

ST. MARY'S BEACON  
LEONARDTOWN, MD.

THURSDAY MORNING, March 18th, 1875.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTICES.—Tuesday last was a "field day" among our politicians, but all that was debated and exactly what was decided, if anything was decided, we have yet to learn. We noticed, however, that there was general assent to the wisdom of party concentration, though views were very diverse as to the means, the ground being taken, that it was better for democrats to be beaten, if they are to be beaten, with organization than without it. Every body recognized the necessity of union in the selection of party candidates, but still there was no concurrence as to the mode. In this state of the case, we "rise to explain" a plan of our own, and this is, that the party authorities authorize the call of a Convention, to be composed of three Delegates, from each district, the different delegations to be selected by vote at an election to open at 9 o'clock in the morning and to close at 6 o'clock in the evening, democrats and all other persons signifying intention to abide the decision of the Convention being eligible to vote. This arrangement, it seems to us, would avoid the "packings" and "snap judgments" heretofore obtained in many "primaries," or at least complained of, and would fairly settle the majority preference of the party for contesting candidates. By diminishing the representation of each district in the Convention, the equality of each being still preserved, the responsibility of the delegates elected would be much increased and the old evils of larging and collusion in Convention greatly diminished. It is inevitable, also, that the morale of the Convention body would be highly improved by the curtailed representation proposed. Tom, Dick and Harry would be compelled to take back seats and men of intelligence and character would be brought to the front, because the representation of a district would then be an honor which men of intelligence and character would covet. It impresses us that this arrangement furnishes a common ground where Convention and Crawford System advocates can unite, the bad features of the first being eliminated and the cumbersome of the latter avoided.

The March Term of our Circuit Court began on Monday last, the 15th inst. His Honor, Judge Ford, on the bench. Sixteen Grand Jurors answered to their names and were sworn in, after which they were ably charged by His Honor and entered upon the discharge of their duties. Seventeen Petit Jurors answered to their names. The Appearance, Recognizance, Trial and Appeal Dockets were called as usual. Tuesday, 16th. Several appeal cases were heard and disposed of by the Court and others postponed to certain days of the Term. In consequence of the bad condition of our roads we notice that fewer persons have attended Court than was the case when the traveling was in better condition. No case of general interest has engaged the attention of the Court up to present writing. Neither of the other Judges have as yet arrived, but are expected during the Term. Since writing the above, both Judges Brent and Magruder have arrived and are now upon the Bench, and we notice with pleasure that both appear to be in excellent health.

No "oppressantness" in this State is likely to grow out of the Civil Rights business in connection with our jury system. The Civil Rights Bill simply provides that the blacks shall not be excluded from service on the jury because of their race, color or previous condition of servitude, if possessed of all other qualifications required by law; while our State law requires the selection of jurors with special "reference to their intelligence, sobriety and integrity." There are so few black people in this State that possess in an eminent degree these necessary qualifications, while there are so many whites that do, it is hardly likely the Judges will either stumble upon them or take the trouble to hunt them up. This course will be consistent with the State law and not in violation of the civil rights bill. We have been authorized to announce, that Archbishop Bayley will visit our county during May and will administer Confirmation at the times and Churches named below:—

May 22nd—Sacred Heart. May 23rd—Trinity Sunday—St. Joseph's. May 25th—St. Aloysius' Church, Leonardtown. May 26th—St. Francis Xavier's, Newtown. May 27th—Corpus Christi—St. John's. May 28th—Medley's Neck. May 29th—St. George's and St. Nicholas'. May 30th—Sunday—St. Ingoes'.

Gen. Frank P. Blair, who has been seriously ill for a long time has considerably improved, and it is thought will ultimately recover.

The salaries of the different monarchs of Europe are given as follows by a German statistician:

Alexander II. \$850,000 or \$25,000 a day.  
Abdul Aziz \$6,000,000 or \$180,000 a day.  
Francis Joseph \$4,000,000 or \$100,000 a day.  
Fred William I. \$3,000,000 or \$80,210 a day.  
Victor Emmanuel \$2,400,000 or \$60,840 a day.  
Victoria \$2,200,000 or \$60,270 a day.  
Leopold \$600,000 or \$10,648 a day.  
In addition to this salary, each of the individuals is furnished with a dozen or more first-class houses to live in without any charge for rent.

The called Session of the Senate, beyond the confirmation of Presidential appointments, is doing nothing of practical moment, unless debating Finchback may be so considered. The claims of this Senator, so called, to a seat, is probably settled at this writing, (Wednesday) by being disallowed. This as it may, it will be a relief to the country to hear that the case has been disposed off and the Senate adjourned. Our new Senator, ex-Governor Whyte, made a most able and telling speech against Finchback's pretensions on Saturday last.

The Freeman's Journal gives the names of the six new Cardinals who are to be created by the Consistory at Rome. The United States gets one in Archbishop McCloskey, of New York. Dr. Manning appropriates the red hat that falls to England's share, and Archbishop Leochochowski, of Prussia, is to be similarly rewarded. The other recipients of the honor are less prominent prelates, two being of the Vatican Court and the other the present Primate of Belgium.

On the subject of the Civil Rights bill the New Orleans Times says that the prejudice against color is not at the bottom of the general antipathy to the law, and that the bill is obnoxious "because it is a manifest attempt, for political reasons, to overrule and correct" those private preferences, tastes and associations which the people believe to be among their sacred, private and inalienable privileges, which no branch of the Government is authorized to tamper with.

Brigham Young is serving a term of twenty-four hours in the Utah Penitentiary rather than obey Judge McKean's order that he shall pay Ann Eliza Young \$500 a month pending the decision of her suit for divorce. The imprisonment is for contempt of court, and is a matter of form, but it is indicative of the Prophet's determination to fight over every inch of ground in an attempt to repel the most formidable assault yet made upon the "peculiar institution" of his church.

The United States Senate Committee on Foreign Relations have reported the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty with amendments, providing that permission shall not be given to any other nation to acquire any naval or coaling station within those islands, and that tobacco shall be admitted there free of duty. The committee recommended its ratification as amended.

As the 4th of March in 1877 will come on a Sunday, the next President cannot be inaugurated till Monday, but President Grant's and Vice-President Wilson's terms will expire on Sunday, and so the President pro tem of the Senate, Mr. Ferry of Michigan, will become President of the United States during the interim, holding the office 24 hours.

Rev. Charles H. Starr and D.A. Ford have been appointed by the late Methodist Episcopal Conference to serve the Churches of their faith in our county during the year. Mr. Starr has already seen service in our midst and has obtained, both within and without his church circle, the most favorable popular recognition.

The result of the New Hampshire election is after all favorable to the democrats. They have elected two democrats to Congress instead of one and secured a majority of the council.

COMMUNICATED.  
ENIGMA.

I am composed of 44 letters.  
My 30, 28, 15, 16, 3, 44, 11, men wear.  
My 41, 24, 13, 12, 23, 27, 29, we all need.  
My 26, 37, 10, 24, 18 is where swallows come from.  
My 2, 20, 24, 4 is what we ought to do to a neighbor.  
My 22, 17, 15, 11, 35, 9, kills mice.  
My 29, 21, 15, 16, 3, 25, 11, what a man is said to have lived on.  
My 22, 15, 1, 31, 39, where the first ship sailed.  
My 37, 33, 22, 19, what dogs do.  
My 34, 8, 29, 17, 13 is seen every day.  
My 40, 27, 18 is much used but very dangerous.  
My 32, 14, 40, 26, 36 is not seen in Summer.  
My 42, 33, used to frighten children.  
My 32, 43, 34, 6 is a plant.  
My 9, 25, 28, 1, 27, 24, a kind of pea.  
My whole is the translation of a Latin phrase.

THE SOUTHERN MARYLAND RAILROAD.—Early during the session of Congress Colonel Smoot, President of the Southern Maryland Railroad Company, filed a memorial, signed by some five thousand citizens of the District of Columbia, asking Congress to transfer an appropriation voted by the people of the District to the Piedmont and Potomac Railroad, so as to be made available to the Southern Maryland Railroad Company, a proposed line of road to run between the city of Washington and Point Lookout. Congress declined to legislate to accomplish this end whereupon the Company petitioned Congress to guarantee the interest upon bonds which they proposed to issue in order to enable them to complete the road. The petition was referred to the Committee on Railways and Canals. In the very last hours of the session the committee made a report. While they conceded that by the completion of the road the industrial pursuits of every character along its line would receive an immense and permanent impetus, and that the road would form an important link in the line of through travel North and South, they decline to recommend to Congress to grant the aid asked, and for the reason that it is only one of a large number of equally meritorious schemes for the construction of railways, and it would be difficult to vote Government aid to one and refuse it to others. They, therefore, say they cannot recommend that Congress shall at present enter upon any legislation of this character.

STATE TOBACCO WAREHOUSES.—The superintendent of the State Tobacco Warehouses, John Richardson, Esq., has caused to be fitted up the old No. 5 Tobacco Warehouse, North of Nos. 1 and 2, destroyed by fire during the Winter, and it has been opened and named as No. 2 and is now in operation. Mr. Richardson is also negotiating to have No. 1 resume operations at some suitable place. The matter of rebuilding the burned warehouses has not been definitely settled. The two buildings were insured by the State for \$60,000, and it is optional with the insurance companies whether they will pay the money over or rebuild. It is estimated by the State authorities that it will cost \$82,000 to rebuild the structures, but the insurance companies are of opinion that it can be done for a smaller sum. The State and insurance companies each appointed an arbitrator, but they have not agreed, and it is desired to call in a third party. The Gazette states that at a recent conference between Mayor Vansant and Gov. Groome, the Mayor was authorized to tear down the walls of State Tobacco Warehouses No. 1 and 2, destroyed by fire about two months ago. The lot owned by the State, adjoining the hay scales lot, on Fremont Street, has been bought by the City of Baltimore at \$25,000, for Engine House No. 13, as per agreement by Governor Groome and Mayor Vansant.

TWO GENTLEMEN AND A WHITE MAN.—The following is from the Richmond Enquirer. On Thursday a white man and two negro men—all well dressed—entered a saloon on Broad street, not far from the theatre, and the white man called for three brandy cocktails. The industrious dispenser of spirituous comfort briskly compounded the fluids and set before the negroes two glasses.—"I called for three glasses," said the white man. "Yes," replied the bar-keeper, "I'm sorry we cannot accommodate you, but we only sell to gentlemen." The negroes grined and imbibed, and then followed their exasperated friend and brother to the street.

THE STATE GRANGE.—At the last session of the State Grange of Patrons of Husbandry in Baltimore, Dr. A. D. Woodruff, of Somerset County, was elected Overseer, vice Joseph M. Barr, of Kent county. William Hepburn was re-elected Gatekeeper. The Grange then took action looking to constituting County and District Granges so as to have a closer union of subordinate lodges. The Grange adjourned at midnight in March, 1876. There was great interest manifested in the proceedings, and they were in session until a late hour on the night of the adjournment.

"For heaven's sake, lend me \$5, said a destitute man to his friend; 'I have had nothing in my house to eat for four days but rice.'" "Rice!" said the other; "if I had known you had rice I would have come around to dinner."

Good-by, Benjamin. Exit, Benjamin. Get thee to a nursery, Benjamin. We'll none of thee, Benjamin.—Thy jig is up. Thy comb is one. Thy goose is cooked. Vanish. Evaporate. Skeddadle.

A Michigan paper recently closed an obituary notice with the misquotations, "Though dead, he yet squeaked."

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN-EXPELLER.

Under an act of Congress, approved the 3rd instant, the rate of postage on transient newspapers is increased from one cent for the former to one cent per copy for the latter. This change is made on all mail matter of this class, according to the following extract from the law:—"On books, pamphlets and occasional publications, transient newspapers, magazines and periodicals, hand-bills, posters, sheet music, unsealed circulars, prospectuses, book manuscript, proof-sheets, corrected proof-sheets, printed cards and blanks, maps, lithographs, prints, chromo-lithographs, engravings, seals, envelopes, bulbs, roots, scions, and flexible papers, samples of ores, metals, minerals and merchandise, sample cards, photographic paper, letter envelopes and wrappers, unprinted cards, plain and ornamental paper, card board, or other similar material, and on all other matter of the third class for which other rates of postage are not prescribed, one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof. Weight of packages limited to four pounds."

THE NEW POSTAL CARDS.—The new postal cards authorized to be issued will be unlike those now in use. The color will be violet blue. The border and all directions as to where and how to write name and address will be dispensed with. A monogram formed of the letters "U. S." will be printed on the card in black ink. This will be on the upper left-hand corner, across which will be the words "Postal Card." The figure—Liberty with her luxuriant tresses hanging down her back and confined by a cap—adorns the upper left-hand corner. The new postal cards will be identical in size with the old ones.—They will be ready for delivery about the middle of April.

A doctor was attending a punster who was very ill, apologized for being late one day by saying he had to stop to see a man that had fallen down a well. "Did he kick the bucket, doctor?"

Question by the Judge.—Did you steal the complainant's coat? Seedy individual.—I decline to gratify the morbid curiosity of the public by answering that interrogatory.

The Maryland Plopphann and Chesapeake Granger, for March, comes to us with the title printed in four colors, making a fine appearance. The contents of the number, as usual, is full of home and agricultural matter, and historical and literary sketches. This number with advertisements contains forty-two pages. Regular edition—thirty-four pages one month. Only \$1 a year. Address, E. S. Riley, Jr., & Co., Annapolis, Md.

It is asserted as a fact that every canvasser who has turned his attention to the introduction of the New Family Sewing Machine in his territory, or who has been fortunate enough to secure an agency, has outstripped the best efforts in making money of the old and tried Agents of the high-priced machines, which latter they have replaced. The demand is constant, and sales of the new money made so readily with the new machine. The Sewing Machine, as fast as it can be secured territory and get their goods on the ground to supply anxious customers. It is marvelous how these machines sell themselves, and make money for their owners. It certainly is the Machine of the times and does the same work, as other Machines at \$90.00, for \$30.00, and we really believe it would sell just as readily at double and then not cost half the usual price of so good an article, for it is astonishing to see the great amount of business it performs at so low a cost. The inventors are delighted with testimonials of the worth of their new Machines which so suddenly and successfully have been introduced into the business. It proves to be just what is wanted every day, by every one everywhere, who has a family. It has attained an enviable reputation in many territories, and is being introduced into new ones. It is a simple, powerful, rapidity, simplicity, certainty, and ease of operation, with extreme beauty, fitness and reliability of its working, and is really better for its cost. Dollars for a Large and complete Sewing Machine with a strong table and treadle, placed and made to order, and delivered at once. It stands alone in its merits and price.—We advise you to invest in one at once for your Wife, Daughter, Mother, Sister or Lady Friend and make money for yourself. The Sewing Machine is a safe investment for its cost, and what is better if you are lucky enough, secure an agency, if there is none in your town, and make money yourself. The Sewing Machine is a safe investment for its cost, and what is better if you are lucky enough, secure an agency, if there is none in your town, and make money yourself.

DIED.—At the residence of his niece in St. Inge's district, a few days ago, of Congestive Chills, ROBERT H. GARDNER, aged about 52 years.

OBITUARY.—At Riverside, on the morning of the 10th inst., after a lingering illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude, Mrs. GILES DYER, formerly of Washington, D. C., sister of the late Dr. Edward Miles, of Charles county, in the 56 year of her age.

To the careless observer these lines will meet with but a passing glance, yet to one so favorably known, there will be many among the wide circle of friends whom she has left whose thoughts will revert to the silent past, and recall the happy recollections of days that are no more. Truly amiable in her person, graceful and engaging in her deportment, sincere and zealous in her attachment, she was an ornament of her sex and greatly beloved by all her acquaintances. To her family, she was ever kind, gentle and affectionate, and endeared by all the ties that bind a loving mother to the hearts of her devoted children. Resolved in the Roman Catholic faith, to which she strictly adhered, she found that sweet composure and tranquility of mind which only a good Christian can possess. This, united with her strong desire to depart and be with her Maker, having her sole dependence on His infinite merits for pardon and acceptance, was consoling to the minds of her weeping children.—The pleasures of this world to her had lost their charms, and when the angel of death came to whisk her summons, which called her to that bourne from whence no traveler can ever return, she passed away as an infant to its slumber, and quitted every earthly tie with a noble fortitude and holy resignation of

To Tobacco Planters  
"EXCELSIOR,"

The most concentrated, uniform and durable fertilizer ever offered to the Farmer and Planter, combining all the stimulating qualities of Peruvian Guano, and the ever durable fertilizing properties of Bone. Adapted to all Soils and Crops. AFTER SEVENTEEN YEARS experience by the Planters of Maryland and Virginia in growing Tobacco, it is now their unanimous opinion that

"Excelsior" HAS NO EQUAL, and from its application "the crop is heavier, cures earlier and better, and is not so liable to suffer from drought, as from the use of Peruvian Guano." We refer to every Planter in Maryland.

UNIFORMITY OF QUALITY GUARANTEED BY THE MANUFACTURERS. Farmers should see that every Bag is branded as above, with the ANALYSIS and OUR NAME IN RED LETTERS. All others are counterfeits. PRICE \$55 PER TON. J. J. TURNER & CO., 42 Pratt Street, Baltimore.

For sale by W. M. A. LOKER, Leonardtown. JAS. F. ABELL, Aleth's Wharf. March 18, 1875—3m.

Important to Farmers  
Only \$40 a Ton.  
GUANAHANI!

An Imported Natural Guano. A GENUINE ANIMAL DEPOSIT. ANALYSIS. Ammonia, 330; Soluble Phosphate of Lime, 2301; Bone Phosphate of Lime, 315.

Composed of the most concentrated materials, it is richer in Ammonia and Soluble Phosphates than any other fertilizer sold, except our "Excelsior," and is made with the same care and supervision; uniform quality guaranteed in excellent order for drilling. Packaged in bags. PRICE \$45 PER TON. J. J. TURNER & CO., 42 Pratt Street, Baltimore.

For sale by JAS F ABELL, Aleth's Wharf. W. M. A. LOKER, Leonardtown. March 18, 1875—3m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Orphans' Court of St. Mary's County, Set—March 10, 1875. ORDERED BY THE COURT, That Walter L. Dent, Executor of Geo W. Ferguson, late of St. Mary's county, Maryland, deceased, give the notice required by law to the deceased's creditors to exhibit their claims, and that the same be published once a week for six successive weeks in the St. Mary's Beacon.

NOTICE. JNO L. WELCH, late of the firm of F & X SIMMS & Co., will continue the General

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C. F. WILKINS & CO.,  
Commission Merchants,

For the sale of Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Hay, Guano, Stock and all kinds of Country Produce. Consignments solicited. All orders promptly attended to. No. 907 La. Avenue, bet 9th and 10th Sts., WASHINGTON, D. C.

Dissolution. THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Lloyd & Shoemaker, JOHN M. LLOYD, THOS E SHOEMAKER, March 18, 1875—3m.

Business Notice. I BEG LEAVE to inform my friends and the public, that I will continue in the Commission Business at No. 907 La. Ave., bet 9th and 10th Streets.—Will give special attention to the sale of Stock, &c. I solicit a share of the patronage of the public, and all I ask is a trial. THOS E SHOEMAKER, Washington, D. C. March 18, 1875—3m.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE. Abel Sanner, Prochein Ami Charles F Shorter & others. In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's co., sitting as a Court of Equity. No 267 N. E. ORDERED, this 17th day of March, 1875, that the sale made and reported by Benjamin G. Harris, Trustee, in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 2nd Monday of April, 1875; provided a copy of this order be published in the Saint Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 2nd Monday of April. The report states that the land sold for \$1,000. J FRANK FORD, Clerk. True copy—Test: J FRANK FORD, Clerk. March 18, 1875—3m.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE. John L. Foxwell and wife John V Lushy & others. In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity. No 267 N. E. ORDERED, this 17th day of March, 1875, that the sale made and reported by J. Parran Crane, Trustee, in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 2nd Monday of April, 1875; provided a copy of this order be published in the Saint Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 2nd Monday of April. The report states that the land sold for \$1,500. J FRANK FORD, Clerk. True copy—Test: J FRANK FORD, Clerk. March 18, 1875—3m.

Trespass Notice. FROM and after the date of this notice, no person or persons will be allowed to trespass with dog or gun or by passing through or otherwise making a thoroughfare over my land known as "SUSSEX," located in Chaptice district, or in any manner whatever, without my permission. Against all persons thus trespassing, the law will be rigidly enforced without distinction. J F MATTINGLEY. March 18, 1875—3m.

For County Commissioner. Mr. Editor—You are requested to announce A F FENWICK for reelection to the Commissioners' Court at the ensuing election. His record as a member of present Court is well known and believed to be approved by the People. The People R. A. GOLDEN. F. GOLDEN. R. A. GOLDEN & BRO., GROCERS AND GENERAL Commission Merchants

Will give special attention to the sale of all Country Produce. Also, keep constantly on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c., which will be sold cheap for cash. Thanking the Public for former patronage, we earnestly solicit a continuance of the same. R. A. GOLDEN & BRO., Cor. F & 10th Sts. Branch Store Cor 7th & E Sts., S. W. March 11, 1875—1m.

ATTENTION! Buy your Winter Goods at the Big Brown Store, Leonardtown. The public will find their interest promoted by giving me a call. Dec 24-1f. J. A. Lawrence

New IF In its early GOOD But if in the future... THE M... health and the reach of all... Bright's... disease of... gains to str... natural res... the most v... known sp... culars, &c... \$75 a... MFG CO... \$200 Buchanan, ALL Ad... Tr... ch... A D... making... Geo. P... York, for... \$588... \$77 a... P... gain the... son they... notes, fr... er with a... Dreams, H... quare book... Publishers. MOST Ad... for list of... Agents, N... March 11, Col O... ty taxes in... Saint Mary... it is order... for Saint... John L. F... giving two... places in... in the Sai... published... following la... of St. Mary... One trac... known by... POINT containing 3 This land... tion Dist... Maryland, Hall, and th... thereon ar... 1874, with intere... This land... bidder for... gal charges... statement, a... to be convey... sale to the... Clerk T... NOTICE of the above place at the arduon on Tuesday, March 11, W. H. HADAW HADAW Manufacture TOBACCO, N. W. Cor... Feb 25, 1875