

THURSDAY MORNING, July 2nd, 1874.

NEWS AND OTHER ITEMS.—We give this week in supplement the remainder of the general laws passed at the last session of the General Assembly. The delay in its publication has been unavoidable. These supplements are in convenient form for readers who may desire to file them away for future reference. The law, entitled "Patuxent," has been admitted into the supplement for its convenience as a make up. Messrs. Luther F. Colton & Co., the printers, have now concluded the work of printing the laws in book form. They are in the hands of the binders, and in a few days will be ready for delivery throughout the State.

Since the condemnation of the boat and engine, referred to in our last issue, the Messrs. Faunce have appeared before Justice D. C. Hammond and, by their counsel, Messrs. Combs & Downs, have entered an appeal. Having filed a bond, they moved for a return of property. The Justice decided that over the latter question, he had no jurisdiction. The property therefore remains in the hands of the Sheriff to await final adjudication at the next term of our Circuit Court in September.

It was reported here, that the Messrs. Faunce had made application to the U. S. District Court for a writ of replevin. A letter was addressed to the Governor of the State in reference to this point, which elicited the following reply from the Secretary of State to the State's Attorney for this county: "The Governor has requested me to enclose you the within communication and may be particularly desirous you to attend to the interests and dignity of the State of Maryland, and if necessary, in your opinion, confer with the Attorney General. The dignity of the sovereignty of the State must be protected and her laws enforced when it can be prevented. You will please advise the Governor of the action you may find it necessary to be had in this case."

Since our last paper, the wheat crop has been garnered, and there is now little doubt that it is a failure, particularly in the three-fourth yield of it, and for the red, a white variety is the most that anybody claims. Though partial rains have visited sections of our county since Thursday, we see no occasion to change our last week's diagnosis of the corn and tobacco crops. Both are still greatly suffering, the latter especially, the showers being slight and most eccentrically restricted. At present writing, there are hopeful indications of an impending and general rain, but as all signs are said to fall in dry weather, we prefer not to indulge in any present forecastings.

As the present is vacation time with Academies and Colleges, many a St. Mary's home is being gladdened by the presence of loved ones who have just returned from the labors of *Alma Mater*. The distinction achieved by many of the sons and daughters of St. Mary's is, not only a source of just pride to parents, but a subject of general gratulation. As the right of veneration to all innocent recreations has been fairly won by these students, now, therefore, be it resolved, "the nights shall be filled with music and the cares which infest the day, shall fold up their tents like the Arabs," etc., etc.

We are requested to state, that there will be a meeting of the Leonardtown Grange on Thursday morning next, the 9th instant, and that a prompt attendance of officers and members is desirable. The meeting will be held in the grand jury room.

Though we hear of no formal public celebration in our county of our National anniversary on Saturday next, it is expected notwithstanding that there will be a general suspension of trade and work, and that the day will be noted by excursions, neighborhood meetings and other forms of private recognition.

His Excellency, Gov. Groome, has appointed Dr. J. Felix Morgan a Justice of the Peace for the 2nd district of this county in place of Wm. F. Perry, resigned, and H. Clay Dent a Justice of the Peace for the 5th district in place of Thos. D. Edwards who had failed to qualify.

The following are the most important provisions of the new Bankrupt act, which was approved by the President on Tuesday: First. No proceedings can be taken in involuntary or compulsory bankruptcy except by the action of one-fourth in number of creditors and one-third in value of claims against the debtor.

Second. The provision of the present law which requires that the assets of an involuntary bankrupt shall be equal to fifty per cent of the indebtedness (proved or provable) is repealed without limitation.

Third. In voluntary bankruptcy the bankrupt may be discharged on the payment of thirty per cent upon his liability, provided that one-fourth of his creditors in number, and they representing one-third of the amount of proved or provable indebtedness, agree to his discharge.

Fourth. A composition may be effected without regard to proceedings in bankruptcy, by a vote of a majority in number of creditors, who shall adopt a resolution

to that effect at a meeting duly called, on due notice, of such creditors as may be present or represented by proxy; said resolution to be certified to court, to be signed by a certain number (five-eighths) of the creditors, representing a certain proportion (three-fourths) of the indebtedness, which, if had, such composition may be enforced upon the non-agreeing creditors.

Fifth. The two periods of four months and six months, prescribed as the limits of certain reclaiming and voiding processes, are reduced to sixty days and four months respectively, but this not to take effect for two months after the passage of the act.

Sixth. The expenses of all officers, agents, etc., to be reduced to one-half the present rates; the old rules to remain in force until the Supreme Court shall arrange the new tariff of charges.

In estimating the number of creditors in certain cases no debt under \$50 is counted in the number, though it may be computed in value.

The rejection by the Senate of Governor Shepherd for one of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia is a creditable act. This act was the more remarkable as the Senate has an overwhelming majority of administration republicans who are naturally disposed to confirm the appointments of the President when they can conscientiously do so. Thirty-six votes against confirmation and only six for it shows unmistakably the bad odor of Shepherd's name. It seems very strange that the President should have nominated this man in the face of the recent shameful revelations connected with District affairs.

There is to be a sweet time at the North, if there is any truth in a rumor that comes from Mobile through a letter to a Louisville paper. It is to the effect that in case the Civil Rights bill becomes a law, a set of enterprising geniuses propose to send a delegation of several hundred of the blackest, grasiest, raggedest, dirtiest, and most odiferous field hands that can be found, and ship them to Northern cities, where the best accommodations are to be demanded in hotels, palaces, steamboats, theatres, restaurants, and public resorts generally. It is, of course, anticipated that they will be refused admittance, and then the managers are to commence suits for heavy damages—and here comes in the profits of the operation.

Mr. Beecher has made up his mind to live the Tilton scandal down. He lately addressed a crowded audience in the Dutch Reformed Church at Peckskill, where he has a summer residence. When subsequently asked what course he would take in respect to the Tilton letter, he said he "would not break the silence he has hitherto observed." Well, perhaps it is wise in him to say nothing. Silence disarms criticism, and blunts the edge of censure. But silence, in his case, is tantamount to confession.

The brutal murder of Berry Amos by Sam McDonald, son of the late owner of Flora Temple, at the Sherwood House in Baltimore on Monday night of last week, has been the great theme of conversation in that city all the week. The homicide seems to have been an entirely unprovoked one, and from the evidence at the coroner's inquest there is little doubt that the accused is guilty of willful murder. Whether a jury will bring in a verdict to that effect remains to be seen.

The Public Situation in France remains hopeful for the cause of the conservative democracy and the Republic. The members of the Assembly Committee of Thirty are not influenced by any feeling of excitement or haste in their consideration of the question of extending MacMahon's term of power. On the contrary, they appear desirous to treat it with all the attention which its importance demands. Monarchism, as a general principle, is losing its hold on the mind of the Assembly, and Bonapartism has been handed over to the especial care of the Paris police.

The new currency bill providing for a redistribution of the currency so as to give the South and West the full amount of circulation to which they are entitled, having become a law, the Comptroller has issued a notice that he is ready to receive applications for the organization of banks in those sections. If they are in the urgent need of more money the opportunity to supply their wants is now afforded. A half dozen new banks in Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky have recently been authorized to commence business, and there is a prospect that there will soon be money enough afloat west of the Alleghenians to satisfy the demand.

The Utah bill was shorn of some of its most objectionable features before it passed. It does give the Mormons a show of fairness, at least in the right of appeal. Yet it belongs to a species of legislation that is of doubtful expediency and exceedingly questionable in principle. It wouldn't be difficult to persecute the Mormons into quite a powerful party and disturbing element.

Mr. Creswell has resigned the position of Postmaster General, and the President, with sincere expressions of regret, has accepted the resignation. Mr. Creswell has discharged his duties in a manner entirely satisfactory to the people of the United States. He has been more than five years in office, and his private interests now demand his attention. Mr. Creswell is the last of President Grant's original Cabinet.

According to the statement of Mr. Garfield, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, at the summing up of the acts of Congress appropriating money, the aggregate of the bills show a disbursement of \$27,763,787 but the appropriations of last year. With this reduction and the favorable reports of incoming revenue the government is not likely to want money, and will have, probably, a considerable surplus to apply to the sinking fund.

Governor Groome has received a letter from Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, of Pennsylvania, accepting the position of arbitrator between the States of Maryland and Virginia on the boundary question. He states that the first meeting between Mr. Graham and himself will probably be held in Washington during the last week in this month.

The civil rights bill is dead for the present. The bill was reached in the regular order on Saturday last, and a motion being made to put it on its passage, it was rejected by a vote of 140 to 91—two-thirds not voting in the affirmative. The vote was strictly partisan, with the exception of four republicans, including Mr. Lowndes, who voted in the negative.

The attempt of Senators Carpenter and Conkling to gag the press of the United States by the passage of the bill they advocated, to sue the publishers of newspapers in the District of Columbia instead of where they are published, had dead ends. The Senate passed the bill, but the House did not.

The Sixth Regiment, Col. Clarence Peters, commanding, will leave Baltimore for Point Lookout to-morrow and expects to arrive at the Point early on the morning of the 4th, and the review by the Governor and Adjutant Bond will take place on the following Monday, the 8th following the same night. The regiment will be accompanied by its full band and drum corps.

The Democratic Watchman, of Beltsville, Pa., reports that Senator Cameron and Col. Forney have become reconciled; that they are both to support Blaine for President with all their might; that Cameron and his friends are to support Forney for the United States Senate, and that in the event of Blaine's election, Don Cameron is to be Secretary of the Treasury.

Time is not healing the ecclesiastical difficulty in Germany. The "blood and iron" policy has not been successful up to the expectation of its author. The Fulda bishops adhere to their old platform, and are still giving Bismarck trouble. The Bavarians cling to their old love, and indications are not wanting that the policy of persecution is defeating its purpose.

The unfortunate Brooks, whose gubernatorial aspirations in Arkansas were recently annihilated by a pronouncement from Washington, refuses to die easily. He has a sub-committee now ready to start for that delectable State to take part in a proposed investigation into the causes of the late unpleasantness.

Brazil is now in telegraphic communication with the rest of the world, the Brazilian cable having been successfully laid. A cable dispatch giving the coffee market at Rio on June 24, was received in Baltimore on Thursday.

There are one hundred Loiges of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry in Maryland. The rapid increase of the Order is the best evidence of its popularity among the masses, and it must now be the most powerful organization in the country.

Brigham Young, Jr., according to the Salt Lake Tribune, has an original way of complying with scriptural injunctions. At a conference meeting last Sunday morning, he thus instructed the brethren: "I pray for our enemies, brethren, but I always pray that they may go to hell."

On Sumner's lamp was engraved "The good shepherd giveth his life for the sheep," and Sumner wrote "of all colors," which addition shows how much better he understood it than the good shepherd did.

Thus far the sum of \$8,000 has been collected in this Archdiocese, which it is proposed to send to Pope Pius IX. This sum will be considerably swelled when the reports from all the country churches have been received.

On Saturday Gov. Groome signed the death warrants of Ernest Smith, colored, convicted of an outrage in Talbot county, and Chas. Henry Jones, colored, convicted of the murder of Ed. Berry, colored, in February last in Baltimore city. The 7th of August is fixed as the day for the executions.

After the 1st of January, 1875, the postage on daily or weekly papers will be two cents per pound, prepaid in all cases. Weekly papers are to pass free, however, in the counties in which they are published.

Senators Hamilton, of this State, and Morrill, of Maine, and the Senatorial appointees to frame a bill for the government of the District of Columbia, said bill to be reported at the next Congress.

The Hon. D. W. Voorhes is looming up as a candidate for Congress in his old Indiana District.

Mr. Hale has accepted the Postmaster-Generalship and will qualify on the 1st of July.

The Comet of Russia, as a punishment to his nephew, the Grand Duke Nicholas, for the theft of his mother's diamonds, has been named after the Comet for life and obnoxious to his name.

None of the appointed District of Columbia Commissioners have yet formally accepted. Congress adjourned sine die on Tuesday evening of last week, at six o'clock.

The Comet of Russia.—From the recent observations of the comet among astronomical records, it now seems very doubtful whether the incoming Comet, now nearing the earth, is really becoming more clearly defined, as Goggia's comet after all. Several astronomers writing to the papers declare that this must be an entirely different comet from that discovered by Professor Comas at Marselles on the 17th of April. One of them says that, from computations made of the elements of that comet's motion, it must have passed its perihelion (nearest to the sun) on the 20th instant, and that it is now rapidly receding from earth and sun. Mr. Henry Paine, who is a diligent and accurate observer, writes as follows: "From my own observations of June 12 and 21, I have computed its orbit, and have reached the following conclusions: It will pass its perihelion about July 8, at a distance from the sun of about 60,000,000 miles. On August 3, when, according to the second orbit, it was to be the brightest, the moon will fortunately be out of the way; but unfortunately the sun will be in the way, so that the comet cannot be seen in this hemisphere; and, instead of being near Denobola, it will be in Argo Navis. But, fortunately again, it reaches its maximum brightness a fortnight earlier. On July 16 it will be a little above Castor and Pollux, setting soon after sunset, and with the moon above it toward the south. It will then be about nine times as bright as at present, computing its brightness from the position of the nucleus; but the tail will have swept around so near us that it will undoubtedly far exceed that. The comet is now easily visible in the moonlight with a small opera-glass, and, after the moon sets, with the naked eye. Immediately after the full moon it will be easily visible to the naked eye in the northwest, below the Dipper; and the time of its maximum brightness will be about July 16, depending chiefly upon the length of the tail at the time it sweeps by us across the ecliptic. In any event, within a few days after that, the comet and its tail will have passed below the horizon."

Spectrum analysis has already been applied to the comet, and the lines of carbon detected. This agrees with spectroscopic observations of other comets. From these it was inferred that comets (at least their tails) are composed of some form of carbon attenuated in an inconceivable degree—so much so that one professor of astronomy declared that, in his opinion, the whole substance of the tail of a comet—90,000,000,000 in length—could be compressed into ten pounds of carbon, such as we know it, in the form of charcoal and coke.

The instructions for finding the comet are as follows: At about 9 or 10 o'clock the Dipper is seen with the handle in the direction from the horizon. The two lower stars in the bowl of the Dipper (farthest from the handle) are called Pointers, because they point to the Pole star; the one nearer the Pole star being called Dubhe. The comet forms nearly an equilateral triangle with the Dubhe and the Pole star, lying situated below them. The tail is above the nucleus and inclined toward the Pole star.

ACTRESS OF CONGRESS ON SEWING MACHINES.—The most important action of Congress for the last twenty years in regard to sewing machines, was that of Saturday, when Senator Hamilton of Md., from the committee on patent, reported adversely on the application of A. B. Wilson, for an extension of his patent covering the four motion feed, the patent for which expired two years since. The sewing machine combination, in which is included the Wheeler & Wilson, Willcox & Gibbs, Singer, the Gover & Baker and the Howe. I pray for our enemies, brethren, but I always pray that they may go to hell."

Good shepherd giveth his life for the sheep," and Sumner wrote "of all colors," which addition shows how much better he understood it than the good shepherd did. Thus far the sum of \$8,000 has been collected in this Archdiocese, which it is proposed to send to Pope Pius IX. This sum will be considerably swelled when the reports from all the country churches have been received.

On Saturday Gov. Groome signed the death warrants of Ernest Smith, colored, convicted of an outrage in Talbot county, and Chas. Henry Jones, colored, convicted of the murder of Ed. Berry, colored, in February last in Baltimore city. The 7th of August is fixed as the day for the executions.

After the 1st of January, 1875, the postage on daily or weekly papers will be two cents per pound, prepaid in all cases. Weekly papers are to pass free, however, in the counties in which they are published.

Senators Hamilton, of this State, and Morrill, of Maine, and the Senatorial appointees to frame a bill for the government of the District of Columbia, said bill to be reported at the next Congress.

The Hon. D. W. Voorhes is looming up as a candidate for Congress in his old Indiana District.

Mr. Hale has accepted the Postmaster-Generalship and will qualify on the 1st of July.

COMMERCIAL.

Commencement at White Hall Academy.

There are spots in the desert of each of our lives, towards which we gaze with anticipations of pleasure, and towards which we look, when departing, with feelings of regret. To the young, all the future is bright with hope, and the unknown, if thought of at all, is to them but a mystery but to these there can be some increase of joyancy, some relief from care, some pain.

"Refreshment after toil, ease after pain." In the life of every school girl there is an event which is anticipated by her long before it happens, and which is long remembered. This event is that Annual Commencement which schools and academies give to their pupils, as a grand finale to the intellectual efforts of the year, and when are given the prizes won by study and department.

Now, that the newspapers are filled with accounts of these, it is gratifying to us that we are able to report one which came off in our town on Thursday evening last at White Hall. Although not so large as St. Joseph's, Mt. St. Sales and other places, we feel that for the size of it, it was just as creditable, and, excuse our patriotism, we think it was a little better. There are few things which St. Mary's cannot do, and "so far as regards the matter of Commencements," we are very good.

The following was the order of exercises observed on the occasion of this commencement: Grand March to Concert.

- Welcomes, N. Greenwell; A Bery of P's (syc); Busy Body, Nellie Fenwick; Country Lad, Carrie Fenwick; Little Flower, Fannie Fenwick; Flower Girl, Louis King; Song, Where the warbling waters flow.

The Summer Queen and the Frost King. The Summer Queen, Elith Drury; Breezes, Ines Abell; Doudrops, Lottie Fenwick; Frost King, Nannie Fenwick; 1st Messenger, Mollie Abell; 2nd do, Rosa Norris; 3rd do, Mary Fenwick; 4th do, Eliza Combs; Song, There is a sigh in the heart.

Fashionable Boarding School Accomplishments. Martha Hopeful, Louisa King; Bettie Hopeful, Julia Riley; Mrs. Granville (schoolmistress), Nina Fenwick; Mr. Hopeful (Father), Lou Foxwell; Song, I'm dreaming of the loved ones.

The crowning of the Faithful Soul. Ode pour une Personne Condolescente. Die Fahne Trager, Nina Fenwick; Song, Music and her sister Song; Farwell, Edith Drury.

It would be wrong, we think, to speak individually of these exercises and the young ladies who took part in them—Where all did so well, we can but record the pleasure and the entertainment afforded us.

This Academy is under the direction of Mrs. Aloysius Fenwick, and under the special tutelage of Miss Maggie Doyle, to both of whom we tender our thanks and congratulations. We take pleasure in bearing testimony to the admirable management of this school. Duties will be resumed early in September, and we recommend a liberal patronage. The stores of the mind can be hoarded here, and there are constellations flashing from our own skies.

BEECHER'S OFFENSE.—As there is some anxiety to know just what charge is made against Mr. Beecher in his contest with Tilton, the following statement of the Brooklyn Eagle will be read with interest: Mr. Tilton is understood to have discovered from Mrs. Tilton that Mr. Beecher had been to her an improper overture, in her own parlor, while calling upon her as a pastor. The overture was not mistaken. It is alleged, and it was repelled with indignation and scorn, and after retaining the subject, woman-like, in her own mind for some time, Mrs. Tilton was finally constrained to tell her husband. It is alleged that he told Mr. Moulton, and that Mr. Moulton and Mr. Tilton confronted Mr. Beecher upon it.

It is said that the letter from which Mr. Tilton quotes in part is Mr. Beecher's reference to and apology for that "offense." Of course, some time elapsed and some events occurred before this square admission and repudiation were made by Mr. Beecher. The rest is known to the public, and Mr. Tilton's letter serves as a preface and as a supplement to what we have written. Space forbids, and their familiarity to the public renders unnecessary a sketch either of Theodore Tilton or Mr. Beecher. Both are as well known to Brooklyn as the location of the city is known to not of Brooklyn.

It will be seen that Mr. Beecher and Mr. Tilton were both perfectly satisfied with the settlement of the matter. Reparation and pardon had been respectively exhausted by them, and the position to which matters have come has been attributable, as will be any further consequences, to others less concerned and more busy by far, than themselves.

TUESDAY DOWN.—The President on Tuesday afternoon sent to the Senate the names of Alexander R. Shepherd, late Governor of the District of Columbia; William A. Dennison, of Ohio, ex-Postmaster General; and H. T. Blow, of Missouri, formerly member of Congress from that State and afterwards Minister to Brazil, as the commission to govern the District until a new form of government shall have been prepared and adopted. The Senate was in session about two hours and a half on these nominations, the debate being altogether confined to that of Shepherd, Senators freely and strongly expressing themselves against it, while there were but few defenders. Finally the nomination was laid on the table by a vote of 36 against 6. The other nominations were confirmed without a division. After the

records of the Senate, the President to complete the number sent in the name of A. G. Castell, ex-United States Senator from New Jersey, who was soon thereafter confirmed. The gentleman is the only one of three commissioners who has real estate interests in Washington city, but all are non-residents.

The following prescription is being used by many of our citizens this warm weather, and is said by those who know to be an excellent antidote for the "blues": R—Sps. vis. Oland, q. s. Saccharine without massum, q. s. Aqua conglutina, q. s. Mintum Sousem, G spriggs. Shakeum likethunderum, q. r. Strawum elongatum, G spriggs. Suchum threowum.

DIED. In this county, on the 26th ult., at Harrow Hills, the residence of her father, A. W. Gardner, Miss MINNIE W., in the 19th year of her age. [Port Tobacco Times and Marlborough Gazette please copy.]

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The feature of the wheat market during the past week was the receipt of a few hundred bushels new crop from Richmond and Lancaster counties, Va., which sold at 165¢/300 cent per bushel, and 175¢/185 cent per bushel of another variety being choice. The receipts of old wheat were light, and the market was ruled dull, with a further tendency to lower prices. The sales of Maryland and 2000 bushels choice number one cargo at 160¢/181 cent; 1000 bushels good white at 150¢/152 cent; and 2-80¢/81 cent, the closing figures to-day being 80 cents for white and 80¢/81 cent for red. The receipts of Western wheat were 20,000 bushels, and we learn of but few transactions, embracing about 1,500 bushels spring red for export at 125 cents, and 175 cents for winter red at 133¢/142 cents for inferior to prime. CORN.—The market for Corn has ruled steadily since our last review, prices ranging within very narrow limits, and at the close the feeling is firm and rather favorable to the holding interest. The receipts of Southern to Thursday, inclusive, amounted to 32,000 bushels, and the sales were as follows: 21,000 bushels white at 86¢/88 cent, for fair to good and 89¢/90 cent for prime, and 11,000 bushels prime yellow at 86¢/88 cent, the closing figures to-day being 89 cents for white and 89¢/90 cent for red. The sales of old mixed were 20,000 bushels, for July delivery, on private terms, 5,000 do., at 82 cents, and 20,000 bushels in Elevator at 80¢/81 cent, the closing figures to-day being 80 cents for white and 80¢/81 cent for red. The sales of old mixed were 20,000 bushels, for July delivery, on private terms, 5,000 do., at 82 cents, and 20,000 bushels in Elevator at 80¢/81 cent, the closing figures to-day being 80 cents for white and 80¢/81 cent for red. The sales of old mixed were 20,000 bushels, for July delivery, on private terms, 5,000 do., at 82 cents, and 20,000 bushels in Elevator at 80¢/81 cent, the closing figures to-day being 80 cents for white and 80¢/81 cent for red.

TOBACCO.—There is no special change to note in the Leaf Tobacco markets during the past week, the feeling throughout being firm, with a good demand for nearly all descriptions. The sales of Ohio leaf, to 250 to 300 lbs., for France, Duisburg, Bremen and Antia, and we note the market steady at about previous figures. Of Maryland leaf, the sales are freely taken as offered for the French and German markets, the only parcels remaining over being old stock, or such lots as are held on speculation. We learn of no movement in Virginia, but have report of sales of 175 lbs., Kentucky lugs, Baltimore inspection, at 61¢/62 cents for export and speculation, and under light during the harvest season. The exports during the week were 1,451 lbs. to Bremen. We quote prices to-day as follows, viz: Maryland—common frosted, 32.00¢/4.50; sound common, 5.00¢/6.50; medium dull, 7.00¢/8.00; leafy brown, 7.50¢/11.00; bright red to yellow, 12.00¢/18.00; upper country tips, 5.00¢/7.00; brown to red, 7.00¢/9.00; yellow spangled, 10.00¢/12.00; extra, 14.00¢/16.00; fancy yellow, 24.00¢/25.00.

GUANO.—There is a fair demand for Peruvian and prices are as before reported, viz: \$60 gold per long ton for Guanaco and Nacali, with a discount of 50 cents to \$1.50 per ton on lots of 50 to 250 tons. We note an improvement in the demand from the South for Perilliers as the season opens, but trade is not yet active. We quote the leading makes at \$45¢/50¢ per ton, but the inferior qualities are offered much lower.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.

Lovey Wheeler & others, vs. Thomas J. Stone, admr. of John Halkins & others.

In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity. No 260 E.

ORDERED the 27th day of June, 1874, that the sale made and reported by Benjamin G. Harris, Trustee, in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 4th Monday of July, 1874, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 4th Monday of July. The report states that the land sold for \$500.

J FRANK FORD, Clerk. True copy—Test: J FRANK FORD, Clerk. July 2, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL PUBLIC EXAMINATION of Charlotte Hall will take place on WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, THE 8TH AND 9TH INSTANT. The exhibition on FRIDAY, the 10th. July 2, 1874—1t.

MAILED FREE.

Send THREE WORDS TO ANY FAMILY. Address: THE BROTHER CO., Milwaukee, Wis. July 2, 1874—3w.

New Advertisements.

Save Fifty Dollars! THE NEW FLORENCE. PRICE, \$20 Below any other Sewing Machine. Send free circulars to the Editor. VALUE, \$30 above J. Sewing Machine. SAVED, \$50 by buying the Florence.

Every machine warranted. Special terms to clubs and dealers. Send free circulars to the Editor. Florence S. M. Co., Florence, Mass. or 49 N. Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

LAST CHANCE FOR AN EASY FORTUNE!

Fifth and Last Gift Concert IN AID OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KY. JULY 21ST, 1874.

- LIST OF GIFTS. One Grand Cash Gift, \$250.00; One Grand Cash Gift, 100.00; One Grand Cash Gift, 75.00; One Grand Cash Gift, 50.00; One Grand Cash Gift, 25.00; 5 Cash Gifts, \$20.00 each, 100.00; 10 Cash Gifts, 18.00 each, 180.00; 15 Cash Gifts, 10.00 each, 150.00; 20 Cash Gifts, 5.00 each, 100.00; 25 Cash Gifts, 4.00 each, 100.00; 30 Cash Gifts, 3.00 each, 90.00; 50 Cash Gifts, 2.00 each, 100.00; 100 Cash Gifts, 1.00 each, 100.00; 240 Cash Gifts, 50¢ each, 120.00; 500 Cash Gifts, 10¢ each, 50.00; 19,000 Cash Gifts, 50¢ each, 950.00; Grand Total, 20,000 Gifts, all Cash, 2,500.00.

PRICE OF TICKETS. Whole Tickets, \$5.00; Half, 2.50; Tenth, .50; Twelve, or each Coupon, .50; 11 Whole Tickets for, 6.00; 23 Tickets for, 1.00.

For Tickets or information, Address: THOS. H. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky., or THOS. H. HAYS & CO., Eastern Agents, 609 Broadway, New York.

1874 DOMESTIC.

This Sewing Machine gives the best satisfaction to the user, is paid for most readily, and is the best of all to sell. If there is no "Domestic" agent in your city, apply to DOMESTIC S. M. CO., New York.

LADIES SEND for elegant Fashion Book.

"PSYCHICANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, a Quaker Book, 100,000 sold. Address: T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia. July 2, 1874—4w.

Pictures! Pictures!

AS I am not going to remain but one week longer, all who wish pictures must give me an early call. Remember the opportunity is offered you for but one week—all yourself of it. Respectfully, J. T. WAMPLER. July 2, 1874.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.

Henry A. Canter & J. F. N. Canter, his wife, vs. William H. Sotheron, Sarah C. Sotheron et al.

In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity. No. 263 N. E.

ORDERED, this 30th day of June 1874, that the sale made and reported by J. F. N. Canter, Trustee, in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 4th Monday of July next, provided a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 4th Monday of July. The Report states that the land sold for \$1,075.

J. FRANK FORD, Clerk. True copy—Test: J. FRANK FORD, Clerk. July 2, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.

WE hereby forwarn any person or persons from negotiating in any way for a note of our date on or about the 15th day of February, 1875, for \$200, payable in twelve months, to John T. Jarboe, said note having been paid in part. JEFF. B. JARBOE, JOHN S. JARBOE, Millstone Landing, June 4, 1874.

To the Voters of St. Mary's County. I announce myself a candidate for the State's Attorney for St. Mary's county, and hope to receive, as heretofore, the liberal support of my fellow-citizens. Nov 13 1873. JAS T. ELAKISTONE.

FOR SHERIFF. Mr. Editor—Please announce J. FRANK SMITH as a candidate for Sheriff and, if he will consent to serve, he will be warmly supported by his friends in St. Inigo's District. Dec. 15, 1873. Many Voters.

TO MY FELLOW-CITIZENS. I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for reelection to the office of State's Attorney for St. Mary's county, and hope to receive, as heretofore, the liberal support of my fellow-citizens. Nov 26, 1873. J. PARRAN CRANE.

FOR SHERIFF. Messrs Editors—Please announce RAPHAEL DOWNS as a suitable candidate for the next Sheriffship, and say that he will be