating \$100,000 for the support of education in the State was taken up at the request of Mr. Billingsley, on his usual regular day.

Mr. Fields inquired from what committee the bill came, and where it originated. The bill was introduced by Mr. Billingsley, and was referred to the Committee on Finance, and he moved to recommit the bill to that committee.

Mr. Billingsley advocated the bill. He said that the bill was introduced in the fundamental law of the State that slavery should no longer exist in its limits. Whether it was right or not, he would not stop here to inquire. It was a bill that had been passed in a state of ignorance. Ignorance leads to crime, and it is the duty of the State, if principles of right and justice shall prevail, to educate these people to a proper standard, in order that they may understand their duties and obligations as citizens.

Mr. Billingsley moved to amend the bill, so that it should give the privilege of testifying in court to all persons who were formerly slaves, and that indeed will become of the whites? Is it not a fact that the further they are removed from the whites the sooner they relapse into ignorance. These people are in worse condition now than formerly, because they are removed from the influence of their former masters. It was a rare thing now to see the feeling that once existed between master and slave. The small amount asked for in this bill was required for the purpose designated, the former appropriations having been totally inadequate to the desired end. He had, however, no objection to its reference to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Fields said that the bill should first have gone to that committee for consideration, and a report to the Senate. Mr. Steiner said that while the Committee on Finance was the proper one from which bills appropriating money should ordinarily and normally proceed, yet there were cases in which such matters should be discussed in the Senate in Committee of the Whole, the grand Committee of Finance, and he was opposed to the reference of this bill to a sub-committee. This question was not new, thank God, a partisan one. All were in favor of the education of this class of our citizens. No one doubted that they should be educated. They took part in the election of our officers, our Judges (whose selection, he would here say, by popular vote, he regarded as most unwise) and should be educated to the extent to discharge these duties. He did not favor all the provisions of this bill. He would prefer one that would make no distinction in regard to taxation.

Mr. Steiner said he was in favor of separate schools for whites and colored. The motion of Mr. Fields was adopted.

PROTECTION TO SHEEP.—The Maryland State Agricultural and Mechanical Association has presented a memorial to the General Assembly of Maryland, on the subjects of Labor, Immigration, Sheep Husbandry, Vagrant Stock, and County Roads. The suggestions made are in themselves so good, that we copy that portion relating to Sheep Husbandry vs. Dogs—a subject that is now attracting the attention of the people of the State:

Of scarcely less importance is the matter of Sheep Husbandry. It has been said that such taxation, besides adding largely to the wealth of the people, by the consequent development of Sheep Husbandry, will directly increase the public revenue to a considerable amount. Your memorialists are happy in the assurance that this measure of simple justice, resting as it does on the fundamental principle of civilized society, "that every man must enjoy his own rights as not to destroy those of his neighbor," will injure no one, and will provoke no justifiable opposition. Surely all good citizens, (whether raising sheep or not,) who keep dogs, will be as willing to be taxed for abating the destructive nuisance of worthless dogs as for abating any other evil harmful to large public interests and private rights.

Should your memorialists be mistaken however, and dog owners be averse to such taxation, it will be for the public good to legislate for the protection of dogs and protection of sheep, and whether dogs pay no tax and adding nothing to the general wealth shall destroy sheep, which largely do both.

Your memorialists, therefore, respectfully pray the enactment of some stringent and effective law for taxing, or preventing, such dogs as their owners may desire to keep, and for the killing of all dogs upon which taxes are unpaid within some short period after each annual levy.

All sufferers from Irritation of the Throat and Hoarseness will be greatly surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

The Washington Review, for January, is a very fine number. It opens with the "Disability and Disfranchisement of the Colored People," which shows that the established Church do not in its present condition fulfill the needs of the people; mentions that John C. Calhoun, with his usual sagacity, foresaw that the people would be likely to take proper rest by following in the footsteps of civilization, than by preceding it.

"The Working Classes" discuss the labor question, and refer particularly to the English laborer, his treatment, condition, and habits, in all of which he differs in many respects from his prototype in this country. "John Stuart Mill," gives a "brief view of the sources and method of Mr. Mill's education, and the primary effect it had on his mind and character, and 'with the opinions of his mature years,' and 'some of the results of these opinions upon his labor in moral and political science as well as in the practical details of his life.'

"Medical Charities: Its Extent and Abuse;" a statistical article, giving lists of the London hospitals, dispensaries and asylums, their expenditure, income, number of patients and anything connected with the subject.

The remainder of the Review is devoted, as usual, to brief notices of contemporary literature, which will suggest to each reader the books that will be most attractive to his mind. Republished by the Leonard Scott Publishing Company, of New York.

The Science of Health for March, is an excellent number of this most useful publication, one that should be read carefully by all who value that which is so essential to their well-being—HEALTH. It contains How to Get Well and Keep Well; The Mother's Moulding Work; Disease and Its Treatment; Sanitary Impurities; Popular Physiology, Illustrated; A Remedy for Tobacco-Using; How to Eat and How to Digest; Insistants About Food; Seasonable Recipes; House-Work Hints; Dietetic Alcohol and Hygienic Tobacco; Of What Are We Made? Apples and Applesauce, with many short instructive paragraphs; Answers to Correspondents; and Voices of the People. Sent to any address for 25 cents; or at \$2.00 a year. Address S. R. Wells, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

A SAD STORY.—The last volume of Forster's life of Dickens is one of the saddest of life stories. During his last years Dickens seems to have found no peace except in activity. He says in one of his letters, "I have no relief but in action. I am becoming incapable of rest. I should break and die if I spared myself. Much better to die doing." He wrote more laboriously. All his old lightness and freedom had departed. Every idea cost him pain. And then came the separation from his wife, a separation we shall probably never understand fully. That Dickens knew too late he had made a mistake is certain, but the discord was not of her making. She had borne him ten children, and they had lived together twenty-five years. But at last the chain galled past bearing, and they never met again.

"Poor Catherine," writes Dickens, "and I are not made for each other, and there is no help for it. It is not only that she makes me uneasy and unhappy, but that I make her so, too, and much more so. She is exactly what you know in the way of being amiable and compelling; but we are strangely assorted for the bond there is between us. God knows she would have been a thousand times happier if she had married another kind of man, and that for avoidance of this destiny would have been at least equally good for us both. I am often it to the heart by thinking what a pity it is, for her sake that I ever fell in her way." "Nothing on earth could make her understand me, or suit us to each other. Her temperament will not go with mine." "What is now befalling me I have seen steadily coming since Mary was born, and I know too well that you cannot, and no one can help me." Again another letter: "The years have not made it easier to bear for either of us; and, for her sake as well as mine, wish will force itself upon me that something might be done." And again: "I claim no immunity from blame. There is plenty of fault on my side, I dare say, in the way of a thousand uncertainties, caprices and difficulties of disposition; but one thing will alter all that, and that is the end which alters everything."

THE NEW VIRGINIA FENCE LAW.—The Legislature of Maryland, now having under consideration numerous propositions in regard to the fence laws, it will be interesting to know the provisions of the new enactment on this subject which has just past both houses of the General Assembly of Virginia, approved by the Governor, and is now in full force and effect. The law in substance is as follows:

"That if any person shall pull down the fence of another, and leave the same down without permission of the owner, or shall open and leave open the gate of another without permission, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable for every such offense to a fine of not less than one nor more than five dollars, to be recoverable before a Justice of the Peace, at the instance of the person against whom the offense was committed, provided that the gates so left open are not across any public highway. Convictions under the provisions of the act shall have the right to appeal to the county or corporation court. Where a fine is imposed by a Justice, under the act he shall, within ten days thereafter, return to the clerk of his county or corporation court the original papers, together with the judgment and a statement of the Comptroller's costs, and all subsequent steps taken in the case shall be such as are provided for the same imposed by justice."

FRUIT TREES—SPRING 1874. PEACH, each 100 \$5.00 500 \$20.00 1st do 100 \$7.00 500 \$28.00 2nd do 100 \$5.00 500 \$18.00 Apples 20 to 25 cents each; Pears 20 to 25 cents each; Apricots, Nectarines, Cherries, Grapes, Strawberries and other small fruits. Shade and Ornamental Trees. J. C. GREENE, LEONARDTOWN, MD.

FOR CONGRESS. Mr. Editor—Please announce through the columns of the BEACON Mr. AUSTIN BALEY as a most suitable candidate for Congress, and say that he will be supported by our District. Voters. Feb 26, 1874.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AGENTS in every County in Maryland to sell WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO. Sewing Machines. The most liberal inducements offered. Address: WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO., 214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Feb 26, 1874.

FOR SHERIFF. Messrs. Editors—Please announce RAPHAEL DOWNS as a suitable candidate for the next Sheriff, and say that he will be warmly supported by the voters of Leonardtown and Factory District. Feb 11, 1874. Many Friends.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS for sale by JNO M LEYD & CO., Feb 19, 1874. St. Clement's Bay.

Queen Review.—In the Charleston Convention, over which Caleb Cushing presided, there were fifty or sixty delegates from these three electoral votes, and then it happened that very often half votes were given. Ben. Butler, the people have perceived, cast his vote for fifty times for J. D. Davis. He was chairman of the Massachusetts delegation, and invariably, in announcing the vote of his State, closed with the defiant statement in his most ringing tones, "and the State of Massachusetts casts one vote for Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi." The other half of the vote that Ben. thus made conspicuous was that of the President of the convention, Mr. Cushing. It is not the least curious of the impossible things that are always happening, that Butler is now the foremost man in the House, while Cushing has been appointed Minister to Spain, and that the present President of the United States was, at the time the Charleston Convention was held, an obscure and retired army officer, laboring for a small salary in a leather store in Galena, Illinois, known to his few friends as an ardent Douglas man.

BALTIMORE MARKETS. WHEAT.—The market for Wheat has ruled dull since our last review, and is lower on all descriptions. The receipts are light, but there was only a moderate demand on the spot from millers, shippers having made purchases to arrive. The receipts of Western wheat, which was sold for 60 cents, which was sold in small lots, mostly of 50 bushels, for fair to good prices. The receipts of inferior wheat to prime red. The receipts of Western wheat, which was sold for 1.200 do. winter white at 160¢ 163 cents, and 5,000 to 6,000 do. red at 150¢ 160 cents. At the close we quote spring red at 145¢ 147 cents, and winter do. at 150¢ 160 cents.

CORN.—The receipts of Southern Corn amounted to 10,000 bushels during the past week, showing an increase in the former and a decrease in the latter, as compared with the receipts of the previous week. The market has ruled dull and heavy, and prices have fallen buyers throughout, but at the close the feeling is decidedly improved. The sales of Southern embrace 4,000 bushels Virginia mixed at 20¢ 21¢; 200 do. Elevator at 143 cents, 1,200 do. winter white at 160¢ 163 cents, and 5,000 to 6,000 do. red at 150¢ 160 cents. At the close we quote spring red at 145¢ 147 cents, and winter do. at 150¢ 160 cents.

COAL.—The receipts of Southern Coal amounted to 10,000 bushels during the past week, showing an increase in the former and a decrease in the latter, as compared with the receipts of the previous week. The market has ruled dull and heavy, and prices have fallen buyers throughout, but at the close the feeling is decidedly improved. The sales of Southern embrace 4,000 bushels Virginia mixed at 20¢ 21¢; 200 do. Elevator at 143 cents, 1,200 do. winter white at 160¢ 163 cents, and 5,000 to 6,000 do. red at 150¢ 160 cents. At the close we quote spring red at 145¢ 147 cents, and winter do. at 150¢ 160 cents.

TOBACCO.—The business in Leaf Tobacco during the past week was light, and the market is quiet and generally unchanged. The transactions as reported consist of 200,000 lbs. Maryland and Ohio for the German market, and 100,000 lbs. Kentucky, taken by the domestic manufacturers. There is no movement reported in Virginia. The receipts of Ohio are on the increase, but the assortments do not as yet offer for sale in quantities to attract buyers. Of Maryland the receipts are very light, and this week we have nothing from Kentucky or Virginia. The exports during the week were 411 hhd. to Liverpool, and 4 hhd. to Demerara; total 415 hhd. We quote prices to-day as follows, viz:

Maryland—freed & seasoned, \$4.00 @ 5.00 sound common, 5.00 @ 6.00 good do, 6.00 @ 6.50 middling, 7.00 @ 8.00 good to the red, 8.00 @ 12.00 fancy, 12.00 @ 15.00 upper country, 4.00 @ 5.00 good leaves, 4.00 @ 5.00

OHIO.—There is a fair demand for Pennsylvania and prices are as before reported, viz: \$20 gold per long ton for Guano and Marcell, with a discount of 50 cents to \$1.50 per ton on total of 50 to 250 tons. We note an improvement in the demand from the South for Fertilizers as the season opens, but trade is not yet active. We quote the leading makes at from \$45 @ \$50 per ton, but the inferior qualities are offered much lower.

PUBLIC SALE. We shall offer for sale at Public Auction at the Court House door in Leonardtown on THURSDAY, the 19th of March, 1874, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock, p. m., the farm on which Dr. Wm. Matthew Abell now resides, known by the name of PHYSIS HILL, situated near the Clifton Factory in the Second Election District of Saint Mary's county.

The farm contains 180 acres, and has on it a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, good OUT-HOUSES &c. it is in good condition and well enclosed. TERMS WILL BE—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale—for the balance or other half a credit of twelve months will be given, the purchaser giving his note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale for same.

G. COMBS, President St. Mary's Saving Institution. Feb 26, 1874.

FRUIT TREES—SPRING 1874. PEACH, each 100 \$5.00 500 \$20.00 1st do 100 \$7.00 500 \$28.00 2nd do 100 \$5.00 500 \$18.00 Apples 20 to 25 cents each; Pears 20 to 25 cents each; Apricots, Nectarines, Cherries, Grapes, Strawberries and other small fruits. Shade and Ornamental Trees. J. C. GREENE, LEONARDTOWN, MD.

FOR CONGRESS. Mr. Editor—Please announce through the columns of the BEACON Mr. AUSTIN BALEY as a most suitable candidate for Congress, and say that he will be supported by our District. Voters. Feb 26, 1874.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AGENTS in every County in Maryland to sell WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO. Sewing Machines. The most liberal inducements offered. Address: WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO., 214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Feb 26, 1874.

FOR SHERIFF. Messrs. Editors—Please announce RAPHAEL DOWNS as a suitable candidate for the next Sheriff, and say that he will be warmly supported by the voters of Leonardtown and Factory District. Feb 11, 1874. Many Friends.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS for sale by JNO M LEYD & CO., Feb 19, 1874. St. Clement's Bay.

\$250,000 for \$50. Fourth Grand Gift Concert FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KY. On March 21st, Next.

60,000 Tickets 12,000 Gifts. LIST OF GIFTS. One Grand Cash Gift, \$250,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 100,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 50,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 25,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 17,500 10 Cash Gifts, \$10,000 each, 100,000 20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each, 150,000 50 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each, 50,000 80 Cash Gifts, 500 each, 40,000 100 Cash Gifts, 400 each, 40,000 150 Cash Gifts, 300 each, 45,000 250 Cash Gifts, 200 each, 50,000 325 Cash Gifts, 100 each, 32,500 11,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each, 550,000 Total, 12,000 Gifts, all Cash, amounting to \$1,500,000

The concert and distribution of gifts will positively and unequivocally take place on the day named, whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the number of tickets sold. PRICE OF TICKETS. Whole Tickets, \$50; Half, 25; Tenth, or each coupon, \$5; Extra Whole Tickets for \$250; 225 Tickets for \$100; 113 Whole Tickets for \$50; 227 Whole Tickets for \$100. No discount on less than \$50 worth of tickets. The time for the drawing is near at hand, and persons intending to purchase tickets have no time to lose.

THOS. R. BRAMLETTE, Agent Public Library Ky., and Manager Gift Concert, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky., or THOS. R. HAYS & CO., Eastern Agents, 60 Broadway, New York. Feb 19, 1874.

Trustee's Sale of REAL ESTATE. BY virtue of a decree, passed by the Circuit Court of Saint Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at Public Auction at the Court House door in Leonardtown on Thursday, the 19th of March, 1874, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock, p. m., a tract of land called PART OF DASHFORD, containing 194 acres, more or less.

This land lies on the Winoona river, about two miles from the village of Chaptin. It binds on the public landing, where there is a wharf, at which steamboats from Baltimore and Washington stop four times a week. The improvements are a comfortable DWELLING and good OUT-HOUSES, altogether it is a very desirable place. TERMS. Cash on the termination of sale by the Court. RICHARD H. GARNER, Trustee. Feb 19, 1874.

Trustee's Sale of REAL ESTATE. BY virtue of a decree, passed by the Circuit Court of Saint Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at Public Auction at the Court House door, Leonardtown, on Thursday, the 19th of March, 1874, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock, p. m., that tract of land called LANDING NECK, containing 7 1-2 acres, more or less.

This land is situated on St. Clement's Bay, and, though small, is a very desirable place. The improvements are tolerable. TERMS. Cash on the day of sale. BENJ. G. BARRIS, Trustee. Feb 19, 1874.

BUCKEYE POULTRY YARDS OFFERS for sale Eggs for hatching from the following varieties of Pure Bred Land and Water Fowls at \$2.50 per dozen. Dark and Light Brahmas, Buff, Black, White and Partridge Cochins, Brown and White Leghorns, White and Silver Grey Dorkings, Plymouth Rocks, Hens, Game, Ears, Black Red and Pile Gans, Rouen and Aylesbury Ducks, Toulouse and Bremen Geese. I warrant one half of each dozen Eggs to hatch, if they do not, I will replace them for 50 cents per dozen. Eggs sent by C. O. D. if desired. Send stamp for circular. Give me a trial. ISAAC LYNDE, Mailbox, Stark co., Ohio. Feb 19, 1874.

FOR SHERIFF. Messrs. Editors—Please announce RAPHAEL DOWNS as a suitable candidate for the next Sheriff, and say that he will be warmly supported by the voters of Leonardtown and Factory District. Feb 11, 1874. Many Friends.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS for sale by JNO M LEYD & CO., Feb 19, 1874. St. Clement's Bay.

FOR CONGRESS. Mr. Editor—Please announce through the columns of the BEACON Mr. AUSTIN BALEY as a most suitable candidate for Congress, and say that he will be supported by our District. Voters. Feb 26, 1874.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AGENTS in every County in Maryland to sell WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO. Sewing Machines. The most liberal inducements offered. Address: WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO., 214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Feb 26, 1874.

FOR SHERIFF. Messrs. Editors—Please announce RAPHAEL DOWNS as a suitable candidate for the next Sheriff, and say that he will be warmly supported by the voters of Leonardtown and Factory District. Feb 11, 1874. Many Friends.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS for sale by JNO M LEYD & CO., Feb 19, 1874. St. Clement's Bay.

Tr REA BY virt Equity, par W. H. Torrey, H. W. H. Ford, A. M. Hays, S. J. Davis, and of Dec. 1873 will offer at House Court Tuesday

between the 4 o'clock, which the all and possess parcel of FA and contain

This land is situated on St. Clement's Bay, and, though small, is a very desirable place. The improvements are tolerable. TERMS. Cash on the day of sale. BENJ. G. BARRIS, Trustee. Feb 19, 1874.

FOR SHERIFF. Messrs. Editors—Please announce RAPHAEL DOWNS as a suitable candidate for the next Sheriff, and say that he will be warmly supported by the voters of Leonardtown and Factory District. Feb 11, 1874. Many Friends.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS for sale by JNO M LEYD & CO., Feb 19, 1874. St. Clement's Bay.

FOR CONGRESS. Mr. Editor—Please announce through the columns of the BEACON Mr. AUSTIN BALEY as a most suitable candidate for Congress, and say that he will be supported by our District. Voters. Feb 26, 1874.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AGENTS in every County in Maryland to sell WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO. Sewing Machines. The most liberal inducements offered. Address: WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO., 214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Feb 26, 1874.

FOR SHERIFF. Messrs. Editors—Please announce RAPHAEL DOWNS as a suitable candidate for the next Sheriff, and say that he will be warmly supported by the voters of Leonardtown and Factory District. Feb 11, 1874. Many Friends.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS for sale by JNO M LEYD & CO., Feb 19, 1874. St. Clement's Bay.

FOR CONGRESS. Mr. Editor—Please announce through the columns of the BEACON Mr. AUSTIN BALEY as a most suitable candidate for Congress, and say that he will be supported by our District. Voters. Feb 26, 1874.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AGENTS in every County in Maryland to sell WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO. Sewing Machines. The most liberal inducements offered. Address: WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO., 214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Feb 26, 1874.

FOR SHERIFF. Messrs. Editors—Please announce RAPHAEL DOWNS as a suitable candidate for the next Sheriff, and say that he will be warmly supported by the voters of Leonardtown and Factory District. Feb 11, 1874. Many Friends.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS for sale by JNO M LEYD & CO., Feb 19, 1874. St. Clement's Bay.

FOR CONGRESS. Mr. Editor—Please announce through the columns of the BEACON Mr. AUSTIN BALEY as a most suitable candidate for Congress, and say that he will be supported by our District. Voters. Feb 26, 1874.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AGENTS in every County in Maryland to sell WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO. Sewing Machines. The most liberal inducements offered. Address: WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO., 214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Feb 26, 1874.