

MR. HARRIS' CARD.—Our article of the 23rd ultimo, under the caption of "The Congressional Outlook" has elicited a two column card from the Hon. Benj. G. Harris, in reply to what he conceives to be our "strictures" upon his position; and, in which he complains, that we charge, that the course he is now pursuing "must lead to damaging results to the democratic party, as at present constituted and organized." He states that he is not aware "that the democratic party has undergone any important change in its organization and constitution, from that which for years it has possessed, both in form and principles;" and he quotes at considerable length, and with comments, somewhat touching our vanity, editorial extracts from the Beacon, published prior to the State elections held in 1870, to show our political inconsistency. Having thrown the gauntlet at our feet, we take it up, in the spirit of the Knights of old, either for friendly joust, or mortal combat, but always maintaining for our brethren the kindest feeling of friendship and regard.

We do not abate a jot or tittle of what we said in our article of the 23rd ultimo, nor in the position assumed by us in 1870. We had certain "fixed" principles then and we have them yet. We confess that we then agreed, to quite a broad extent, with Mr. Harris; and we claimed then, as we now claim, that until the Democratic party had dogmatized upon the issues involved, we were entitled to the expression of our individual opinion. When the party, however, adopted a platform for the government of its members, we felt duty bound to obey its mandates, and to yield our individual opinion to the popular will.

Four years have since elapsed, and we stand where we ever did. We have ever been politically consistent, we think, and it is a source of personal regret to us that Mr. Harris has been less so. It is far from our wish to charge him with the possession of an undue amount of egotism and conceit; but, we think, it can hardly be offensive to him to say that, for several years past, he has stood upon a self-reared pedestal, far too elevated to be practical; or, at least, too impracticable to receive the approval of the great mass of the party to which he claims to belong.

Unless we have been misinformed, near fourteen years have elapsed since Mr. Harris has voted for the Presidential nominee of a Democratic Convention, although, at one time, a member thereof, and ever since the last Congressional election held here, he refused, we learn, to vote for Judge Merrick, simply because Mr. Merrick advocated the election of Mr. Greeley, who had been duly and fairly nominated by the Democratic party. Is this the man to charge us with political inconsistency, or as wanting in faith to democratic principles? His opinions may be more "fixed" than ours, but have they such a basis as to entitle him to party confidence or democratic support? When he next attempts to arraign the St. Mary's Beacon, for political inconsistency, let him rather look to his own political follies and vagaries—to the living issues of the day—without seeking to awaken the dead issues of the past!

This rejoinder to Mr. Harris is written in no aggressive spirit. It is simply made to his card, in reply to the charges he has made against us. We believe that he would represent us with good and pure intent in Congress, or elsewhere in any position to which his political ambition might lead him. We are not his personal enemy, but his friend.

We should be very glad to drop this controversy here; and, if the Democratic party of the District shall feel it consistent to adopt the views of Mr. Harris, no one will support him more cordially than ourselves. Yet, until the party shall speak, we shall feel constrained to adhere to the old tenets of its enunciated faith, however painful it may be, from a personal stand-point, to disregard Mr. Harris' claims upon us.

St. Joseph's Church.—The young ladies of St. Joseph's congregation are announced to give a supper at Mr. Tippet's (near the church) on Wednesday, the 13th instant, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter. The object of the entertainment is to obtain means for church repairs and we bespeak a liberal attendance from St. Joseph's and other congregations.

It may not be generally known, but by the act of 1874, chapter 321, an abatement of five per cent. is allowed on the school tax if paid the present month. By the same act taxes are declared due from and after September 1st, 1874, and can be distrained for. It is the part of wisdom on the part of all tax-payers to see to it that they pay their taxes, school and State at least, on or before the 1st of September, as in no other way can they make five per cent in four weeks. A word to the wise is sufficient.

SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—We attended by invitation of the Teacher, Louis Ford, Esq., the examination of the colored school located in our Town on Friday last. Under the direction of Mr. Ford, we gave, we think, his pupils a thorough examination—at least we are certain we meant to do it. The result surprised us and we have announced ourselves as fully recoiled to the liberal provision made by our last Legislature for the education of negro children. Where all did so well, it may appear invidious to particularize, but we shall not refrain, nevertheless, from distinguishing the following pupils for fullness and exactness of learning up to the extent of their studies—Susan Blackstone, John Woodland and James Chesley.

ARRIVALS AT MORRIS' HOTEL.—W. B. Turpin, J. H. McDowell, A. F. Randolph, Mrs. A. F. Randolph, Miss Josephine Randolph, J. W. Carter, Chas. M. Cyphers, Mrs. C. M. Cyphers, Mrs. P. Herley, Mr. P. Herley, Miss Herley, George Cotus, W. G. Smoot, W. H. Dalton, Dr. A. Behund, J. H. Shannon, Capt. S. G. Cabell, Miss Cabell, C. F. Wardmann, Chas. L. Walker, Mrs. C. L. Walker, Miss M. H. Montgomery, Washington, D. C.; Miss Maggie Aborn, Mrs. F. W. Jones, Mr. F. W. Jones, Georgetown, D. C.; Joe Moran, Thos. Montgomery, Jas. A. Repetti, John Simonton, Joe O'Dwyer, Master Joseph Moran, Master George Montgomery, Harry V. Clark, Washington, D. C.; E. V. Murphy, Phila. Pa.; N. Dawson, Balto. Md.; J. Gotthold, C. Baum, H. Hollander, E. Golomauz, R. Goldschmid, Miss Baum, Mr. Siegel and family, Washington, D. C.

St. John's Church.—We are authorized to state that a *lunch* will be given at St. John's church Saturday, the 16th instant, the proceeds of which are to be devoted to the repairs of that edifice. The ladies of St. John's congregation have obtained such an enviable reputation for their dinners and lunches that their proposed entertainment on the 15th is certain to attract a crowd.

LAND SALE.—Col. Crane, sold as Trustee Poplar Neck, containing 28 acres of land, located in St. Inigo's district, subject to the widow's dower, on Thursday, the 30th ult., for \$1,450—over \$50 per acre. Purchaser, Joseph B. Sable. This is, we think, the highest price which has been obtained for St. Mary's land since the war.

We are in receipt of a graphic account of the excursion of the Pilot Boy to Piney Point on Saturday last, which we regret not being able to get in type in time for our present issue. It will appear in our next.

(Correspondence of the Beacon)
St. Clement's Bay, Aug. 1, 1874.
I was persuaded by a couple of friends to take a trip with them to Baltimore's Pavilion, where there was to be a social gathering of some importance. Being late when we arrived we found them already enjoying themselves tripping upon the light fantastic toe. There was a large crowd of the beauty and gallantry of this and the adjoining counties assembled, with quite a number from the far-famed metropolis of the country. I also saw one beautiful young lady there from Baltimore, whose lovely face and unaffected manners had made a captive of the heart of one of our worthy young citizens of St. Clement's Bay. May he succeed in his undertaking, and win bright laurels in his course through life, is the humble wish of your correspondent.

"Richard is himself again." He has recovered his usual health and fine flow of spirits. He was there, accompanied by the "ghost" from Washington, and the "fat man" from California, and they seemed to enjoy themselves "hugely." The Doctor is a jovial host, and one who knows how to attend to the wants and comfort of his guests; he is here, there and everywhere, but always in the right place. He has a large and comfortable house, with splendid bathing grounds convenient, and is well calculated to make his guests comfortable and happy. His bar is stocked with the choicest liquors, from champagne to lager, every thing to suit the taste or palate of the connoisseur. After gazing with charmed eyes upon so much beauty and loveliness, we sadly took our departure, and ere the first streak of dawn began to light the eastern horizon we were home in our bed, dreaming of angels, beautiful girls and round dances.

MALARIAL INFLUENCE.—During the autumn months the people who reside along the water courses and tributaries of the Chesapeake Bay, east or west, are more or less subject to bilious disorders, for which calomel and quinine are the usual remedies—remedies almost as bad as the disease itself. Change of climate is better effective and speedily as a curative. But many persons are uninformed as to a convenient and proper place of resort where they would be rid of such influences. Westminster is that place, within an hour's ride of Baltimore, at a cost of only 95 cents. Here, we are one thousand feet above Baltimore, in a pure atmosphere, board cheap, society good, and those summer pests, mosquitoes and malaria, unknown. We have four trains each way, daily, two of them mail trains, morning and evening. Let the invalids of lower Maryland come to Westminster, and try the effects of pure water and fresh mountain air, and see if they do not find health and vigor speedily restored. We ask the Eastern and Southern Maryland journals to publish these facts for the information of their readers. Those of them who are suffering from chills and fevers, or other bilious diseases, will thank them for so doing.—Westminster Dem. Advocate.

LETTERS FROM HON. BENJ. G. HARRIS.
Wm. T. Gifford, Esq., Editor of the Anne Arundel Advertiser.—Sir: My attention has been called to your editorial of the 9th inst. headed "Politics in Lower Maryland," in which I am assailed in a most unjustifiable manner. If you had made truth the basis of your animadversion I might have rested easy, for I have the satisfaction of at least believing that my public character and conduct are so well defined and so well understood in your county that the detraction in your article would produce but little if any injury to me. You express for me "a warm personal respect and esteem," and yet you make charges and imputations against me which if true should deprive me of the personal respect and esteem of every honest man. Thus you say: "In taking part in this great achievement (the banishment of the Republican party from power) the Maryland Democracy must nominate men of brains, men of practical honesty, and men of earnest convictions on the many live questions of the day. More care in this respect would have prevented the selection for a leader of the Hon. Benj. G. Harris, for whom we have a warm personal respect and esteem;" and again: "His great object seems to be to get to Congress in some way or other."

In this latter charge you insinuate that a disreputable mode of getting to Congress would not be objectionable to me. Now, sir, I feel confident that there is no false pretense somewhere in these sayings of yours, and as you are very positive that you have for me "a warm personal respect and esteem," I am flattered into the belief that you are pretending in other respects. These pretenses are often the catch-words of party journalists who, receiving a consideration from any political aspirant, is prompted to pay him back by the best he is able to furnish by attempting, to the best of his ability, to scribble down others who possibly may stand in his way. It would be ungrateful in me to impute such a course to one who has for me such warm sentiments of respect, yet I cannot help suspecting—Well, I will not say what I suspect, lest I might irritate you, and thus lose me that precious possession, your "warm personal respect and esteem."

In another place in your article you say: "Well, how could it happen that Mr. Harris could have ever been selected to carry the proud banner of the Democratic party? We insist that there must be something wrong in the machinery of the party which permitted the selection of such candidates. Gentlemen of dubious and unreliable status should never be selected. The policy will be to bring out earnest men of earnest convictions." How it happened, sir, that I was selected to act as representative of the party is well known to those whose memories go back fifteen years. How I fulfilled the trust is also well known to them. Until your editorial I have never heard it whispered that I had not faithfully and earnestly performed my duty in the premises. This supposed approval of my fellow Democrats was a source of great pleasure and comfort to me, and now to be deprived of the belief would make me feel like a veteran officer would feel when ordered to be stripped of his uniform. No, no! The past is safe even though the veteran officer may be ordered to and kept in the ranks. I cannot think that the editor of the Anne Arundel Advertiser, the man who professes such "a warm respect and esteem" for me, has indignity enough to falsify my little history, which gives me much satisfaction in my advanced age, and which I hope commends me to the respect and esteem of those honorable men and honest Democrats whom I on former occasions represented.

I have taken more space than I intended in noticing your ungenerous personalities, for I am more anxious to say something in reference to what you denominated "those plain facts." What are they? You say, "The revolt of the Hon. Benjamin G. Harris, who, it is said, does not intend to leave us, but prefers the latter method of making it unpleasant in the household if the party should see fit not to select him as its candidate. He flies the colors of absolute independence; he belongs to no party but his own."

If you had made my address to the people of this District, which was published in the St. Mary's Beacon, with which you exchange, I can hardly think you would have made statements so opposite to truth. As a fair and just journalist you should now publish that address in order to undeceive your readers. I have never declared in that address or in any other mode that I would disturb the household if the party should see fit not to select me as its candidate. No man has been more anxious than myself to bring about a united party by the adoption of those great distinctive principles which chiefly divide it from the Radical Quakers who are continually struggling to overthrow them. As attractive as you say Congress is, yet the party could not select me, at any rate could not enlist me, as its standard-bearer if it ignored those great distinctive principles which were distinctly held and announced by it until the adoption of Greeley in the last presidential contest—a most shameful and deservedly disastrous movement. In ignoring its principles it would no longer be the proud and defiant Democratic party, but a mere mongrel unworthy of the notice or support of honest men.

In your editorial you yourself say "The Democratic party should not have adopted the success policy of selecting Wm. Greely as its candidate, an act which shocked its moral sense and produced a disastrous political conclusion, besides sending poor Greeley, who had done a great main in his day, to a premature and less honorable grave." I have nothing to say relative to your commendation of Greeley's "great work," nor about his delicacy as displayed in his dying in consequence of the double fraud in which he took part, but we agree as to that suicidal policy, and my policy is to be honest and throw Greeleyism to the dogs. To adopt a Greeley platform and to place a candidate upon it is in effect disfranchising many an honest Democrat whose "moral sense" would be too much shocked to give to either his support. For myself, I will not agree that the party shall make another attempt at suicide. Its weapons must be used not against itself, but against our enemies.

alluded to, explains in a few words my position. It is essentially to divide the party shall understand the white race shall understand our country. I am no longer an independent candidate, and although I may not be selected as the party candidate myself, I shall warmly support the Democratic candidate, whom the party shall select, upon that platform." These are sufficient to show to you and to the editor of your statements that "by the colors of absolute independence," and that "I would disturb the household if the party should see fit not to select me as its candidate."

Every fact has a moral, and you close your editorial as follows: "The moral is to select for our candidates hereafter none but reliable men, who knowing our principles will dare defend them." I hope, sir, I shall not be accused of vanity if I claim that that description covers me exactly. I know the principles of the Democratic party, and dare defend them against the open assaults of radical hostility, and from the undermining treachery of time-serving Democrats.

COMMUNICATIONS.
The present condition of the country is a sad one. Agriculture is the basis, the foundation upon which all governments rest. It is the bone and muscle, the heart, arteries and whole vital portion of a State. "It is the State," incidental to, emanating from, subsisting on, yet essential to, are commerce, manufactures, the mechanic arts, &c. Reverse this order, this law of nature, substitute the latter for the former, the minor for the major, the consumer for the producer, the parasite for the plant, and you paralyze the hands of the producer, outrage all the rules of political economy and of common sense, and bring desolation and ruin not only on the agriculturist, but ultimately on every interest in the State. To apply the remedy, it is essential to find the cause. The present evils have arisen from the supremacy of capital and the subjugation of labor. In the organization of the government the Puritan element was the incipient apple of discord that produced a conflict of interests. The unfruitful soil and inhospitable climate of the New England States made them a commercial and manufacturing people. In the confederation of States they brought with them the germs of hostility to the agricultural interests of the others. Having the whole Union for a mart, the commercial marine, and a monopoly of trade, it was but reasonable to suppose that they would have toiled in harmony with the rest. Prosperity and wealth, however, but increased their cupidity and demands for more exclusive privileges in bounties, tonnage and tariffs for their fisheries, commerce and manufactures. Grasping, covetous and insatiable they soon sought the sole and absolute control of the general government, and commenced the struggle which for a long series of years agitated and convulsed the country, with the history of which all are familiar. The secession of the Southern States left them the coveted prize, but the administration of the present passed into the hands of a coalition and combination of mercantile, manufacturing, mining, railroad monopolists, bondholders and capitalists, who now hold the interest and prosperity of the great mass of the people of the United States tributary to them. Legislation is now only for the rich—that "the rich may be made richer, and the poor, poorer." The bondholder pays no taxes, but receives his interest in gold. There is a currency of gold for the government and a depreciated paper currency for the people. The tariff discriminates in favor of the capitalists and against the laborer. What the necessities of life and everything except the air we breathe is unconsciously taxed, proceeds are recklessly and wantonly squandered to sustain an army of government officers, to swell the pockets of the wealthy and to maintain the party in power. Millions of acres of the public lands from year to year are given away and distributed to corrupt the representatives of the people. No parallel can be found since the decline and fall of the Roman Empire to compare with the profligacy, demoralization and corruption that has been installed and exists in the administration of public affairs.

The centralizing influences of the government, both political and financial, are fast tending to a monied aristocracy and the slavery and serfdom of the people, or agrarianism and revolution. "The blessings of government, like the dew of Heaven, should fall alike upon the rich and the poor"—equally upon all! To live well, to enjoy all things that make life pleasant, is the right of every man who constantly employs his strength judiciously and lawfully. If the producer has a fair market to dispose of his produce and to purchase his supplies and the laborer his fair wages, if there be no unfair combinations, no false weights and measures, whether of money or of goods, by which he is defrauded; if the laws be equal in their effect upon all men, if he is called upon for no more than his due share of the expenses necessary to support the government and defend the country, he has no reason to complain. When, however, he is ground down by oppression and fraud, by monopolies, by combinations of men that pervert the legitimate purposes of government and which unjustly discriminate against him, that robs him of the fruits of his labor or reduces him to want, poverty, or even to death, his duty to his country and to his family to assert and maintain the natural rights that God has given him as a freeman, which the laws of his country entitle him to and the sustenance of his family imperatively demands. Whilst every occupation, trade and interest is protected by open or secret orders, societies and combinations, the agriculturist alone neglects the axioms—that by consent of action there is unity, in unity there is strength, and in strength safety. That without it he is but as a lamb amidst wolves.

We war not on parties, but principles; not for the plunder of others, but to protect ourselves; not to support the drones that infest society, but to defend ourselves against those who would rob us of the fruits of our labor and wrest from us the food that sustains and nourishes life.

At Taylor Hall, the residence of her husband, in this village, on Tuesday morning, the 28th of July, ult., FANNIE, wife of Mr. Jos. H. Key, daughter of the late Dr. John Baltzell, of Frederick City, Md., in the 35th year of her age, died, after a short illness, which she bore so touchingly solemn to our senses as the fact that all mankind are born to die. And this melancholy reflection, even when softened by the consolation of religion, and the possession of devout Christian piety, ever casts its gloom of sadness and grief around us, when the shadow of death approaches. But it has been given us by Divine authority, that the finite mind shall not measure the infinitude of the deity; and we are taught to bow, with a becoming meekness and humility, the saddest of all worldly afflictions, which in the hour of our desolation and woe, we are commanded, as true followers of Christ, to turn our hearts to the fountain of solace and comfort which is the consolation of religion, and to possess ourselves of a heavenly peace, which is the true comfort that wealth cannot afford; idolized by a kind and indulgent husband; blessed with a lot of love and interest, and the intellectual and social ornaments of a wide circle of devoted friends; or could there be aught wanting to attach her to the finite and temporal, and in the fullness of her devotion to temporal and spiritual improvement; in the hour of heart-rending sorrow, she was a mother and in the beginning of that kindness and charity to the poor of which she did not speak. Hers has been a bright life, short, but well directed; a life that combined the best and time-honored style of her ancestry; sterling, yet unpretentious; full of religious thought, and devoted to its general and generous devotion to domestic duty and the public good.

With her, and such as her, death is but the beginning of life; but the transplanting of the good seed to a more fruitful and transcendent soil, to three waters, which she never died. May her exemplary life and early death prove a guide and a warning to those who survive her; that the temporal sorrows visited upon her family and friends may not be lost upon us, and that the visitations of Providence may be accepted by us in that true Christian spirit which commends the sufferer to the affliction, to bow in humble submission to the Divine Will.

OBITUARY.
In Baltimore county, on the 9th of July, ult., WM. DENT BLAKISTONE, in the 45th year of his age, died, after a short illness, which he bore so touchingly solemn to our senses as the fact that all mankind are born to die. And this melancholy reflection, even when softened by the consolation of religion, and the possession of devout Christian piety, ever casts its gloom of sadness and grief around us, when the shadow of death approaches. But it has been given us by Divine authority, that the finite mind shall not measure the infinitude of the deity; and we are taught to bow, with a becoming meekness and humility, the saddest of all worldly afflictions, which in the hour of our desolation and woe, we are commanded, as true followers of Christ, to turn our hearts to the fountain of solace and comfort which is the consolation of religion, and to possess ourselves of a heavenly peace, which is the true comfort that wealth cannot afford; idolized by a kind and indulgent husband; blessed with a lot of love and interest, and the intellectual and social ornaments of a wide circle of devoted friends; or could there be aught wanting to attach her to the finite and temporal, and in the fullness of her devotion to temporal and spiritual improvement; in the hour of heart-rending sorrow, she was a mother and in the beginning of that kindness and charity to the poor of which she did not speak. Hers has been a bright life, short, but well directed; a life that combined the best and time-honored style of her ancestry; sterling, yet unpretentious; full of religious thought, and devoted to its general and generous devotion to domestic duty and the public good.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.
Jeremiah Herbert, Assignee Lewis B Stone.
Wm M Freeman, Josephine Freeman.
In the Circuit Court for St Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.
ORDERED this 4th day of Aug, 1874, that the sale made and reported by James H Wray, Attorney for Jeremiah Herbert, Assignee of Lewis B Stone, in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th Monday of August, 1874, provided a copy of this order be published in the St Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 5th Monday of August.
The report states that the land sold for \$4,000.
J FRANK FORD, Clerk.
True copy—Test: J FRANK FORD, Clerk.
Aug 6, 1874—3w.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.
Joseph H Milburn vs. Rosa A Milburn, A C Fannison, Committee of Thos H Milburn et al.
In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county sitting as a Court of Equity.
No. 890 N E.
ORDERED this 1st day of Aug. 1874, that the sale made and reported by J. Parson Grove, Trustee in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th Monday of August, 1874, provided a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week or three successive weeks prior to the said 5th Monday of August.
The Report states that the land sold for \$1,450.
J. FRANK FORD, Clerk.
True copy—Test: J. FRANK FORD, Clerk.
Aug 6, 1874—3w.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.
Henry A Carter & Alice Carter, his wife, vs. William H Sotheron, Sarah O Sotheron et al.
In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.
No. 888 N W.
ORDERED this 1st day of August, 1874, that the sale made and reported by J. Parson Grove, Trustee in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th Monday of August, 1874, provided a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 5th Monday of August.
J FRANK FORD, Clerk.
True copy—Test: J FRANK FORD, Clerk.
Aug 6, 1874—3w. W

IN ST. MARY'S COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT, Aug 4, 1874.
ORDERED, That the sale of the Real Estate of W. H. W. Guyther, deceased, made by Thomas M. Shadrick, Executor of the said deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said Executor, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the 4th day of September; provided, a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, at least once a week, for three successive weeks, before the said 4th day of September.
The report states the amount of sales to be \$1,291.
JAS T M RALEY, Register of Wills for St. Mary's Co.
True copy—Test: JAS T M RALEY, Register of Wills for St. Mary's Co.
Aug 6, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

INDY BROWN, 2.00 @ 11.00
Light red to yellow, 12.00 @ 18.00
Upper country type, 8.00 @ 1.00
Brown to red, 7.00 @ 9.00
Yellow spangled, 10.00 @ 11.00
Crimson, 14.00 @ 15.00
Fancy yellow, 20.00 @ 22.00
GUANO.—There are no further arrivals of Peruvian guano, but a cargo is now about due. The guano is moderately active, and we quote from agents' hands at \$60 per long ton, with a reduction of 50 cents to \$55 per ton, on lots of 100 to 250 tons. The Southern Sea Island Fertilizers is stacking, but good fall trade is in prospect, and we will quote the leading makes at \$45 @ 50 per ton, of 2,000 pounds, but inferior qualities are offered at lower rates.

CIRCULAR TO FARMERS & GARDENERS.
As Agent for the Health Department of Baltimore city, I offer for sale Potatoes manufactured from Night-soil and Ashes, rich in Phosphates, Ammonia and other Alkaline Salts, as per analysis—containing in one ton of 2000 pounds, as follows:
36.00 Potatoes Ammonia
105.55 Phosphate of Lime
16.00 Potash and Soda
This Potatoes are packed in barrels or bags to suit customers, and delivered free of charge or other charges, at any named point within the city limits by sea or land, in any quantity not less than one ton. A credit of four months is offered to responsible farmers for endorsed notes, or for drafts upon their city agents.

D. D. STEUART, Esq., of Anne Arundel County, is specially authorized to sell, in and about Baltimore, Potatoes manufactured from Night-soil and Ashes, rich in Phosphates, Ammonia and other Alkaline Salts, as per analysis—containing in one ton of 2000 pounds, as follows:
36.00 Potatoes Ammonia
105.55 Phosphate of Lime
16.00 Potash and Soda
This Potatoes are packed in barrels or bags to suit customers, and delivered free of charge or other charges, at any named point within the city limits by sea or land, in any quantity not less than one ton. A credit of four months is offered to responsible farmers for endorsed notes, or for drafts upon their city agents.

OBITUARY.
At Taylor Hall, the residence of her husband, in this village, on Tuesday morning, the 28th of July, ult., FANNIE, wife of Mr. Jos. H. Key, daughter of the late Dr. John Baltzell, of Frederick City, Md., in the 35th year of her age, died, after a short illness, which she bore so touchingly solemn to our senses as the fact that all mankind are born to die. And this melancholy reflection, even when softened by the consolation of religion, and the possession of devout Christian piety, ever casts its gloom of sadness and grief around us, when the shadow of death approaches. But it has been given us by Divine authority, that the finite mind shall not measure the infinitude of the deity; and we are taught to bow, with a becoming meekness and humility, the saddest of all worldly afflictions, which in the hour of our desolation and woe, we are commanded, as true followers of Christ, to turn our hearts to the fountain of solace and comfort which is the consolation of religion, and to possess ourselves of a heavenly peace, which is the true comfort that wealth cannot afford; idolized by a kind and indulgent husband; blessed with a lot of love and interest, and the intellectual and social ornaments of a wide circle of devoted friends; or could there be aught wanting to attach her to the finite and temporal, and in the fullness of her devotion to temporal and spiritual improvement; in the hour of heart-rending sorrow, she was a mother and in the beginning of that kindness and charity to the poor of which she did not speak. Hers has been a bright life, short, but well directed; a life that combined the best and time-honored style of her ancestry; sterling, yet unpretentious; full of religious thought, and devoted to its general and generous devotion to domestic duty and the public good.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.
Jeremiah Herbert, Assignee Lewis B Stone.
Wm M Freeman, Josephine Freeman.
In the Circuit Court for St Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.
ORDERED this 4th day of Aug, 1874, that the sale made and reported by James H Wray, Attorney for Jeremiah Herbert, Assignee of Lewis B Stone, in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th Monday of August, 1874, provided a copy of this order be published in the St Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 5th Monday of August.
The report states that the land sold for \$4,000.
J FRANK FORD, Clerk.
True copy—Test: J FRANK FORD, Clerk.
Aug 6, 1874—3w.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.
Joseph H Milburn vs. Rosa A Milburn, A C Fannison, Committee of Thos H Milburn et al.
In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county sitting as a Court of Equity.
No. 890 N E.
ORDERED this 1st day of Aug. 1874, that the sale made and reported by J. Parson Grove, Trustee in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th Monday of August, 1874, provided a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week or three successive weeks prior to the said 5th Monday of August.
The Report states that the land sold for \$1,450.
J. FRANK FORD, Clerk.
True copy—Test: J. FRANK FORD, Clerk.
Aug 6, 1874—3w.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.
Henry A Carter & Alice Carter, his wife, vs. William H Sotheron, Sarah O Sotheron et al.
In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.
No. 888 N W.
ORDERED this 1st day of August, 1874, that the sale made and reported by J. Parson Grove, Trustee in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th Monday of August, 1874, provided a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 5th Monday of August.
J FRANK FORD, Clerk.
True copy—Test: J FRANK FORD, Clerk.
Aug 6, 1874—3w.

IN ST. MARY'S COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT, Aug 4, 1874.
ORDERED, That the sale of the Real Estate of W. H. W. Guyther, deceased, made by Thomas M. Shadrick, Executor of the said deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said Executor, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the 4th day of September; provided, a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, at least once a week, for three successive weeks, before the said 4th day of September.
The report states the amount of sales to be \$1,291.
JAS T M RALEY, Register of Wills for St. Mary's Co.
True copy—Test: JAS T M RALEY, Register of Wills for St. Mary's Co.
Aug 6, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

NOTICE.
I hereby forewarn all persons from hauling on my farm, located in St. Inigo's district, with carts or wagons or over any part of my roads, after the date of this notice. Against all persons so offending, the trespass law will be rigidly enforced.
WM C WELCH.
July 30, 1874—3w.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.
A series of sermons, under direction of the Deans of Washington, Georgetown, will be held in William and Mary and St. Mary's Churches as follows:
At Poplar Hill Church on Wednesday, Aug. 13th; at Trinity Church, St. Mary's Parish, on Aug. 18th; and at Ridge Chapel on Aug. 14th. Services begin each day at half past ten a. m.
Aug 6, 1874.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, ANNAPOLIS, MD.
JAMES M. GARNETT, LL.D., Principal.
Opening of Session and Examination of Candidates for admission, Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 21st and 22nd. Tuition for one year, \$100 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance. SEVERAL STATES SCHOLARSHIPS VACANT. For catalogue containing full particulars apply to Prof. W. H. HOWARD, Annapolis, Md.

RICH FARMING LANDS IN NEBRASKA.
NOW FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Ten Years Credit, Interest only 6 per cent.
Send for "The Pioneer,"
A handsome illustrated paper, containing the Homestead Law. A NEW NUMBER just published. Mailed free to all parts of the world.—Address
O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner U. S. F. R. R., OMAHA, NEB.

WATERS' Concerto Organs are the MOST BEAUTIFUL in STYLE and PERFECT in tone ever made. The CONCERTO STAFF is the best ever placed in any Organ.—It is produced by an extra set of reeds, previously voiced, the EFFECT of which is MOST CHARMING and SOUL-STIRRING, while its imitation of the HUMAN VOICE is SUPERB. Terms liberal.
Waters' Pathological Vesper and Organ Chamber Organs are in UNIQUE FRENCH CASES, are among the best made, and combine PURITY of VOICING with great volume of tone. Suitable for Parlor, Church or Music Hall.
Waters' New Scale PIANOS have great power and a fine singing tone, with all modern improvements, and are the BEST PIANOS MADE. These Organs and Pianos are warranted for 6 years. PRICES EXTREMELY LOW, for cash, or part cash and balance in monthly or quarterly payments. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange. AGENTS WANTED in every County in the U. S. and Canada. A liberal discount to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES Mailed.
HORACE WATERS & SON, 481 Broadway, New York. P. O. Box 3567.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Orphans' Court of Saint Mary's County, Md.— July 28, 1874.
ORDERED BY THE COURT, That R. M. Edwards, administrator of the estate of Edward Edwards, late of St. Mary's county, Maryland, deceased, give the notice required by law to the deceased's creditors to exhibit their claims, and that he cause to be published in the St. Mary